

From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU

**PCT**

**NOTIFICATION OF ELECTION**

(PCT Rule 61.2)

To:

Commissioner  
US Department of Commerce  
United States Patent and Trademark  
Office, PCT  
2011 South Clark Place Room  
CP2/5C24  
Arlington, VA 22202  
ETATS-UNIS D'AMERIQUE  
in its capacity as elected Office

<b>Date of mailing (day/month/year)</b> 06 April 2001 (06.04.01)	<b>Applicant's or agent's file reference</b> 500862002140
<b>International application No.</b> PCT/US00/13576	<b>Priority date (day/month/year)</b> 17 May 1999 (17.05.99)
<b>International filing date (day/month/year)</b> 17 May 2000 (17.05.00)	
<b>Applicant</b> BRIDON, Dominique, P. et al	

1. The designated Office is hereby notified of its election made:

☒ in the demand filed with the International Preliminary Examining Authority on:  
15 December 2000 (15.12.00)

☐ in a notice effecting later election filed with the International Bureau on:  
\_\_\_\_\_

2. The election ☒ was  
☐ was not

made before the expiration of 19 months from the priority date or, where Rule 32 applies, within the time limit under Rule 32.2(b).

<b>The International Bureau of WIPO</b> 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland Facsimile No.: (41-22) 740.14.35	<b>Authorized officer</b> Antonia Muller Telephone No.: (41-22) 338.83.38
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# PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

RECEIVED

AUG 21 2000

ACH & LIMBACH L.L.P.

PCT

From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU

## NOTIFICATION CONCERNING SUBMISSION OR TRANSMITTAL OF PRIORITY DOCUMENT

(PCT Administrative Instructions, Section 411)

To:

WARD, Michael, R.  
Limbach & Limbach L.L.P.  
2001 Ferry Building  
San Francisco, CA 94111-4207  
ETATS-UNIS D'AMERIQUE

Date of mailing (day/month/year) 14 August 2000 (14.08.00)	
Applicant's or agent's file reference <u>REDC-2110PCT</u>	<b>IMPORTANT NOTIFICATION</b>
International application No. PCT/US00/13576 ✓	International filing date (day/month/year) 17 May 2000 (17.05.00) ✓
International publication date (day/month/year) Not yet published	Priority date (day/month/year) 17 May 1999 (17.05.99) ✓
Applicant CONJUCHEM, INC. et al	

- The applicant is hereby notified of the date of receipt (except where the letters "NR" appear in the right-hand column) by the International Bureau of the priority document(s) relating to the earlier application(s) indicated below. Unless otherwise indicated by an asterisk appearing next to a date of receipt, or by the letters "NR", in the right-hand column, the priority document concerned was submitted or transmitted to the International Bureau in compliance with Rule 17.1(a) or (b).
- This updates and replaces any previously issued notification concerning submission or transmittal of priority documents.
- An asterisk(\*) appearing next to a date of receipt, in the right-hand column, denotes a priority document submitted or transmitted to the International Bureau but not in compliance with Rule 17.1(a) or (b). In such a case, the attention of the applicant is directed to Rule 17.1(c) which provides that no designated Office may disregard the priority claim concerned before giving the applicant an opportunity, upon entry into the national phase, to furnish the priority document within a time limit which is reasonable under the circumstances.
- The letters "NR" appearing in the right-hand column denote a priority document which was not received by the International Bureau or which the applicant did not request the receiving Office to prepare and transmit to the International Bureau, as provided by Rule 17.1(a) or (b), respectively. In such a case, the attention of the applicant is directed to Rule 17.1(c) which provides that no designated Office may disregard the priority claim concerned before giving the applicant an opportunity, upon entry into the national phase, to furnish the priority document within a time limit which is reasonable under the circumstances.

<u>Priority date</u>	<u>Priority application No.</u>	<u>Country or regional Office or PCT receiving Office</u>	<u>Date of receipt of priority document</u>
17 May 1999 (17.05.99)	60/134,406	US	17 July 2000 (17.07.00)
10 Sept 1999 (10.09.99)	60/153,406	US	29 June 2000 (29.06.00)
15 Octo 1999 (15.10.99)	60/159,783	US	17 July 2000 (17.07.00)

The International Bureau of WIPO  
34, chemin des Colombettes  
1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland

Facsimile No. (41-22) 740.14.35

Authorized officer

  
Simin Baharlou

Telephone No. (41-22) 338.83.38



## PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

NOTIFICATION OF RECEIPT OF  
RECORD COPY

(PCT Rule 24.2(a))

From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU

To:

RECEIVED

JUL 28 2000

WARD, Michael, R.  
Limbach & Limbach L.L.C. LIMBACH & LIMBACH L.L.P.  
2001 Ferry Building  
San Francisco, CA 94111-4207  
ETATS-UNIS D'AMERIQUE

Date of mailing (day/month/year) 14 July 2000 (14.07.00)	IMPORTANT NOTIFICATION
Applicant's or agent's file reference REDC-2110PCT	International application No. PCT/US00/13576 ✓

The applicant is hereby notified that the International Bureau has received the record copy of the international application as detailed below.

Name(s) of the applicant(s) and State(s) for which they are applicants:

CONJUCHEM, INC. (for all designated States except US)

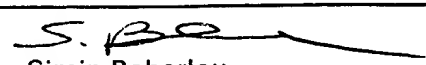
BRIDON, Dominique, P. et al (for US)

International filing date : 17 May 2000 (17.05.00) ✓  
Priority date(s) claimed : 17 May 1999 (17.05.99) ✓  
10 September 1999 (10.09.99)  
15 October 1999 (15.10.99)

Date of receipt of the record copy  
by the International Bureau : 21 June 2000 (21.06.00)

List of designated Offices :

AP : GH,GM,KE,LS,MW,SD,SL,SZ,TZ,UG,ZW  
EA : AM,AZ,BY,KG,KZ,MD,RU,TJ,TM  
EP : AT,BE,CH,CY,DE,DK,ES,FI,FR,GB,GR,IE,IT,LU,MC,NL,PT,SE  
OA : BF,BJ,CF,CG,CI,CM,GA,GN,GW,ML,MR,NE,SN,TD,TG  
National : AE,AL,AM,AT,AU,AZ,BA,BB,BG,BR,BY,CA,CH,CN,CR,CU,CZ,DE,DK,DM,EE,ES,FI,GB,  
GD,GE,GH,GM,HR,HU,ID,IL,IN,IS,JP,KE,KG,KP,KR,KZ,LC,LK,LR,LS,LT,LU,LV,MA,MD,MG,MK,  
MN,MW,MX,NO,NZ,PL,PT,RO,RU,SD,SE,SG,SI,SK,SL,TJ,TM,TR,TT,TZ,UA,UG,US,UZ,VN,YU,ZA,  
ZW

The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland	Authorized officer:  Simin Baharlou
Facsimile No. (41-22) 740.14.35	Telephone No. (41-22) 338.83.38

## INFORMATION ON TIME LIMITS FOR ENTERING THE NATIONAL PHASE

The applicant is reminded that the "national phase" must be entered before each of the designated Offices indicated in the Notification of Receipt of Record Copy (Form PCT/IB/301) by paying national fees and furnishing translations, as prescribed by the applicable national laws.

The time limit for performing these procedural acts is **20 MONTHS** from the priority date or, for those designated States which the applicant elects in a demand for international preliminary examination or in a later election, **30 MONTHS** from the priority date, provided that the election is made before the expiration of 19 months from the priority date. Some designated (or elected) Offices have fixed time limits which expire even later than 20 or 30 months from the priority date. In other Offices an extension of time or grace period, in some cases upon payment of an additional fee, is available.

In addition to these procedural acts, the applicant may also have to comply with other special requirements applicable in certain Offices. **It is the applicant's responsibility** to ensure that the necessary steps to enter the national phase are taken in a timely fashion. Most designated Offices do not issue reminders to applicants in connection with the entry into the national phase.

For detailed information about the procedural acts to be performed to enter the national phase before each designated Office, the applicable time limits and possible extensions of time or grace periods, and any other requirements, see the relevant Chapters of Volume II of the PCT Applicant's Guide. Information about the requirements for filing a demand for international preliminary examination is set out in Chapter IX of Volume I of the PCT Applicant's Guide.

GR and ES became bound by PCT Chapter II on 7 September 1996 and 6 September 1997, respectively, and may, therefore, be elected in a demand or a later election filed on or after 7 September 1996 and 6 September 1997, respectively, regardless of the filing date of the international application. (See second paragraph above.)

Note that only an applicant who is a national or resident of a PCT Contracting State which is bound by Chapter II has the right to file a demand for international preliminary examination.

## CONFIRMATION OF PRECAUTIONARY DESIGNATIONS

This notification lists only specific designations made under Rule 4.9(a) in the request. It is important to check that these designations are correct. Errors in designations can be corrected where precautionary designations have been made under Rule 4.9(b). The applicant is hereby reminded that any precautionary designations may be confirmed according to Rule 4.9(c) before the expiration of 15 months from the priority date. If it is not confirmed, it will automatically be regarded as withdrawn by the applicant. There will be no reminder and no invitation. Confirmation of a designation consists of the filing of a notice specifying the designated State concerned (with an indication of the kind of protection or treatment desired) and the payment of the designation and confirmation fees. Confirmation must reach the receiving Office within the 15-month time limit.

## REQUIREMENTS REGARDING PRIORITY DOCUMENTS

For applicants who have not yet complied with the requirements regarding priority documents, the following is recalled.

Where the priority of an earlier national, regional or international application is claimed, the applicant must submit a copy of the said earlier application, certified by the authority with which it was filed ("the priority document") to the receiving Office (which will transmit it to the International Bureau) or directly to the International Bureau, before the expiration of 16 months from the priority date, provided that any such priority document may still be submitted to the International Bureau before that date of international publication of the international application, in which case that document will be considered to have been received by the International Bureau on the last day of the 16-month time limit (Rule 17.1(a)).

Where the priority document is issued by the receiving Office, the applicant may, instead of submitting the priority document, request the receiving Office to prepare and transmit the priority document to the International Bureau. Such request must be made before the expiration of the 16-month time limit and may be subjected by the receiving Office to the payment of a fee (Rule 17.1(b)).

If the priority document concerned is not submitted to the International Bureau or if the request to the receiving Office to prepare and transmit the priority document has not been made (and the corresponding fee, if any, paid) within the applicable time limit indicated under the preceding paragraphs, any designated State may disregard the priority claim, provided that no designated Office may disregard the priority claim concerned before giving the applicant an opportunity to furnish the priority document within a time limit which is reasonable under the circumstances.

Where several priorities are claimed, the priority date to be considered for the purposes of computing the 16-month time limit is the filing date of the earliest application whose priority is claimed.

## Continuation of Form PCT/IB/301

## NOTIFICATION OF RECEIPT OF RECORD COPY

<b>Date of mailing (day/month/year)</b> 14 July 2000 (14.07.00)	<b>IMPORTANT NOTIFICATION</b>
<b>Applicant's or agent's file reference</b> REDC-2110PCT	<b>International application No.</b> PCT/US00/13576

**ATTENTION**

The applicant should carefully check the data appearing in this Notification. In case of any discrepancy between these data and the indications in the international application, the applicant should immediately inform the International Bureau.

In addition, the applicant's attention is drawn to the information contained in the Annex, relating to:

- ☒ time limits for entry into the national phase
- ☒ confirmation of precautionary designations
- ☒ requirements regarding priority documents

A copy of this Notification is being sent to the receiving Office and to the International Searching Authority.

PC

# REQUEST

The undersigned requests that the present international application be processed according to the Patent Cooperation Treaty.

Receiving Office use only	
International Application No.	
International Filing Date	
Name of receiving Office and "PCT International Application"	
Applicant's or agent's file reference (if desired) (12 characters maximum)	REDC-2110PCT

<b>Box No. I TITLE OF INVENTION</b>	
PROTECTION OF ENDOGENOUS THERAPEUTIC PEPTIDES FROM PEPTIDASE ACTIVITY THROUGH CONJUGATION TO BLOOD COMPONENTS	
<b>Box No. II APPLICANT</b>	
Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a legal entity, full official designation. The address must include postal code and name of country. The country of the address indicated in this Box is the applicant's State (that is, country) of residence if no State of residence is indicated below.)	
CONJUCHEM, INC. 225 President Kennedy Avenue West Third Floor, Suite 3950 Montreal, Quebec H2X 3Y8 Canada	
<input type="checkbox"/> This person is also inventor. Telephone No. (514) 844-5558 Facsimile No. (514) 844-1119 Teleprinter No.	
State (that is, country) of nationality: CA	State (that is, country) of residence: CA
This person is applicant for the purposes of: <input type="checkbox"/> all designated States <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> all designated States except the United States of America <input type="checkbox"/> the United States of America only <input type="checkbox"/> the States indicated in the Supplemental Box	
<b>Box No. III FURTHER APPLICANT(S) AND/OR (FURTHER) INVENTOR(S)</b>	
Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a legal entity, full official designation. The address must include postal code and name of country. The country of the address indicated in this Box is the applicant's State (that is, country) of residence if no State of residence is indicated below.)	
BRIDON, Dominique P. 243 Chemin Cote Ste-Catherine Outremont, Quebec H2V 2B2 Canada	
This person is: <input type="checkbox"/> applicant only <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> applicant and inventor <input type="checkbox"/> inventor only (If this check-box is marked, do not fill in below.)	
State (that is, country) of nationality: FR	State (that is, country) of residence: CA
This person is applicant for the purposes of: <input type="checkbox"/> all designated States <input type="checkbox"/> all designated States except the United States of America <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> the United States of America only <input type="checkbox"/> the States indicated in the Supplemental Box	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Further applicants and/or (further) inventors are indicated on a continuation sheet.	
<b>Box No. IV AGENT OR COMMON REPRESENTATIVE; OR ADDRESS FOR CORRESPONDENCE</b>	
The person identified below is hereby/has been appointed to act on behalf of the applicant(s) before the competent International Authorities as: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> agent <input type="checkbox"/> common representative	
Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a legal entity, full official designation. The address must include postal code and name of country.)	
WARD, Michael R. LIMBACH & LIMBACH L.L.P. 2001 Ferry Building San Francisco, California 94111-4207 United States of America	
Telephone No. (415) 433-4150 Facsimile No. (415) 433-8716 Teleprinter No.	
<input type="checkbox"/> Address for correspondence: Mark this check-box where no agent or common representative is/has been appointed and the space above is used instead to indicate a special address to which correspondence should be sent.	

## Continuation of Box No. III FURTHER APPLICANTS AND/OR (FURTHER) INVENTOR(S)

*If none of the following sub-boxes is used, this sheet is not to be included in the request.*

Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a legal entity, full official designation. The address must include postal code and name of country. The country of the address indicated in this Box is the applicant's State (that is, country) of residence if no State of residence is indicated below.)

EZRIN, Alan M.  
110 Quintas Lane  
Moraga, California 94556  
United States of America

This person is:

- ☐ applicant only  
☒ applicant and inventor  
☐ inventor only (If this check-box is marked, do not fill in below.)

State (that is, country) of nationality:  
US

State (that is, country) of residence:  
US

This person is applicant for the purposes of: ☐ all designated States ☐ all designated States except the United States of America ☒ the United States of America only ☐ the States indicated in the Supplemental Box

Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a legal entity, full official designation. The address must include postal code and name of country. The country of the address indicated in this Box is the applicant's State (that is, country) of residence if no State of residence is indicated below.)

MILNER, Peter G.  
14690 Manuella Road  
Los Altos Hills, California 94022  
United States of America

This person is:

- ☐ applicant only  
☒ applicant and inventor  
☐ inventor only (If this check-box is marked, do not fill in below.)

State (that is, country) of nationality:  
UK

State (that is, country) of residence:  
US

This person is applicant for the purposes of: ☐ all designated States ☐ all designated States except the United States of America ☒ the United States of America only ☐ the States indicated in the Supplemental Box

Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a legal entity, full official designation. The address must include postal code and name of country. The country of the address indicated in this Box is the applicant's State (that is, country) of residence if no State of residence is indicated below.)

HOLMES, Darren L.  
3450 Drummond Street  
Montreal, Quebec H3G 1T3  
Canada

This person is:

- ☐ applicant only  
☒ applicant and inventor  
☐ inventor only (If this check-box is marked, do not fill in below.)

State (that is, country) of nationality:  
US

State (that is, country) of residence:  
CA

This person is applicant for the purposes of: ☐ all designated States ☐ all designated States except the United States of America ☒ the United States of America only ☐ the States indicated in the Supplemental Box

Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a legal entity, full official designation. The address must include postal code and name of country. The country of the address indicated in this Box is the applicant's State (that is, country) of residence if no State of residence is indicated below.)

THIBAudeau, Karen  
4700 Bonavista Street, #407  
Montreal, Quebec H3W 2L5  
Canada

This person is:

- ☐ applicant only  
☒ applicant and inventor  
☐ inventor only (If this check-box is marked, do not fill in below.)

State (that is, country) of nationality:  
FR

State (that is, country) of residence:  
CA

This person is applicant for the purposes of: ☐ all designated States ☐ all designated States except the United States of America ☒ the United States of America only ☐ the States indicated in the Supplemental Box

☐ Further applicants and/or (further) inventors are indicated on another continuation sheet.

**Box No.V DESIGNATION OF STATES**

The following designations are here made under Rule 4.9(a) (mark the applicable check-boxes; at least one must be marked):

**Regional Patent**

- ☒ **AP ARIPO Patent:** GH Ghana, GM Gambia, KE Kenya, LS Lesotho, MW Malawi, SD Sudan, SL Sierra Leone, SZ Swaziland, TZ United Republic of Tanzania, UG Uganda, ZW Zimbabwe, and any other State which is a Contracting State of the Harare Protocol and of the PCT
- ☒ **EA Eurasian Patent:** AM Armenia, AZ Azerbaijan, BY Belarus, KG Kyrgyzstan, KZ Kazakhstan, MD Republic of Moldova, RU Russian Federation, TJ Tajikistan, TM Turkmenistan, and any other State which is a Contracting State of the Eurasian
- ☒ **EP European Patent:** AT Austria, BE Belgium, CH and LI Switzerland and Liechtenstein, CY Cyprus, DE Germany, DK Denmark, ES Spain, FI Finland, FR France, GB United Kingdom, GR Greece, IE Ireland, IT Italy, LU Luxembourg, MC Monaco, NL Netherlands, PT Portugal, SE Sweden, and any other State which is a Contracting State of the European Patent Convention and of the PCT
- ☒ **OA OAPI Patent:** BF Burkina Faso, BJ Benin, CF Central African Republic, CG Congo, CI Côte d'Ivoire, CM Cameroon, GA Gabon, GN Guinea, GW Guinea-Bissau, ML Mali, MR Mauritania, NE Niger, SN Senegal, TD Chad, TG Togo, and any other State which is a member State of OAPI and a Contracting State of the PCT (if other kind of protection or treatment desired, specify on dotted line)

**National Patent (if other kind of protection or treatment desired, specify on dotted line):**

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AE United Arab Emirates                  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> LR Liberia                                   |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AL Albania                               | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> LS Lesotho                                   |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AM Armenia                               | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> LT Lithuania                                 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AT Austria                               | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> LU Luxembourg                                |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AU Australia                             | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> LV Latvia                                    |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AZ Azerbaijan                            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MA Morocco                                   |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> BA Bosnia and Herzegovina                | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MD Republic of Moldova                       |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> BB Barbados                              | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MG Madagascar                                |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> BG Bulgaria                              | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MK The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> BR Brazil                                | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MN Mongolia                                  |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> BY Belarus                               | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MW Malawi                                    |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CA Canada                                | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MX Mexico                                    |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CH and LI Switzerland and Liechtenstein  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO Norway                                    |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CN China                                 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NZ New Zealand                               |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CR Costa Rica                            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PL Poland                                    |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CU Cuba                                  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PT Portugal                                  |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CZ Czech Republic                        | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> RO Romania                                   |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DE Germany                               | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> RU Russian Federation                        |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DK Denmark                               | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SD Sudan                                     |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DM Dominica                              | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SE Sweden                                    |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> EE Estonia                               | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SG Singapore                                 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ES Spain                                 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SI Slovenia                                  |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FI Finland                               | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SK Slovakia                                  |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GB United Kingdom                        | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SL Sierra Leone                              |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GD Grenada                               | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> TJ Tajikistan                                |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GE Georgia                               | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> TM Turkmenistan                              |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GH Ghana                                 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> TR Turkey                                    |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GM Gambia                                | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> TT Trinidad and Tobago                       |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> HR Croatia                               | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> TZ United Republic of Tanzania               |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> HU Hungary                               | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> UA Ukraine                                   |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ID Indonesia                             | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> UG Uganda                                    |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> IL Israel                                | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> US United States of America                  |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> IN India                                 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> UZ Uzbekistan                                |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> IS Iceland                               | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> VN Viet Nam                                  |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> JP Japan                                 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YU Yugoslavia                                |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> KE Kenya                                 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ZA South Africa                              |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> KG Kyrgyzstan                            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ZW Zimbabwe                                  |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> KP Democratic People's Republic of Korea |  |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> KR Republic of Korea                     |  |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> KZ Kazakhstan                            |  |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> LC Saint Lucia                           |  |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> LK Sri Lanka                             |  |

Check-boxes reserved for designating States which have become party to the PCT after issuance of this sheet:

☐ .....  
☐ .....

**Precautionary Designation Statement:** In addition to the designations made above, the applicant also makes under Rule 4.9(b) all other designations which would be permitted under the PCT except any designation(s) indicated in the Supplemental Box as being excluded from the scope of this statement. The applicant declares that those additional designations are subject to confirmation and that any designation which is not confirmed before the expiration of 15 months from the priority date is to be regarded as withdrawn by the applicant at the expiration of that time limit. (Confirmation (including fees) must reach the receiving Office within the 15-month time

**Supplemental Box**

If the Supplemental Box is not used, this sheet need not be included in the request.

1. If, in any of the Boxes, the space is insufficient to furnish all the information: in such case, write "Continuation of Box No. ..." [indicate the number of the Box] and furnish the information in the same manner as required according to the captions of the Box in which the space was insufficient, in particular:

- (i) if more than two persons are involved as applicants and/or inventors and no "continuation sheet" is available: in such case, write "Continuation of Box No. III" and indicate for each additional person the same type of information as required in Box No. III. The country of the address indicated in this Box is the applicant's State (that is, country) of residence if no State of residence is indicated below;
- (ii) if, in Box No. II or in any of the sub-boxes of Box No. III, the indication "the States indicated in the Supplemental Box" is checked: in such case, write "Continuation of Box No. II" or "Continuation of Box No. III" or "Continuation of Boxes No. II and No. III" (as the case may be), indicate the name of the applicant(s) involved and, next to (each) such name, the State(s) (and/or, where applicable, ARIPO, Eurasian, European or OAPI patent) for the purposes of which the named person is applicant;
- (iii) if, in Box No. II or in any of the sub-boxes of Box No. III, the inventor or the inventor/applicant is not inventor for the purposes of all designated States or for the purposes of the United States of America: in such case, write "Continuation of Box No. II" or "Continuation of Box No. III" or "Continuation of Boxes No. II and No. III" (as the case may be), indicate the name of the inventor(s) and, next to (each) such name, the State(s) (and/or, where applicable, ARIPO, Eurasian, European or OAPI patent) for the purposes of which the named person is inventor;
- (iv) if, in addition to the agent(s) indicated in Box IV, there are further agents: in such case, write "Continuation of Box No. IV" and indicate for each further agent the same type of information as required in Box No. IV;
- (v) if, in Box No. V, the name of any State (or OAPI) is accompanied by the indication "patent of addition," or "certificate of addition," or if, in Box No. V, the name of the United States of America is accompanied by an indication "continuation" or "continuation-in-part": in such case, write "Continuation of Box No. V" and the name of each State involved (or OAPI), and after the name of each such State (or OAPI), the number of the parent title or parent application and the date of grant of the parent title or filing of the parent application;
- (vi) if, in Box No. VI, there are more than three earlier applications whose priority is claimed: in such case, write "Continuation of Box No. VI" and indicate for each additional earlier application the same type of information as required in Box No. VI;
- (vii) if, in Box No. VI, the earlier application is an ARIPO application: in such case, write "Continuation of Box No. VI", specify the number of the item corresponding to that earlier application and indicate at least one country party to the Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property or one Member of the World Trade Organization for which that earlier application was filed.

2. If, with regard to the precautionary designation statement contained in Box No. V, the applicant wishes to exclude any State(s) from the scope of that statement: in such case, write "Designation(s) excluded from precautionary designation statement" and indicate the name or two-letter code of each State so excluded.

3. If the applicant claims, in respect of any designated Office, the benefits of provisions of the national law concerning non-prejudicial disclosures or exceptions to lack of novelty: in such case, write "Statement concerning non-prejudicial disclosures or exceptions to lack of novelty" and furnish that statement below.

**Continuation of Box No. IV**

LIMBACH, Karl A.  
 LIMBACH, George C.  
 UILKEMA, John K.  
 SMITH, Neil A.  
 DEVITT, Veronica C.  
 YIN, Ronald L.  
 SEKIMURA, Gerald T.  
 STALLMAN, Michael A.  
 GIRARD, Philip A.  
 POLLOCK, Michael J.  
 EVERETT, Stephen M.  
 EQUITZ, Alfred A.  
 SAMMUT, Charles P.  
 PICKERING, Mark C.  
 COLEMAN JAMES, Patricia  
 FROST, Kathleen A.  
 LIMBACH, Alan A.  
 LIMBACH, Douglas C.  
 OH, Seong-Kun  
 KING, Cameron A.

HARRIEL, Kyla L.  
 MAEDA, Mayumi  
 WARD, Michael R.  
 SAMPSON, Roger S.  
 HAMILTON, Charles L..  
 SMITH, Andrew V.  
 HOOVER, Eric N.  
 MCCARTHY, J. Thomas  
 ACKERMAN, Joel G.

All attorneys are members or associates of the firm LIMBACH & LIMBACH L.L.P. Address, telephone number, and facsimile number of all are indicated in Box No. IV.

<b>Box No. VI PRIORITY CLAIM</b>		<input type="checkbox"/> Further priority claim indicated in the Supplemental Box.		
Filing date of earlier application (day/month/year)	Number of earlier application	Where earlier application is:		
		national application: country	regional application:* regional Office	international application: receiving Office
item (1) 17 May 1999 (17.05.99)	60/134,406	US		
item (2) 10 September 1999 (10.09.99)	60/153,406	US		
item (3) 15 October 1999 (15.10.99)	60/159,783	US		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The receiving Office is requested to prepare and transmit to the International Bureau a certified copy of the earlier application(s) (only if the earlier application was filed with the Office which for the purposes of the present international application is the receiving Office) identified above as item(s): <u>(1), (2), and (3)</u> <small>* Where the earlier application is an ARIPO application, it is mandatory to indicate in the Supplemental Box at least one country party to the Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property for which that earlier application was filed (Rule 4.10(b)(ii)). See Supplemental Box.</small>				
<b>Box No. VII INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY</b>				
Choice of International Searching Authority (ISA) (if two or more International Searching Authorities are competent to carry out the international search, indicate the Authority chosen; the two-letter code may be used):  <b>ISA/EP</b>		Request to use results of earlier search; reference to that search (if an earlier search has been carried out by or requested from the International Searching Authority):  Date (day/month/year)      Number      Country (or regional Office)		
<b>Box No. VIII CHECK LIST: LANGUAGE OF FILING</b>				
This international application contains the following number of sheets:  request : 5 description (excluding sequence listing part) : 181 claims : 5 abstract : 1 drawings : 0 sequence listing part of description : 545 <b>Total number of sheets : 737</b>		This international application is accompanied by the item(s) marked below: 1. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> fee calculation sheet 2. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> separate signed power of attorney 3. <input type="checkbox"/> copy of general power of attorney; reference number, if any: 4. <input type="checkbox"/> statement explaining lack of signature 5. <input type="checkbox"/> priority document(s) identified in Box No. VI as item(s): 6. <input type="checkbox"/> translation of international application into (language): 7. <input type="checkbox"/> separate indications concerning deposited microorganism or other biological material 8. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence listing in computer readable form 9. <input type="checkbox"/> other (specify): Transmittal Letter; Express Mail Certificate; Acknowledgement		
Figure of the drawings which should accompany the abstract: -----		Language of filing of the international application: <b>English</b>		
<b>Box No. IX SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT OR AGENT</b>				
Next to each signature, indicate the name of the person signing and the capacity in which the person signs (if such capacity is not obvious from reading the request). <b> LIMBACH &amp; LIMBACH L.L.P.</b>  By <u>Michael R. Ward</u> Michael R. Ward Attorneys for Applicants				

For receiving Office use only	
1. Date of actual receipt of the purported international application:  3. Corrected date of actual receipt due to later but timely received papers or drawings completing the purported international application:  4. Date of timely receipt of the required corrections under PCT Article 11(2):  5. International Searching Authority (if two or more are competent): <b>ISA/</b>	2. Drawings:  <input type="checkbox"/> received:  <input type="checkbox"/> not received:  6. <input type="checkbox"/> Transmittal of search copy delayed until search fee is paid.

For International Bureau use only	
Date of receipt of the record copy by the International Bureau:	



09/628548

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

REC'D 21 AUG 2001

WIPO PCT


## INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference N.81324	<b>FOR FURTHER ACTION</b> See Notification of Transmittal of International Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)	
International application No. PCT/US00/13576	International filing date (day/month/year) 17/05/2000	Priority date (day/month/year) 17/05/1999
International Patent Classification (IPC) or national classification and IPC C07K1/107		
Applicant CONJUCHEM, INC. et al.		

1. This international preliminary examination report has been prepared by this International Preliminary Examining Authority and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36.
2. This REPORT consists of a total of 6 sheets, including this cover sheet.  
  
☒ This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, i.e. sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT).  
  
 These annexes consist of a total of 7 sheets.

3. This report contains indications relating to the following items:
  - I ☒ Basis of the report
  - II ☐ Priority
  - III ☐ Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability
  - IV ☐ Lack of unity of invention
  - V ☒ Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement
  - VI ☒ Certain documents cited
  - VII ☒ Certain defects in the international application
  - VIII ☒ Certain observations on the international application

Date of submission of the demand  15/12/2000	Date of completion of this report  17.08.2001
Name and mailing address of the international preliminary examining authority:   European Patent Office D-80298 Munich Tel. +49 89 2399 - 0 Tx: 523656 epmu d Fax: +49 89 2399 - 4465	Authorized officer  SCHEFFZYK, I  Telephone No. +49 89 2399 8602



**INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY  
EXAMINATION REPORT**

International application No. PCT/US00/13576

**I. Basis of the report**

1. With regard to the **elements** of the international application (*Replacement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report since they do not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17)*):

**Description, pages:**

1-181 as originally filed

**Claims, No.:**

1-19 as received on 15/06/2001 with letter of 13/06/2001

**Sequence listing part of the description, pages:**

1-544, as originally filed

2. With regard to the **language**, all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the language in which the international application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.

These elements were available or furnished to this Authority in the following language: , which is:

- ☐ the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of the international search (under Rule 23.1(b)).  
☐ the language of publication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)).  
☐ the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under Rule 55.2 and/or 55.3).

3. With regard to any **nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence** disclosed in the international application, the international preliminary examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:

- ☒ contained in the international application in written form.  
☒ filed together with the international application in computer readable form.  
☐ furnished subsequently to this Authority in written form.  
☐ furnished subsequently to this Authority in computer readable form.  
☒ The statement that the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed has been furnished.  
☒ The statement that the information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence listing has been furnished.

4. The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of:

- ☐ the description, pages:  
☐ the claims, Nos.:  
☐ the drawings, sheets:

# INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No. PCT/US00/13576

5. ☐ This report has been established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed (Rule 70.2(c)):

*(Any replacement sheet containing such amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to this report.)*

6. Additional observations, if necessary:

## V. Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

### 1. Statement

Novelty (N)	Yes:	Claims	5-19
	No:	Claims	1-4
Inventive step (IS)	Yes:	Claims	
	No:	Claims	1-19
Industrial applicability (IA)	Yes:	Claims	1-4
	No:	Claims	5-19

2. Citations and explanations  
**see separate sheet**

## VI. Certain documents cited

1. Certain published documents (Rule 70.10)

and / or

2. Non-written disclosures (Rule 70.9)

**see separate sheet**

## VII. Certain defects in the international application

The following defects in the form or contents of the international application have been noted:  
**see separate sheet**

## VIII. Certain observations on the international application

The following observations on the clarity of the claims, description, and drawings or on the question whether the claims are fully supported by the description, are made:  
**see separate sheet**

**INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY  
EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET**

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International application No. PCT/US00/13576

Remark: Taking into account that according to the claims as originally filed the reactive groups were limited to succinimidyl and maleimido groups it may be possible that the search report is incomplete with respect to newly-filed claims covering any reactive group.

**SECTION V-----**

Due to the broad wording of claim 1 basically any method of synthesizing a peptide containing a reactive group which is suitable to react with amino groups, hydroxyl groups or thiol groups to form a stable covalent bond is covered by the scope of said claim. Such a claim cannot be considered to be novel (see e.g. EP-A-0 602 290 (1), col. 6, lines 44-55 and US-A-5 580 853 (2), see col. 5, last paragraph and US-A-5 654 276 (3), see e.g. col. 3 and WO 95/10302 (4)). It is true that none of these references expressly refers to a "peptidase-stabilized" therapeutic peptide. However, this Authority assumes that this property is automatically obtained by adding the reactive group to the peptide and hence is an inherent property of all peptides having such a reactive group (otherwise an objection under Art. 5 would arise since the application as filed does not contain any other information with respect to the provision of peptides with this property). Thus (1)-(4) are deemed novelty destroying for present claims 1-4.

Correspondingly, these claims do not meet the requirements of Art. 33(2)(3) PCT.

In addition, the coupling of an anchor (which corresponds to present reactive group) to physiologically active compounds which enables them to bind to blood components in order to extend the half-lives of the physiologically active compounds is already taught in (4) (see e.g. page 2 in combination with page 18). Thus, claims 5-19 cannot be considered to be inventive - if at all novel.

Correspondingly, claims 5-19 do not meet the requirements of Art. 33(3) PCT.

**SECTION VI-----**

WO 99/48536

WO 99/24462

WO 99/24075

**SECTION VII-----**

- 1). According to the applicaion as filed the therapeutic peptide is composed of between 3 to 50 amino acids. However, according to newly-filed claims the therapeutic peptide comprises between 3 to 50 amino acids. This Authority takes the view that the replacement of the word "composed" (which is read in the sense of consists of ) by "comprise" extends the content of the application as filed. Correspondingly, newly-filed claims do not meet the requirements of Art. 34(2)(b) PCT.
- 2). In claim 1(b) it should be indicated that the therapeutic peptide contains only one cysteine (see original claims 1 and 6).
- 3). With respect to Applicant's co-pending international application IB00/00763 it is noted that double protection of the same subject invention basically is not possible.

**SECTION VIII-----**

- 1). This Authority is well aware of the fact that small peptides consisting for instance of only three amino acid residues may have a certain activity. However, having regard to the requirement given in claim 1 (a carboxy terminal amino acid, an amino terminal amino acid, a therapeutically active region and a less therapeutically active region must be present) it seems to be impossible that the claimed peptide may consists of only 3 amino acid residues.
- 2). The term "less" is a relative term which is open to interpretation. Correspondingly, the use thereof in claims renders the scope of the corresponding claims unclear.
- 3). The expression "said reactive group" used in claim 1 is unclear since the paragraph preceding said expression does not refer to a reactive group (Art. 6 PCT).
- 4). The subject-matter of present claims appears to be unduly broad, in particular

**INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY  
EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET**

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International application No. PCT/US00/13576

taking into account that present application only demonstrates that MPA covalently bound to K5 or Dynorphin improves the half-life of these compounds (see examples 68 and 70). Thus, it is evident that present claims cover areas which are not technically supported by present specification. Correspondingly, objections under Art. 5 and 6 PCT arise.

- 5). Claims 5-19 relate to subject-matter considered by this Authority to be covered by the provisions of Rule 67.1(iv) PCT. Consequently, no opinion will be formulated with respect to the industrial applicability of the subject-matter of these claims (Article 34(4)(a)(i) PCT).

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CLAIMS

1. A method of synthesizing a peptidase-stabilized therapeutic peptide comprising between 3 and 50 amino acids, said peptide having a carboxy terminal amino acid, an amino terminal amino acid, a therapeutically active region and a less therapeutically active region, the method comprising the steps of:
- 5 amino acid, an amino terminal amino acid, a therapeutically active region and a less therapeutically active region, the method comprising the steps of:
- a) if said therapeutic peptide does not contain a cysteine, then synthesizing said peptide from said carboxy terminal amino acid and adding said reactive group to said carboxy terminal amino acid or adding a terminal lysine to said
- 10 carboxy terminal amino acid and adding said reactive group to said terminal lysine, the reactive group being capable of reacting with amino groups, hydroxyl groups, or thiol groups on blood components to form a stable covalent bond; or
- b) if said therapeutic peptide contains only cysteine, then reacting said cysteine with a protective group prior to addition of said reactive group to an amino
- 15 acid in said less therapeutically active region; or
- c) if said therapeutic peptide contains two cysteines as a disulfide bridge, then oxidizing said two cysteines and adding said reactive group to said amino terminal amino acid, or to said carboxy terminal amino acid, or to an amino acid positioned between said carboxy terminal amino acid and said amino terminal amino
- 20 acid; or
- d) if said therapeutic peptide contains more than two cysteines as disulfide bridges, then sequentially oxidizing said cysteines in said disulfide bridges and purifying said peptide prior to the addition of said reactive groups to said carboxy terminal amino acid.
- 25
2. A method as claimed in claim 1 wherein the reactive group is attached to the therapeutic peptide via a linking group.
3. A method as claimed in claim 1 wherein the blood component is
- 30 albumin.

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4. A method as claimed in claim 3 wherein the reactive group comprises a maleimide.

5. A method for protecting a therapeutic peptide from peptidase activity  
5 *in vivo*, said peptide comprising between 3 and 50 amino acids and having a carboxy terminus and an amino terminus and a carboxy terminal amino acid and an amino terminal amino acid, comprising:

- a) modifying said peptide by attaching a reactive group to the carboxy terminal amino acid, to the amino terminal amino acid, or to an amino acid located  
10 between the amino terminal amino acid and the carboxy terminal amino acid, the reactive group being capable of forming a covalent bond *in vivo* with a reactive functionality on a blood component; and
- b) forming a covalent bond between said reactive group and the reactive  
15 conjugate, thereby protecting said peptide from peptidase activity.

6. A method according to claim 5, further comprising the step of  
administering said modified peptide *in vivo* before step (b), such that the modified  
peptide-blood component conjugate is formed *in vivo*.  
20

7. A method according to claim to claim 5, wherein step (b) occurs *ex vivo*.

8. A method according to claim 5, wherein said reactive group is a  
25 maleimido group.

9. A method according to claim 5, wherein said reactive group is attached to said peptide via a linking group.

30 10. A method according to claim 8, wherein said blood component is albumin.



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11. A method according to claim 5, wherein one or more of said amino acids is synthetic.

12. A method for protecting a therapeutic peptide from peptidase activity  
5 *in vivo*, said peptide comprising between 3 and 50 amino acids and having a therapeutically active region of amino acids and a less therapeutically active region of amino acids, comprising:

- a) determining said therapeutically active region of amino acids;
- b) modifying said peptide at an amino acid included in said less  
10 therapeutically active region by attaching a reactive group to said amino acid to form a modified peptide, such that the said modified peptide has therapeutic activity, the reactive group being capable of forming a covalent bond *in vivo* with a reactive functionality on a blood component; and
- c) forming a covalent bond between said reactive entity and a reactive  
15 functionality on a blood component to form a peptide-blood component conjugate, thereby protecting said peptide from peptidase activity.

13. A method according to claim 12, further comprising the step of administering said modified peptide *in vivo* before step (c), such that the peptide-  
20 blood component conjugate is formed *in vivo*.

14. A method according to claim 12, wherein step (c) occurs *ex vivo*.

15. A method according to claim 12, wherein said peptide has a carboxy  
25 terminus, an amino terminus, a carboxy terminal amino acid and an amino terminal amino acid, and wherein step (b) further comprises:

- a) if said less therapeutically active region is located at the carboxy terminus of said peptide, then modifying said peptide at the carboxy terminal amino acid of said peptide; or
- 30 b) if said less active region is located at the amino terminus of said peptide, then modifying said peptide at the amino terminal amino acid of said

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peptide; or

c) if said less active region portion is located at neither the amino terminus nor the carboxy terminus of said peptide, then modifying said peptide at an amino acid located between the carboxy terminus and the amino terminus.

5

16. A method according to claim 12, wherein said reactive group is a maleimido group.

17. A method according to claim 12, wherein said reactive group is  
10 attached to said peptide via a linking group.

18. A method according to claim 12, wherein said blood component is albumin.

15 19. A method according to claim 12, wherein one or more of said amino acids is synthetic.

11 15 12 00

- 184 -

amino acid located between the amino terminal amino acid and the carboxy terminal amino acid, such that said modified peptide is capable of forming a covalent bond in vivo with a reactive functionality on a blood component;

5 (b) forming a covalent bond between said reactive group and a reactive functionality on a blood component to form a peptide-blood component conjugate, thereby protecting said peptide from peptidase activity; and

(c) analyzing the stability of said peptide-blood component  
10 conjugate to assess the protection of said peptide from peptidase activity.

8. A method according to claim 7, further comprising the step of administering said modified peptide in vivo before step (b), such that the  
15 peptide-blood component conjugate is formed in vivo.

9. A method according to claim 7, wherein step (b) occurs ex vivo.

10. A method according to claim 7 wherein step (c) is performed in  
20 vivo.

11. A method according to claim 7, wherein said reactive group is a maleimido group.

25 12. A method according to claim 7, wherein said reactive group is attached to said peptide via a linking group.

13. A method according to claim 7, wherein said blood component is albumin.

30

14. A method according to claim 7, wherein one or more of said amino acids is synthetic.

15 13 12 00

- 185 -

15. A method for protecting a therapeutic peptide from peptidase activity in vivo, said peptide being composed of between 3 and 50 amino acids and having a therapeutically active region of amino acids and a less therapeutically active region of amino acids, comprising:

(a) determining said therapeutically active region of amino acids;

(b) modifying said peptide at an amino acid included in said less therapeutically active region of amino acids by attaching a reactive group to said amino acid to form a modified peptide, such that said modified peptide has therapeutic activity and is capable of forming a covalent bond in vivo with a reactive functionality on a blood component;

(c) forming a covalent bond between said reactive entity and a reactive functionality on a blood component to form a peptide-blood component conjugate, thereby protecting said peptide from peptidase activity; and

(d) analyzing the stability of said peptide-blood component conjugate to assess the protection of said peptide from peptidase activity.

16. A method according to claim 15, further comprising the step of administering said modified peptide in vivo before step (c), such that the peptide-blood component conjugate is formed in vivo.

17. A method according to claim 15, wherein step (c) occurs ex vivo.

18. A method according to claim 15, wherein step (d) is performed in vivo.

19. A method according to claim 15, wherein step (c) is performed in vivo.

11 15 12 00

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20. A method according to claim 15, wherein step (d) is performed *ex vivo*.

5 21. A method according to claim 15, wherein said peptide has a carboxy terminus, an amino terminus, a carboxy terminal amino acid and an amino terminal amino acid, and wherein step (b) further comprises:

(a) if said less therapeutically active portion is located at the carboxy terminus of said peptide, then modifying said peptide at the carboxy terminal amino acid of said peptide;

10 (b) if said less active portion is located at the amino terminus of said peptide, then modifying said peptide at the amino terminal amino acid of said peptide; and

(c) if said less active portion is located at neither the amino terminus nor the carboxy terminus of said peptide, then modifying said peptide at an amino acid located between the carboxy terminus and the amino terminus.

20 22. A method according to claim 15, wherein said reactive group is a maleimido group.

23. A method according to claim 15, wherein said reactive entity is attached to said peptide via a linking group.

25 24. A method according to claim 15, wherein said blood component is albumin.

25 25. A method according to claim 15, wherein one or more of said amino acids is synthetic.

30

## PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

04/623548

## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

(PCT Article 18 and Rules 43 and 44)

Applicant's or agent's file reference <b>REDC-2110PCT</b>	<b>FOR FURTHER ACTION</b> see Notification of Transmittal of International Search Report (Form PCT/ISA/220) as well as, where applicable, item 5 below.	
International application No. <b>PCT/US 00/ 13576</b>	International filing date (day/month/year) <b>17/05/2000</b>	(Earliest) Priority Date (day/month/year) <b>17/05/1999</b>
Applicant <b>CONJUCHEM, INC.</b>		

This International Search Report has been prepared by this International Searching Authority and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 18. A copy is being transmitted to the International Bureau.

This International Search Report consists of a total of 5 sheets.



It is also accompanied by a copy of each prior art document cited in this report.

**1. Basis of the report**

- a. With regard to the **language**, the international search was carried out on the basis of the international application in the language in which it was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.



the international search was carried out on the basis of a translation of the international application furnished to this Authority (Rule 23.1(b)).

- b. With regard to any **nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence** disclosed in the international application, the international search was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing :



contained in the international application in written form.



filed together with the international application in computer readable form.



furnished subsequently to this Authority in written form.



furnished subsequently to this Authority in computer readable form.



the statement that the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed has been furnished.



the statement that the information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence listing has been furnished

2. ☒ **Certain claims were found unsearchable** (See Box I).

3. ☐ **Unity of invention is lacking** (see Box II).

**4. With regard to the title,**

the text is approved as submitted by the applicant.



the text has been established by this Authority to read as follows:

**5. With regard to the abstract,**

the text is approved as submitted by the applicant.



the text has been established, according to Rule 38.2(b), by this Authority as it appears in Box III. The applicant may, within one month from the date of mailing of this international search report, submit comments to this Authority.

6. The figure of the **drawings** to be published with the abstract is Figure No. \_\_\_\_\_



as suggested by the applicant.



because the applicant failed to suggest a figure.



because this figure better characterizes the invention.



None of the figures.

## FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

## Continuation of Box I.2

Present claims 1-26 relate to an extremely large number of possible compounds and methods. Support within the meaning of Article 6 PCT and/or disclosure within the meaning of Article 5 PCT is to be found, however, for only a very small proportion of the compounds and methods claimed. In the present case, the claims so lack support, and the application so lacks disclosure, that a meaningful search over the whole of the claimed scope is impossible. Consequently, the search has been carried out for those parts of the claims which appear to be supported and disclosed, namely those parts relating to the general concept of the invention i.e. the method of activating pharmaceutically or biologically active peptides using maleimido- or succinimido groups; as a result the activated peptides bind to blood components like albumin which decreases susceptibility for protease degradation. The search was directed to the underlying concept. The search was not direct to retrieve compounds or conjugates falling under the scope of claims 1-5 or the examples.

The applicant's attention is drawn to the fact that claims, or parts of claims, relating to inventions in respect of which no international search report has been established need not be the subject of an international preliminary examination (Rule 66.1(e) PCT). The applicant is advised that the EPO policy when acting as an International Preliminary Examining Authority is normally not to carry out a preliminary examination on matter which has not been searched. This is the case irrespective of whether or not the claims are amended following receipt of the search report or during any Chapter II procedure.

## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT/US 00/13576

## A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC 7 C07K1/107 C07K14/135 C07K14/16 C07K14/46 C07K14/575  
 C07K14/605 C07K14/645 C07K14/655 C12N9/68

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

## B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 7 C07K C12N A61K

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

EPO-Internal, WPI Data, PAJ, MEDLINE, BIOSIS

## C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	EP 0 602 290 A (POULETTY PHILIPPE ;POULETTY CHRISTINE (US)) 22 June 1994 (1994-06-22) column 2, line 1 - line 22 column 8, line 25 - line 33; claims ---	1-10, 12, 13, 16, 21
X	WO 95 10302 A (REDCCELL INC) 20 April 1995 (1995-04-20) page 18, line 10 -page 19, line 1 ---	1-10, 12, 13, 16, 21
A	US 5 580 853 A (SYTKOWSKI ARTHUR J) 3 December 1996 (1996-12-03) column 3, line 42 -column 4, line 38 column 5, line 21 - line 4 column 7, line 38 - line 43 --- -/--	1-10, 12, 13, 16, 21

☒ Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.☒ Patent family members are listed in annex.

\* Special categories of cited documents :

- "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
- "E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date
- "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)
- "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means
- "P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention

"X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone

"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.

"&" document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

9 November 2000

Date of mailing of the international search report

16/11/2000

Name and mailing address of the ISA

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Authorized officer

Fuhr, C



## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT/US 00/13576

## C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category °	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	US 5 654 276 A (BARRETT RONALD W ET AL) 5 August 1997 (1997-08-05) column 3, line 28 - line 38 column 17, line 48 -column 18, line 8; claims ----	1-5
P,X	WO 99 48536 A (CONJUCHEM INC ;HOLMES DARREN L (CA); BRIDON DOMINIQUE P (CA); EZRI) 30 September 1999 (1999-09-30) claims; examples ----	1-26
P,X	WO 99 24462 A (CONJUCHEM INC ;HOLMES DARREN L (CA); BRIDON DOMINIQUE P (CA); THIB) 20 May 1999 (1999-05-20) claims; examples ----	1-26
P,A	WO 99 24075 A (CONJUCHEM INC ;HOLMES DARREN L (CA); BRIDON DOMINIQUE P (CA); HUAN) 20 May 1999 (1999-05-20) claims; examples -----	1-26

# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

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			WO	9924074 A	20-05-1999
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(AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU,  
MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM,  
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*For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guid-  
ance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the begin-  
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(54) Title: PROTECTION OF ENDOGENOUS THERAPEUTIC PEPTIDES FROM PEPTIDASE ACTIVITY THROUGH CON-  
JUGATION TO BLOOD COMPONENTS

(57) Abstract: A method for protecting a peptide from peptidase activity *in vivo*, the peptide being composed of between 2 and 50 amino acids and having a C-terminus and an N-terminus and a C-terminus amino acid and an N-terminus amino acid is described. In the first step of the method, the peptide is modified by attaching a reactive group to the C-terminus amino acid, to the N-terminus amino acid, or to an amino acid located between the N-terminus and the C-terminus, such that the modified peptide is capable of forming a covalent bond *in vivo* with a reactive functionality on a blood component. In the next step, a covalent bond is formed between the reactive group and a reactive functionality on a blood component to form a peptide-blood component conjugate, thereby protecting said peptide from peptidase activity. The final step of the method involves the analyzing of the stability of the peptide-blood component conjugate to assess the protection of the peptide from peptidase activity.

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# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

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## A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC 7 C07K1/107 C07K14/135 C07K14/16 C07K14/46 C07K14/575  
C07K14/605 C07K14/645 C07K14/655 C12N9/68

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

## B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 7 C07K C12N A61K

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

EPO-Internal, WPI Data, PAJ, MEDLINE, BIOSIS

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	-/--	

☒ Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.

☒ Patent family members are listed in annex.

### \* Special categories of cited documents :

- "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
- "E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date
- "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)
- "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means
- "P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

- "T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
- "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
- "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.
- "&" document member of the same patent family

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Fuhr, C

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C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
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## FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

## Continuation of Box I.2

Present claims 1-26 relate to an extremely large number of possible compounds and methods. Support within the meaning of Article 6 PCT and/or disclosure within the meaning of Article 5 PCT is to be found, however, for only a very small proportion of the compounds and methods claimed. In the present case, the claims so lack support, and the application so lacks disclosure, that a meaningful search over the whole of the claimed scope is impossible. Consequently, the search has been carried out for those parts of the claims which appear to be supported and disclosed, namely those parts relating to the general concept of the invention i.e. the method of activating pharmaceutically or biologically active peptides using maleimido- or succinimido groups; as a result the activated peptides bind to blood components like albumin which decreases susceptibility for protease degradation. The search was directed to the underlying concept. The search was not direct to retrieve compounds or conjugates falling under the scope of claims 1-5 or the examples.

The applicant's attention is drawn to the fact that claims, or parts of claims, relating to inventions in respect of which no international search report has been established need not be the subject of an international preliminary examination (Rule 66.1(e) PCT). The applicant is advised that the EPO policy when acting as an International Preliminary Examining Authority is normally not to carry out a preliminary examination on matter which has not been searched. This is the case irrespective of whether or not the claims are amended following receipt of the search report or during any Chapter II procedure.

# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

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IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU,  
LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT,  
RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA,  
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(AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU,  
MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM,  
GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

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ance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the begin-  
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**PROTECTION OF ENDOGENOUS THERAPEUTIC PEPTIDES  
FROM PEPTIDASE ACTIVITY THROUGH CONJUGATION  
TO BLOOD COMPONENTS**

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**FIELD OF THE INVENTION**

This invention relates to modified therapeutic peptides. In particular, this invention relates to protection of endogenous therapeutic peptides from peptidase activity through a modification that enables the peptide to selectively conjugate to blood components, thus protecting the peptide from peptidase activity and increasing the duration of action of the therapeutic peptide for the treatment of various disorders.

**BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

Many endogenous peptides have been described as key components of biological processes. Some of these peptides have been identified as key therapeutic agents for the management of various disorders. In general, endogenous peptides are more desirable as therapeutic agents than synthetic peptides with non-native sequences, because they do not produce an immune response due to their endogenous character. In addition, endogenous peptides are highly specific for their target receptors and are easy to synthesize and manufacture. However, a major difficulty with the delivery of such therapeutic peptides is their short plasma half-life, mainly due to rapid serum clearance and proteolytic degradation via the action of peptidases.

Peptidases break a peptide bond in peptides by inserting a water molecule across the bond. Generally, most peptides are broken down by peptidases in the body in a manner of a few minutes or less. In addition, some peptidases are specific for certain types of peptides, making their degradation even more rapid. Thus, if a peptide is used as a therapeutic agent, its activity is generally reduced as the peptide quickly degrades in the body due to the action of peptidases.

One way to overcome this disadvantage is to administer large dosages of the therapeutic peptide of interest to the patient so that even if some of the peptide is degraded, enough remains to be therapeutically effective. However, this method is quite uncomfortable for the patient.

5 Since most therapeutic peptides cannot be administered orally, the therapeutic peptide would have to be either constantly infused, frequently administered by intravenous injections, or administered frequently by the inconvenient route of subcutaneous injections. The need for frequent administration also results in many potential peptide  
10 therapeutics having an unacceptably high projected cost per treatment course. The presence of large amounts of degraded peptide may also generate undesired side effects.

Discomfort in administration and high costs are two reasons why most therapeutic peptides with attractive bioactivity profiles are not  
15 developed as drug candidates. Instead, these therapeutic peptides are used as templates for the development of peptidomimetic compounds to substitute for the therapeutic peptide. Biotechnology and large pharmaceutical firms frequently undertake lengthy and expensive optimization programs to attempt to develop non-peptide, organic  
20 compounds which mimic the activity seen with therapeutic peptides without incurring an unacceptable side effect profile. For example, cyclic peptides, peptidomimetics and small molecules coming from expensive SAR (Structure Activity Relationship) and molecular modeling studies have led to the development of an incredible amount of peptide mimics.  
25 However, these peptide mimics in no way reflect the exact original biological nature of the therapeutic peptide, and thus are inferior to the endogenous therapeutic peptide as therapeutic agents.

An alternative to creating peptide mimics is to block the action of peptidases to prevent degradation of the therapeutic peptide or to modify  
30 the therapeutic peptides in such a way that their degradation is slowed down while still maintaining biological activity. Such methods include conjugation with polymeric materials such as dextrans, polyvinyl

- 3 -

pyrrolidones, glycopeptides, polyethylene glycol and polyamino acids, conjugation with adroitin sulfates, as well as conjugation with polysaccharides, low molecular weight compounds such as aminoethicin, fatty acids, vitamin B<sub>12</sub>, and glycosides. These  
5 conjugates, however, are still often susceptible to protease activity. In addition, the therapeutic activity of these peptides is often reduced by the addition of the polymeric material. Finally, there is the risk of the conjugates generating an immune response when the material is injected *in vivo*. Several methods include *ex vivo* conjugation with  
10 carrier proteins, resulting in the production of randomized conjugates. Since conjugates are difficult to manufacture, and their interest is limited by commercial availability of the carriers, as well as by their poor pharmaco economics.

There is thus a need for novel methods to modify therapeutic  
15 peptides to protect them from peptidase activity and to provide longer duration of action *in vivo*, while maintaining low toxicity yet retaining the therapeutic advantages of the modified peptides.

### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

This invention is directed to overcoming the problem of peptide  
20 degradation in the body by modifying the therapeutic peptide of interest and attaching it to protein carriers, such that the action of peptidases is prevented, or slowed down. More specifically, this invention relates to novel chemically reactive derivatives of therapeutic peptides that can react with available functionalities on blood proteins to form covalent  
25 linkages, specifically a therapeutic peptide-maleimide derivative. The invention also relates to novel chemically reactive derivatives or analogs of such therapeutic peptides. The invention additionally pertains to the therapeutic uses of such compounds.

The present invention is directed to modifying and attaching  
30 therapeutic peptides to protein carriers, preferentially albumin, through *in vivo* or *ex vivo* technology to prevent or reduce the action of peptidases

- 4 -

by virtue of a synthetic modification on the first residue to be cleaved. Therapeutic peptides are usually active at the N-terminus portion, at the C-terminus portion, or in an interior portion of the peptide chain. Using the technology of this invention, a site other than the active portion of a  
5 therapeutic peptide is modified with certain reactive groups. These reactive groups are capable of forming covalent bonds with functionalities present on blood components. The reactive group is placed at a site such that when the therapeutic peptide is bonded to the blood component, the peptide retains a substantial proportion of the  
10 parent compound's activity.

The modification of the therapeutic peptide through the chemical modification used in the invention is done in such a way that all or most of the peptide specificity is conserved despite attachment to a blood component. This therapeutic peptide-blood component complex is now  
15 capable of traveling to various body regions without and being degraded by peptidases, with the peptide still retaining its therapeutic activity. The invention is applicable to all known therapeutic peptides and is easily tested under physiological conditions by the direct comparison of the pharmacokinetic parameters for the free and the modified therapeutic  
20 peptide.

The present invention is directed to a modified therapeutic peptide capable of forming a peptidase stabilized therapeutic peptide composed of between 3 and 50 amino acids. The peptide has a carboxy terminal amino acid, an amino terminal amino acid, a therapeutically  
25 active region of amino acids and a less therapeutically active region of amino acids. The peptide comprises a reactive group which reacts with amino groups, hydroxyl groups, or thiol groups on blood components to form a stable covalent bond and thereby forms the peptidase stabilized therapeutic peptide. In the peptide of the invention the reactive group is  
30 selected from the group consisting of succinimidyl and maleimido groups and the reactive group is attached to an amino acid positioned in the less therapeutically active region of amino acids.

- 5 -

In one embodiment, the therapeutically active region of the peptide includes the carboxy terminal amino acid and the reactive group is attached to said amino terminal amino acid.

5 In another embodiment, the therapeutically active region of the peptide includes the amino terminal amino acid and the reactive group is attached to the carboxy terminal amino acid.

10 In another embodiment, the therapeutically active region of the peptide includes the carboxy terminal amino acid and the reactive group is attached to an amino acid positioned between the amino terminal amino acid and the carboxy terminal amino acid.

In yet another embodiment, the therapeutically active region includes the amino terminal amino acid and the reactive group is attached to an amino acid positioned between the amino terminal amino acid and the carboxy terminal amino acid.

15 The present invention is also directed to a method of synthesizing the modified therapeutic peptide. The method comprises the following steps. In the first step, if the therapeutic peptide does not contain a cysteine, then the peptide is synthesized from the carboxy terminal amino acid and the reactive group is added to the carboxy terminal amino acid. Alternatively, a terminal lysine is added to the carboxy terminal amino acid and the reactive group is added to the terminal lysine. In the second step, if the therapeutic peptide contains only one cysteine, then the cysteine is reacted with a protective group prior to addition of the reactive group to an amino acid in the less therapeutically active region of the peptide. In the third step, if the therapeutic peptide contains two cysteines as a disulfide bridge, then the two cysteines are oxidized and the reactive group is added to the amino terminal amino acid, or to the carboxy terminal amino acid, or to an amino acid positioned between the carboxy terminal amino acid and the amino terminal amino acid of the therapeutic peptide. In the fourth step, if the therapeutic peptide contains more than two cysteines as disulfide bridges, the cysteines are sequentially oxidized in the disulfide bridges

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- 6 -

and the peptide is purified prior to the addition of the reactive groups to the carboxy terminal amino acid.

The present invention is also directed to a method for protecting a therapeutic peptide from peptidase activity *in vivo*, the peptide being  
5 composed of between 3 and 50 amino acids and having a carboxy terminus and an amino terminus and a carboxy terminal amino acid amino acid and an amino terminal amino acid. The method comprises the following steps:

(a) modifying the peptide by attaching a reactive group to the  
10 carboxy terminal amino acid, to the amino terminal amino acid, or to an amino acid located between the amino terminal amino acid and the carboxy terminal amino acid, such that the modified peptide is capable of forming a covalent bond *in vivo* with a reactive functionality on a blood component;

15 (b) forming a covalent bond between the reactive group and a reactive functionality on a blood component to form a peptide-blood component conjugate, thereby protecting the peptide from peptidase activity; and

(c) analyzing the stability of the peptide-blood component  
20 conjugate to assess the protection of the peptide from peptidase activity. These steps may be performed either *in vivo* or *ex vivo*.

The present invention is also directed to a method for protecting a therapeutic peptide from peptidase activity *in vivo*, the peptide being composed of between 3 and 50 amino acids and having a  
25 therapeutically active region of amino acids and a less therapeutically active region of amino acids. The method comprises the following steps:

(a) determining the therapeutically active region of amino acids;

(b) modifying the peptide at an amino acid included in the less  
30 therapeutically active region of amino acids by attaching a reactive group to the amino acid to form a modified peptide, such that the

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modified peptide has therapeutic activity and is capable of forming a covalent bond in vivo with a reactive functionality on a blood component;

(c) forming a covalent bond between the reactive entity and a reactive functionality on a blood component to form a peptide-blood component conjugate, thereby protecting the peptide from peptidase activity; and

(d) analyzing the stability of the peptide-blood component conjugate to assess the protection of the peptide from peptidase activity. These steps may be performed either *in vivo* or *ex vivo*.

The peptides useful in the compositions and methods of the present invention include, but are not limited to, the peptides presented in SEQ ID NO:1 to SEQ ID NO:1617.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

### DEFINITIONS

To ensure a complete understanding of the invention, the following definitions are provided:

**Reactive Groups:** Reactive groups are entities capable of forming a covalent bond. Such reactive groups are coupled or bonded to a therapeutic peptide of interest. Reactive groups will generally be stable in an aqueous environment and will usually be carboxy, phosphoryl, or convenient acyl group, either as an ester or a mixed anhydride, or an imidate, thereby capable of forming a covalent bond with functionalities such as an amino group, a hydroxy or a thiol at the target site on mobile blood components. For the most part, the esters will involve phenolic compounds, or be thiol esters, alkyl esters, phosphate esters, or the like. Reactive groups include succinimidyl and maleimido groups.

**Functionalities:** Functionalities are groups on blood components, including mobile and fixed proteins, to which reactive groups on modified therapeutic peptides react to form covalent bonds.

5 Functionalities usually include hydroxyl groups for bonding to ester reactive groups, thiol groups for bonding to maleimides, imidates and thioester groups; amino groups for bonding to activated carboxyl, phosphoryl or any other acyl groups on reactive groups.

10 **Blood Components:** Blood components may be either fixed or mobile. Fixed blood components are non-mobile blood components and include tissues, membrane receptors, interstitial proteins, fibrin proteins, collagens, platelets, endothelial cells, epithelial cells and their associated membrane and membraneous receptors, somatic body cells, skeletal

15 and smooth muscle cells, neuronal components, osteocytes and osteoclasts and all body tissues especially those associated with the circulatory and lymphatic systems. Mobile blood components are blood components that do not have a fixed situs for any extended period of time, generally not exceeding 5, more usually one minute. These blood

20 components are not membrane-associated and are present in the blood for extended periods of time and are present in a minimum concentration of at least 0.1 µg/ml. Mobile blood components include serum albumin, transferrin, ferritin and immunoglobulins such as IgM and IgG. The half-life of mobile blood components is at least about 12 hours.

25 **Protective Groups:** Protective groups are chemical moieties utilized to protect peptide derivatives from reacting with themselves. Various protective groups are disclosed herein and in U.S. 5,493,007 which is hereby incorporated by reference. Such protective groups

30 include acetyl, fluorenylmethyloxycarbonyl (Fmoc), t-butyloxycarbonyl (Boc), benzyloxycarbonyl (Cbz), and the like. The specific protected amino acids are depicted in Table 1.



**Linking Groups**: Linking groups are chemical moieties that link or connect reactive groups to therapeutic peptides. Linking groups may comprise one or more alkyl groups, alkoxy group, alkenyl group, alkynyl group or amino group substituted by alkyl groups, cycloalkyl group, polycyclic group, aryl groups, polyaryl groups, substituted aryl groups, heterocyclic groups, and substituted heterocyclic groups. Linking groups may also comprise poly ethoxy aminoacids such as AEA ((2-amino)ethoxy acetic acid) or a preferred linking group AEEA ([2-(2-amino)ethoxy]ethoxy acetic acid). A preferred linking group is aminoethoxyethoxyacetic acid (AEEA).

**Sensitive Functional Groups** – A sensitive functional group is a group of atoms that represents a potential reaction site on a therapeutic peptide. If present, a sensitive functional group may be chosen as the attachment point for the linker-reactive group modification. Sensitive functional groups include but are not limited to carboxyl, amino, thiol, and hydroxyl groups.

**Modified Therapeutic Peptides** – A modified therapeutic peptide peptide is a therapeutic peptide that has been modified by attaching a reactive group, and is capable of forming a peptidase stabilized peptide through conjugation to blood components. The reactive group may be attached to the therapeutic peptide either via a linking group, or optionally without using a linking group. It is also contemplated that one or more additional amino acids may be added to the therapeutic peptide to facilitate the attachment of the reactive group. Modified peptides may be administered *in vivo* such that conjugation with blood components occurs *in vivo*, or they may be first conjugated to blood components *in vitro* and the resulting peptidase stabilized peptide (as defined below) administered *in vivo*. The terms "modified therapeutic peptide" and "modified peptide" may be used interchangeably in this application.

**Peptidase Stabilized Therapeutic Peptides** – A peptidase stabilized therapeutic peptide is a modified peptide that has been conjugated to a blood component via a covalent bond formed between the reactive group of the modified peptide and the functionalities of the blood component, with or without a linking group. Peptidase stabilized peptides are more stable in the presence of peptidases *in vivo* than a non-stabilized peptide. A peptidase stabilized therapeutic peptide generally has an increased half life of at least 10-50% as compared to a non-stabilized peptide of identical sequence. Peptidase stability is determined by comparing the half life of the unmodified therapeutic peptide in serum or blood to the half life of a modified counterpart therapeutic peptide in serum or blood. Half life is determined by sampling the serum or blood after administration of the modified and non-modified peptides and determining the activity of the peptide. In addition to determining the activity, the length of the therapeutic peptide may also be measured.

**Therapeutic Peptides** – As used in this invention, therapeutic peptides are amino acid chains of between 2-50 amino acids with therapeutic activity, as defined below. Each therapeutic peptide has an amino terminus (also referred to as N-terminus or amino terminal amino acid), a carboxyl terminus (also referred to as C-terminus terminal carboxyl terminal amino acid) and internal amino acids located between the amino terminus and the carboxyl terminus. The amino terminus is defined by the only amino acid in the therapeutic peptide chain with a free  $\alpha$ -amino group. The carboxyl terminus is defined by the only amino acid in the therapeutic peptide chain with a free  $\alpha$ -carboxyl group.

Therapeutic peptides used in the present invention contain a therapeutically active region generally located at the amino terminus, at the carboxyl terminus, or at an internal amino acid. The therapeutically active region may be identified using blind or structure activity

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relationship (SAR) driven substitution, as defined in more detail in this application. SAR is an analysis which defines the relationship between the structure of a molecule and its pharmacological activity for a series of compounds. Alternatively, where the therapeutically active region has  
5 previously been defined and is available in the literature, it may be obtained by referring to references such as scientific journals.

Knowledge of the location of the therapeutically active region of the peptide is important for modifying the therapeutic peptide, as defined in more detail below.

10 Therapeutic peptides used in this invention also contain a less therapeutically active region generally located at the amino terminus, at or near the carboxyl terminus, or at or near an internal amino acid. The less therapeutically active region is a region of amino acids that does not coincide with the therapeutically active region of the therapeutic peptide.  
15 The less therapeutically active region is generally located away from the therapeutically active region, such that modification at the less therapeutically active region does not substantially affect the therapeutic activity of the therapeutic peptide. For example, if the therapeutically active region is located at the amino terminus, the therapeutic peptide  
20 will be modified at either the carboxyl terminus or at an internal amino acid. Alternatively, if the therapeutically active region is located at the carboxyl terminus, the therapeutic peptide will be modified at either the amino terminus or at an internal amino acid. Finally, if the therapeutically active region is located at an internal region, the  
25 therapeutic peptide will be modified at either the amino terminus or the carboxyl terminus.

"Therapeutic activity" is any activity directed toward healing or curing a biological disorder in a patient. Examples of said therapeutic peptides include pituitary hormones such as vasopressin, oxytocin,  
30 melanocyte stimulating hormones, adrenocorticotrophic hormones, growth hormones; hypothalamic hormones such as growth hormone releasing factor, corticotropin releasing factor, prolactin releasing

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peptides, gonadotropin releasing hormone and its associated peptides, luteinizing hormone release hormones, thyrotropin releasing hormone, orexin, and somatostatin; thyroid hormones such as calcitonins, calcitonin precursors, and calcitonin gene related peptides; parathyroid

5 hormones and their related proteins; pancreatic hormones such as insulin and insulin-like peptides, glucagon, somatostatin, pancreatic polypeptides, amylin, peptide YY, and neuropeptide Y; digestive hormones such as gastrin, gastrin releasing peptides, gastrin inhibitory peptides, cholecystokinin, secretin, motilin, and vasoactive intestinal

10 peptide; natriuretic peptides such as atrial natriuretic peptides, brain natriuretic peptides, and C-type natriuretic peptides; neurokinins such as neurokinin A, neurokinin B, and substance P; renin related peptides such as renin substrates and inhibitors and angiotensins; endothelins, including big endothelin, endothelin A receptor antagonists, and

15 sarafotoxin peptides; and other peptides such as adrenomedullin peptides, allatostatin peptides, amyloid beta protein fragments, antibiotic and antimicrobial peptides, apoptosis related peptides, bag cell peptides, bombesin, bone Gla protein peptides, CART peptides, chemotactic peptides, cortistatin peptides, fibronectin fragments and fibrin related

20 peptides, FMRF and analog peptides, galanin and related peptides, growth factors and related peptides, Gtherapeutic peptide-binding protein fragments, guanylin and uroguanylin, inhibin peptides, interleukin and interleukin receptor proteins, laminin fragments, leptin fragment peptides, leucokinins, mast cell degranulating peptides, pituitary

25 adenylyate cyclase activating polypeptides, pancreastatin, peptide T, polypeptides, virus related peptides, signal transduction reagents, toxins, and miscellaneous peptides such as adjuvant peptide analogs, alpha mating factor, antiarrhythmic peptide, antifreeze polypeptide, anorexigenic peptide, bovine pineal antireproductive peptide, bursin, C3

30 peptide P16, tumor necrosis factor, cadherin peptide, chromogranin A fragment, contraceptive tetrapeptide, conantokin G, conantokin T, crustacean cardioactive peptide, C-telopeptide, cytochrome b588

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peptide, decorsin, delicious peptide, delta-sleep-inducing peptide, diazepam-binding inhibitor fragment, nitric oxide synthase blocking peptide, OVA peptide, platelet calpain inhibitor (P1), plasminogen activator inhibitor 1, rigin, schizophrenia related peptide, serum thymic factor, sodium potassium Atherapeutic peptidase inhibiro-1, speract, sperm activating peptide, systemin, thrombin receptor agonist, thymic humoral gamma2 factor, thymopentin, thymosin alpha 1, thymus factor, tuftsin, adipokinetic hormone, uremic pentapeptide and other therapeutic peptides.

10 Taking into account these definitions, the focus of this invention is to modify therapeutic peptides to protect them from peptidase activity *in vivo* and thereby extend the effective therapeutic life of the therapeutic peptide in question as compared to administration of the peptide per se to a patient.

15

#### **1. Therapeutic Peptides Used in the Present Invention**

Peptide fragments chosen from the determined amino acid sequence of a therapeutic peptide as provided in the attached SEQUENCE LISTING constitute the starting point in the development comprising the present invention. The peptides range from 2 to 50 amino acids in length. The interchangeable terms "peptide fragment" and "peptide moiety" are meant to include both synthetic and naturally occurring amino acid sequences derivable from a naturally occurring amino acid sequence.

25 In one embodiment, peptide and peptide fragments are synthesized by conventional means, either by bench-top methods or by automated peptide synthesis machines as discussed in detail below. However, it is also possible to obtain fragments of the peptides by fragmenting the naturally occurring amino acid sequence, using, for example, a proteolytic enzyme. Further, it is possible to obtain the desired fragments of the therapeutic peptide through the use of recombinant DNA technology, as disclosed by Maniatis, T., et al.,

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Molecular Biology: A Laboratory Manual, Cold Spring Harbor, New York (1982), which is hereby incorporated by reference. The use of other new modifications to existing methodologies is also contemplated.

The present invention includes peptides which are derivable from  
5 the naturally occurring sequence of the therapeutic peptide. A peptide is said to be "derivable from a naturally occurring amino acid sequence" if it can be obtained by fragmenting a naturally occurring sequence, or if it can be synthesized based upon a knowledge of the sequence of the naturally occurring amino acid sequence or of the genetic material (DNA  
10 or RNA) which encodes this sequence. Included within the scope of the present invention are those molecules which are said to be "derivatives" of a peptide. Such a "derivative" has the following characteristics: (1) it shares substantial homology with the therapeutic peptide or a similarly sized fragment of the peptide and (2) it is capable of functioning with the  
15 same therapeutic activity as the peptide.

A derivative of a peptide is said to share "substantial homology" with the peptide if the amino acid sequences of the derivative is at least 80%, and more preferably at least 90%, and most preferably at least 95%, the same as that of either the peptide or a fragment of the peptide  
20 having the same number of amino acid residues as the derivative.

The derivatives of the present invention include fragments which, in addition to containing a sequence that is substantially homologous to that of a naturally occurring therapeutic peptide may contain one or more additional amino acids at their amino and/or their carboxy termini as  
25 discussed in detail below. Thus, the invention pertains to polypeptide fragments of the therapeutic peptide that may contain one or more amino acids that may not be present in a naturally occurring therapeutic peptide sequence provided that such fragments have a therapeutic activity which exceeds that of the therapeutic peptide.

30 Similarly, the invention includes polypeptide fragments which, although containing a sequence that is substantially homologous to that of a naturally occurring therapeutic peptide, may lack one or more

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additional amino acids at their amino and/or their carboxy termini that are naturally found on the therapeutic peptide. Thus, the invention pertains to polypeptide fragments of the therapeutic peptide that may lack one or more amino acids that are normally present in the naturally occurring peptide sequence provided that such polypeptides have a therapeutic activity which exceeds that of the therapeutic peptide.

The invention also encompasses the obvious or trivial variants of the above-described fragments which have inconsequential amino acid substitutions (and thus have amino acid sequences which differ from that of the natural sequence) provided that such variants have an activity which is substantially identical to that of the above-described derivatives. Examples of obvious or trivial substitutions include the substitution of one basic residue for another (i.e. Arg for Lys), the substitution of one hydrophobic residue for another (i.e. Leu for Ile), or the substitution of one aromatic residue for another (i.e. Phe for Tyr), etc.

As is known in the art, the amino acid residues may be in their protected or unprotected form, using appropriate amino or carboxyl protecting groups as discussed in detail below. The variable length peptides may be in the form of the free amines (on the N-terminus), or acid-addition salts thereof. Common acid addition salts are hydrohalic acid salts, i.e., HBr, HI, or, more preferably, HCl. Useful cations are alkali or alkaline earth metallic cations (i.e., Na, K, Li, Ca, Ba, etc.) or amine cations (i.e., tetraalkylammonium, trialkylammonium, where alkyl can be C<sub>1</sub>C<sub>12</sub>).

Any peptide having a therapeutic activity may be used in this invention. The following list of peptides provides examples of peptides that may be used in this invention, but is not exhaustive and in no way limits the number or type of peptides that may be used in this invention. These therapeutic peptides and fragments produced from these peptides may be modified according to the present invention, and used therapeutically in the body.

**A. Pituitary Hormones (SEQ ID NOS: 1-72)****Adrenocorticotrophic Hormones (ACTH, aka corticotropin)**

(SEQ ID NOS: 1-22) - The endocrine functions of the adrenal cortex are regulated by an anterior pituitary hormone, ACTH. ACTH, a 39-amino acid peptide is generated in the corticotrophic cells of the anterior pituitary under the control of corticotropin releasing factor. ACTH is derived by post-translational modification from a 241-amino acid precursor known as pro-opiomelanocortin (POMC).

The biological role of ACTH is to maintain the bulk and the viability of the adrenal cortex and to stimulate the production of adrenal cortex steroids, principally cortisol and corticosterone. The mechanism of action of ACTH involves binding to the ACTH receptor followed by activation of adenylate cyclase, elevation of cyclic AMP (cAMP), and increased protein kinase A (PKA) activity of adrenal cortex tissue. The main effect of these events is to increase the activity of a side chain-cleaving enzyme, which converts cholesterol to pregnenolone. Because of the distribution of enzymes in the various adrenal cortex subdivisions, the principal physiological effect of ACTH is production of the glucocorticosteroids.

Aside from its function controlling adrenal cortical activity, ACTH appears to have diverse biological roles including modulation of endocrine and exocrine glands, temperature regulation and influences on nerve regeneration and development. In addition, ACTH and its fragments affect motivation, learning, and behavior. The use of ACTH as a therapeutic agent may thus help the control of these functions. ACTH release from the anterior pituitary is mediated by corticotropin releasing factor (CRF).

**Growth Hormone Peptides (SEQ ID NOS: 23-24, 45) – Human**  
placental lactogen (hPL), growth hormones, and prolactin (Prl) comprise the growth hormone family. All have about 200 amino acids, 2 disulfide bonds, and no glycosylation. Although each has special receptors and



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unique characteristics to their activity, they all possess growth-promoting and lactogenic activity. Mature GH (22,000 daltons) is synthesized in acidophilic pituitary somatotropes as a single polypeptide chain.

Because of alternate RNA splicing, a small amount of a somewhat  
5 smaller molecular form is also secreted.

There are a number of genetic deficiencies associated with GH. GH-deficient dwarfs lack the ability to synthesize or secrete GH, and these short-statured individuals respond well to GH therapy. Pygmies lack the IGF-1 response to GH but not its metabolic effects; thus in  
10 pygmies the deficiency is post-receptor in nature. Finally, Laron dwarfs have normal or excess plasma GH, but lack liver GH receptors and have low levels of circulating IGF-1. The defect in these individuals is clearly related to an inability to respond to GH by the production of IGF-1. The production of excessive amounts of GH before epiphyseal closure of the  
15 long bones leads to gigantism, and when GH becomes excessive after epiphyseal closure, acral bone growth leads to the characteristic features of acromegaly. Using GH as a therapeutic agent would aid in treating these disorders, and potentially stimulate growth in other cases of short stature with low or normal GH levels.

20 **Melanocyte Stimulating Hormones (MSH) (SEQ ID NOS: 25-39)** - Melanocyte stimulating hormone (MSH) is generated in the intermediary pituitary under the control of dopamine. MSH may have important physiological roles in the control of vertebrate pigment cell melanogenesis, neural functioning related to learning and behavior, and  
25 fetal development. See Sawyer, T.K. et al., Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci USA, 79, 1751 (1982).

**Oxytocin (SEQ ID NOS: 40-44)** - Oxytocin is involved in the enhancement of lactation, contraction of the uterus, and relaxation of the pelvis prior to childbirth. Oxytocin secretion in nursing women is  
30 stimulated by direct neural feedback obtained by stimulation of the nipple during suckling. Its physiological effects include the contraction of mammary gland myoepithelial cells, which induces the ejection of milk

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from mammary glands, and the stimulation of uterine smooth muscle contraction leading to childbirth. Oxytocin causes myoepithelial cells surrounding secretory acini of mammary glands to contract, pushing milk through ducts. In addition, it stimulates the release of prolactin, and  
5 prolactin is trophic on the breast and stimulates acinar formation of milk. A conjugated oxytocin could thus be used to aid lactation and help relax the pelvis prior to birth. It could also be used to prevent post partum uterine hemorrhage.

**Vasopressin (ADH) (SEQ ID NOS: 46-72)**— Vasopressin is also  
10 known as antidiuretic hormone (ADH), because it is the main regulator of body fluid osmolarity, causing antidiuresis and increase in blood pressure. Vasopressin binds plasma membrane receptors and acts through G-proteins to activate the cyclic AMP/protein kinase A (cAMP/PKA) regulatory system. The secretion of vasopressin is  
15 regulated in the hypothalamus by osmoreceptors, which sense water concentration and stimulate increased vasopressin secretion when plasma osmolarity increases. The secreted vasopressin increases the reabsorption rate of water in kidney tubule cells, causing the excretion of urine that is concentrated in  $\text{Na}^+$  and thus yielding a net drop in  
20 osmolarity of body fluids. Vasopressin deficiency leads to watery urine and polydipsia, a condition known as diabetes insipidus. Using conjugated vasopressin or vasopressin fragments would thus prevent these disorders and allow the regular maintenance of the body's osmolarity.

25

**B. Hypothalamic Hormones (Releasing factors)**

**Corticotropin Releasing Factor (CRF) & related peptides (SEQ ID NOS: 73-102)** – Corticotrophin-releasing factor (CRF), a 41 amino acid peptide, plays a significant role in coordinating the overall  
30 response to stress through actions both in the brain and the periphery. In the brain, CRF is produced and secreted primarily from parvocellular neurons of the paraventricular hypothalamic nucleus. From there, the

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- CRF-containing neurons project to the portal capillary zone of the median eminence and act to stimulate the secretion of adrenocorticotrophic hormone (ACTH), beta-endorphin, and other proopiomelanocortin (POMC)-derived peptides from the pituitary gland.
- 5 The subsequent ACTH-induced release of adrenal glucocorticoids represents the final stage in the hypothalamic-pituitary-adrenal axis (HPA), which mediates the endocrine response to stress. Besides its neuroendocrine role, CRF also functions as a neurotransmitter and neuromodulator to elicit a wide spectrum of autonomic, behavioral and
- 10 immune effects to physiological, pharmacological, and pathological stimuli.

Clinical studies indicated that CRF hypersecretion is associated with various diseases, such as major depression, anxiety-related illness, eating disorder, as well as inflammatory disorder. Low levels of CRF

15 have been found in Alzheimer's disease, dementias, obesity, and many endocrine diseases. Therefore, the use of CRF as a therapeutic agent to counter the effects associated with high levels or low levels of CRF will provide a basis for the treatment of diseases that are associated with abnormal CRF levels. Several peptide antagonists and nonpeptide

20 antagonists have been discovered and widely studied, including a-helical CRF(9-41), Astressin, D-PheCRF(12-41) (peptide antagonist) and CP-154526 (nonpeptide antagonist). These CRF antagonists may provide a novel agent for treatment of depression, anxiety and other CRF related illnesses. Conjugated CRF peptides could thus be used to maintain

25 adrenal health and viability during long term steroid use or as anti-inflammatory agents.

**Gonadotropin Releasing Hormone Associated peptides (GAP) (SEQ ID NOS: 103-110)** - GAP is contained in the precursor molecule to gonadotropin-releasing hormone (GnRH). GAP has

30 prolactin inhibiting properties. Gn-RH is a hormone secreted by the hypothalamus that stimulate the release of gonadotrophic hormones follicle stimulating hormone (FSH) and luteinizing hormone (LH). Low

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levels of circulating sex hormone reduce feedback inhibition on GnRH synthesis, leading to elevated levels of FSH and LH. The latter peptide hormones bind to gonadal tissue, resulting in sex hormone production via cyclic AMP (cAMP) and protein kinase A (PKA) mediated pathways.

- 5 A conjugated GnRM could be used to aid fertility, or as a contraceptive in either males or females. This agent would have use in animals as well as humans.

- Growth Hormone Releasing Factor (GRF) (SEQ ID NOS: 111-134)**- GRF is a hypothalamic peptide that plays a critical role in  
10 controlling the synthesis and secretion of growth hormone in the anterior pituitary. Some structurally unrelated short peptides have also been reported to elicit growth hormone secretion by a different mechanism.

- Under the influence of GRF, growth hormone is released into the systemic circulation, causing the target tissue to secrete IGF-1. Growth  
15 hormone also has other more direct metabolic effects; it is both hyperglycemic and lipolytic. The principal source of systemic IGF-1 is the liver, although most other tissues secrete and contribute to systemic IGF-1. Liver IGF-1 is considered to be the principal regulator of tissue growth. In particular, the IGF-1 secreted by the liver is believed to  
20 synchronize growth throughout the body, resulting in a homeostatic balance of tissue size and mass. IGF-1 secreted by peripheral tissues is generally considered to be autocrine or paracrine in its biological action. The use of a conjugated GRF as a therapeutic agent to increase GH release, would then help treat disorders involving growth functions  
25 regulated by GRF.

- Luteinizing Hormone Release Hormones (LH-RH) (SEQ ID NOS: 135-161)** – Luteinizing hormone releasing hormone is the key mediator in the neuroregulation of the secretion of gonadotropins, luteinizing hormone (LH) and follicle stimulating hormone (FSH). LH-RH  
30 can modify sexual behavior by regulating plasma gonadotropin and sex steroid levels. See Vale, W.W. et al., Peptides, Structure and Biological Function, Proceedings of the Sixth American Peptide Symposium,

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Gross, E. and Meienhofer, M., eds., 781 (1979). A conjugated LH-RH agent could be used to stimulate ovulation in humans or animals as an aid to fertility.

**Orexins (SEQ ID NOS: 162-164)** – Orexins are a family of  
5 neuropeptides from the hypothalamus that have been recently  
discovered and characterized. Orexins stimulate appetite and food  
consumption. Their genes are expressed bilaterally and symmetrically in  
the lateral hypothalamus, which was earlier determined to be the  
"feeding center" of the hypothalamus. In contrast, the so-called satiety  
10 center is expressed in the ventromedial hypothalamus and is dominated  
by the leptin-regulated neuropeptide network.

**Prolactin Releasing Peptides (SEQ ID NOS: 65-170)** – Prolactin  
is produced by acidophilic pituitary lactotrope. Prolactin releasing  
peptides act on lactotrope to release prolactin. PRL initiates and  
15 maintains lactation in mammals, but normally only in mammary tissue  
that has been primed with estrogenic sex hormones. A conjugated PRP  
could be used to increase lactation in humans or animals.

**Somatostatin (SEQ ID NOS: 171-201)** – Also known as Growth  
Hormone Release Inhibiting Factors (GIF), somatostatin is a 14 amino  
20 acid peptide is secreted by both the hypothalamus and by d cells of the  
pancreas (its pancreatic version is discussed below). Somatostatin has  
been reported to modulate physiological functions at various sites  
including pituitary, pancreas, gut and brain. It inhibits the release of  
growth hormone, insulin, and glucagon. It has many biological roles,  
25 including: inhibition of basal and stimulated hormone secretion from  
endocrine and exocrine cells, an effect on locomotor activity and  
cognitive function, and possible therapeutic value in small cell lung  
cancer. See Reubi, J. C. et al, Endocrinology, 110, 1049 (1982). A  
conjugated somatostatin could be used to treat gigantism in children or  
30 acromegaly in the adult.

**Thyrotropin Releasing Hormone (THR) and Analogs (SEQ ID**

**NOS: 202-214)** – THR stimulates the production of thyroid stimulating hormone (TSH, also known as thyrotropin) and prolactin secretion. In adults, TSH is responsible for up-regulating general protein synthesis and inducing a state of positive nitrogen balance. In the embryo, it is necessary for normal development. Hypothyroidism in the embryo is responsible for cretinism, which is characterized by multiple congenital defects and mental retardation. A conjugated THR could then be used as a therapeutic agent in the treatment of these disorders. It could also be used to treat pituitary causes of thyroid insufficiency or in the diagnosis of human tumors of the thyroid.

**C. Thyroid Hormones****Calcitonins (CT) & Calcitonins Precursor Peptides (SEQ ID**

**NOS: 215-224)** - Calcitonin (CT) is a 32-amino acid peptide secreted by C cells of the thyroid gland. Calcitonin is employed therapeutically to relieve the symptoms of osteoporosis, although details of its mechanism of action remain unclear. However, it has been observed that CT induces the synthesis of parathyroid hormone (PTH) in isolated cells, which leads *in vivo* to increased plasma  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  levels. In addition, CT has been shown to reduce the synthesis of osteopontin (Opn), a protein made by osteoclasts and responsible for attaching osteoclasts to bone. Thus, using conjugated CT as a therapeutic peptide would elevate plasma  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  via PTH induction and reduce bone reabsorption by decreasing osteoclast binding to bone.

**Calcitonins Gene Related Peptide (CGRP) (SEQ ID NOS: 225-**

**253)**– CGRP is a 37 amino acid peptide that results from alternative splicing of calcitonin gene transcripts. It exists in at least two forms: alpha-CGRP (or CGRP-I) and beta-CGRP (or CGRP-II). CGRP has considerable homology with amylin and adrenomedullin, and is widely distributed both centrally and peripherally in organs including the skin,

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the heart, the pancreas, the lungs, and the kidneys. CGRP has many biological roles, affecting the nervous and cardiovascular systems, inflammation and metabolism.

5     **D.     Parathyroid Hormones and Related Proteins**

**Parathyroid Hormones (PTH) (SEQ ID NOS: 254-293) -**

Parathyroid hormone (PTH) is synthesized and secreted by chief cells of the parathyroid in response to systemic  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  levels. It plays a major role in the modulation of serum calcium concentration and thereby affect the  
10    physiology of mineral and bone metabolism. The  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  receptor of the parathyroid gland responds to  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  by increasing intracellular levels of PKC,  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  and  $\text{IP}_3$ ; this stage is followed, after a period of protein synthesis, by PTH secretion. The synthesis and secretion of PTH in chief cells is constitutive, but  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  regulates the level of PTH in chief  
15    cells (and thus its secretion) by increasing the rate of PTH proteolysis when plasma  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  levels rise and by decreasing the proteolysis of PTH when  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  levels fall. The role of PTH is to regulate  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  concentration in extracellular fluids. The feedback loop that regulates PTH secretion therefore involves the parathyroids,  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$ , and the target tissues  
20    described below.

PTH acts by binding to cAMP-coupled plasma membrane receptors, initiating a cascade of reactions that culminates in the biological response. The body's response to PTH is complex but is aimed in all tissues at increasing  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  levels in extracellular fluids. PTH  
25    induces the dissolution of bone by stimulating osteoclast activity, which leads to elevated plasma  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  and phosphate. In the kidney, PTH reduces renal  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  clearance by stimulating its reabsorption; at the same time, PTH reduces the reabsorption of phosphate and thereby increases its clearance. Finally, PTH acts on the liver, kidney, and  
30    intestine to stimulate the production of the steroid hormone 1,25-dihydroxycholecalciferol (calcitriol), which is responsible for  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  absorption in the intestine. A conjugated PTH could be used to regulate

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calcium homeostasis in patients with parathyroid hormone deficiency states. Inhibitor analogues could be used to block PTH action in renal failure or other patients with excessive PTH levels.

**Parathyroid Hormone Related Proteins (PTHrP) (SEQ ID NOS:**

5   **294-309)** - Parathyroid hormone-related protein (PTHrP) has received attention as a physiological regulator attenuating chondrocytic differentiation and preventing apoptotic cell death. PTHrP was initially identified as a tumor-derived, secretory protein with structural similarity to parathyroid hormone (PTH), the major regulator of calcium  
10   homeostasis. PTH and PTHrP bind to a common G protein-coupled cell surface receptor (PTH/PTHrP or PTH-1 receptor) that recognizes the N-terminal (1-34) region of these peptides. Hence, when tumor-derived PTHrP enters the circulation, it activates receptors in classic PTH target organs such as bone and kidney and elicits PTH-like bioactivity. By  
15   promoting bone resorption and inhibiting calcium excretion, circulating PTHrP gives rise to the common paraneoplastic syndrome of malignancy-associated humoral hypercalcemia.

Although initially discovered in tumors, PTHrP was subsequently shown to be expressed in a remarkable variety of normal tissues  
20   including the fetal and adult skeleton, where acting in concert with its amino terminal PTH-1 receptor, it serves to regulate cellular growth and differentiation. The anabolic effects of intermittent PTH administration on bone and its therapeutic potential in osteoporosis have been extensively explored. With the recognition that PTHrP is the  
25   endogenous ligand for the PTH/PTHrP receptor in osteoblasts, its use as an anabolic agent has also been investigated. Modified PTHrP peptides could be used for similar indications as PTH.

**E.     Pancreatic Hormones** - The principal role of the pancreatic  
30   hormones is the regulation of whole-body energy metabolism, principally



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by regulating the concentration and activity of numerous enzymes involved in catabolism and anabolism of the major cell energy supplies.

**Amylin (SEQ ID NOS: 310-335)**- Pancreatic beta-cell hormone amylin is a 37-amino-acid peptide related to CGRP and calcitonin. It is co-secreted with insulin from pancreatic beta-cells. Amylin is deficient with type 1 diabetes mellitus. Amylin appears to work with insulin to regulate plasma glucose concentrations in the bloodstream, suppressing the posttherapeutic peptiderandial secretion of glucagon and restraining the rate of gastric emptying. People with diabetes have a deficiency in the secretion of amylin that parallels the deficiency in insulin secretion, resulting in an excessive inflow of glucose into the bloodstream during the posttherapeutic peptiderandial period.

While insulin replacement therapy is a cornerstone of diabetes treatment, replacement of the function of both amylin and insulin may allow a more complete restoration of the normal physiology of glucose control. Type 2 diabetes is characterized by islet amyloid deposits, which are primarily composed of the amyloidogenic human form of islet amyloid polypeptide. A conjugated amylin could be used in the management of diabetes to limit post prandial hyperglycemia.

**Glucagon (SEQ ID NOS: 336-376)** - Glucagon is a 29-amino acid hormone synthesized by the  $\alpha$  cells of the islets of Langerhans as a very much larger proglucagon molecule. Like insulin, glucagon lacks a plasma carrier protein, and like insulin its circulating half life is also about 5 minutes. As a consequence of the latter trait, the principal effect of glucagon is on the liver, which is the first tissue perfused by blood containing pancreatic secretions. Glucagon binds to plasma membrane receptors and is coupled through G-proteins to adenylate cyclase. The resultant increases in cAMP and PKA reverse all of the effects described above that insulin has on liver. The increases also lead to a marked elevation of circulating glucose, with the glucose being derived from liver gluconeogenesis and liver glycogenolysis. A conjugated glucagon

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construct could be used to manage brittle diabetes with recurrent hypoglycemia or to prevent or treat iatrogenic hypoglycemia.

**Insulin and Insulin-Like peptides (SEQ ID NOS: 377-382) –**

The earliest of these hormones recognized was insulin, a disulfide  
5 bonded dipeptide of 21 and 30 amino acids produced by the pancreas,  
whose major function is to counter the concerted action of a number of  
hyperglycemia-generating hormones and to maintain low blood glucose  
levels. Insulin is a member of a family of structurally and functionally  
similar molecules that include IGF-1, IGF-2, and relaxin. The tertiary  
10 structure of all 4 molecules is similar, and all have growth-promoting  
activities, but the dominant role of insulin is metabolic while the dominant  
roles of the IGFs and relaxin are in the regulation of cell growth and  
differentiation.

Insulin is synthesized as a prehormone in the b cells of the  
15 islets of Langerhans. Its signal peptide is removed in the cisternae of the  
endoplasmic reticulum and it is packaged into secretory vesicles in the  
Golgi, folded to its native structure, and locked in this conformation by  
the formation of 2 disulfide bonds. Specific protease activity cleaves the  
center third of the molecule, which dissociates as C peptide, leaving the  
20 amino terminal B peptide disulfide bonded to the carboxy terminal A  
peptide.

Insulin generates its intracellular effects by binding to a plasma  
membrane receptor, which is the same in all cells. The receptor is a  
disulfide-bonded glycoprotein. One function of insulin (aside from its role  
25 in signal transduction) is to increase glucose transport in extrahepatic  
tissue is by increasing the number of glucose transport molecules in the  
plasma membrane. Glucose transporters are in a continuous state of  
turnover. Increases in the plasma membrane content of transporters  
stem from an increase in the rate of recruitment of new transporters into  
30 the plasma membrane, deriving from a special pool of preformed  
transporters localized in the cytoplasm.

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In addition to its role in regulating glucose metabolism (and its therapeutic use in treating diabetes), insulin stimulates lipogenesis, diminishes lipolysis, and increases amino acid transport into cells. Insulin also modulates transcription, altering the cell content of numerous mRNAs. It stimulates growth, DNA synthesis, and cell replication, effects that it holds in common with the IGFs and relaxin. A conjugated insulin could thus be used to manage diabetes.

**NeuroPeptide Y (SEQ ID NOS: 383-389)** – Neuropeptide Y (NPY), a peptide with 36 amino acid residues, is one of the most abundant neuropeptides in both the peripheral and the central nervous systems. It belongs to the pancreatic polypeptide family of peptides. Like its relatives, peptide YY (PYY) and pancreatic polypeptide (PP), NPY is bent into hairpin configuration that is important in bringing the free ends of the molecule together for binding to the receptors.

NPY exerts a wide range of effects in the central nervous system (CNS) and the periphery. Its CNS actions include major effects on feeding and energy expenditure, and alterations in heart rate, blood pressure, arousal and mood. In the periphery, NPY causes vasoconstriction and hypertension; it is also found in the gastrointestinal and urogenital tract, implicating its functions by action upon gastrointestinal and renal targets. In recent studies, hypothalamic NPY has been found to play a fundamental role in developing the features of obesity, it is a major transducer in the pathways signalling body fat to the hypothalamus, and in regulating body fat content. Leptin, an obese gene product, has been found to decrease NPY gene expression in obese (ob/ob) mice. Insulin and corticosteroids are also involved in the regulation of hypothalamic NPY synthesis, with insulin decreasing and corticosteroids increasing NPY expression. A conjugated NPY could be used to treat obesity and MODM (Type II DM) in obese patients.

**Pancreatic Polypeptides (PP) (SEQ ID NOS: 390-396)** -

Pancreatic polypeptide (PP) is a 36-amino acid hormone produced by F cells within the pancreatic islets and the exocrine pancreas. It is a

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member of the PP fold family of regulatory peptides, and increases glycogenolysis and regulates gastrointestinal activity. A conjugated pancreatic polypeptide could thus be used to alter absorption and metabolism of foods.

5        **Peptide YY (SEQ ID NOS: 397-400)** - PYY is a thirty six amino acid long peptide, first isolated from porcine intestinal tissue and mainly localized in intestinal endocrine cells. It has many biological activities, including a range of activities within the digestive system and potent inhibition of intestinal electrolyte and fluid secretion.

10        **Somatostatin (SEQ ID NOS: 171-201)** – The somatostatin secreted by d cells of the pancreas is a 14-amino acid peptide identical to somatostatin secreted by the hypothalamus. In neural tissue somatostatin inhibits GH secretion and thus has systemic effects. In the pancreas, somatostatin acts a paracrine inhibitor of other pancreatic  
15 hormones and thus also has systemic effects. It has been speculated that somatostatin secretion responds principally to blood glucose levels, increasing as blood glucose levels rise and thus leading to down-regulation of glucagon secretion. A conjugated somatostatin could then be used to aid in the management of diabetes.

20

#### **F. Digestive Hormones**

25        **Cholecystokinin (CCK) & related peptides (SEQ ID NOS: 401-416)** – CCK is a polypeptide of 33 amino acids originally isolated from pig small intestine that stimulates gallbladder contraction and bile flow and increases secretion of digestive enzymes from pancreas. It exists in multiple forms, including CCK-4 and CCK-8, with the octapeptide representing the dominant molecular species showing the greatest activity. It belongs to the CCK/gastrin peptide family and is distributed centrally in the nervous system and peripherally in the gastrointestinal  
30 system. It has many biological roles, including stimulation of pancreatic secretion, gall bladder contraction and intestinal mobility in the GI tract

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as well as the possible mediation of satiety and painful stimuli. A conjugated CCK could be used in diagnostic studies of the gall bladder or in chronic cholecystitis.

**Gastrin Releasing Peptide (GRP) (SEQ ID NOS: 417-429) -**

- 5 GRP is a 27-amino acid peptide originally isolated from porcine non-antral gastric tissue, and is the homolog of the frog skin peptide named bombesin growth. It is widely distributed both centrally and peripherally in tissues including brain, lung and gastrointestinal tract. It regulates a variety of cell physiological processes including secretion, smooth
- 10 muscle contraction, neurotransmission and cell growth. A conjugated GRP could be used in the treatment of adynamic ileus or constipation in the elderly.

- Gastrin & related peptides (SEQ ID NOS: 417-429) -** Gastrin is a polypeptide of 17 amino acids produced by stomach antrum, which
- 15 stimulates acid and pepsin secretion. Gastrin also stimulates pancreatic secretions. Multiple active products are generated from the gastrin precursor, and there are multiple control points in gastrin biosynthesis. Biosynthetic precursors and intermediates (progastrin and Gly-gastrins) are putative growth factors; their products, the amidated gastrins,
- 20 regulate epithelial cell proliferation, the differentiation of acid-producing parietal cells and histamine-secreting enterochromaffin-like (ECL) cells, and the expression of genes associated with histamine synthesis and storage in ECL cells, as well as acutely stimulating acid secretion. Gastrin also stimulates the production of members of the epidermal
- 25 growth factor (EGF) family, which in turn inhibit parietal cell function but stimulate the growth of surface epithelial cells. Plasma gastrin concentrations are elevated in subjects with *Helicobacter pylori*, who are known to have increased risk of duodenal ulcer disease and gastric cancer. The use of gastrin or gastrin antagonists as a therapeutic agent
- 30 may therefore contribute to treating major upper gastrointestinal tract disease.

**Gastrin Inhibitory peptides (SEQ ID NOS: 417-429)** – Gastrin inhibitory peptide is a polypeptide of 43 amino acids that inhibits secretion of gastrin. A conjugated GIP could be used to treat severe peptic ulcer disease.

5           **Motilin (SEQ ID NOS: 430-433)** – Motilin is a polypeptide of 22 amino acids that controls gastrointestinal muscles. Motilin-producing cells are distributed in the duodenum, upper jejunum, and colorectal adenocarcinomas and in midgut carcinoids. Motilin stimulates gut motility.

10           **Secretin (SEQ ID NOS: 434-441)** – Secretin is a polypeptide of 27 amino acids secreted from duodenum at pH values below 4.5, stimulates pancreatic acinar cells to release bicarbonate and H<sub>2</sub>O. Secretin is a neurotransmitter (a chemical messenger) in the neuropeptide group. It is one of the hormones that controls digestion  
15 (gastrin and cholecystokinin are the others). It is a polypeptide composed of 27 amino acids and is secreted by cells in the digestive system when the stomach empties. Secretin stimulates the pancreas to emit digestive fluids that are rich in bicarbonate which neutralizes the acidity of the intestines, the stomach to produce pepsin (an enzyme that  
20 aids digestion of protein), and the liver to produce bile.

Secretin may be useful in treating autism. In one study, children with autistic spectrum disorders underwent upper gastrointestinal endoscopy and intravenous administration of secretin to stimulate pancreaticobiliary secretion. All three had an increased  
25 pancreaticobiliary secretory response when compared with nonautistic patients (7.5 to 10 mL/min versus 1 to 2 mL/min). Within 5 weeks of the secretin infusion, a significant amelioration of the children's gastrointestinal symptoms was observed, as was a dramatic improvement in their behavior, manifested by improved eye contact,  
30 alertness, and expansion of expressive language. These clinical observations suggest an association between gastrointestinal and brain function in patients with autistic behavior.

**Vasoactive Intestinal Peptide (VIP) and related peptides**

(SEQ ID NOS: 442-464) –VIP is a polypeptide of 28 residues produced by hypothalamus and GI tract. It relaxes the GI, inhibits acid and pepsin secretion, acts as a neurotransmitter in peripheral autonomic nervous system, and increases secretion of H<sub>2</sub>O and electrolytes from pancreas and gut. It was originally discovered in lung and intestine and is also found in tissues including brain, liver, pancreas, smooth muscle and lymphocytes. It is structurally related to a family of peptides which include PACAP, PHI, secretin and glucagon. It has a diverse range of biological actions including vasodilation, electrolyte secretion, modulation of immune function and neurotransmission. A conjugated VIP may be useful in the treatment of achlorhydria, ischemic colitis and irritable bowel syndrome (IBS).

15    **G.    Natriuretic Peptides** - There are three members in the natriuretic peptide hormone family, atrial natriuretic peptide (ANP), B-type natriuretic peptide (BNP, brain natriuretic peptide), and C-type natriuretic peptide (CNP), that are involved in the regulation of blood pressure and fluid homeostasis.

20        **Atrial-Natriuretic Peptides (ANP) (SEQ ID NOS: 465-507)–**  
ANP is a 28-amino acid peptide hormone containing a disulfide bond. It exerts natriuretic, diuretic, and vasorelaxant effects and play an important role in the body's blood volume and blood pressure homeostasis. See Smith, F.G. et al., J. Dev. Physiol. 12, 55 (1989). The mechanisms controlling ANP release have been the subject of intense  
25    research, and are now fairly well understood. The major determinant of ANP secretion is myocyte stretch. Although much less is known about the factors regulating BNP release from the heart, myocyte stretch has also been reported to stimulate BNP release from both atria and  
30    ventricles. However, whether wall stretch acts directly or via factors such as endothelin-1, nitric oxide, or angiotensin II liberated in response to distension has not been established. Recent studies show that by

stimulating endothelin type A receptors endothelin plays an important physiological role as a mediator of acute-volume load-induced ANP secretion from atrial myocytes in conscious animals. In fact, endogenous paracrine/autocrine factors liberated in response to atrial wall stretch  
5 rather than direct stretch appears to be responsible for activation of ANP secretion in response to volume load, as evidenced by almost complete blockade of ANP secretion during combined inhibition of endothelin type A/B and angiotensin II receptors. Furthermore, under certain experimental conditions angiotensin II and nitric oxide may also exert a  
10 significant modulatory effect on stretch-activated ANP secretion. The molecular mechanisms by which endothelin-1, angiotensin II, and nitric oxide synergistically regulate stretch-activated ANP release are yet unclear. Abstract Volume 75 Issue 11/12 (1997) pp 876-885, Journal of Molecular Medicine. A conjugated would be useful in the management  
15 of malignant hypertension or severe hypertension and renal failure.

**Brain Natriuretic Peptides (BNP) (SEQ ID NOS: 507-516) -**

Brain natriuretic peptide (BNP), a member of the natriuretic peptide family, is produced and released from cardiac ventricles. BNP regulates the body fluid volume, blood pressure, and vascular tones through the A-  
20 type guanylate cyclase-coupled receptor. The BNP plays a role in electrolyte-fluid homeostasis such as atrial natriuretic peptides (ANP). A conjugated BNP could be useful in the management of heart failure.

**C-Type Natriuretic Peptides (CNP) (SEQ ID NOS: 517-524) - C-**

type natriuretic peptide (CNP), the third member of the natriuretic peptide family, is produced in vascular endothelial cells (ECs) and acts  
25 as an endothelium-derived relaxing peptide. Although atrial and brain natriuretic peptides are well known to be involved in the regulation of cardiovascular and endocrine functions as circulating hormones, the roles of the C-type natriuretic peptide (CNP) remain unknown.

30 CNP is found principally in the central nervous system and vascular endothelial cells while ANP and BNP are cardiac hormones.



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ANP is synthesized mainly in the atria of the normal adult heart, while BNP is produced by both the atria and ventricles.

- H. Tachykinins (SEQ ID NOS: 525-627)** – A family of peptides, including neurokinin A and substance P, that share a common C terminal sequence (F-X-GLM-NH<sub>2</sub>) which is required for full biological activity including Neurokinin A, B, and Substance P.

**Neurokinin A** – Neurokinin A is a decapeptide, previously known as substance K. It is a member of the tachykinin family of neuropeptides which includes substance P and neurokinin B. It exhibits a variety of activities related to smooth muscle contraction, pain transmission, bronchoconstriction, vasodilation and modulation of the immune system.

**Neuromedin**– Neuromedins, smooth-muscle-stimulating peptides, are commonly divided into four groups: bombesin-like, kassinin-like, neurotensin-like and neuromedins U. These neuropeptides and their receptors are localized to all components of the HPA hypophyseal pituitary axis, the only exemption seems to be neurokinin B, which is not detected in the adenohypophysis. Neuromedins exert a manifold effect on HPA axis, and their action on the adrenal suggests their involvement in the regulation of growth, structure and function of the adrenal cortex. Neuromedins may exert both direct and indirect effects on the adrenal cortex. Direct effect is proven by the stimulation of mineralo- and glucocorticoid therapeutic peptides by isolated or cultured adrenocortical cells and by mobilisation of intracellular [Ca<sup>2+</sup>]. Indirect effects, on the other hand, may be mediated by ACTH, arginine-vasopressin, angiotensin II, catecholamines or by other regulatory substances of medullary origin.

**Substance P and Related Peptides** – Substance P is an eleven amino acid peptide, first isolated from brain and intestine. It has been proposed as a neuromodulator involved in pain transmission in the spinal cord. It also affects contraction of smooth muscle, reduction of

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blood pressure, stimulation of secretory tissue, and release of histamine from mast cells.

#### **I. Renin Related Peptides**

- 5        **Angiotensins (SEQ ID NOS: 628-677)**— Angiotensin is a 10 amino acid peptide derived from enzymatic cleavage of a2-globin by the kidney enzyme renin. The C-terminal 2 amino acids are then released to yield angiotensin I, which is responsible for essential hypertension through stimulated synthesis and release of aldosterone from adrenal  
10 cells. It is a multifunctional hormone regulating blood pressure, plasma volume, neuronal function thirst, and water intake.

- Angiotensin II is an octapeptide derived from angiotensin I by angiotensin converting enzyme, and is widely distributed both centrally and peripherally in organs such as the heart, the kidneys, and the liver.  
15 Angiotensin IV is the terminal hexapeptide fragment of angiotensin II formed metabolically by proteolytic cleavage from either angiotensin I or angiotensin II. It plays a role in vascular control, cardiac growth, renal blood flow and memory function.

- Angiotensin II is the key peptide hormone that regulates vascular  
20 smooth muscle tone, blood pressure, free water intake and sodium retention. It controls vascular homeostasis compensating for loss of intravascular volume by stimulating increased vasospastic tone, increase sodium retention and increased free water intake.

#### **Renin substrates and Inhibitors (SEQ ID NOS: 678-684) -**

- 25 Renin is a very specific aspartic protease, which is synthesized and released by differentiated smooth muscle cells in the vasculature of the kidney called granular epithelial cells. Renin is specific for its substrate, angiotensinogen, which it cleaves specifically at the Leu<sup>10</sup>-Val<sup>11</sup> bond to form the decapeptide, angiotensin I (AI). The renin-angiotensin system  
30 is involved in the control of fluid and mineral balance throughout the vertebrates. Renin can be found in mammals, birds, reptiles, amphibians, bony fishes, cartilaginous fishes, and agnathans. Specific

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renin inhibitors can also be designed, with therapeutic applications for treatment of for example hypertension and congestive heart failure (Blundell et al., 1987).

5     **J.     Endothelins and Related Peptides (SEQ ID NOS: 685-744) -**

The endothelin peptide family consists of the 21 amino acid isoforms endothelin-1, endothelin-2, endothelin-3, sarafotoxin (a snake venom) and scorpion toxin.

10             **Endothelins (ET) and Big Endothelins** – Endothelins are found on endothelial cells in a wide variety of organ systems. Examples of pathologies and physiological processes associated with changes in endothelin levels and synthetics include: atherosclerosis and hypertension, coronary vasospasm, acute renal failure, changes in intracellular  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  levels, and effects on the renin-angiotensin system.

15     Endothelins are released in response to variations in angiotensin II, vasopressin, and cytokines (e.g.  $\text{TGF-}\beta$ ,  $\text{TNF-}\alpha$ ,  $\text{IL-}\beta$ ) levels as well as other physiological events including increase blood flow.

20             The endothelin family of peptides consists of highly potent endogenous vasoconstrictor agents first isolated from endothelial cell supernatant. They regulate blood flow to organs by exporting a vasoconstrictive effect on arteries. Endothelins are derived from big-endothelin, which is cleaved by a unique membrane-bound metalloprotease, endothelin-converting enzyme, into the 21-amino-acid bioactive forms (ET-1, ET-2 and ET-3).

25             Of the 3 isoforms (ET-1, ET-2, ET-3), endothelin-1 is the major isoform and plays an important role for regulation of vascular function. Endogenous endothelin peptides and their receptors are differentially distributed throughout the many smooth muscle tissues including blood vessels, uterus, bladder and intestine. Through this widespread

30     distribution and localization, they exert biological functions in regulating vascular tone and causing mitogenesis. ETs and their receptor subtypes are also present in various endocrine organs. It appears to act as a

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modulator of secretion of prolactin, gonadotropins GH and TSH.  
Endothelin may also be the disease marker or an etiologic factor in  
ischemic heart disease, atherosclerosis, congestive heart failure, renal  
failure, systemic hypertension, pulmonary hypertension, cerebral  
5 vasospasm.

Exogenously administered endothelin-1 has been demonstrated  
to increase peripheral resistance and blood pressure in a dose-  
dependent manner. However, during the first minutes of intravenous  
administration endothelins also decrease peripheral resistance and  
10 blood pressure, presumably due to the release of vasodilatory  
compounds such as nitric oxide, prostacyclin, and atrial natriuretic  
peptide.

**ET(A) Receptor Antagonists** – Endothelin receptors exist as two  
types: A (ET-A) and B (ET-B1 and ET-B2). ET-A receptors are  
15 responsible for while ET-B1 and ET-B2 mediate vasorelaxation and  
vasoconstriction respectively.

**Sarafotoxin peptides** – As already described, endothelin (ET)  
peptides are potent growth factors binding to G protein-coupled  
receptors. Sarafotoxins (S6) isolated from *Atractaspis engaddensis* are  
20 highly homologous to endothelins. Sarafotoxin peptides have marked  
vasoconstrictive activity and are responsible for the ischemic limb loss  
that follows snake or scorpion bites. They could be used therapeutically  
as a peptidase stabilized peptide as a vasopressive agent in shock and  
sepsis.

25

**K. Opioid Peptides (SEQ ID NOS: 745-927)** - Opioids are a large  
class of drugs, used clinically as painkillers, that include both plant-  
derived and synthetic alkaloids and peptides found endogenously in the  
mammalian brain. While the plant-derived alkaloids have been known  
30 and used for thousands of years, the endogenous opioid peptides were  
discovered only in the mid-1970s.

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Opioids include casomorphin peptides, demorphins, endorphins, enkephalins, deltorphins, dynorphins, and analogs and derivatives of these.

**Casomorphin Peptides** – Casomorphin peptides are novel  
5 opioid peptides derived from casein( $\beta$ -casomorphins). Beta casomorphins are the more extensive studied opioid peptides arising from food proteins (beta-caseins). They were originally isolated from bovine beta-casein, the same sequences occur in ovine and buffalo beta-caseins.

10 **Dermorphins** – Demorphin is a seven amino acid peptide, originally isolated from *Phylomedusa sauvagei* frog skin. It is a ligand which binds with high affinity to the  $\mu$  opioid receptor, and has many biological roles including analgesia, endocrine modulation, immunomodulation, increased  $K^+$  conductance and inhibition of action  
15 potentials.

**Dynorphin/New-Endorphin Precursor Related Peptides** –  
Dynorphins are a class of endogenous opioids that exist in multiple forms in the central nervous system. Dynorphins are derived from the precursor prodynorphin (proenkephalin B). Dynorphin, also known as  
20 Dynorphin A1-17, is a well known opioid which has the sequence Tyr-Gly-Gly-Phe-Leu<sup>5</sup>-Arg-Arg-Ile-Arg-Pro<sup>10</sup>-Lys-Leu-Lys-Trp-Asp<sup>15</sup>-Asn-Gln. SEQ ID NO:1. A number of derivatives and analogs of dynorphin are known including Dyn A1-13, SEQ ID NO: 2 Dyn A2-13, SEQ ID NO:3, Dyn A1-12, Dyn A2-12 and Dyn A2-17 as well as amide analogs such as  
25 those mentioned in U.S. Patent 4,462,941 of Lee et al., N-terminus truncated dynorphin analogs such as those described in International Patent Application WO 96/06626 of Lee et al. and des-Tyr or des-Tyr-Gly analogs such as those disclosed in International Patent Application WO 93/25217 also of Lee et al. The dynorphins are highly potent opioids,  
30 and demonstrate selective affinity for the kappa receptor. See Goldstein, A., Peptides, Structure and Function, Proceedings of the 8th

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American Peptides Symposium, Hruby, V.J. and Rich, D.H., eds., 409 (1983).

**Endorphins** – The endorphins are derived from the precursor protein  $\beta$ -lipotropin. They have been found to elicit several biological reactions such as analgesia, behavioral changes and growth hormone release. See Akil, H. et al., Ann. Rev. Neurosci., 7, 223 (1984).

**Enkepalins & related peptides** – Enkephalins and endorphins are neurohormones that inhibit transmission of pain impulses. The activity of neurons in both the central and peripheral nervous systems is affected by a large number of neurohormones that act on cells quite distant from their site of release. Neurohormones can modify the ability of nerve cells to respond to synaptic neurotransmitters. Several small peptides with profound effects on the nervous system have been discovered recently, for example enkephalins (e.g. Met-enkephalin and Leu-enkephalin) and endorphins (e.g.  $\beta$  endorphin). These three contain a common tetrapeptide sequence (Tyr-Gly-Gly-Phe) that is essential to their functions. Enkephalins and endorphins function as natural pain killers or opiates and decrease the pain responses in the central nervous system. See also Akil, H. et al., Ann. Rev. Neurosci., 7, 223 (1984).

**L. Thymic peptides (SEQ ID NOS: 928-934)** – The thymus is thought to be responsible for the development and regulation of T cell immunity in both infants and adults. The thymus seems to exert its regulatory functions through the secretion of various noncellular, hormonelike products via its epithelial cells, called thymic peptides.

Thymic peptides are reported to have many effects on T cells. Several studies have reported that thymic peptides can assist development of immature, precursor cells into fully competent T cells. Thymic peptides seem to regulate the expression of various cytokine and monokine receptors on T cells and induce secretion of IL-2, interferon alpha, and interferon gamma (disease-fighting substances)

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when the immune system is challenged. There are reports that the use of thymic hormones in children with immuno-deficiencies caused by chemotherapy has resulted in an increase in circulating T cells, normalization of T cell subsets, and restoration of delayed

5 hypersensitivity reactions.

**Thymopoietin** - Thymopoietin is the largest of the known thymic hormones and consists of 49 amino acids.

**Thymulin** - Previously known as thymic serum factor, thymulin is the smallest of the chemically characterized thymic hormones and  
10 consists of 9 amino acids. Thymulin is the hormone responsible for stimulating the production of immune-system T cells

**Thymopentin** - Thymopentin is a small, synthesized thymic peptide drug, also known as therapeutic peptide-5 or Timunox. In the U.S. it is being developed as an AIDS therapy by the Immunobiology  
15 Research Institute. Thymopentin has been studied more extensively than most other thymic peptide drugs. At least one study has claimed a significant rise in T cells and slight clinical improvement in those patients who received thymopentin three times a week, compared to untreated control participants. Compared to the 14 untreated control participants,  
20 those taking the drug showed greater "immunologic stability" and some clinical improvement.

**Thymosin** - Thymosin is a mixture of 15 or more proteins. One of these proteins is thymosin alpha-1 which consists of 28 amino acids. Thymosin has therapeutic use for the treatment of primary  
25 immunodeficiencies and as a booster for influenza vaccine in renal dialysis patients. It is also being tested in ongoing clinical trials for activity against chronic hepatitis B and C, HIV infection, and certain forms of cancer.

**Thymic Humoral Factor (THF)** - THF is a thymic peptide  
30 currently being examined as an anti- HIV treatment. In preclinical

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studies in rats with CMV-related immunosuppression, THF restored immune competence through modulation of T cells. In addition, it may have therapeutic use in the treatment of herpes, causing (at least in one study) the viral infection's rapid regression and increase of T-cell populations.

#### L. Other Peptides

##### Adrenomedullin Peptides (AM) (SEQ ID NOS: 935-945) -

Adrenomedullin is a potent vasodilator peptide that exerts major effects on cardiovascular functions. Its systemic administration causes a rapid and profound fall in blood pressure and an increase in pulmonary blood flow. Its other actions are bronchodilatation, being an inhibitor of drinking behavior and an inhibitor of angiotensin-induced aldosterone secretion. See The Journal of Biological Chemistry, Vol. 270, No. 43, pp 25344-25347, 1995 and in the references cited therein

Allatostatin Peptides (SEQ ID NOS: 946-949) - Allatostatins are 6-18 amino acid peptides synthesized by insects to control production of juvenile hormones, which in turn regulate functions including metamorphosis and egg production. While neuropeptides of the allatostatin family inhibit *in vitro* production of juvenile hormone, which modulates aspects of development and reproduction in the cockroach, *Diploptera punctata*, they are susceptible to inactivation by peptidases in the hemolymph, gut, and bound to internal tissues.

Amyloid Beta-Protein Fragments (A $\beta$  fragments) (SEQ ID NOS: 950-1010) - These are the principle component of the amyloid plaques that accumulate intracellularly and extracellularly in the neuritic plaques in the brain in Alzheimer's Disease. A $\beta$  is a 4.5 kD protein, about 40-42 amino acids long, that is derived from the C-terminus of amyloid precursor protein (APP). APP is a membrane-spanning glycoprotein that, in the normal processing pathway, is cleaved inside the A $\beta$  protein to produce  $\alpha$ -sAPP, a secreted form of APP. Formation of  $\alpha$ -sAPP precludes formation of A $\beta$ . It has been proposed that A $\beta$



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accumulates by virtue of abnormal processing of APP, so that compounds that inhibit the activity of enzymes responsible for A $\beta$  production are being sought. See, e.g., Wagner et al. Biotech. Report (1994/1995), pp. 106-107; and Selkoe (1993) TINS 16:403-409. Under  
5 certain conditions A $\beta$  peptides first aggregate and then are deposited as a folded  $\beta$ -sheet structure that is characteristic of amyloid fibrils.  $\beta$ -amyloid (1-42) forms aggregates at a significantly greater rate and to a greater extent than  $\beta$ -amyloid (1-40).

**Antimicrobial peptides (SEQ ID NOS: 1011-1047) -**

10 Antimicrobial peptides are a key component of the innate immune systems of most multicellular organisms, being active against one or more microorganisms such as bacteria, fungi, protozoa, yeast, and mycobacteria. Examples of such peptides include defensin, cecropin, buforin, and magainin. Despite broad divergences in sequence and  
15 taxonomy, most antimicrobial peptides share a common mechanism of action, *i.e.*, membrane permeabilization of the pathogen. They are classified in two broad groups: linear and cyclic. In the linear antimicrobial peptides, there are two subgroups: linear peptides tending to adopt  $\alpha$ -helical amphipathic conformation and linear peptides of  
20 unusual composition, rich in amino acids such as Pro, Arg, or Trp. The cyclic group encompasses all cysteine-containing peptides, and can be further divided into two subgroups corresponding to single or multiple disulfide structures.

Most antimicrobial peptides provoke an increase in plasma  
25 membrane permeability. There is also evidence of other mechanisms, such as inhibition of specific membrane proteins, synthesis of stress proteins, arrest of DNA synthesis, breakage of single-strand DNA by defensins, interaction with DNA (without arrest of synthesis) by buforins, or production of hydrogen peroxide. Antimicrobial peptides can also act  
30 by triggering self-destructive mechanisms such as apoptosis in eukaryotic cells or autolysis in bacterial targets. Antimicrobial peptides are also known to act as inhibitors of enzymes produced by pathogenic

organisms, either by serving as pseudo-substrates or by tight binding to the active sight that disturbs the access of the substrate.

Increased levels of antimicrobial peptides have been reported for several animal and human infections for example for  $\alpha$ -defensins in  
5 *Mycobacterium*, *Pasteurella*, or *Cryptosporidium* infections and for a variety of peptides in blisters and wound fluid. Inflammatory situations or stimuli are also associated with induction of antibiotic peptides.

Depleted levels of antimicrobial peptides are associated to several pathologies. Thus, patients of specific granule-deficiency  
10 syndrome, completely lacking in  $\alpha$ -defensins, suffer from frequent and severe bacterial infections. Low levels of histatins from saliva in HIV patients has been correlated with a higher incidence of oral candidiasis and fungal infections. Perhaps the most compelling illustration of the implication of antimicrobial peptides in human pathology comes from  
15 cystic fibrosis, a genetic disease associated with recurrent bacterial infections of the airways. The defective chloride channel causing the disease increases the salinity of the alveolar fluid, and thus impairs the bactericidal activity of  $\beta$ -defensins, which are salt sensitive. Andreu D, (Ed.)(1998) "*Antimicrobial peptides*" Biopolymers (Peptide Science) vol  
20 47, N° 6, pp413-491. A. Andreu, L. Rivas (1998) *Animal Antimicrobial Peptides: An Overview*, Biopolymers (Pep. Sci.) 47: pp415-433.

**Antioxidant Peptides (SEQ ID NOS: 1048-1050)** - Antioxidants are agents that prevents oxidative damage to tissue. Mammalian cells  
25 are continuously exposed to activated oxygen species such as superoxide, hydrogen peroxide, hydroxyl radical, and singlet oxygen. These reactive oxygen intermediates are generated *in vivo* by cells in response to aerobic metabolism, catabolism of drugs and other xenobiotics, ultraviolet and x-ray radiation, and the respiratory burst of  
30 phagocytic cells (such as white blood cells) to kill invading bacteria such as those introduced through wounds. Hydrogen peroxide, for example,

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is produced during respiration of most living organisms especially by stressed and injured cells.

One example of antioxidant peptides is natural killer-enhancing factor B (NKEF-B), which belongs to a highly conserved family of recently discovered antioxidants. Natural killer-enhancing factor (NKEF) was identified and cloned on the basis of its ability to increase NK cytotoxicity. Two genes, NKEF-A and -B, encode NKEF proteins and sequence analysis presented suggests that each belongs to a highly conserved family of antioxidants. The role of NKEF-B as an antioxidant has been demonstrated by its protection of transfected cells to oxidative damage by hydrogen peroxide. NKEF-B has antioxidant activities toward prooxidants such as alkyl hydroperoxide and MeHg. Together with its antioxidant activity, the induction of NKEF-B by HP indicates that NKEF-B is an important oxidative stress protein providing protection against a variety of xenobiotic toxic agents.

**Apoptosis Related Peptides (SEQ ID NOS: 1051-1075) -**

Animal cells can self-destruct via an intrinsic program of cell death (Steller, 1995). Apoptosis is a form of programmed cell death that is characterized by specific morphologic and biochemical properties (Wyllie *et al.*, 1980). Morphologically, apoptosis is characterized by a series of structural changes in dying cells: blebbing (i.e. blistering) of the plasma membrane, condensation of the cytoplasm and nucleus, and cellular fragmentation into membrane apoptotic bodies (Steller, 1995; Wyllie *et al.*, 1980).

Biochemically, apoptosis is characterized by the degradation of chromatin, initially into large fragments of 50-300 kilobases and subsequently into smaller fragments that are monomers and multimers of 200 bases (Oberhammer *et al.*, 1993; Wyllie, 1980). Other biochemical indicators of apoptosis are induced or increased levels of the protein clusterin (Pearse *et al.*, 1992), also known as TRPM-2 or SGP-2, and activation of the enzyme typell transglutaminase, which

crosslinks proteins to the envelope of apoptotic bodies (Fesus *et al.*, 1991). Apoptosis is a complex phenomenon of related morphological and biochemical processes that can vary with tissue and cell type (Zakeri *et al.*, 1995).

5           The execution of apoptosis minimizes the leakage of cellular constituents from dying cells (apoptosis causes the cell to involute). For example, proteases could damage adjacent cells or stimulate an inflammatory response. This cardinal feature of apoptosis distinguishes it from necrosis, which usually results from trauma that causes injured  
10 cells to swell and lyse, releasing the cytoplasmic material that stimulates an inflammatory response (Steller, 1995; Wyllie *et al.*, 1980)

**Bag Cell Peptides (BCP) (SEQ ID NOS: 1076-1080)** – The neuropeptidergic bag cells of the marine mollusc *Aplysia californica* are involved in the egg-laying behavior of the animal. These neurosecretory  
15 cells synthesize an egg-laying hormone (ELH) precursor protein, yielding multiple bioactive peptides, including ELH, several bag cell peptides (BCP) and acidic peptide (AP). The bag cells of the marine mollusc *Aplysia californica* are well-characterized neuroendocrine cells that initiate egg laying. During sexual maturation, these cells (bag cell  
20 neurons), develop the capability of storing hormones that are released during periods of nervous system stimulation. The hormones are important to the process of egg laying, and so must not be released before the animal is sexually mature. Alpha-bag cell peptide belong to a small family of structurally related peptides that can elicit bag-cell activity  
25 in vitro.

**Bombesin (SEQ ID NOS: 1081-1090)** – Bombesin is a bioactive tetradecapeptide neuropeptide that belongs to a family of peptides sharing a common C terminal sequence, Trp-Ala-X-Gly-His-Met-NH<sub>2</sub>, and the N terminal region. It has a modulatory role found in nerves of  
30 the brain and gut that prevents gastric injury by release of endogenous gastrin. The mammalian homologue of bombesin is gastrin-releasing peptide (GRP).

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**Bone Gla Protein Peptides (SEQ ID NOS: 1091-1097) -**

Osteocalcin (bone Gla-protein, or BGP) is produced and secreted by osteoblasts in the process of bone formation. As with collagen, this protein is a component of bone matrix. Serum osteocalcin rises when bone formation rates increase. Levels are high during puberty when bone growth is most rapid. Often levels are also high in diseases having high bone turnover, such as hyperparathyroidism and hyperthyroidism. In postmenopausal osteoporosis, osteocalcin levels are sometimes increased, reflecting the increased turnover of bone secondary to rapid bone resorption. In senile osteoporosis, occurring in more elderly subjects, osteocalcin levels are more likely to be low, reflecting reduced rates of both bone turnover and bone formation. A treatment regimen that increases bone formation also raises the serum osteocalcin levels.

**CART Peptides (SEQ ID NOS: 1098-1100) - Cocaine and**  
amphetamine regulated transcript peptide (CART), is a recently discovered hypothalamic peptide with a potent appetite suppressing activity. In the rat the CART gene encodes a peptide of either 129 or 116 amino acid residues whereas only the short form exists in humans. The predicted signal sequence is 27 amino acid residues resulting in a prohormone of 102 or 89 residues. The C-terminal end of CART, consisting of 48 amino acid residues and 3 disulphide bonds, is thought to constitute a biologically active part of the molecule.

In the central nervous system CART is highly expressed in many hypothalamic nuclei, some of which are involved in regulating feeding behavior. The CART mRNA is regulated by leptin, and the expressed CART is a potent inhibitor of feeding that even overrides the feeding response induced by neuropeptide Y. The putative CART receptor is therefore a potential therapeutic target for an anti-obesity drug. See CART, a new anorectic peptide Thim L; Kristensen P; Larsen PJ; Wulff BS, Int J Biochem Cell Biol, 30(12):1281-4 1998 Dec.

**Cell Adhesion Peptides (SEQ ID NO: 1101)** - Cellular adhesion peptides are directly involved in the cellular response to external stimuli. For example, during an inflammatory response, leukocytes must leave the plasma compartment and migrate to the point of antigenic insult. The mechanism of this migratory event is a complex interplay between soluble mediators and membrane-bound cellular adhesion molecules. Soluble cellular chemotactic factors, which are produced in the damaged tissue by a variety of resident cells, set up a chemical concentration gradient out to the plasma compartment. Interaction of these factors with their receptors on leukocytes leads to a directional migration of the leukocytes toward increasing concentrations of the chemotactic factor. Simultaneously, various adhesion peptides are upregulated on the leukocyte which mediate the initial rolling on the endothelial tissue, binding to a specific ligand on the activated endothelial tissue, and finally migration between endothelial cells into the tissue. The steps in this cascade of events are mediated by the interaction of specific cell surface proteins, termed "cell adhesion molecules such as. E-selectin (ELAM-1, endothelial leukocyte adhesion molecule-1), ICAM-1 (intercellular adhesion molecule-1), and VCAM-1 (vascular cell adhesion molecule-1).

**Chemotactic Peptides (SEQ ID NOS: 1102-1113)** -

Chemotactic peptides are peptides that stimulate the migration of white cells, leukocytes and macrophages into tissues at the site of infection or injury or alternatively the prevent the migration of these same cells away from these sites.

**Complement Inhibitors (SEQ ID NOS: 1114-1120)** - Inhibition of complement attack on xenotransplants may be accomplished by the use of complement inhibitors. The rejection of transplanted organs may involve both an extremely rapid hyperacute rejection (HAR) phase and a slower cellular rejection phase. HAR of xenotransplants is initiated by preformed "natural" antibodies that bind to donor organ endothelium and activate complement attack by the recipient immune system. Activation of complement leads to the generation of fluid phase (C3a, C5a) and

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membrane bound (C3b and C5b-9, i.e., C5b, C6, C7, C8, and C9) proteins with chemotactic, procoagulant, proinflammatory, adhesive, and cytolytic properties. Complement inhibitors inhibit this process.

**Cortistatin Peptides (SEQ ID NOS: 1121-1124)** – Cortistatin, whose mRNA accumulates during sleep deprivation, apparently acts by antagonizing the effects of acetylcholine on cortical excitability, thereby causing synchronization brain slow waves. Cortistatin-14 (CST-14) shares 11 of its 14 residues with somatostatin-14 (SRIF-14), yet its effects on sleep physiology, locomotor behavior and hippocampal function are quite different from those of somatostatin.

**Fibronectin Fragments & Fibrin Related Peptides (SEQ ID NOS: 1125-1174)** – Fibronectin is a large glycoprotein that is composed of blocks of three types of repeating, homologous peptide sequences. Several of the homologous blocks form functional domains that are organized in a linear array on two nearly identical subunit arms. Each arm can be divided into functional domains, which are often referred to by one of the substances which bind in that region, for example the heparin-binding fragment, the fibrin binding fragment, and the cell-binding fragment. In several cell types, the Arg-Gly-Asp (RGD) sequence in the cell-binding domain of fibronectin interacts with a cell-surface glycoprotein designated  $\alpha 5 \beta 1$ . Fibronectin also binds to extracellular and basement-membrane components, to the envelope glycoprotein of viruses, to a variety of bacteria including staphylococci and streptococci, and to parasites such as *Trypanosoma cruzi* and *Leishmania* species.

Fibronectin has several adhesive functions, for example cell-to-cell adhesion, cell-to-basement-membrane attachment, and clot stabilization. In addition, fibronectin promotes embryogenesis, nerve regeneration, fibroblast migration, macrophage function, and pathogen (virus, fungus, bacteria, and protozoa) binding to mammalian cells and extracellular matrix. Thus, fibronectin is involved in the pathogenesis of

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infections from the initiation of the infection through the final stages of wound healing. See Proctor, R.A., Rev. Infect. Dis., 9, 317 (1987).

**FMRF and Analog peptides (SEQ ID NOS: 1175-1187) –**

FMRF are neuropeptides encoded in the FMRFamide gene and have a  
5 common C-terminal FMRFamide but different N-terminal extensions.  
FMRFamide-related peptides (FaRPs) are present throughout the  
animal kingdom and affect both neural and gastrointestinal functions.  
Organisms have several genes encoding numerous FaRPs with a  
common C-terminal structure but different N-terminal amino acid  
10 extensions.

**Galanin & related peptides (SEQ ID NOS: 1188-1208)-** Galanin  
is a 29-30 amino acid peptide originally isolated from pig small intestine.  
It is found in two biologically active forms: GAL (1-19), and GAL (1-30), a  
non-amidated form. It has many biological roles including: the inhibition  
15 of the release of biogenic amines in the hypothalamus, the pre- and  
post-synaptic inhibition of cholinergic function, the maintenance of  
gastrointestinal homeostasis, and the regulation of insulin and glucagon  
secretion.

**Growth Factors & related peptides (SEQ ID NOS: 1209-1240)**

20 – Growth factors are a family of proteins that regulate cell division.  
Some growth factors are cell type specific, stimulating division of only  
those cells with appropriate receptors. Other growth factors are more  
general in their effects. There are also extracellular factors that  
antagonize the effects of growth factors, slowing or preventing division  
25 (for example transforming growth factor beta and tumor necrosis factor).  
These extracellular signals act through cell surface receptors very  
similar to those for hormones, and by similar mechanisms: the  
production of intracellular second messengers, protein phosphorylation,  
and ultimately, alteration of gene expression.

30 **Gtherapeutic peptide-Binding protein fragments (SEQ ID  
NOS: 1241-1246)** – Members of a family of Gtherapeutic peptide-  
binding regulatory proteins (G-proteins) transduce signals from



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membrane-bound receptors to intracellular effectors. The family includes  $G_s$  and  $G_i$ , which are responsible for stimulation and inhibition, respectively, of adenylate cyclase. Transducin (T), localized in the disc membranes of retinal rod outer segments, couples activation of rhodopsin by light to increased cyclin GMP phosphodiesterase activity.  $G_o$ , found originally in bovine brain, is a fourth member of the family.

Purified G proteins have similar physical properties. They are heterodimers composed of  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ , and  $\gamma$  subunits. The  $\alpha$  subunits bind and hydrolyze Gtherapeutic peptide. See S. M. Mumby et al., PNAS 83, 265 (1986) and Lehninger p. 764.

**Guanylin and Uroguanylin (SEQ ID NOS: 1247-1249) -**

Guanylin and uroguanylin are peptides isolated from intestinal mucosa, and urine, which regulate cyclic GMP production in enterocytes bind to and activate guanylate cyclase C and control salt and water transport in many epithelia in vertebrates, mimicking the action of several heat-stable bacteria enterotoxins. In the kidney, both of them have well-documented natriuretic and kaliuretic effects.

Chloride secretion in the intestine is regulated by these hormones via activation of guanylate cyclase C (GC-C). Both peptides are expressed in a variety of tissues and organs, including the kidney. In the isolated perfused kidney and in vivo these hormones induce natriuresis and diuresis, however, localisation and cellular mechanisms of their action in the kidney are still unknown.

**Inhibin Peptides (SEQ ID NOS: 1250-1255) –** Inhibin is composed of two subunits ( $\alpha$  is 134 amino acids;  $\beta$  is 115 and 116 amino acids). Its role is inhibition of FSH secretion. The two inhibin isoforms, inhibin A and inhibin B, are produced by the gonads in the course of gamete maturation and have different patterns of secretion during the menstrual cycle. Inhibins are also produced by the placenta and fetal membranes and may be involved in physiological adaptation of pregnancy. Clinically, inhibins may serve as sensitive tumor markers in postmenopausal women, or as useful tools for evaluating ovarian

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reserve in infertile women; they may also be used in the diagnosis of materno-fetal disorders and to prevent maturation of the ovum or to inhibit ovulation.

**Interleukin (IL) and Interleukin Receptor Proteins (SEQ ID**

- 5 **NOS: 1256-1263)** – Interleukins are growth factors targeted to cells of hematopoietic origin. A variety of biological activities associated with immune and inflammatory responses have been ascribed to interleukins. These responses include fever, cartilage breakdown, bone resorption, thymocyte proliferation, activation of T and B lymphocytes, induction of  
10 acute-phase protein synthesis from hepatocytes, fibroblast proliferation, and differentiation and proliferation of bone marrow cells.

- Laminin Fragments (SEQ ID NOS: 1264-1284)** - Laminin, the major noncollagenous glycoprotein of basement membranes, has been shown to promote the adhesion, spreading, and migration of a variety of  
15 tumor cell types in vitro. In particular, the major current studies in the laboratory utilize intact laminin, purified proteolytic fragments of laminin, and synthetic peptides of laminin to identify functionally active sites on this large protein. Components of such basement membranes are important modulators of growth, development, and differentiation for  
20 various cell types. A conjugated laminin could be used to prevent inflammation or fibrosis in tissues.

- This category also includes the peptide kringle-5 (or K-5). As used herein, the term "kringle 5" refers to the region of mammalian plasminogen having three disulfide bonds which contribute to the  
25 specific three-dimensional confirmation defined by the fifth kringle region of the mammalian plasminogen molecule. One such disulfide bond links the cysteine residues located at amino acid positions 462 and 541, a second links the cysteine residues located at amino acid positions 483 and 524 and a third links the cysteine residues located at amino acid  
30 positions 512 and 536. The term "kringle 5 peptide peptides" refers to peptides with anti-angiogenic activity of between 4 and 104 amino acids

(inclusive) with a substantial sequence homology to the corresponding peptide fragment of mammalian plasminogen.

**Leptin Fragment Peptides (SEQ ID NOS: 1285-1288)** – Leptin, the protein product of the obesity gene, is secreted by fat cells. Leptin is involved in the regulation of bodyweight and metabolism in man and might also be involved in the pathophysiology of the insulin resistance syndrome, which is associated with the development of cardiovascular diseases

**Leucokinins (SEQ ID NOS: 1289-98)** - Leucokinins are a group of widespread insect hormones that stimulate gut motility and tubule fluid secretion rates. In tubules, their major action is to raise chloride permeability by binding to a receptor on the basolateral membrane.

**Pituitary Adenylate Cyclase Activating Polypeptide (PACAP) (SEQ ID NOS: 1299-1311)** – It is a thirty-eight amino acid peptide first isolated from ovine hypothalamus, which also occurs in a 27 amino acid form called PACAP-27. PACAP has been localized in the hypothalamus, elsewhere in the brain, respiratory tract and gastrointestinal system. It has many biological actions, including neurotransmitter and hormonal functions, involvement in regulation of energy metabolism, and neuronal cytoprotective activity.

**Pancreastatin (SEQ ID NOS: 1312-1324)** – Pancreastatin is a 49 amino acid peptide first isolated, purified and characterized from porcine pancreas. Its biological activity in different tissues can be assigned to the C-terminal part of the molecule. Pancreastatin has a prohormonal precursor, chromogranin A, which is a glycoprotein present in neuroendocrine cells, including the endocrine pancreas

**Polypeptides (SEQ ID NOS: 1325-1326)** – these are repetitive chains. Two examples are provided: (pro-Hyp-Gly)<sub>10</sub>\*20H<sub>2</sub>O and Poly-L-Lysine Hydrochloride.

**Signal Transduction Reagents (SEQ ID NOS: 1327-1367)** – Signal transduction is the process by which an extracellular signal (for example chemical, mechanical, or electrical) is amplified and converted

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to a cellular response. Many reagents are involved in this process, for example achatin-1, glycogen synthase, autocamtide 2, calcineurin autoinhibitory peptide, calmodulin dependent protein kinase II, calmodulin dependent protein kinase substrate, calmodulin dependent protein kinase substrate analog, CKS-17, Cys-Kemptide, autocamtide 2, malantide, melittin, phosphate acceptor peptide, protein kinase C fragments, P34cd2 kinase fragment, P60c-src substrate II, protein kinase A fragments, tyrosine protein kinase substrate, syntide 2, S6 kinase substrate peptide 32, tyrosine specific protein kinase inhibitor, and their derivatives and fragments.

**Thrombin Inhibitors (SEQ ID NOS: 1368-1377)** - Thrombin is a key regulatory enzyme in the coagulation cascade; it serves a pluralistic role as both a positive and negative feedback regulator. In addition to its direct effect on hemostasis, thrombin exerts direct effects on diverse cell types that support and amplify pathogenesis of arterial thrombus disease. The enzyme is the strongest activator of platelets causing them to aggregate and release substances (eg. ADP TXA.sub.2 NE) that further propagate the thrombotic cycle. Platelets in a fibrin mesh comprise the principal framework of a white thrombus. Thrombin also exerts direct effects on endothelial cells causing release of vasoconstrictor substances and translocation of adhesion molecules that become sites for attachment of immune cells. In addition, the enzyme causes mitogenesis of smooth muscle cells and proliferation of fibroblasts. From this analysis, it is apparent that inhibition of thrombin activity by thrombin inhibitors constitutes a viable therapeutic approach towards the attenuation of proliferative events associated with thrombosis.

**Toxins (SEQ ID NOS: 1378-1415)** - A toxin can be conjugated using the present invention to target cancer cells, receptors, viruses, or blood cells. Once the toxin binds to the target cells the toxin is allowed to internalize and cause cell toxicity and eventually cell death. Toxins have been widely used as cancer therapeutics.

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One example of a class of toxins is the mast cell degranulating peptide, a cationic 22-amino acid residue peptide with two disulfide bridges isolated from bee venom, causes mast cell degranulation and histamine release at low concentrations and has anti-inflammatory activity at higher concentrations. It is a powerful anti-inflammatory, more than 100 times more effective than hydrocortisone in reducing inflammation. Because of these unique immunologic properties, MCD peptide may serve as a useful tool for studying secretory mechanisms of inflammatory cells such as mast cells, basophils, and leukocytes, leading to the design of compounds with therapeutic potential. An example of a mast cell degranulating peptide is mastoparans, originating from wasp venom. It degranulates mast cells in the concentration of 0.5  $\mu\text{g/ml}$  and releases histamine from the cells in the same concentration. See IY. Hirai et al., Chem. Pharm. Bull. 27, 1942 (1979).

Other examples of such toxins include omega-agatoxin TK, agelenin, apamin, calcicudine, calciseptine, charbdotoxin, chlorotoxin, conotoxins, endotoxin inhibitors, geographutoxins, iberiotoxin, kaliotoxin, mast cell degranulating peptides, margatoxin, neurotoxin NSTX-3, PLTX-II, scyllatoxin, stichodactyla toxin, and derivatives and fragments thereof.

**Trypsin Inhibitors (SEQ ID NOS: 1416-1418)** - Trypsin inhibitors functions as an inhibitors of trypsin, as well as other serine proteases. Useful for treatment of lung inflammation, pancreatitis, myocardial infarction, cerebrovascular ischemia

**Virus Related Peptides (SEQ ID NOS: 1419-1529)** - Virus related peptides are proteins related to viruses, for example virus receptors, virus inhibitors, and envelope proteins. Examples include but are not limited to peptide inhibitors of human immunodeficiency virus (HIV), respiratory syncytial virus (RSV), human parainfluenza virus (HPV), measles virus (MeV), and simian immunodeficiency virus (SIV),

fluorogenic Human CMV Protease Substrate, HCV Core Protein, HCV NS4A Protein, Hepatitis B Virus Receptor Binding Fragment, Hepatitis B Virus Pre-S Region, Herpes Virus Inhibitor 2, HIV Envelope Protein Fragment, HIV gag fragment, HIV substrate, HIV-1 Inhibitory Peptide, peptide T, T21, V3 decapeptide, Virus Replication Inhibitor Peptide, and their fragments and derivatives.

These peptides can be administered therapeutically. For example, peptide T is a chain of 8 amino acids from the V2 region of HIV-1 gp120. These amino acids look like a portion of HIV's outer envelope. It is under investigation as a treatment for HIV-related neurological and constitutional symptoms, as peptide T may be able to alleviate symptoms like fevers, night sweats, weight loss, and fatigue. It has also been shown to resolve psoriatic lesions.

**Miscellaneous peptides (SEQ ID NOS: 1529-1617)** – Including

adjuvant peptide analogs, alpha mating factor, antiarrhythmic peptide, anorexigenic peptide, alpha-1 antitrypsin, bovine pineal antireproductive peptide, bursin, C3 peptide P16, cadherin peptide, chromogranin A fragment, contraceptive tetrapeptide, conantokin G, conantokin T, crustacean cardioactive peptide, C-telopeptide, cytochrome b588 peptide, decorsin, delicious peptide, delta-sleep-inducing peptide, diazepam-binding inhibitor fragment, nitric oxide synthase blocking peptide, OVA peptide, platelet calpain inhibitor (P1), plasminogen activator inhibitor 1, rigin, schizophrenia related peptide, sodium potassium Atherapeutic peptidease inhibitor-1, speract, sperm activating peptide, systemin, thrombin receptor agonist (three peptides), tuftsin, adipokinetic hormone, uremic pentapeptide, Antifreeze Polypeptide, tumor necrosis factor, leech [Des Asp10]Decorsin, L-Ornithyltaurine Hydrochloride, p-Aminophenylacetyl Tuftsin, Ac-Glu-Glu-Val-Val-Ala-Cys-pNA, Ac-Ser-Asp-Lys-Pro, Ac-rfwink-NH<sub>2</sub>, Cys-Gly-Tyr-Gly-Pro-Lys-Lys-Lys-Arg-Lys-Val-Gly-Gly, DAla-Leu, D-D-D-D-D, D-D-D-D-D-D, N-P-N-A-N-P-N-A, V-A-I-T-V-L-V-K, V-G-V-R-V-R, V-I-H-S, V-P-D-P-R, Val-Thr-Cys-Gly, R-S-R, Sea Urchin Sperm Activating Peptide, SHU-

9119 MC3-R & MC4-R Antagonist, glaspimod (immunostimulant, useful against bacterial infections, fungal infections, immune deficiency immune disorder, leukopenia), HP-228 (melanocortin, useful against chemotherapy induced emesis, toxicity, pain, diabetes mellitus, inflammation, rheumatoid arthritis, obesity), alpha 2-plasmin inhibitor (plasmin inhibitor), APC tumor suppressor (tumor suppressor, useful against neoplasm), early pregnancy factor (immunosuppressor), endozepine diazepam binding inhibitor (receptor peptide), gamma interferon (useful against leukemia), glandular kallikrein-1 (immunostimulant), placental ribonuclease inhibitor, sarcolecine binding protein, surfactant protein D, Wilms' tumor suppressor, Wilms' tumor suppressor, GABAB 1b receptor peptide, prion related peptide (iPrP13), choline binding protein fragment (bacterial related peptide), telomerase inhibitor, cardiostatin peptide, endostatin derived peptide (angiogenesis inhibitor), prion inhibiting peptide, N-methyl D-aspartate receptor antagonist, C-peptide analog (useful against diabetic complications).

## 2. Modified Therapeutic Peptides

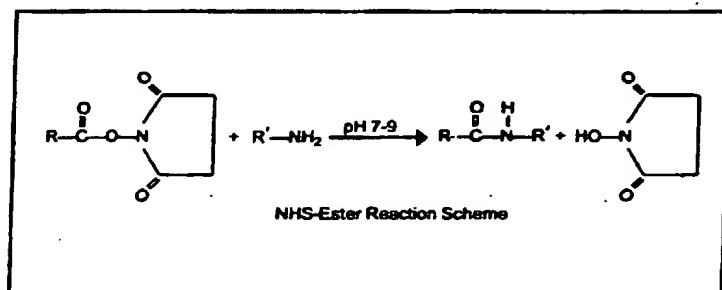
This invention relates to modified therapeutic peptides and their derivatives. The modified therapeutic peptides of the invention include reactive groups which can react with available reactive functionalities on blood components to form covalent bonds. The invention also relates to such modifications, such combinations with blood components and methods for their use. These methods include extending the effective therapeutic *in vivo* half life of the modified therapeutic peptides.

To form covalent bonds with functionalities on a protein, one may use as a reactive group a wide variety of active carboxyl groups, particularly esters, where the hydroxyl moiety is physiologically acceptable at the levels required to modify the therapeutic peptide. While a number of different hydroxyl groups may be employed in these linking agents, the most convenient would be N-hydroxysuccinimide (NHS), and N-hydroxy-sulfosuccinimide (sulfo-NHS).

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Primary amines are the principal targets for NHS esters as diagramed in schematic 1A below. Accessible  $\alpha$ -amine groups present on the N-termini of proteins react with NHS esters. However,  $\alpha$ -amino groups on a protein may not be desirable or available for the NHS coupling. While five amino acids have nitrogen in their side chains, only the  $\epsilon$ -amine of lysine reacts significantly with NHS esters. An amide bond is formed when the NHS ester conjugation reaction reacts with primary amines releasing N-hydroxysuccinimide as demonstrated in schematic 1A below.

10



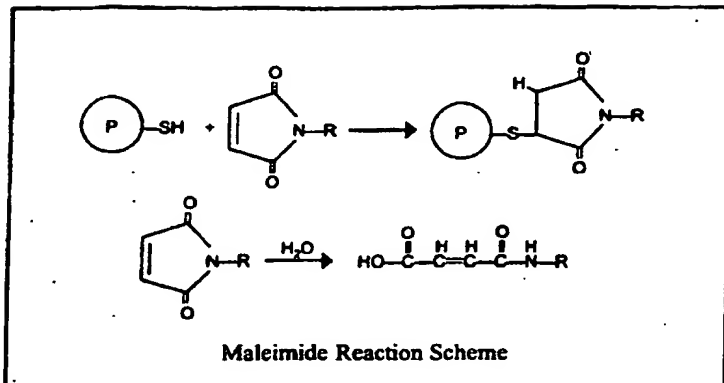
Schematic 1A

In the preferred embodiments of this invention, the functionality on the protein will be a thiol group and the reactive group will be a maleimido-containing group such as gamma-maleimide-butyralamide (GMBA) or MPA. The maleimido group is most selective for sulfhydryl groups on peptides when the pH of the reaction mixture is kept between 6.5 and 7.4 as shown in schematic 1B below. At pH 7.0, the rate of reaction of maleimido groups with sulfhydryls is 1000-fold faster than with amines. A stable thioether linkage between the maleimido group and the sulfhydryl is formed which cannot be cleaved under physiological conditions.

25

Schematic 1B





The therapeutic peptides and peptide derivatives of the invention may be modified for specific labeling and non-specific labeling of blood components.

5

#### A. Specific Labeling

Preferably, the therapeutic peptides of this invention are designed to specifically react with thiol groups on mobile blood proteins. Such reaction is preferably established by covalent bonding of a therapeutic peptide modified with a maleimide link (e.g. prepared from GMBS, MPA or other maleimides) to a thiol group on a mobile blood protein such as serum albumin or IgG.

Under certain circumstances, specific labeling with maleimides offers several advantages over non-specific labeling of mobile proteins with groups such as NHS and sulfo-NHS. Thiol groups are less abundant *in vivo* than amino groups. Therefore, the maleimide derivatives of this invention will covalently bond to fewer proteins. For example, in albumin (the most abundant blood protein) there is only a single thiol group. Thus, therapeutic peptide-maleimide-albumin conjugates will tend to comprise approximately a 1:1 molar ratio of therapeutic peptide to albumin. In addition to albumin, IgG molecules (class II) also have free thiols. Since IgG molecules and serum albumin make up the majority of the soluble protein in blood they also make up

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the majority of the free thiol groups in blood that are available to covalently bond to maleimide-modified therapeutic peptides.

Further, even among free thiol-containing blood proteins, specific labeling with maleimides leads to the preferential formation of

5 therapeutic peptide-maleimide-albumin conjugates, due to the unique characteristics of albumin itself. The single free thiol group of albumin, highly conserved among species, is located at amino acid residue 34 (Cys<sup>34</sup>). It has been demonstrated recently that the Cys<sup>34</sup> of albumin has increased reactivity relative to free thiols on other free thiol-

10 containing proteins. This is due in part to the very low pK value of 5.5 for the Cys<sup>34</sup> of albumin. This is much lower than typical pK values for cysteines residues in general, which are typically about 8. Due to this low pK, under normal physiological conditions Cys<sup>34</sup> of albumin is predominantly in the ionized form, which dramatically increases its

15 reactivity. In addition to the low pK value of Cys<sup>34</sup>, another factor which enhances the reactivity of Cys<sup>34</sup> is its location, which is in a crevice close to the surface of one loop of region V of albumin. This location makes Cys<sup>34</sup> very available to ligands of all kinds, and is an important factor in Cys<sup>34</sup>'s biological role as free radical trap and free thiol scavenger.

20 These properties make Cys<sup>34</sup> highly reactive with therapeutic peptide-maleimides, and the reaction rate acceleration can be as much as 1000-fold relative to rates of reaction of therapeutic peptide-maleimides with other free-thiol containing proteins.

Another advantage of therapeutic peptide-maleimide-albumin

25 conjugates is the reproducibility associated with the 1:1 loading of peptide to albumin specifically at Cys<sup>34</sup>. Other techniques, such as glutaraldehyde, DCC, EDC and other chemical activations of, for example, free amines lack this selectivity. For example, albumin contains 52 lysine residues, 25-30 of which are located on the surface of

30 albumin and accessible for conjugation. Activating these lysine residues, or alternatively modifying peptides to couple through these lysine residues, results in a heterogenous population of conjugates.

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Even if 1:1 molar ratios of peptide to albumin are employed, the yield will consist of multiple conjugation products, some containing 0, 1, 2 or more peptides per albumin, and each having peptides randomly coupled at any one of the 25-30 available lysine sites. Given the numerous combinations possible, characterization of the exact composition and nature of each batch becomes difficult, and batch-to-batch reproducibility is all but impossible, making such conjugates less desirable as a therapeutic. Additionally, while it would seem that conjugation through lysine residues of albumin would at least have the advantage of delivering more therapeutic agent per albumin molecule, studies have shown that a 1:1 ratio of therapeutic agent to albumin is preferred. In an article by Stehle, et al., "The Loading Rate Determines Tumor Targeting Properties of Methotrexate-Albumin Conjugates in Rats," Anti-Cancer Drugs, Vol. 8, pp. 677-685 (1997), incorporated herein in its entirety, the authors report that a 1:1 ratio of the anti-cancer methotrexate to albumin conjugated via glutaraldehyde gave the most promising results. These conjugates were taken up by tumor cells, whereas conjugates bearing 5:1 to 20:1 methotrexate molecules had altered HPLC profiles and were quickly taken up by the liver *in vivo*. It is postulated that at these higher ratios, conformational changes to albumin diminish its effectiveness as a therapeutic carrier.

Through controlled administration of maleimide-therapeutic peptides *in vivo*, one can control the specific labeling of albumin and IgG *in vivo*. In typical administrations, 80-90% of the administered maleimide-therapeutic peptides will label albumin and less than 5% will label IgG. Trace labeling of free thiols such as glutathione will also occur. Such specific labeling is preferred for *in vivo* use as it permits an accurate calculation of the estimated half-life of the administered agent.

In addition to providing controlled specific *in vivo* labeling, maleimide-therapeutic peptides can provide specific labeling of serum albumin and IgG *ex vivo*. Such *ex vivo* labeling involves the addition of maleimide-therapeutic peptides to blood, serum or saline solution

containing serum albumin and/or IgG. Once modified *ex vivo* with maleimide-therapeutic peptides, the blood, serum or saline solution can be readministered to the blood for *in vivo* treatment.

5 In contrast to NHS-peptides, maleimide-therapeutic peptides are generally quite stable in the presence of aqueous solutions and in the presence of free amines. Since maleimide-therapeutic peptides will only react with free thiols, protective groups are generally not necessary to prevent the maleimide-therapeutic peptides from reacting with itself. In addition, the increased stability of the peptide permits the use of further  
10 purification steps such as HPLC to prepare highly purified products suitable for *in vivo* use. Lastly, the increased chemical stability provides a product with a longer shelf life.

#### **B. Non-Specific Labeling**

15 The therapeutic peptides of the invention may also be modified for non-specific labeling of blood components. Bonds to amino groups will generally be employed, particularly with the formation of amide bonds for non-specific labeling. To form such bonds, one may use as a chemically reactive group coupled to the therapeutic peptide a wide  
20 variety of active carboxyl groups, particularly esters, where the hydroxyl moiety is physiologically acceptable at the levels required. While a number of different hydroxyl groups may be employed in these linking agents, the most convenient would be N-hydroxysuccinimide (NHS) and N-hydroxy-sulfosuccinimide (sulfo-NHS).

25 Other linking agents which may be utilized are described in U.S. Patent 5,612,034, which is hereby incorporated herein.

The various sites with which the chemically reactive groups of the non-specific therapeutic peptides may react *in vivo* include cells, particularly red blood cells (erythrocytes) and platelets, and proteins,  
30 such as immunoglobulins, including IgG and IgM, serum albumin, ferritin, steroid binding proteins, transferrin, thyroxin binding protein,  $\alpha$ -2-macroglobulin, and the like. Those receptors with which the derivatized

therapeutic peptides react, which are not long-lived, will generally be eliminated from the human host within about three days. The proteins indicated above (including the proteins of the cells) will remain in the bloodstream at least three days, and may remain five days or more  
5 (usually not exceeding 60 days, more usually not exceeding 30 days) particularly as to the half life, based on the concentration in the blood.

For the most part, reaction will be with mobile components in the blood, particularly blood proteins and cells, more particularly blood proteins and erythrocytes. By "mobile" is intended that the component  
10 does not have a fixed situs for any extended period of time, generally not exceeding 5 minutes, more usually one minute, although some of the blood components may be relatively stationary for extended periods of time. Initially, there will be a relatively heterogeneous population of labeled proteins and cells. However, for the most part, the population  
15 within a few days after administration will vary substantially from the initial population, depending upon the half-life of the labeled proteins in the blood stream. Therefore, usually within about three days or more, IgG will become the predominant labeled protein in the blood stream.

Usually, by day 5 post-administration, IgG, serum albumin and  
20 erythrocytes will be at least about 60 mole %, usually at least about 75 mole %, of the conjugated components in blood, with IgG, IgM (to a substantially lesser extent) and serum albumin being at least about 50 mole %, usually at least about 75 mole %, more usually at least about 80 mole %, of the non-cellular conjugated components.

25 The desired conjugates of non-specific therapeutic peptides to blood components may be prepared *in vivo* by administration of the therapeutic peptides directly to the patient, which may be a human or other mammal. The administration may be done in the form of a bolus or introduced slowly over time by infusion using metered flow or the like.

30 If desired, the subject conjugates may also be prepared *ex vivo* by combining blood with modified therapeutic peptides of the present invention, allowing covalent bonding of the modified therapeutic peptides

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to reactive functionalities on blood components and then returning or administering the conjugated blood to the host. Moreover, the above may also be accomplished by first purifying an individual blood component or limited number of components, such as red blood cells, immunoglobulins, serum albumin, or the like, and combining the component or components *ex vivo* with the chemically reactive therapeutic peptides. The labeled blood or blood component may then be returned to the host to provide *in vivo* the subject therapeutically effective conjugates. The blood also may be treated to prevent coagulation during handling *ex vivo*.

### 3. Synthesis of Therapeutic Peptides Used in the Present Invention

Peptide fragments may be synthesized by standard methods of solid phase peptide chemistry known to those of ordinary skill in the art. For example, peptide fragments may be synthesized by solid phase chemistry techniques following the procedures described by Steward and Young (Steward, J. M. and Young, J. D., Solid Phase Peptide Synthesis, 2nd Ed., Pierce Chemical Company, Rockford, Ill., (1984) using an Applied Biosystem synthesizer. Similarly, multiple fragments may be synthesized then linked together to form larger fragments. These synthetic peptide fragments can also be made with amino acid substitutions at specific locations.

For solid phase peptide synthesis, a summary of the many techniques may be found in J. M. Stewart and J. D. Young, Solid Phase Peptide Synthesis, W. H. Freeman Co. (San Francisco), 1963 and J. Meienhofer, Hormonal Proteins and Peptides, vol. 2, p. 46, Academic Press (New York), 1973. For classical solution synthesis see G. Schroder and K. Lupke, The Peptides, Vol. 1, Academic Press (New York). In general, these methods comprise the sequential addition of one or more amino acids or suitably protected amino acids to a growing peptide chain. Normally, either the amino or carboxyl group of the first

amino acid is protected by a suitable protecting group. The protected or derivatized amino acid is then either attached to an inert solid support or utilized in solution by adding the next amino acid in the sequence having the complimentary (amino or carboxyl) group suitably protected and  
5 under conditions suitable for forming the amide linkage. The protecting group is then removed from this newly added amino acid residue and the next amino acid (suitably protected) is added, and so forth.

After all the desired amino acids have been linked in the proper sequence, any remaining protecting groups (and any solid support) are  
10 removed sequentially or concurrently to afford the final polypeptide. By simple modification of this general procedure, it is possible to add more than one amino acid at a time to a growing chain, for example, by coupling (under conditions which do not racemize chiral centers) a protected tripeptide with a properly protected dipeptide to form, after  
15 deprotection, a pentapeptide.

A particularly preferred method of preparing compounds of the present invention involves solid phase peptide synthesis wherein the amino acid  $\alpha$ -N-terminal is protected by an acid or base sensitive group. Such protecting groups should have the properties of being stable to the  
20 conditions of peptide linkage formation while being readily removable without destruction of the growing peptide chain or racemization of any of the chiral centers contained therein. Suitable protecting groups are 9-fluorenylmethyloxycarbonyl (Fmoc), t-butyloxycarbonyl (Boc), benzyloxycarbonyl (Cbz), biphenylisopropyloxycarbonyl, t-  
25 amyloxycarbonyl, isobornyloxycarbonyl,  $\alpha$ ,  $\alpha$ -dimethyl-3,5-dimethoxybenzyloxycarbonyl, o-nitrophenylsulfenyl, 2-cyano-t-butyloxycarbonyl, and the like. The 9-fluorenyl-methyloxycarbonyl (Fmoc) protecting group is particularly preferred for the synthesis of  
therapeutic peptide fragments. Other preferred side chain protecting  
30 groups are, for side chain amino groups like lysine and arginine, 2,2,5,7,8-pentamethylchroman-6-sulfonyl (pmc), nitro, p-toluenesulfonyl, 4-methoxybenzene-sulfonyl, Cbz, Boc, and adamantyloxycarbonyl; for

tyrosine, benzyl, o-bromobenzyloxycarbonyl, 2,6-dichlorobenzyl, isopropyl, t-butyl (t-Bu), cyclohexyl, cyclopentyl and acetyl (Ac); for serine, t-butyl, benzyl and tetrahydropyranyl; for histidine, trityl, benzyl, Cbz, p-toluenesulfonyl and 2,4-dinitrophenyl; for tryptophan, formyl; for  
5 aspartic acid and glutamic acid, benzyl and t-butyl and for cysteine, triphenylmethyl (trityl).

In the solid phase peptide synthesis method, the  $\alpha$ -C-terminal amino acid is attached to a suitable solid support or resin. Suitable solid supports useful for the above synthesis are those materials which are  
10 inert to the reagents and reaction conditions of the stepwise condensation-deprotection reactions, as well as being insoluble in the media used. The preferred solid support for synthesis of  $\alpha$ -C-terminal carboxy peptides is 4-hydroxymethylphenoxymethyl-copoly(styrene-1% divinylbenzene). The preferred solid support for  $\alpha$ -C-terminal amide  
15 peptides is the 4-(2',4'-dimethoxyphenyl-Fmoc-aminomethyl)phenoxyacetamidoethyl resin available from Applied Biosystems (Foster City, Calif.). The  $\alpha$ -C-terminal amino acid is coupled to the resin by means of N,N'-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (DCC), N,N'-diisopropylcarbodiimide (DIC) or O-benzotriazol-1-yl-N,N,N',N'-  
20 tetramethyluronium-hexafluorophosphate (HBTU), with or without 4-dimethylaminopyridine (DMAP), 1-hydroxybenzotriazole (HOBT), benzotriazol-1-yloxy-tris(dimethylamino)phosphonium-hexafluorophosphate (BOP) or bis(2-oxo-3-oxazolidinyl)phosphine chloride (BOPCI), mediated coupling for from about 1 to about 24 hours  
25 at a temperature of between 10° and 50°C. in a solvent such as dichloromethane or DMF.

When the solid support is 4-(2',4'-dimethoxyphenyl-Fmoc-aminomethyl)phenoxy-acetamidoethyl resin, the Fmoc group is cleaved with a secondary amine, preferably piperidine, prior to coupling with the  
30  $\alpha$ -C-terminal amino acid as described above. The preferred method for coupling to the deprotected 4-(2',4'-dimethoxyphenyl-Fmoc-aminomethyl)phenoxy-acetamidoethyl resin is O-benzotriazol-1-yl-



N,N,N',N'-tetramethyluroniumhexafluoro-phosphate (HBTU, 1 equiv.) and 1-hydroxybenzotriazole (HOBT, 1 equiv.) in DMF. The coupling of successive protected amino acids can be carried out in an automatic polypeptide synthesizer as is well known in the art. In a preferred  
5 embodiment, the  $\alpha$ -N-terminal amino acids of the growing peptide chain are protected with Fmoc. The removal of the Fmoc protecting group from the  $\alpha$ -N-terminal side of the growing peptide is accomplished by treatment with a secondary amine, preferably piperidine. Each protected amino acid is then introduced in about 3-fold molar excess, and the  
10 coupling is preferably carried out in DMF. The coupling agent is normally O-benzotriazol-1-yl-N,N,N',N'-tetramethyluroniumhexafluorophosphate (HBTU, 1 equiv.) and 1-hydroxybenzotriazole (HOBT, 1 equiv.).

At the end of the solid phase synthesis, the polypeptide is removed from the resin and deprotected, either in successively or in a  
15 single operation. Removal of the polypeptide and deprotection can be accomplished in a single operation by treating the resin-bound polypeptide with a cleavage reagent comprising thianisole, water, ethanedithiol and trifluoroacetic acid. In cases wherein the  $\alpha$ -C-terminal of the polypeptide is an alkylamide, the resin is cleaved by aminolysis  
20 with an alkylamine. Alternatively, the peptide may be removed by transesterification, e.g. with methanol, followed by aminolysis or by direct transamidation. The protected peptide may be purified at this point or taken to the next step directly. The removal of the side chain protecting groups is accomplished using the cleavage cocktail described  
25 above. The fully deprotected peptide is purified by a sequence of chromatographic steps employing any or all of the following types: ion exchange on a weakly basic resin (acetate form); hydrophobic adsorption chromatography on underivitized polystyrene-divinylbenzene (for example, Amberlite XAD); silica gel adsorption chromatography; ion  
30 exchange chromatography on carboxymethylcellulose; partition chromatography, e.g. on Sephadex G-25, LH-20 or countercurrent distribution; high performance liquid chromatography (HPLC), especially

reverse-phase HPLC on octyl- or octadecylsilyl-silica bonded phase column packing.

Molecular weights of these therapeutic peptides are determined using Fast Atom Bombardment (FAB) Mass Spectroscopy.

- 5        The therapeutic peptides of the invention may be synthesized with N- and C-terminal protecting groups for use as pro-drugs.

### (1) N-Terminal Protective Groups

- As discussed above, the term "N-protecting group" refers to those groups intended to protect the  $\alpha$ -N-terminal of an amino acid or peptide or to otherwise protect the amino group of an amino acid or peptide against undesirable reactions during synthetic procedures. Commonly used N-protecting groups are disclosed in Greene, "Protective Groups In Organic Synthesis," (John Wiley & Sons, New York (1981)), which is hereby incorporated by reference. Additionally, protecting groups can be used as pro-drugs which are readily cleaved *in vivo*, for example, by enzymatic hydrolysis, to release the biologically active parent.  $\alpha$ -N-protecting groups comprise loweralkanoyl groups such as formyl, acetyl ("Ac"), propionyl, pivaloyl, t-butylacetyl and the like; other acyl groups include 2-chloroacetyl, 2-bromoacetyl, trifluoroacetyl, trichloroacetyl, phthalyl, o-nitrophenoxyacetyl, -chlorobutyryl, benzoyl, 4-chlorobenzoyl, 4-bromobenzoyl, 4-nitrobenzoyl and the like; sulfonyl groups such as benzenesulfonyl, p-toluenesulfonyl and the like; carbamate forming groups such as benzyloxycarbonyl, p-chlorobenzyloxycarbonyl, p-methoxybenzyloxycarbonyl, p-nitrobenzyloxycarbonyl, 2-nitrobenzyloxycarbonyl, p-bromobenzyloxycarbonyl, 3,4-dimethoxybenzyloxycarbonyl, 3,5-dimethoxybenzyloxycarbonyl, 2,4-dimethoxybenzyloxycarbonyl, 4-ethoxybenzyloxycarbonyl, 2-nitro-4,5-dimethoxybenzyloxycarbonyl, 3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyloxycarbonyl, 1-(p-biphenyl)-1-methylethoxycarbonyl,  $\alpha,\alpha$ -dimethyl-3,5-dimethoxybenzyloxycarbonyl, benzhydryloxycarbonyl, t-butyloxycarbonyl, diisopropylmethoxycarbonyl, isopropylloxycarbonyl,

ethoxycarbonyl, methoxycarbonyl, allyloxycarbonyl, 2,2,2,-trichloroethoxycarbonyl, phenoxycarbonyl, 4-nitrophenoxycarbonyl, fluorenyl-9-methoxycarbonyl, cyclopentylloxycarbonyl, adamantylloxycarbonyl, cyclohexylloxycarbonyl, phenylthiocarbonyl and  
5 the like; arylalkyl groups such as benzyl, triphenylmethyl, benzyloxymethyl, 9-fluorenylmethyloxycarbonyl (Fmoc) and the like and silyl groups such as trimethylsilyl and the like.

## (2) Carboxy Protective Groups

10 As discussed above, the term "carboxy protecting group" refers to a carboxylic acid protecting ester or amide group employed to block or protect the carboxylic acid functionality while the reactions involving other functional sites of the compound are performed. Carboxy protecting groups are disclosed in Greene, "Protective Groups in  
15 Organic Synthesis" pp. 152-186 (1981), which is hereby incorporated by reference. Additionally, a carboxy protecting group can be used as a pro-drug whereby the carboxy protecting group can be readily cleaved *in vivo*, for example by enzymatic hydrolysis, to release the biologically active parent. Such carboxy protecting groups are well known to those  
20 skilled in the art, having been extensively used in the protection of carboxyl groups in the penicillin and cephalosporin fields as described in U.S. Pat. Nos. 3,840,556 and 3,719,667, the disclosures of which are hereby incorporated herein by reference. Representative carboxy protecting groups are C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> loweralkyl (e.g., methyl, ethyl or t-butyl and  
25 the like); arylalkyl such as phenethyl or benzyl and substituted derivatives thereof such as alkoxybenzyl or nitrobenzyl groups and the like; arylalkenyl such as phenylethenyl and the like; aryl and substituted derivatives thereof such as 5-indanyl and the like; dialkylaminoalkyl such as dimethylaminoethyl and the like); alkanoyloxyalkyl groups such as  
30 acetoxymethyl, butyryloxymethyl, valeryloxymethyl, isobutyryloxymethyl, isovaleryloxymethyl, 1-(propionyloxy)-1-ethyl, 1-(pivaloyloxy)-1-ethyl, 1-methyl-1-(propionyloxy)-1-ethyl, pivaloyloxymethyl, propionyloxymethyl

and the like; cycloalkanoyloxyalkyl groups such as cyclopropylcarbonyloxymethyl, cyclobutylcarbonyloxymethyl, cyclopentylcarbonyloxymethyl, cyclohexylcarbonyloxymethyl and the like; aroyloxyalkyl such as benzoyloxymethyl, benzoyloxyethyl and the like; arylalkylcarbonyloxyalkyl such as benzylcarbonyloxymethyl, 2-benzylcarbonyloxyethyl and the like; alkoxycarbonylalkyl or cycloalkyloxycarbonylalkyl such as methoxycarbonylmethyl, cyclohexyloxycarbonylmethyl, 1-methoxycarbonyl-1-ethyl and the like; alkoxycarbonyloxyalkyl or cycloalkyloxycarbonyloxyalkyl such as methoxycarbonyloxymethyl, t-butyloxycarbonyloxymethyl, 1-ethoxycarbonyloxy-1-ethyl, 1-cyclohexyloxycarbonyloxy-1-ethyl and the like; aryloxycarbonyloxyalkyl such as 2-(phenoxycarbonyloxy)ethyl, 2-(5-indanyloxycarbonyloxy)ethyl and the like; alkoxyalkylcarbonyloxyalkyl such as 2-(1-methoxy-2-methylpropan-2-oyloxy)ethyl and like; arylalkyloxycarbonyloxyalkyl such as 2-(benzyloxycarbonyloxy)ethyl and the like; arylalkenyloxycarbonyloxyalkyl such as 2-(3-phenylpropen-2-yloxycarbonyloxy)ethyl and the like; alkoxycarbonylaminoalkyl such as t-butyloxycarbonylaminomethyl and the like; alkylaminocarbonylaminoalkyl such as methylaminocarbonylaminomethyl and the like; alkanoylaminoalkyl such as acetylaminomethyl and the like; heterocycliccarbonyloxyalkyl such as 4-methylpiperazinylcarbonyloxymethyl and the like; dialkylaminocarbonylalkyl such as dimethylaminocarbonylmethyl, diethylaminocarbonylmethyl and the like; (5-(loweralkyl)-2-oxo-1,3-dioxolen-4-yl)alkyl such as (5-t-butyl-2-oxo-1,3-dioxolen-4-yl)methyl and the like; and (5-phenyl-2-oxo-1,3-dioxolen-4-yl)alkyl such as (5-phenyl-2-oxo-1,3-dioxolen-4-yl)methyl and the like.

Representative amide carboxy protecting groups are aminocarbonyl and loweralkylaminocarbonyl groups.

Preferred carboxy-protected compounds of the invention are compounds wherein the protected carboxy group is a loweralkyl, cycloalkyl or arylalkyl ester, for example, methyl ester, ethyl ester, propyl ester, isopropyl ester, butyl ester, sec-butyl ester, isobutyl ester, amyl ester, isoamyl ester, octyl ester, cyclohexyl ester, phenylethyl ester and  
5 the like or an alkanoyloxyalkyl, cycloalkanoyloxyalkyl, aroyloxyalkyl or an arylalkylcarbonyloxyalkyl ester. Preferred amide carboxy protecting groups are loweralkylaminocarbonyl groups. For example, aspartic acid may be protected at the  $\alpha$ -C-terminal by an acid labile group (e.g. t-butyl) and protected at the  $\beta$ -C-terminal by a hydrogenation labile group  
10 (e.g. benzyl) then deprotected selectively during synthesis.

Alternatively, it is also possible to obtain fragments of the peptides by fragmenting the naturally occurring amino acid sequence,  
15 using, for example, a proteolytic enzyme according to methods well known in the art. Further, it is possible to obtain the desired fragments of the therapeutic peptide through the use of recombinant DNA technology using methods well known in the art.

#### 20 4. Modification of Therapeutic Peptides

The manner of producing the modified therapeutic peptides of the present invention will vary widely, depending upon the nature of the various elements comprising the molecule. The synthetic procedures will be selected so as to be simple, provide for high yields, and allow for  
25 a highly purified stable product. Normally, the reactive group will be created as the last stage, for example, with a carboxyl group, esterification to form an active ester will be the last step of the synthesis. Specific methods for the production of modified therapeutic peptides of the present invention are described below.

30 Generally, the modified therapeutic peptides of the present invention may be made using blind or structure activity relationship (SAR) driven substitution. SAR is an analysis which defines the

relationship between the structure of a molecule and its pharmacological activity for a series of compounds. Various studies relative to individual therapeutic peptides show how the activity of the peptide varies according to the variation of chemical structure or chemical properties.

5 More specifically, first the therapeutic activity of the free peptide is assayed. Next, the peptide is modified according to the invention, either at the N-terminus, at the C-terminus, or in the interior of the peptide with the linking group only. The linking group will include the reactive group as discussed above. The therapeutic activity of this modified peptide-  
10 linking group is assayed next, and based on the detected activity a decision is made regarding the modification site. Next, the peptide conjugate is prepared and its therapeutic activity is determined. If the therapeutic activity of the peptide after conjugation is not substantially reduced (i.e. if the therapeutic activity is reduced by less than 10 fold),  
15 then the stability of the peptide is measured as indicated by its *in vivo* lifetime. If the stability is not improved to a desired level, then the peptide is modified at an alternative site, and the procedure is repeated until a desired level of therapeutic activity and a desired stability are achieved.

20 More specifically, each therapeutic peptide selected to undergo the derivatization with a linker and a reactive group will be modified according to the following criteria: if a terminal carboxylic group is available on the therapeutic peptide and is not critical for the retention of pharmacological activity, and no other sensitive functional group is  
25 present on the therapeutic peptide, then the carboxylic acid will be chosen as attachment point for the linker-reactive group modification. If the terminal carboxylic group is involved in pharmacological activity, or if no carboxylic acids are available, then any other sensitive functional group not critical for the retention of pharmacological activity will be  
30 selected as the attachment point for the linker-reactive group modification. If several sensitive functional groups are available on a therapeutic peptide, a combination of protecting groups will be used in

such a way that after addition of the linker/reactive group and deprotection of all the protected sensitive functional groups, retention of pharmacological activity is still obtained. If no sensitive functional groups are available on the therapeutic peptide, or if a simpler  
5 modification route is desired, synthetic efforts will allow for a modification of the original peptide in such a way that retention of biological activity and retention of receptor or target specificity is obtained. In this case the modification will occur at the opposite end of the peptide.

10 An NHS derivative may be synthesized from a carboxylic acid in absence of other sensitive functional groups in the therapeutic peptide. Specifically, such a therapeutic peptide is reacted with N-hydroxysuccinimide in anhydrous  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$  and EDC, and the product is purified by chromatography or recrystallized from the appropriate solvent system to give the NHS derivative.

15 Alternatively, an NHS derivative may be synthesized from a therapeutic peptide that contains an amino and/or thiol group and a carboxylic acid. When a free amino or thiol group is present in the molecule, it is preferable to protect these sensitive functional groups prior to perform the addition of the NHS derivative. For instance, if the  
20 molecule contains a free amino group, a transformation of the amine into a Fmoc or preferably into a tBoc protected amine is necessary prior to perform the chemistry described above. The amine functionality will not be deprotected after preparation of the NHS derivative. Therefore this method applies only to a compound whose amine group is not required  
25 to be freed to induce a pharmacological desired effect. If the amino group needs to be freed to retain the original biological properties of the molecule, then another type of chemistry described in example 3-6 has to be performed.

30 In addition, an NHS derivative may be synthesized from a therapeutic peptide containing an amino or a thiol group and no carboxylic acid. When the selected molecule contains no carboxylic acid, an array of bifunctional linkers can be used to convert the molecule

into a reactive NHS derivative. For instance, ethylene glycol-bis(succinimidylsuccinate) (EGS) and triethylamine dissolved in DMF and added to the free amino containing molecule (with a ratio of 10:1 in favor of EGS) will produce the mono NHS derivative. To produce an NHS derivative from a thiol derivatized molecule, one can use N-[maleimidobutyryloxy]succinimide ester (GMBS) and triethylamine in DMF. The maleimido group will react with the free thiol and the NHS derivative will be purified from the reaction mixture by chromatography on silica or by HPLC.

- 5        NHS derivative from a thiol derivatized molecule, one can use N-[maleimidobutyryloxy]succinimide ester (GMBS) and triethylamine in DMF. The maleimido group will react with the free thiol and the NHS derivative will be purified from the reaction mixture by chromatography on silica or by HPLC.
- 10        An NHS derivative may also be synthesized from a therapeutic peptide containing multiple sensitive functional groups. Each case will have to be analyzed and solved in a different manner. However, thanks to the large array of protecting groups and bifunctional linkers that are commercially available, this invention is applicable to any therapeutic
- 15        peptide with preferably one chemical step only to derivatize the therapeutic peptide (as described in example 1 or 3) or two steps (as described in example 2 and involving prior protection of a sensitive group) or three steps (protection, activation and deprotection). Under exceptional circumstances only, would we require to use multiple steps
- 20        (beyond three steps) synthesis to transform a therapeutic peptide into an active NHS or maleimide derivative.

- A maleimide derivative may also be synthesized from a therapeutic peptide containing a free amino group and a free carboxylic acid. To produce a maleimide derivative from a amino derivatized
- 25        molecule, one can use N-[maleimidobutyryloxy]succinimide ester (GMBS) and triethylamine in DMF. The succinimide ester group will react with the free amino and the maleimide derivative will be purified from the reaction mixture by crystallization or by chromatography on silica or by HPLC.



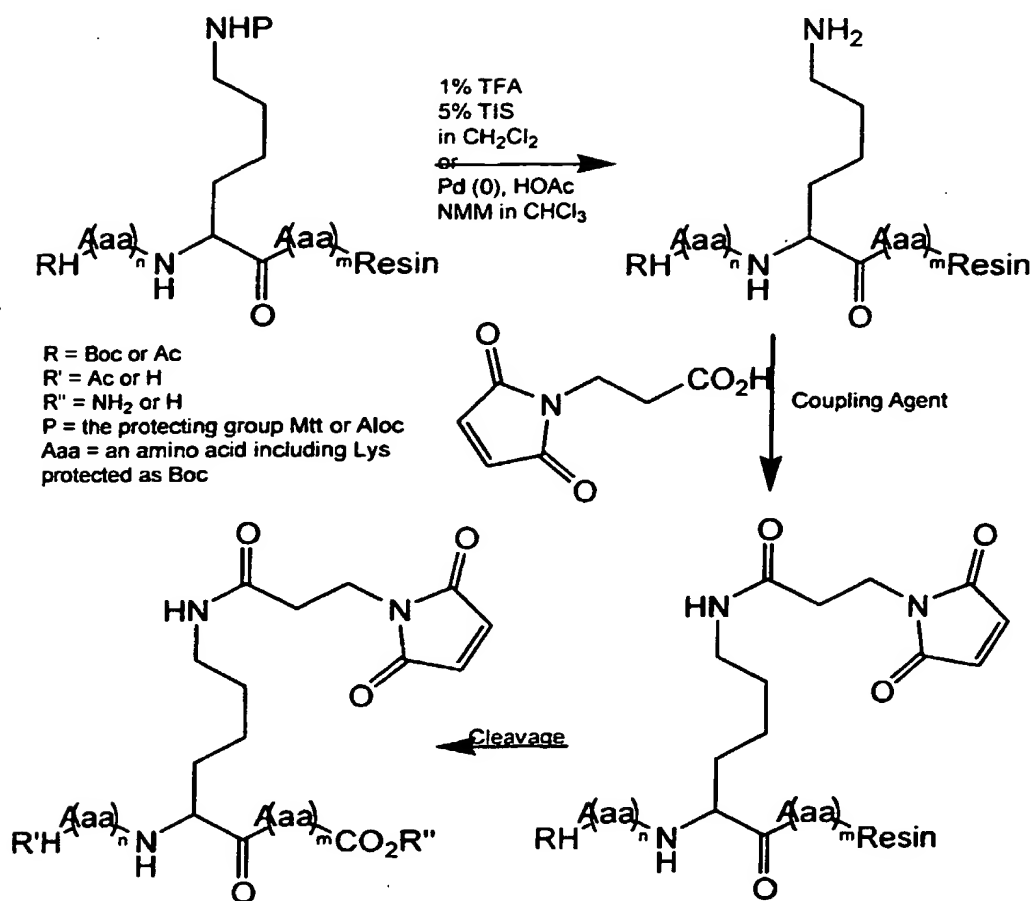
Finally, a maleimide derivative may be synthesized from a therapeutic peptide containing multiple other sensitive functional groups and no free carboxylic acids. When the selected molecule contains no carboxylic acid, an array of bifunctional crosslinking reagents can be used to convert the molecule into a reactive NHS derivative. For instance maleimidopropionic acid (MPA) can be coupled to the free amine to produce a maleimide derivative through reaction of the free amine with the carboxylic group of MPA using HBTU/HOBt/DIEA activation in DMF. Alternatively, a lysine residue can be added on the C-terminus end of the peptide to allow for conjugation onto the  $\epsilon$ -amino group of the lysine as described in the examples below. This added lysine allows for simple and efficient modification at the C-terminus of the peptide while keeping the terminal end capped by an amide function as designed by the initial choice of the resin.

Many other commercially available heterobifunctional crosslinking reagents can alternatively be used when needed. A large number of bifunctional compounds are available for linking to entities. Illustrative reagents include: azidobenzoyl hydrazide, N-[4-(p-azidosalicylamino)butyl]-3'-[2'-pyridyldithio)propionamide), bis-sulfosuccinimidyl suberate, dimethyl adipimidate, disuccinimidyl tartrate, N- $\gamma$ -maleimidobutyryloxysuccinimide ester, N-hydroxy sulfosuccinimidyl-4-azidobenzoate, N-succinimidyl [4-azidophenyl]-1,3'-dithiopropionate, N-succinimidyl [4-iodoacetyl]aminobenzoate, glutaraldehyde, and succinimidyl 4-[N-maleimidomethyl]cyclohexane-1-carboxylate.

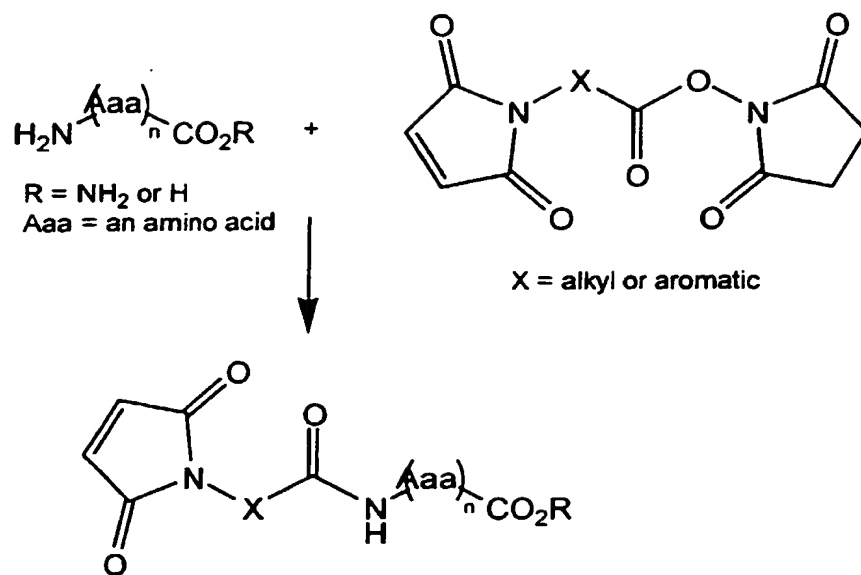
Even more specifically, the peptides are preferably modified according to the nature of their substituents and the presence or absence of free cysteines. Most peptides can be gathered into three distinct categories: (1) peptides that contain no cysteines; (2) peptides  
5 that contain one cysteine, (3) peptides that contain two cysteines as a disulfide bridge (cystine); and (4) peptides that contain multiple cysteines.

**A. Peptides that Contain No Cysteines**

10 Where the peptide contains no cysteine, addition from the C terminus is performed with all residues cleaved from the support resin and fully protected. Solution phase activation of C-terminus with EDC and NHS can be reacted with an amino-alkyl-maleimide in one pot. The peptide is then fully deprotected. Alternatively, a lysine residue can be  
15 added on the C-terminus of the peptide to allow modification at the epsilon amino group of the lysine while keeping the carboxy terminus capped with an amide group. Such an addition of a lysine residue is preferably performed only where the addition does not substantially affect the therapeutic activity of the peptide. The generalized reaction  
20 scheme for C-terminus modification of peptides that contain no cysteines is illustrated in the schematic diagram below.

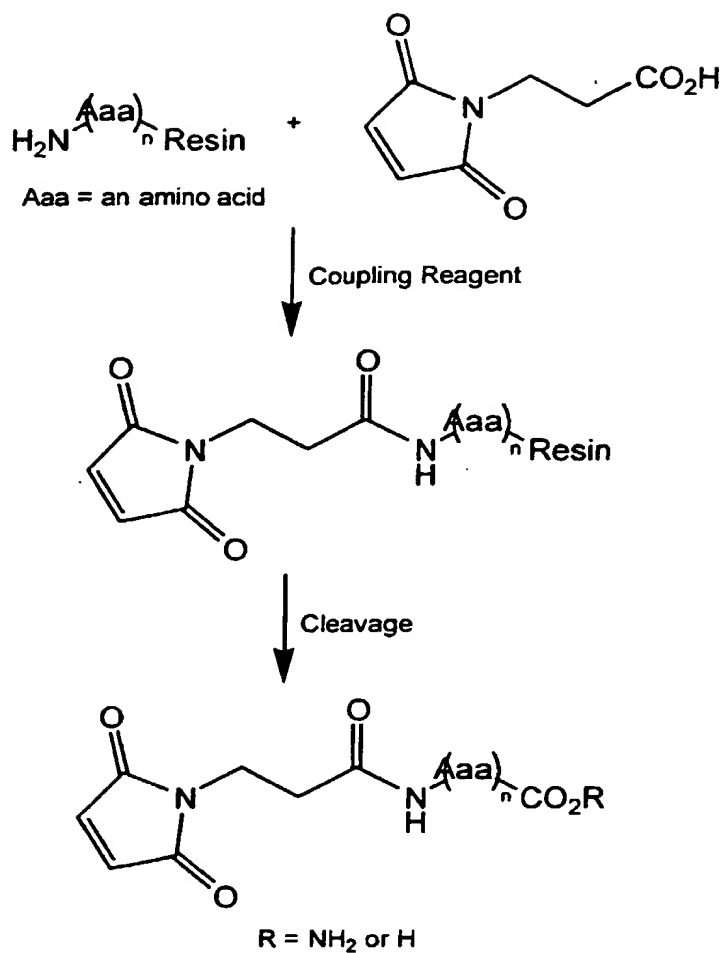


- If an N-terminus modification is favored, and again for a peptide containing no cysteine, addition on the N terminus is performed with all residues still on the support resin and fully protected. Addition of activated NHS-Mal bifunctional linker could be performed on deprotected N-terminus with peptide still on resin. The peptide is then fully deprotected. Examples of therapeutic peptides that contain no cysteine and undergo a C-terminus modification are described in examples 7-26.
- Examples of therapeutic peptides that contain no cysteine and undergo a N-terminus modification are described in examples 27-38. The generalized reaction scheme for N-terminus modification of peptides that contain no cysteines is illustrated in the schematic diagrams below, using hetero NHS maleimide (GMBS like) and 3-MPA, respectively.



Hetero NHS Maleimide (GMBS like)

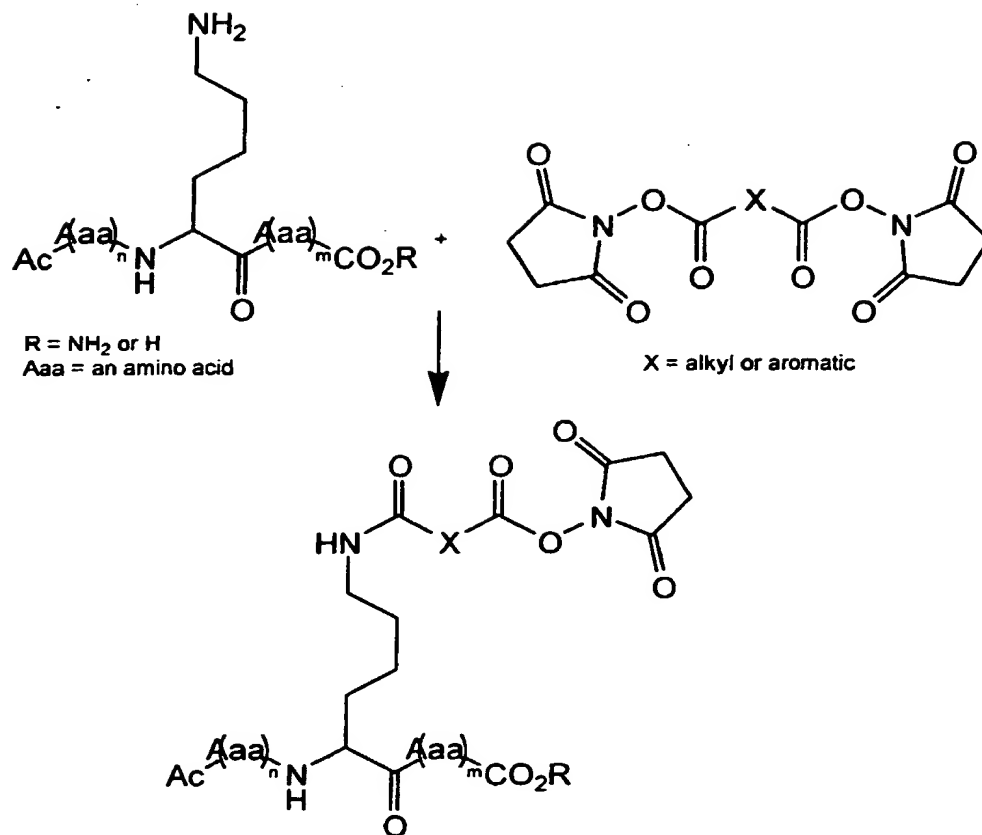
- 77 -



3-MPA

Alternatively, the peptide may be modified at an internal amino acid (i.e. neither at the C-terminus nor at the N-terminus). The

5 generalized reaction scheme for modification at an internal amino acid of a peptide that contains no free cysteines is illustrated in the schematic diagrams below, using homo bis NHS and hetero NHS maleimide.

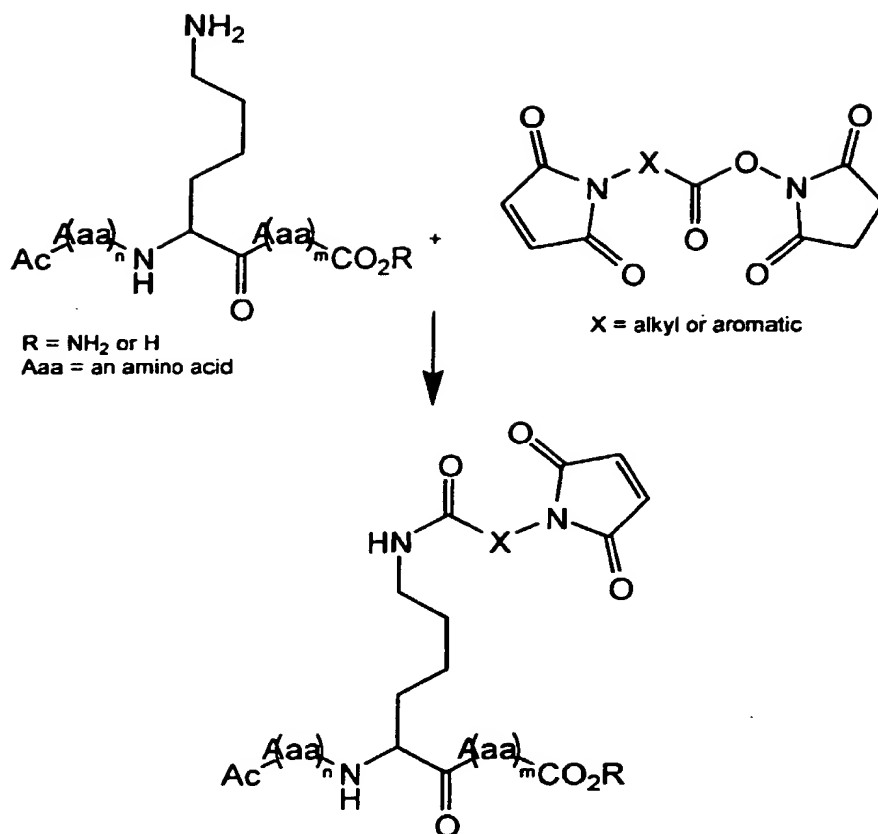


5

Homo bis NHS

10

5



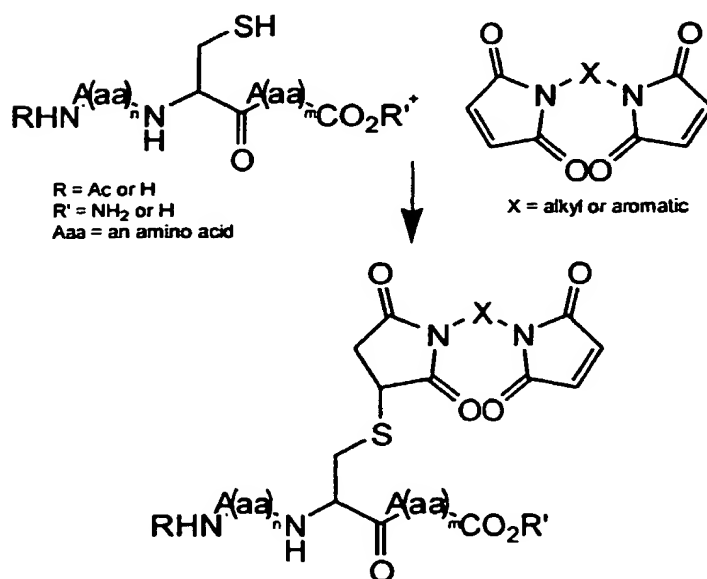
Peptides that contain no cysteine and can be modified as described above include fragments of the Kringle 5 peptide, of the GLP-1 peptide, of dynorphin A, human growth hormone releasing factor, the

10 1-24 fragment of human neuropeptide Y, and human secretin. Full description of the chemistry for each of these peptides is reported in the Example section.

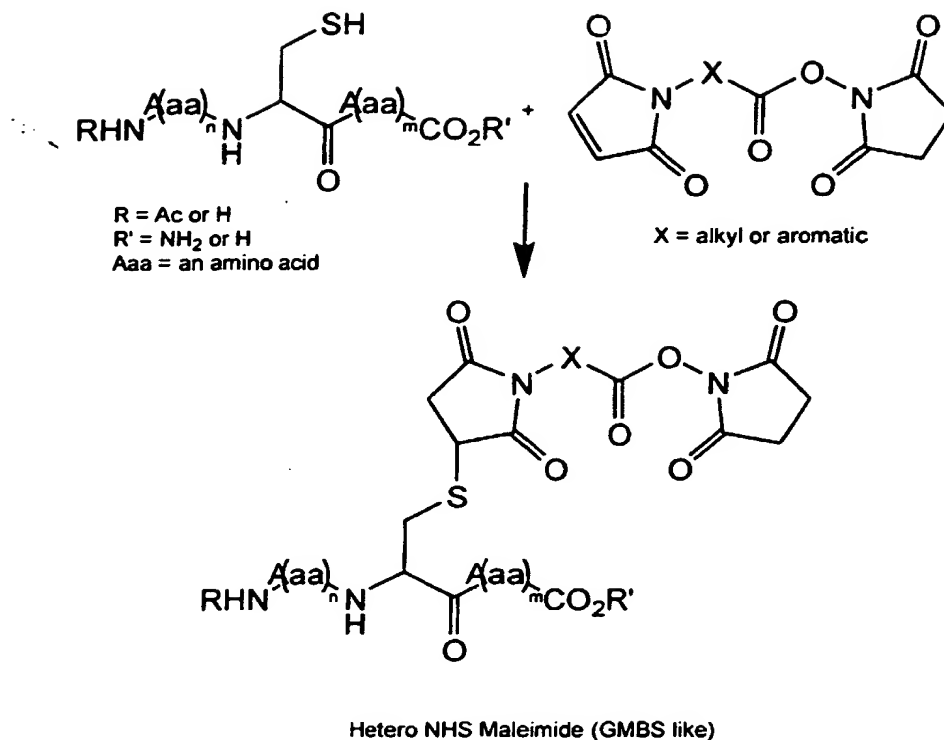
## B. Peptides that Contain One Cysteine

Where the peptide contains one cysteine, the cysteine must stay capped after addition of the maleimide. If the cysteine is involved in binding site, assessment has to be made of how much potency is lost if cysteine is capped by a protecting group. If the cysteine can stay capped, then the synthetic path is similar to that described in section A above for either a C or an N terminus modification.

Alternatively, the peptide may be modified at an internal amino acid (i.e. neither at the C-terminus nor at the N-terminus). The generalized reaction scheme for modification at an internal amino acid of a peptide that contains no cysteines is illustrated in the schematic diagram below, using homobis maleimide and hetero NHS maleimide (GMBS like).







5

Examples of therapeutic peptides that contain one cysteine include G<sub>α</sub> (the alpha subunit of Gtherapeutic peptide binding protein), the 724-739 fragment of rat brain nitric oxide synthase blocking peptide, the alpha subunit 1-32 fragment of human [Tyr0] inhibin, the 254-274

10 fragment of HIV envelope protein, and P34cdc2 kinase fragment.

### C. Peptides that Contain Two Cysteines as a Disulfide Bridge (Cystine)

15

Where the peptide contains two cysteines as a disulfide bridge, the peptide is cleaved from the support resin before addition of the maleimide. For a modification of the peptide from the C terminus end, all protecting groups are present except at the carboxy terminus (which

stays unprotected due to cleavage from the support resin) and at the two cysteines, which need to be deprotected when peptide is cleaved from resin. Mild air oxidation yields the disulfide bridge, and the peptide can be purified at that stage. Solution phase chemistry is then required to

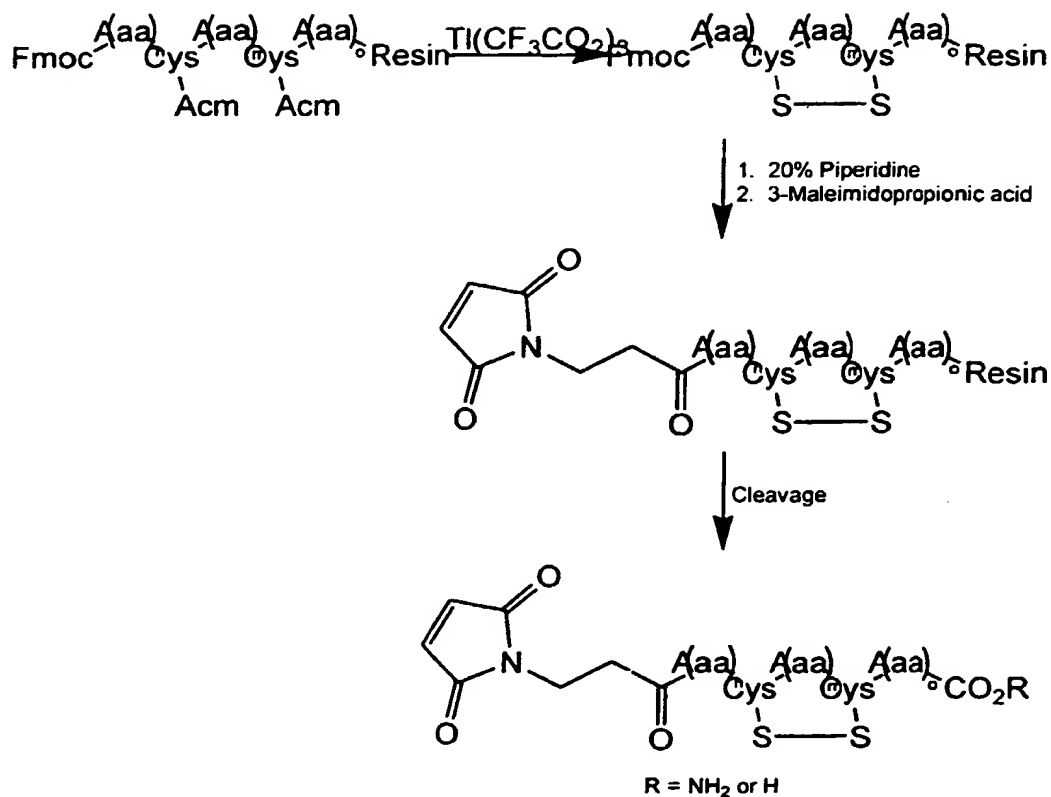
5 activate the C-terminus in presence of the disulfide bridge and add the maleimide (through an amino-alkyl-maleimide) to the C-terminus. The peptide is then fully deprotected.

For a modification of the peptide at the N-terminus, the peptide can remain on the support resin. The two cysteines are selectively

10 deprotected before addition of the maleimide. Air oxidation, potentially helped by a catalyst (heterogeneous) can yield the disulfide with the peptide still on the resin. Maleimide is then added on the N-terminus and peptide cleaved from resin and fully deprotected. The generalized reaction scheme for modification at an internal amino acid of a peptide

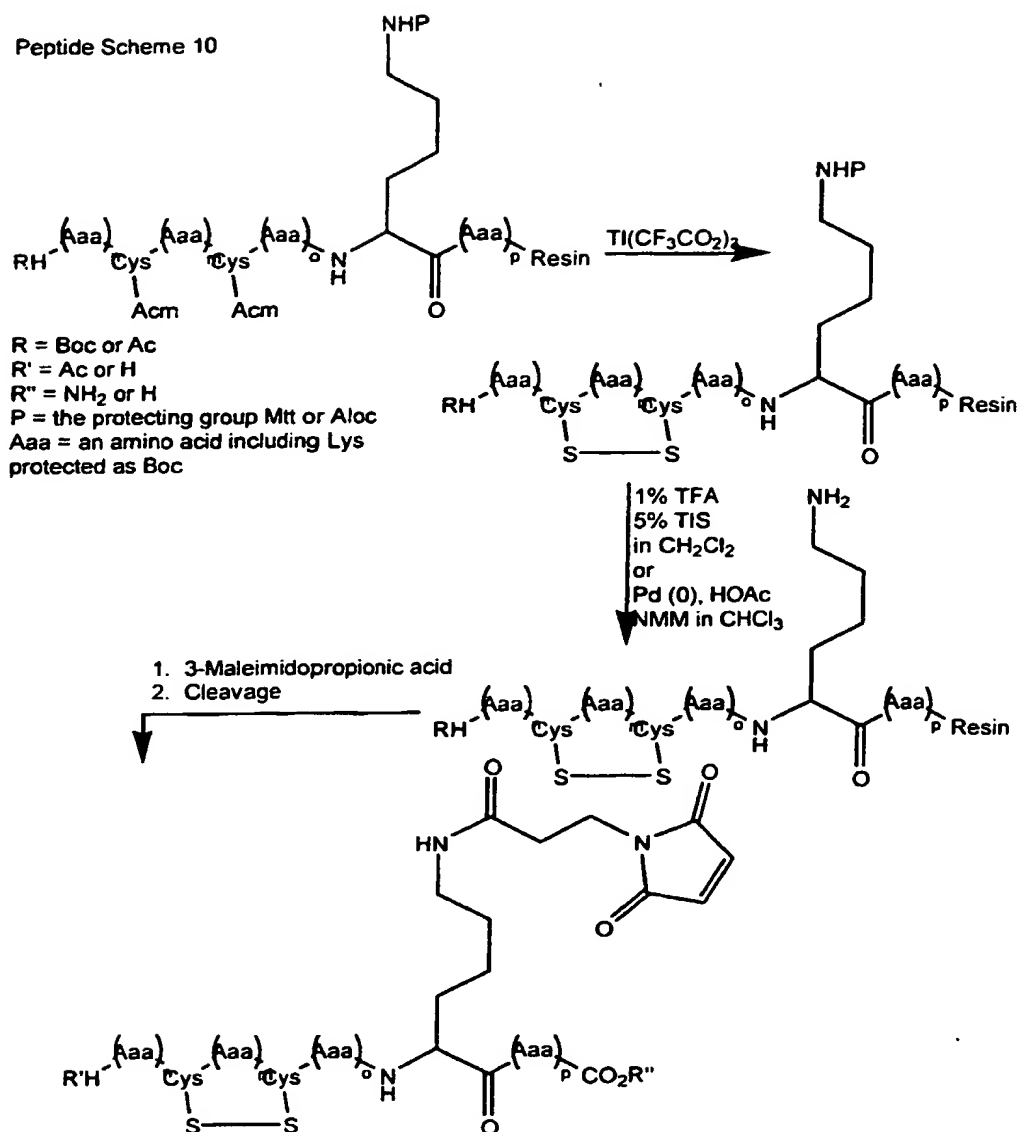
15 that contains two cysteines in a disulfide bridge is illustrated in the schematic diagram below.

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- Alternatively, the peptide may be modified at an internal amino acid (i.e. neither at the C-terminus nor at the N-terminus). The
- 5 generalized reaction scheme for modification at an internal amino acid of a peptide that contains two cysteines in a disulfide bridge is illustrated in the schematic diagram below.

Peptide Scheme 10



Examples of therapeutic peptides that contain two cysteines as a disulfide bridge include human osteocalcin 1-49, human diabetes associated peptide, the 5-28 fragment of human/canine atrial natriuretic peptide, bovine batenecin, and human [Tyr0]-cortistatin 29.

#### D. Peptides Containing Multiple Cysteines

Where the peptide contains multiple cysteines as disulfide bridges, the peptide is cleaved from the support resin before addition of

the maleimide. For a modification of the peptide from the C terminus end, all protecting groups are present except at the carboxy terminus (which stays unprotected due to cleavage from the support resin) and at the two cysteines that are supposed to build a disulfide bridge.

- 5 Cysteines that are involved in other disulfide bridges are deprotected sequentially in pairs using a choice of protecting groups. It is recommended to build and purify each bridge one at a time prior to moving on to the next bridge. Mild air oxidation yields the disulfide bridge, and the peptide should be purified at each stage. Solution phase  
10 chemistry is then required to activate the C-terminus in presence of the disulfide bridge and add the maleimide (through an amino-alkyl-maleimide) to the C-terminus. The peptide is then fully deprotected.

- For a modification of the peptide from the N terminus end, one can leave the peptide on the support resin and selectively deprotect the  
15 first two cysteines to build the disulfide under mild air oxidation. Subsequent deprotection will offer the other disulfides before addition of the maleimide. Air oxidation, potentially helped by a catalyst (heterogeneous) can yield the disulfides with the peptide still on the resin. Maleimide is then added on the N-terminus and peptide cleaved  
20 from resin and fully deprotected.

Alternatively, the peptide may be modified at an internal amino acid (i.e. neither at the C-terminus nor at the N-terminus).

Peptides containing multiple cysteines include human endothelins and [Lys4] Sarafotoxin S6c.

25

## **5. Administration of the Modified Therapeutic Peptides**

- The modified therapeutic peptide will be administered in a physiologically acceptable medium, e.g. deionized water, phosphate buffered saline (PBS), saline, aqueous ethanol or other alcohol, plasma,  
30 proteinaceous solutions, mannitol, aqueous glucose, alcohol, vegetable oil, or the like. Other additives which may be included include buffers, where the media are generally buffered at a pH in the range of about 5

to 10, where the buffer will generally range in concentration from about 50 to 250 mM, salt, where the concentration of salt will generally range from about 5 to 500 mM, physiologically acceptable stabilizers, and the like. The compositions may be lyophilized for convenient storage and  
5 transport.

The modified therapeutic peptides will for the most part be administered orally, parenterally, such as intravascularly (IV), intraarterially (IA), intramuscularly (IM), subcutaneously (SC), or the like. Administration may in appropriate situations be by transfusion. In some  
10 instances, where reaction of the functional group is relatively slow, administration may be oral, nasal, rectal, transdermal or aerosol, where the nature of the conjugate allows for transfer to the vascular system. Usually a single injection will be employed although more than one injection may be used, if desired. The modified therapeutic peptides  
15 may be administered by any convenient means, including syringe, trocar, catheter, or the like. The particular manner of administration will vary depending upon the amount to be administered, whether a single bolus or continuous administration, or the like. Preferably, the administration will be intravascularly, where the site of introduction is not  
20 critical to this invention, preferably at a site where there is rapid blood flow, e.g., intravenously, peripheral or central vein. Other routes may find use where the administration is coupled with slow release techniques or a protective matrix. The intent is that the therapeutic peptides be effectively distributed in the blood, so as to be able to react  
25 with the blood components. The concentration of the conjugate will vary widely, generally ranging from about 1 pg/ml to 50 mg/ml. The total administered intravascularly will generally be in the range of about 0.1 mg/ml to about 10 mg/ml, more usually about 1 mg/ml to about 5 mg/ml.

By bonding to long-lived components of the blood, such as  
30 immunoglobulin, serum albumin, red blood cells and platelets, a number of advantages ensue. The activity of the modified therapeutic peptides compound is extended for days to weeks. Only one administration need

be given during this period of time. Greater specificity can be achieved, since the active compound will be primarily bound to large molecules, where it is less likely to be taken up intracellularly to interfere with other physiological processes.

5           The formation of the covalent bond between the blood component may occur *in vivo* or *ex vivo*. For *ex vivo* covalent bond formation, the modified therapeutic peptide is added to blood, serum or saline solution containing human serum albumin or IgG to permit covalent bond formation between the modified therapeutic peptide and the blood  
10   component. In a preferred format, the therapeutic peptide is modified with maleimide and it is reacted with human serum albumin in saline solution. Once the modified therapeutic peptide has reacted with the blood component, to form a therapeutic peptide-protein conjugate, the conjugate may be administered to the patient.

15           Alternatively, the modified therapeutic peptide may be administered to the patient directly so that the covalent bond forms between the modified therapeutic peptide and the blood component *in vivo*.

          In addition, where localized delivery of therapeutic peptides is  
20   desired, several methods of delivery may be used:

**A.     Open Surgical Field Lavage**

          There are a number of indications for local therapeutic compounds which would entail administration of the therapeutic compound as an adjunct to open surgery. In these cases, the therapeutic compound would  
25   either be lavaged in the surgical site (or a portion of that site) prior to closure, or the therapeutic compound would be incubated for a short time in a confined space (e.g., the interior of a section of an artery following an endarterectomy procedure or a portion of GI tract during resection) and the excess fluid subsequently evacuated.

30           **B.     Incubation of Tissue Grafts**

          Tissue grafts such as autologous and xenobiotic vein/artery and valve grafts as well as organ grafts can be pretreated with therapeutic

compounds that have been modified to permit covalent bond formation by either incubating them in a therapeutic solution and/or perfusing them with such a solution.

### **C. Catheter Delivery**

5 A catheter is used to deliver the therapeutic compound either as part of an endoscopic procedure into the interior of an organ (e.g., bladder, GI tract, vagina/uterus) or adjunctive to a cardiovascular catheter procedure such as a balloon angioplasty. Standard catheters as well as newer drug delivery and iontophoretic catheters can be utilized.

### **D. Direct Injection**

For certain poorly vascularized spaces such as intra-articular joint spaces, a direct injection of a therapeutic compound may be able to bioconjugate to surface tissues and achieve a desirable duration of drug effect. Other applications could include intra medullary, intratumor,  
15 intravaginal, intrauterine, intra intestinal, intra eustachian tube, intrathecal, subcutaneous, intrarticular, intraperitoneal or intraocular injections as well as via bronchoscope, via nasogastric tube and via nephrostomy.

### **6. Monitoring the Presence of Modified Therapeutic Peptide Derivatives**

Another aspect of this invention relates to methods for determining the concentration of the therapeutic peptides and/or analogs, or their derivatives and conjugates in biological samples (such  
25 as blood) and determining the peptidase stability of the modified peptides. The blood of the mammalian host may be monitored for the presence of the modified therapeutic peptide compounds one or more times. By taking a portion or sample of the blood of the host, one may determine whether the therapeutic peptide has become bound to the  
30 long-lived blood components in sufficient amount to be therapeutically active and, thereafter, the level of therapeutic peptide compound in the blood. If desired, one may also determine to which of the blood components the therapeutic peptide derivative molecule is bound. This



is particularly important when using non-specific therapeutic peptides. For specific maleimide-therapeutic peptides, it is much simpler to calculate the half life of serum albumin and IgG.

One method for determining the concentration of the therapeutic peptide, analogs, derivatives and conjugates is to use antibodies specific to the therapeutic peptides or therapeutic peptide analogs or their derivatives and conjugates, and to use such antibodies as a treatment for toxicity potentially associated with such therapeutic peptides, analogs, and/or their derivatives or conjugates. This is advantageous because the increased stability and life of the therapeutic peptides *in vivo* in the patient might lead to novel problems during treatment, including increased possibility for toxicity. It should be mentioned, however, that in some cases, the traditional antibody assay may not recognize the difference between cleaved and uncleaved therapeutic peptides. In such cases, other assay techniques may be employed, for example LC/MS (Liquid Chromatography / Mass Spectrometry).

The use of antibodies, either monoclonal or polyclonal, having specificity for a particular therapeutic peptide, analog or derivative thereof, can assist in mediating any such problem. The antibody may be generated or derived from a host immunized with the particular therapeutic peptide, analog or derivative thereof, or with an immunogenic fragment of the agent, or a synthesized immunogen corresponding to an antigenic determinant of the agent. Preferred antibodies will have high specificity and affinity for native, derivatized and conjugated forms of the therapeutic peptide or therapeutic peptide analog. Such antibodies can also be labeled with enzymes, fluorochromes, or radiolabels.

Antibodies specific for derivatized therapeutic peptides may be produced by using purified therapeutic peptides for the induction of derivatized therapeutic peptide-specific antibodies. By induction of antibodies, it is intended not only the stimulation of an immune response by injection into animals, but analogous steps in the production of

synthetic antibodies or other specific binding molecules such as screening of recombinant immunoglobulin libraries. Both monoclonal and polyclonal antibodies can be produced by procedures well known in the art. In some cases, the use of monoclonal antibodies may be preferred over polyclonal antibodies, such as when degradation occurs over an area not covered by epitope/antibody recognition.

The antibodies may be used to treat toxicity induced by administration of the therapeutic peptide, analog or derivative thereof, and may be used *ex vivo* or *in vivo*. *Ex vivo* methods would include immuno-dialysis treatment for toxicity employing antibodies fixed to solid supports. *In vivo* methods include administration of antibodies in amounts effective to induce clearance of antibody-agent complexes.

The antibodies may be used to remove the therapeutic peptides, analogs or derivatives thereof, and conjugates thereof, from a patient's blood *ex vivo* by contacting the blood with the antibodies under sterile conditions. For example, the antibodies can be fixed or otherwise immobilized on a column matrix and the patient's blood can be removed from the patient and passed over the matrix. The therapeutic peptide analogs, derivatives or conjugates, will bind to the antibodies and the blood containing a low concentration of the therapeutic peptide, analog, derivative or conjugate, then may be returned to the patient's circulatory system. The amount of therapeutic peptide compound removed can be controlled by adjusting the pressure and flow rate. Preferential removal of the therapeutic peptides, analogs, derivatives and conjugates from the plasma component of a patient's blood can be affected, for example, by the use of a semipermeable membrane, or by otherwise first separating the plasma component from the cellular component by ways known in the art prior to passing the plasma component over a matrix containing the anti-therapeutic antibodies. Alternatively the preferential removal of therapeutic peptide-conjugated blood cells, including red blood cells, can be effected by collecting and concentrating the blood cells in the patient's blood and contacting those cells with fixed anti-therapeutic

antibodies to the exclusion of the serum component of the patient's blood.

5       The antibodies can be administered *in vivo*, parenterally, to a patient that has received the therapeutic peptide, analogs, derivatives or conjugates for treatment. The antibodies will bind the therapeutic peptide compounds and conjugates. Once bound the therapeutic peptide, activity will be hindered if not completely blocked thereby reducing the biologically effective concentration of therapeutic peptide compound in the patient's bloodstream and minimizing harmful side effects. In addition, the bound antibody-therapeutic peptide complex will facilitate clearance of the therapeutic peptide compounds and conjugates from the patient's blood stream.

10

15       The invention having been fully described is now exemplified by the following non-limiting examples.

## EXAMPLES

### A. General Method of Synthesis of a Modified Therapeutic Peptide

5

Solid phase peptide synthesis of the modified peptide on a 100  $\mu$ mole scale was performed on a Symphony Peptide Synthesizer using Fmoc protected Rink Amide MBHA resin, Fmoc protected amino acids, O-benzotriazol-1-yl-*N, N, N, N*-tetramethyl-uronium hexafluorophosphate (HBTU) in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) solution and activation with *N*-methyl morpholine (NMM), and piperidine deprotection of Fmoc groups (Step 1). The deprotection of the terminal Fmoc group is accomplished using 20% piperidine (Step 2) followed by either the coupling of 3-maleimidopropionic acid (3-MPA), the coupling of acetic acid or the coupling of one or multiple Fmoc-AEEA followed by the coupling of 3-MPA (Step 3). Resin cleavage and products isolation are performed using 86% TFA/5% TIS/5% H<sub>2</sub>O/2% thioanisole and 2% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 4). The products are purified by preparative reverse phase HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system using a Dynamax C<sub>18</sub>, 60Å, 8  $\mu$ m, 21 mm x 25 cm column equipped with a Dynamax C<sub>18</sub>, 60Å, 8  $\mu$ m guard module, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at  $\lambda$  214 and 254 nm. The product should have >95% purity as determined by RP-HPLC mass spectrometry using a Hewlett Packard LCMS-1100 series spectrometer equipped with a diode array detector and using electro-spray ionization.

### B. Alteration of the Native Peptide Chain

To facilitate modification of the peptide, one or more amino acid residues may be added to the peptide as described in examples 1 to 5, and/or one or more amino acid residues may be replaced with other amino acid residues. This alteration aids attachment of the reactive group.

**Example 1 – Addition of Lys at C-Terminus of Kringle-5**  
**Preparation of NAc-Pro-Arg-Lys-Leu-Tyr-Asp-Tyr-Lys-NH<sub>2</sub>.3TFA**

Using automated peptide synthesis, the following protected amino acids were sequentially added to Rink Amide MBHA resin: Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH. Deblocking of the Fmoc group the the N-terminal of the resin-bound amino acid was performed with 20% piperidine in DMF for about 15-20 minutes. Coupling of the acetic acid was performed under conditions similar to amino acid coupling. Final cleavage from the resin was performed using cleavage mixture as described above. The product was isolated by precipitation and purified by preparative HPLC to afford the desired product as a white solid upon lyophilization .

**Example 2 - Addition of Lys at C-Terminus of Kringle-5**  
**Preparation of NAc-Arg-Lys-Leu-Tyr-Asp-Tyr-Lys-NH<sub>2</sub>.2TFA.3TFA**

Using automated peptide synthesis, the following protected amino acids were sequentially added to Rink Amide MBHA resin: Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH. Deblocking of the Fmoc group the the N-terminal of the resin-bound amino acid was performed with 20% piperidine in DMF for about 15-20 minutes. Coupling of the acetic acid was performed under conditions similar to amino acid coupling. Final cleavage from the resin was performed using cleavage mixture as described above. The product was isolated by precipitation and purified by preparative HPLC to afford the desired product as a white solid upon lyophilization.

**Example 3 - Addition of Lys at N-Terminus of Kringle-5**  
**Preparation of NAc-Tyr-Thr-Thr-Asn-Pro-Arg-Lys-Leu-Tyr-Asp-Tyr-Lys-NH<sub>2</sub>.3TFA**

Using automated peptide synthesis, the following protected amino acids were sequentially added to Rink Amide MBHA resin: Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, 5 Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)OH. Deblocking of the Fmoc group the the N-terminal of the resin-bound amino acid was performed with 20% piperidine in DMF for about 15-20 minutes. Coupling of the acetic acid was performed under conditions similar to amino acid coupling. Final 10 cleavage from the resin was performed using cleavage mixture as described above. The product was isolated by precipitation and purified by preparative HPLC to afford the desired product as a white solid upon lyophilization.

15 **Example 4 - Addition of Lys at N-Terminus of Kringle-5, Substitution of Cys with Ala at Position 524**  
**Preparation of NAc-Arg-Asn-Pro-Asp-Gly-Asp-Val-Gly-Gly-Pro-Trp-Ala<sup>524</sup>-Tyr-Thr-Thr-Asn-Pro-Arg-Lys-Leu-Tyr-Asp-Tyr-Lys-NH<sub>2</sub>.4TFA**

20 Using automated peptide synthesis, the following protected amino acids were sequentially added to Rink Amide MBHA resin: Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, 25 OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Trp-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Val-OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH. Deblocking of the Fmoc group the the N-terminal of the resin-bound amino acid was performed with 20% piperidine in DMF for 30 about 15-20 minutes. Coupling of the acetic acid was performed under conditions similar to amino acid coupling. Final cleavage from the resin was performed using cleavage mixture as described above. The

product was isolated by precipitation and purified by preparative HPLC to afford the desired product as a white solid upon lyophilization.

**Example 5 - Addition of Lys at N-Terminus of Kringle-5**  
5 **Preparation of NAc-Arg-Asn-Pro-Asp-Gly-Asp-Val-Gly-Gly-Pro-Trp-Lys-NH<sub>2</sub>·2TFA**

Using automated peptide synthesis, the following protected amino acids were sequentially added to Rink Amide MBHA resin: Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Trp-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Val-OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH. Deblocking of the Fmoc group the the N-terminal of the resin-bound amino acid was performed with 20% piperidine in DMF for about 15-20  
15 minutes. Coupling of the acetic acid was performed under conditions similar to amino acid coupling. Final cleavage from the resin was performed using cleavage mixture as described above. The product was isolated by precipitation and purified by preparative HPLC to afford the desired product as a white solid upon lyophilization.

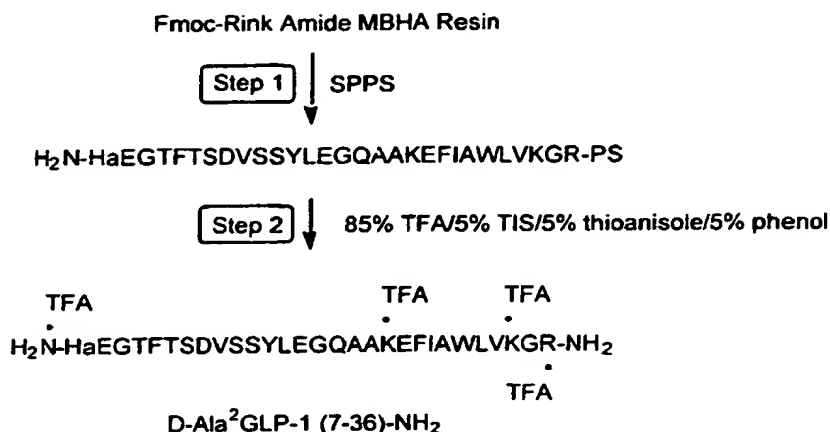
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**Example 6 – Preparation of D-Ala<sup>2</sup> GLP-1 (7-36) Amide**

Solid phase peptide synthesis of the GLP-1 analog on a 100  $\mu$ mole scale is performed using manual solid-phase synthesis and a  
25 Symphony Peptide Synthesizer using Fmoc protected Rink Amide MBHA resin, Fmoc protected amino acids, O-benzotriazol-1-yl-*N, N, N, N*-tetramethyl-uronium hexafluorophosphate (HBTU) in *N, N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) solution and activation with *N*-methyl morpholine (NMM), and piperidine deprotection of Fmoc groups (Step  
30 1). Resin cleavage and product isolation is performed using 85% TFA/5% TIS/5% thioanisole and 5% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 2). The product is purified by preparative reversed phased HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system: gradient elution of 30-55% B (0.045% TFA in H<sub>2</sub>O (A) and

- 96 -

- 0.045% TFA in CH<sub>3</sub>CN (B)) over 180 min at 9.5 mL/min using a Phenomenex Luna 10  $\mu$  phenyl-hexyl, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at  $\lambda$  214 and 254 nm to afford the desired peptide in >95% purity, as determined by RP-HPLC. These
- 5 steps are illustrated in the schematic diagram below.



10 **C. Preparation of Modified Peptides From Peptides Containing No Cysteines**

- Preparation of maleimido peptides from therapeutic peptides containing multiple protected functional groups and no Cysteine is exemplified by the synthesis of peptides as described below. The
- 15 peptide may be modified at the N-terminus, the C-terminus, or at an amino acid located between the N-terminus and the C-terminus. The modified peptide is synthesized by linking off the N-terminus of the natural peptide sequence or by linking off the modified C-terminus of the natural peptide sequence. One or more additional amino acids may be
- 20 added to the therapeutic peptide to facilitate attachment of the reactive group.



## 1. Modification of the Therapeutic Peptide at the C-Terminus

5 **Example 7 – Modification of RSV Peptide at the  $\epsilon$ -Amino Group of the Added C-terminus Lysine Residue**  
**Preparation of Val-Ile-Thr-Ile-Glu-Leu-Ser-Asn-Ile-Lys-Glu-Asn-Lys-Met-Asn-Gly-Ala-Lys-Val-Lys-Leu-Ile-Lys-Gln-Glu-Leu-Asp-Lys-Tyr-Lys-Asn-Ala-Val-Lys-(N $\epsilon$ -MPA)**

10 Solid phase peptide synthesis of the DAC analog on a 100  $\mu$ mole scale is performed using manual solid-phase synthesis, a Symphony Peptide Synthesizer and Fmoc protected Rink Amide MBHA. The following protected amino acids are sequentially added to resin: Fmoc-Lys(Aloc)-OH, Fmoc-Val-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Asp(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Glu(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Gln(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Ile-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Val-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Met-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Glu(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Ile-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Glu(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Ile-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Ile-OH, Fmoc-Val-OH. They are dissolved in N,N-dimethylformamide (DMF) and, according to the sequence, activated using O-benzotriazol-1-yl-N, N, N', N'-tetramethyl-uronium hexafluorophosphate (HBTU) and Diisopropylethylamine (DIEA). Removal of the Fmoc protecting group is achieved using a solution of 20% (V/V) piperidine in N,N-dimethylformamide (DMF) for 20 minutes (step 1). The selective deprotection of the Lys (Aloc) group is performed manually and accomplished by treating the resin with a solution of 3 eq of Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> dissolved in 5 mL of CHCl<sub>3</sub>:NMM:HOAc (18:1:0.5) for 2 h (Step 2). The resin is then washed with CHCl<sub>3</sub> (6 x 5 mL), 20% HOAc in DCM (6 x 5 mL), DCM (6 x 5 mL), and DMF (6 x 5 mL). The synthesis is then re-automated for the addition of the 3-maleimidopropionic acid (Step 3). Between every coupling, the resin is washed 3 times with N,N-

dimethylformamide (DMF) and 3 times with isopropanol. The peptide is cleaved from the resin using 85% TFA/5% TIS/5% thioanisole and 5% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 4). The product is purified by preparative reverse phase HPLC using a Varian  
5 (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system: gradient elution of 30-55% B (0.045% TFA in H<sub>2</sub>O (A) and 0.045% TFA in CH<sub>3</sub>CN (B)) over 180 min at 9.5 mL/min using a Phenomenex Luna 10  $\mu$  phenyl-hexyl, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at  $\lambda$  214 and 254 nm to afford the desired DAC in >95% purity, as determined by RP-  
10 HPLC.

**Example 8 – Modification of Dyn A 1-13 at the  $\epsilon$ -Amino Group of the Added C-terminus Lysine Residue - Synthesis of Dyn A 1-13(N $\epsilon$ -MPA)-NH<sub>2</sub>**  
15 **Tyr-Gly-Gly-Phe-Leu-Arg-Arg-Ile-Arg-Pro-Lys-Leu-Lys-(N $\epsilon$ -MPA)-NH<sub>2</sub>**

Solid phase peptide synthesis of a modified Dyn A 1-13 on a 100  $\mu$ mole scale was performed using manual solid-phase synthesis, a  
20 Symphony Peptide Synthesizer and Fmoc protected Rink Amide MBHA. The following protected amino acids were sequentially added to resin: Fmoc-Lys(Aloc)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Ile-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Phe-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH,  
25 Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)-OH. They were dissolved in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) and, according to the sequence, activated using O-benzotriazol-1-yl-*N,N,N',N'*-tetramethyl-uronium hexafluorophosphate (HBTU) and Diisopropylethylamine (DIEA). Removal of the Fmoc protecting group is achieved using a solution of 20% (V/V) piperidine in *N,N*-  
30 dimethylformamide (DMF) for 20 minutes (Step 1). The selective deprotection of the Lys (Aloc) group is performed manually and accomplished by treating the resin with a solution of 3 eq of Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> dissolved in 5 mL of CHCl<sub>3</sub>:NMM:HOAc (18:1:0.5) for 2 h (Step 2). The resin is then washed with CHCl<sub>3</sub> (6 x 5 mL), 20% HOAc in DCM (6 x 5

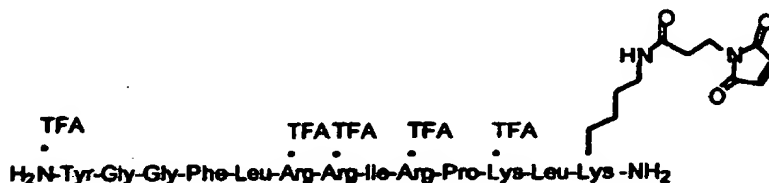
- 99 -

mL), DCM (6 x 5 mL), and DMF (6 x 5 mL). The synthesis is then re-automated for the addition of the 3-maleimidopropionic acid (Step 3). Between every coupling, the resin is washed 3 times with *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) and 3 times with isopropanol. The peptide is

5 cleaved from the resin using 85% TFA/5% TIS/5% thioanisole and 5% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 4). The product is purified by preparative reverse phase HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system: gradient elution of 30-55% B (0.045% TFA in H<sub>2</sub>O (A) and 0.045% TFA in CH<sub>3</sub>CN (B)) over 180 min at

10 9.5 mL/min using a Phenomenex Luna 10 μ phenyl-hexyl, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at λ 214 and 254 nm to afford the desired DAC in >95% purity, as determined by RP-HPLC.

The structure of this product is



**Example 9 - Modification of Dyn A 2-13 at the ε-Amino Group of the Added C-terminus Lysine Residue - Synthesis of Dyn A 2-13(Nε-MPA)-NH<sub>2</sub>**

20 **Gly-Gly-Phe-Leu-Arg-Arg-Ile-Arg-Pro-Lys-Leu-Lys-(Nε-MPA)-NH<sub>2</sub>**

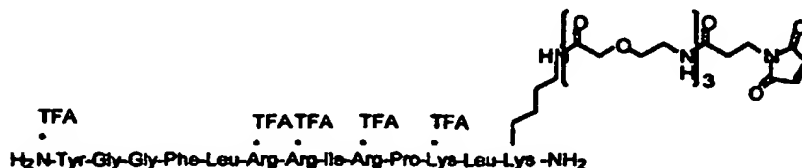
Using automated peptide synthesis, the following protected amino acids were sequentially added to Rink Amide MBHA resin: Fmoc-

25 Lys(Mtt)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Ile-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Phe-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, and Boc-Gly-OH. Manual synthesis was employed for the remaining steps: selective removal of the Mtt group and coupling of MPA using HBTU/HOBt/DIEA activation in

DMF. The target dynorphin analog was removed from the resin; the product was isolated by precipitation and purified by preparative HPLC to afford the desired product as a white solid upon lyophilization in a 35% yield. Anal. HPLC indicated product to be >95% pure with  $R_t =$   
 5 30.42 min. ESI-MS  $m/z$  for  $C_{73}H_{123}N_{25}O_{15}$  ( $MH^+$ ), calcd 1590.0, found  $MH^{3+}$  531.3.

**Example 10 - Modification of Dyn A 1-13 at the  $\epsilon$ -Amino Group of the Added C-terminus Lysine Residue - Synthesis of Dyn A 1-13(AEA<sub>3</sub>-MPA)-NH<sub>2</sub>**  
 10 **Tyr-Gly-Gly-Phe-Leu-Arg-Arg-Ile-Arg-Pro-Lys-Leu-Lys-(AEA<sub>3</sub>-MPA)-NH<sub>2</sub>**

Using automated peptide synthesis, the following protected amino acids were sequentially added to Rink Amide MBHA resin: Fmoc-  
 15 Lys(Mtt)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Ile-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Phe-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, and Boc-Tyr(Boc)-OH. Manual synthesis was employed for the remaining steps: selective removal of the Mtt group, the coupling of three-Fmoc-AEA-OH  
 20 groups (AEA = aminoethoxyacetic acid) with Fmoc removal in-between each coupling, and MPA acid using HBTU/HOBt/DIEA activation in DMF. The target dynorphin analog was removed from the resin; the product was isolated by precipitation and purified by preparative HPLC to afford the desired product as a white solid upon lyophilization in a  
 25 29% yield. Anal. HPLC indicated product to be >95% pure with  $R_t =$  33.06 min. ESI-MS  $m/z$  for  $C_{94}H_{154}N_{29}O_{23}$  ( $MH^+$ ), calcd 2057.2, found  $MH^{4+}$  515.4,  $MH^{3+}$  686.9,  $MH^{2+}$  1029.7.



**Example 11 – Modification of Dyn A 2-13 at the  $\epsilon$ -Amino Group of the Added C-terminus Lysine Residue - Synthesis of Dyn A 2-13(AEA<sub>3</sub>-MPA)-NH<sub>2</sub>**

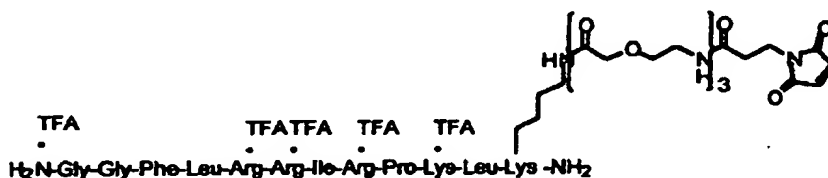
**Gly-Gly-Phe-Leu-Arg-Arg-Ile-Arg-Pro-Lys-Leu-Lys-(AEA<sub>3</sub>-MPA)-NH<sub>2</sub>**

5

Using automated peptide synthesis, the following protected amino acids were sequentially added to Rink Amide MBHA resin: Fmoc-Lys(Mtt)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Ile-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Phe-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, and Fmoc-Gly-OH. Manual synthesis was employed for the remaining steps: selective removal of the Mtt group, the coupling of three-Fmoc-AEA-OH groups, with Fmoc removal in-between each coupling, and MPA using HBTU/HOBt/DIEA activation in DMF. The target dynorphin analog was removed from the resin; the product was isolated by precipitation and purified by preparative HPLC to afford the desired product as a white solid upon lyophilization in a 29% yield. Anal. HPLC indicated product to be >95% pure with  $R_t = 31.88$  min. ESI-MS  $m/z$  for C<sub>85</sub>H<sub>145</sub>N<sub>25</sub>O<sub>21</sub> (MH<sup>+</sup>), calcd 1894.3, found MH<sup>4+</sup> 474.6, MH<sup>3+</sup> 632.4, MH<sup>2+</sup> 948.10.

10

15



20

**Example 12 – Modification of Neuropeptide Y at the  $\epsilon$ -Amino Group of the Added C-terminus Lysine Residue**

25

**Preparation of Tyr-Pro-Ser-Lys-Pro-Asp-Asn-Pro-Gly-Glu-Asp-Ala-Pro-Ala-Glu-Asp-Met-Ala-Arg-Tyr-Tyr-Ser-Ala-Leu-Lys-(N- $\epsilon$ MPA)-NH<sub>2</sub>**

30

Solid phase peptide synthesis of a modified neuropeptide Y analog on a 100  $\mu$ mole scale is performed using manual solid-phase synthesis, a Symphony Peptide Synthesizer and Fmoc protected Rink

Amide MBHA. The following protected amino acids were sequentially added to resin: Fmoc-Lys(Aloc)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Met-OH, Fmoc-Asp(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Glu(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Asp(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Glu(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Asp(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)-OH, They are dissolved in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) and, according to the sequence, activated using *O*-benzotriazol-1-yl-*N,N,N',N'*-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate (HBTU) and Diisopropylethylamine (DIEA). Removal of the Fmoc protecting group is achieved using a solution of 20% (V/V) piperidine in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) for 20 minutes (Step 1). The selective deprotection of the Lys (Aloc) group is performed manually and accomplished by treating the resin with a solution of 3 eq of Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> dissolved in 5 mL of CHCl<sub>3</sub>:NMM:HOAc (18:1:0.5) for 2 h (Step 2). The resin is then washed with CHCl<sub>3</sub> (6 x 5 mL), 20% HOAc in DCM (6 x 5 mL), DCM (6 x 5 mL), and DMF (6 x 5 mL). The synthesis is then re-automated for the addition of the 3-maleimidopropionic acid (Step 3). Between every coupling, the resin is washed 3 times with *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) and 3 times with isopropanol. The peptide is cleaved from the resin using 85% TFA/5% TIS/5% thioanisole and 5% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 4). The product is purified by preparative reverse phase HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system: gradient elution of 30-55% B (0.045% TFA in H<sub>2</sub>O (A) and 0.045% TFA in CH<sub>3</sub>CN (B)) over 180 min at 9.5 mL/min using a Phenomenex Luna 10 μ phenylhexyl, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at λ 214 and 254 nm to afford the desired DAC in >95% purity, as determined by RP-HPLC.

**Example 13 - Modification of GLP-1 (7-36) at the C-Terminus  
Arginine  
Preparation of GLP-1 (7-36)-EDA-MPA**

5 Solid phase peptide synthesis of a modified GLP-1 analog on a 100  $\mu$ mole scale is performed manually and on a Symphony Peptide Synthesizer SASRIN (super acid sensitive resin). The following protected amino acids are sequentially added to the resin: Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Val-OH, Fmoc-10 Leu-OH, Fmoc-Trp(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Ile-OH, Fmoc-Phe-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Gln(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Val-OH, Fmoc-Asp(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-15 OH, Fmoc-Phe-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Boc-His(Trt)-OH. They are dissolved in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) and, according to the sequence, activated using *O*-benzotriazol-1-yl-*N,N,N,N*-tetramethyl-uronium hexafluorophosphate (HBTU) and Diisopropylethylamine (DIEA).

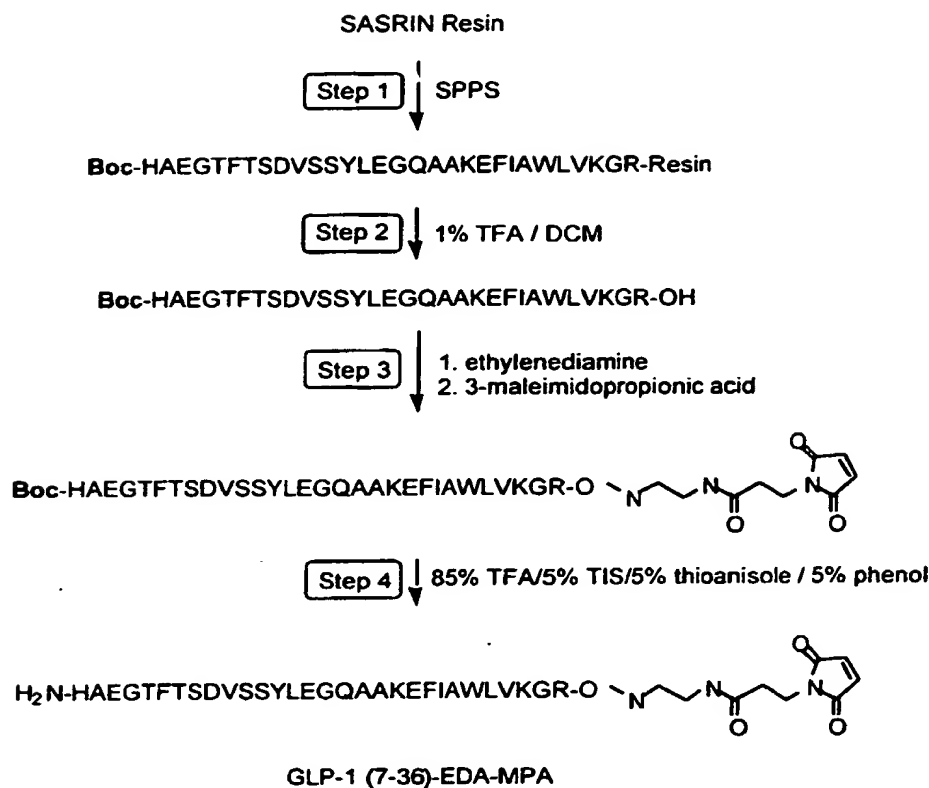
20 Removal of the Fmoc protecting group is achieved using a solution of 20% (V/V) piperidine in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) for 20 minutes (Step 1). The fully protected peptide is cleaved from the resin by treatment with 1% TFA / DCM (Step 2). Ethylenediamine and 3-maleimidopropionic acid are then sequentially added to the free C-

25 terminus (Step 3). The protecting groups are then cleaved and the product isolated using 86% TFA/5% TIS/5% H<sub>2</sub>O/2% thioanisole and 2% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 4). The product is purified by preparative reverse phase HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system using a Dynamax C<sub>18</sub>, 60Å, 8

30  $\mu$ m, 21 mm x 25 cm column equipped with a Dynamax C<sub>18</sub>, 60Å, 8  $\mu$ m guard module, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at  $\lambda$  214 and 254 nm to afford the desired DAC in

>95% purity, as determined by RP-HPLC. These steps are illustrated in the schematic diagram below.

5



10 **Example 14 - Modification of Exendin-4 at the C-terminus Serine  
Preparation of Exendin-4 (1-39)-EDA-MPA**

Solid phase peptide synthesis of a modified Exendin-4 analog on a 100  $\mu$ mole scale is performed manually and on a Symphony Peptide Synthesizer SASRIN (super acid sensitive resin). The following protected amino acids are sequentially added to the resin: Fmoc-

15 Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Trp(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Ile-



OH, Fmoc-Phe-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Val-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Met-OH, Fmoc-Gln(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc—

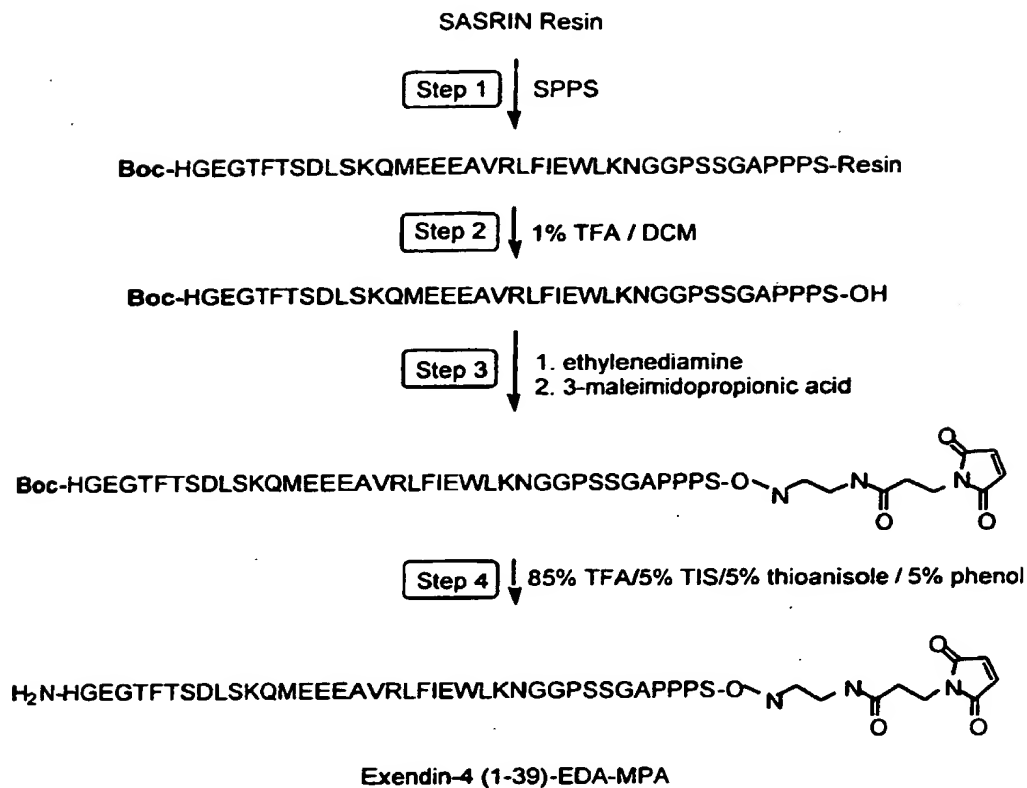
5 Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Phe-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Boc-His(Trt)-OH. They are dissolved in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) and, according to the sequence, activated using *O*-benzotriazol-1-yl-*N, N, N, N*-tetramethyl-uronium hexafluorophosphate (HBTU) and

10 Diisopropylethylamine (DIEA). Removal of the Fmoc protecting group is achieved using a solution of 20% (V/V) piperidine in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) for 20 minutes (Step 1). The fully protected peptide is cleaved from the resin by treatment with 1% TFA / DCM (Step 2). Ethylenediamine and 3-maleimidopropionic acid are then sequentially

15 added to the free C-terminus (Step 3). The protecting groups are then cleaved and the product isolated using 86% TFA/5% TIS/5% H<sub>2</sub>O/2% thioanisole and 2% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 4). The product is purified by preparative reverse phase HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system using a

20 Dynamax C<sub>18</sub>, 60Å, 8 µm, 21 mm x 25 cm column equipped with a Dynamax C<sub>18</sub>, 60Å, 8 µm guard module, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at λ 214 and 254 nm to afford the desired DAC in >95% purity, as determined by RP-HPLC.

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5    **Example 15 – Modification of Secretin Peptide at the  $\epsilon$ -Amino Group of the Added C-terminus Lysine Residue**  
Preparation of His-Ser-Asp-Gly-Thr-Phe-Thr-Ser-Glu-Leu-Ser-Arg-  
Leu-Arg-Glu-Gly-Ala-Arg-Leu-Glu-Arg-Leu-Leu-Gln-Gly-Leu-Val-  
Lys-(N $\epsilon$ -MPA)-NH<sub>2</sub>

10

Solid phase peptide synthesis of a modified secretin peptide analog on a 100  $\mu$ mole scale is performed using manual solid-phase synthesis, a Symphony Peptide Synthesizer and Fmoc protected Rink Amide MBHA. The following protected amino acids are sequentially  
15 added to resin: Fmoc-Lys(Aloc)-OH, Fmoc-Val-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Gln(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Glu(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Glu(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH,  
20 Fmoc-Glu(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Phe-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Asp(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-His(Boc)-OH. They are dissolved in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) and, according to the sequence, activated using *O*-benzotriazol-1-yl-*N,N,N,N*-tetramethyl-uronium  
25 hexafluorophosphate (HBTU) and Diisopropylethylamine (DIEA). Removal of the Fmoc protecting group is achieved using a solution of 20% (V/V) piperidine in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) for 20 minutes (Step 1). The selective deprotection of the Lys (Aloc) group is performed manually and accomplished by treating the resin with a solution of 3 eq  
30 of Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> dissolved in 5 mL of CHCl<sub>3</sub>:NMM:HOAc (18:1:0.5) for 2 h (Step 2). The resin is then washed with CHCl<sub>3</sub> (6 x 5 mL), 20% HOAc in DCM (6 x 5 mL), DCM (6 x 5 mL), and DMF (6 x 5 mL). The synthesis is then re-automated for the addition of the 3-maleimidopropionic acid (Step 3). Between every coupling, the resin is washed 3 times with *N,N*-  
35 dimethylformamide (DMF) and 3 times with isopropanol. The peptide is

cleaved from the resin using 85% TFA/5% TIS/5% thioanisole and 5% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 4). The product is purified by preparative reverse phase HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system: gradient elution of 30-55% B (0.045% TFA in H<sub>2</sub>O (A) and 0.045% TFA in CH<sub>3</sub>CN (B)) over 180 min at 9.5 mL/min using a Phenomenex Luna 10 μ phenyl-hexyl, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at λ 214 and 254 nm to afford the desired DAC in >95% purity, as determined by RP-HPLC.

10

**Example 16 – Modification of Kringle-5 at the ε-Amino Group of the Added C-terminus Lysine Residue**  
**Preparation of NAc-Pro-Arg-Lys-Leu-Tyr-Asp-Tyr-Lys-(Nε-MPA)-NH<sub>2</sub>.2TFA**

15

Solid phase peptide synthesis of a modified Kringle-5 peptide on a 100 μmole scale was performed using manual solid-phase synthesis, a Symphony Peptide Synthesizer and Fmoc protected Rink Amide MBHA. The following protected amino acids are sequentially added to resin:

20 Fmoc-Lys(Aloc)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Asp(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH. They were dissolved in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) and, according to the sequence, activated using *O*-benzotriazol-1-yl-*N,N,N*-tetramethyl-uronium hexafluorophosphate (HBTU) and

25 Diisopropylethylamine (DIEA). Removal of the Fmoc protecting group is achieved using a solution of 20% (V/V) piperidine in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) for 20 minutes (step 1). At the end of the synthesis Acetic Anhydride was added to acetylate the N-terminal. The selective deprotection of the Lys (Aloc) group is performed manually and

30 accomplished by treating the resin with a solution of 3 eq of Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> dissolved in 5 mL of CHCl<sub>3</sub>:NMM:HOAc (18:1:0.5) for 2 h (Step 2). The resin is then washed with CHCl<sub>3</sub> (6 x 5 mL), 20% HOAc in DCM (6 x 5 mL), DCM (6 x 5 mL), and DMF (6 x 5 mL). The synthesis is then re-automated for the addition of the 3-maleimidopropionic acid (Step 3).

Between every coupling, the resin is washed 3 times with *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) and 3 times with isopropanol. The peptide is cleaved from the resin using 85% TFA/5% TIS/5% thioanisole and 5% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 4). The product is purified by preparative reverse phase HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system: gradient elution of 30-55% B (0.045% TFA in H<sub>2</sub>O (A) and 0.045% TFA in CH<sub>3</sub>CN (B)) over 180 min at 9.5 mL/min using a Phenomenex Luna 10  $\mu$  phenyl-hexyl, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at  $\lambda$  214 and 254 nm to afford the desired DAC in >95% purity, as determined by RP-HPLC.

**Example 17 – Modification of Kringle-5 at the  $\epsilon$ -Amino Group of the Added C-terminus Lysine Residue**  
Preparation of NAc-Tyr-Thr-Thr-Asn-Pro-Arg-Lys-Leu-Tyr-Asp-Tyr-Lys-(N $\epsilon$ -MPA)-NH<sub>2</sub>.2TFA

Using automated peptide synthesis, the following protected amino acids were sequentially added to Rink Amide MBHA resin: Fmoc-Lys(Aloc)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)OH (step 1). Deblocking of the Fmoc group the the N-terminal of the resin-bound amino acid was performed with 20% piperidine in DMF for about 15-20 minutes. Final cleavage from the resin was performed using cleavage mixture as described above. The product was isolated by precipitation and purified by preparative HPLC to afford the desired product as a white solid upon lyophilization. The selective deprotection of the Lys(Aloc) group was performed manually and accomplished by treating the resin with a solution of 3 eq of Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> dissolved in 5 mL of CHCl<sub>3</sub>:NMM:HOAc (18:1:0.5) for 2 h (Step 2). The resin was then washed with CHCl<sub>3</sub> (6 x 5 mL), 20% HOAc in DCM (6 x 5 mL), DCM (6 x 5 mL), and DMF (6 x 5 mL). The synthesis

was then re-automated for the addition of the 3-maleimidopropionic acid (Step 3). Resin cleavage and product isolation was performed using 85% TFA/5% TIS/5% thioanisole and 5% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 4). The product was purified by preparative reversed phased HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system: gradient elution of 30-55% B (0.045% TFA in H<sub>2</sub>O (A) and 0.045% TFA in CH<sub>3</sub>CN (B)) over 180 min at 9.5 mL/min using a Phenomenex Luna 10 μ phenyl-hexyl, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at λ 214 and 254 nm.

10

**Example 18 - Modification of Kringle-5 at the ε-Amino Group of the Added C-terminus Lysine Residue**  
**Preparation of NAc-Arg-Asn-Pro-Asp-Gly-Asp-Val-Gly-Gly-Pro-Trp-Ala-Tyr-Thr-Thr-Asn-Pro-Arg-Lys-Leu-Tyr-Asp-Tyr-Lys-(Nε-MPA)-NH<sub>2</sub>.3TFA**

15

Using automated peptide synthesis, the following protected amino acids were sequentially added to Rink Amide MBHA resin: Fmoc-Lys(Aloc)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Trp-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Val-OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH (step 1). Deblocking of the Fmoc group the the N-terminal of the resin-bound amino acid was performed with 20% piperidine in DMF for about 15-20 minutes. Coupling of the acetic acid was performed under conditions similar to amino acid coupling. Final cleavage from the resin was performed using cleavage mixture as described above. The product was isolated by precipitation and purified by preparative HPLC to afford the desired product as a white solid upon lyophilization.

30

The selective deprotection of the Lys(Aloc) group was performed manually and accomplished by treating the resin with a solution of 3 eq of  $\text{Pd}(\text{PPh}_3)_4$  dissolved in 5 mL of  $\text{CHCl}_3$ :NMM:HOAc (18:1:0.5) for 2 h (Step 2). The resin was then washed with  $\text{CHCl}_3$  (6 x 5 mL), 20% HOAc in DCM (6 x 5 mL), DCM (6 x 5 mL), and DMF (6 x 5 mL). The synthesis was then re-automated for the addition of the 3-maleimidopropionic acid (Step 3). Resin cleavage and product isolation was performed using 85% TFA/5% TIS/5% thioanisole and 5% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold  $\text{Et}_2\text{O}$  (Step 4). The product was purified by preparative reversed phased HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system: gradient elution of 30-55% B (0.045% TFA in  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  (A) and 0.045% TFA in  $\text{CH}_3\text{CN}$  (B)) over 180 min at 9.5 mL/min using a Phenomenex Luna 10  $\mu$  phenyl-hexyl, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at  $\lambda$  214 and 254 nm.

15

**Example 19 – Modification of Kringle-5 at the  $\epsilon$ -Amino Group of the Added C-terminus Lysine Residue**  
**Preparation of NAc-Arg-Asn-Pro-Asp-Gly-Asp-Val-Gly-Gly-Pro-Trp-Lys-(N $\epsilon$ -MPA)-NH $_2$ .TFA**

20

Using automated peptide synthesis, the following protected amino acids were sequentially added to Rink Amide MBHA resin: Fmoc-Lys(Aloc)-OH, Fmoc-Trp-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Val-OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH (Step 1). The selective deprotection of the Lys(Aloc) group was performed manually and accomplished by treating the resin with a solution of 3 eq of  $\text{Pd}(\text{PPh}_3)_4$  dissolved in 5 mL of  $\text{CHCl}_3$ :NMM:HOAc (18:1:0.5) for 2 h (Step 2). The resin was then washed with  $\text{CHCl}_3$  (6 x 5 mL), 20% HOAc in DCM (6 x 5 mL), DCM (6 x 5 mL), and DMF (6 x 5 mL). The synthesis was then re-automated for the addition of the 3-maleimidopropionic acid (Step 3). Resin cleavage and product isolation was performed using 85% TFA/5% TIS/5% thioanisole and 5% phenol,

30

followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 4). The product was purified by preparative reversed phased HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system: gradient elution of 30-55% B (0.045% TFA in H<sub>2</sub>O (A) and 0.045% TFA in CH<sub>3</sub>CN (B)) over 180 min at 9.5 mL/min using a Phenomenex Luna 10 μ phenyl-hexyl, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at λ 214 and 254 nm.

**Example 20 – Modification of Kringle-5 at the ε-Amino Group of the Added C-terminus Lysine Residue**  
10 **Preparation of NAc-Arg-Lys-Leu-Tyr-Asp-Tyr-Lys-(Nε-MPA)-NH<sub>2</sub>.2TFA**

Using automated peptide synthesis, the following protected amino acids were sequentially added to Rink Amide MBHA resin: Fmoc-Lys(Aloc)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH (Step 1). Deblocking of the Fmoc group the N-terminal of the resin-bound amino acid was performed with 20% piperidine in DMF for about 15-20 minutes. Coupling of the acetic acid was performed under conditions similar to amino acid coupling. Final cleavage from the resin was performed using cleavage mixture as described above. The product was isolated by precipitation and purified by preparative HPLC to afford the desired product as a white solid upon lyophilization. The selective deprotection of the Lys(Aloc) group was performed manually and accomplished by treating the resin with a solution of 3 eq of Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> dissolved in 5 mL of CHCl<sub>3</sub>:NMM:HOAc (18:1:0.5) for 2 h (Step 2). The resin was then washed with CHCl<sub>3</sub> (6 x 5 mL), 20% HOAc in DCM (6 x 5 mL), DCM (6 x 5 mL), and DMF (6 x 5 mL). The synthesis was then re-automated for the addition of the 3-maleimidopropionic acid (Step 3). Resin cleavage and product isolation was performed using 85% TFA/5% TIS/5% thioanisole and 5% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 4). The product was purified by preparative reversed phased HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative



binary HPLC system: gradient elution of 30-55% B (0.045% TFA in H<sub>2</sub>O (A) and 0.045% TFA in CH<sub>3</sub>CN (B)) over 180 min at 9.5 mL/min using a Phenomenex Luna 10  $\mu$  phenyl-hexyl, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at  $\lambda$  214 and 254 nm.

5

**Example 21 - Modification of Kringle-5 at the  $\epsilon$ -Amino Group of the Added C-terminus Lysine Residue**

**Preparation of NAc-Pro-Arg-Lys-Leu-Tyr-Asp-Lys-(N $\epsilon$ -MPA)-NH<sub>2</sub>.2TFA**

10

Using automated peptide synthesis, the following protected amino acids were sequentially added to Rink Amide MBHA resin: Fmoc-Lys(Aloc)-OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH (Step 1).

15    Deblocking of the Fmoc group the N-terminal of the resin-bound amino acid was performed with 20% piperidine in DMF for about 15-20 minutes. Coupling of the acetic acid was performed under conditions similar to amino acid coupling. Final cleavage from the resin was performed using cleavage mixture as described above. The product  
20    was isolated by precipitation and purified by preparative HPLC to afford the desired product as a white solid upon lyophilization

25    The selective deprotection of the Lys(Aloc) group was performed manually and accomplished by treating the resin with a solution of 3 eq of Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> dissolved in 5 mL of CHCl<sub>3</sub>:NMM:HOAc (18:1:0.5) for 2 h (Step 2). The resin was then washed with CHCl<sub>3</sub> (6 x 5 mL), 20% HOAc in DCM (6 x 5 mL), DCM (6 x 5 mL), and DMF (6 x 5 mL). The synthesis was then re-automated for the addition of the 3-maleimidopropionic acid (Step 3). Resin cleavage and product isolation was performed using  
30    85% TFA/5% TIS/5% thioanisole and 5% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 4). The product was purified by preparative reversed phased HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system: gradient elution of 30-55% B (0.045% TFA in H<sub>2</sub>O (A) and 0.045% TFA in CH<sub>3</sub>CN (B)) over 180 min at 9.5 mL/min using a

Phenomenex Luna 10  $\mu$  phenyl-hexyl, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at  $\lambda$  214 and 254 nm.

**Example 22 – Modification of Kringle-5 at the  $\epsilon$ -Amino Group of the Added C-terminus Lysine Residue**  
5 **Preparation of NAc-Pro-Arg-Lys-Leu-Tyr-Asp-Tyr-Lys-(N $\epsilon$ -AEEA-MPA)-NH<sub>2</sub>.2TFA**

Using automated peptide synthesis, the following protected amino  
10 acids were sequentially added to Rink Amide MBHA resin: Fmoc-Lys(Aloc)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH (Step 1). Deblocking of the Fmoc group at the N-terminal of the resin-bound amino acid was performed with 20% piperidine in  
15 DMF for about 15-20 minutes. Coupling of the acetic acid was performed under conditions similar to amino acid coupling. The selective deprotection of the Lys(Aloc) group was performed manually and accomplished by treating the resin with a solution of 3 eq of Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> dissolved in 5 mL of CHCl<sub>3</sub>:NMM:HOAc (18:1:0.5) for 2 h  
20 (Step 2). The resin was then washed with CHCl<sub>3</sub> (6 x 5 mL), 20% HOAc in DCM (6 x 5 mL), DCM (6 x 5 mL), and DMF (6 x 5 mL). The synthesis was then re-automated for the addition. The synthesis was then re-automated for the addition of the AEEA (aminoethoxyethoxyacetic acid) group and of the 3-maleimidopropionic acid (MPA) (Step 3). Resin  
25 cleavage and product isolation was performed using 85% TFA/5% TIS/5% thioanisole and 5% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 4). The product was purified by preparative reversed phased HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system: gradient elution of 30-55% B (0.045% TFA in H<sub>2</sub>O (A) and 0.045% TFA  
30 in CH<sub>3</sub>CN (B)) over 180 min at 9.5 mL/min using a Phenomenex Luna 10  $\mu$  phenyl-hexyl, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at  $\lambda$  214 and 254 nm.

**Example 23 – Modification of Kringle-5 at the  $\epsilon$ -Amino Group of the Added C-terminus Lysine Residue**

**Preparation of NAc-Pro-Arg-Lys-Leu-Tyr-Asp-Tyr-Lys-(N $\epsilon$ -AEEA<sub>n</sub>-MPA)-NH<sub>2</sub>.2TFA**

5

Using automated peptide synthesis, the following protected amino acids were sequentially added to Rink Amide MBHA resin: Fmoc-Lys(Aloc)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, 10 Fmoc-Pro-OH (Step 1). Deblocking of the Fmoc group at the N-terminal of the resin-bound amino acid was performed with 20% piperidine in DMF for about 15-20 minutes. Coupling of the acetic acid was performed under conditions similar to amino acid coupling.

The selective deprotection of the Lys(Aloc) group was performed 15 manually and accomplished by treating the resin with a solution of 3 eq of Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> dissolved in 5 mL of CHCl<sub>3</sub>:NMM:HOAc (18:1:0.5) for 2 h (Step 2). The resin was then washed with CHCl<sub>3</sub> (6 x 5 mL), 20% HOAc in DCM (6 x 5 mL), DCM (6 x 5 mL), and DMF (6 x 5 mL). The synthesis was then re-automated for the addition. The synthesis was then re- 20 automated for the addition of n AEEA (aminoethoxyethoxyacetic acid) groups and of the 3-maleimidopropionic acid (MPA) (Step 3). Resin cleavage and product isolation was performed using 85% TFA/5% TIS/5% thioanisole and 5% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 4). The product was purified by preparative reversed 25 phased HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system: gradient elution of 30-55% B (0.045% TFA in H<sub>2</sub>O (A) and 0.045% TFA in CH<sub>3</sub>CN (B)) over 180 min at 9.5 mL/min using a Phenomenex Luna 10  $\mu$  phenyl-hexyl, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at  $\lambda$  214 and 254 nm.

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**Example 24 – Modification of GLP-1 at the  $\epsilon$ -Amino Group of the Added C-terminus Lysine Residue**

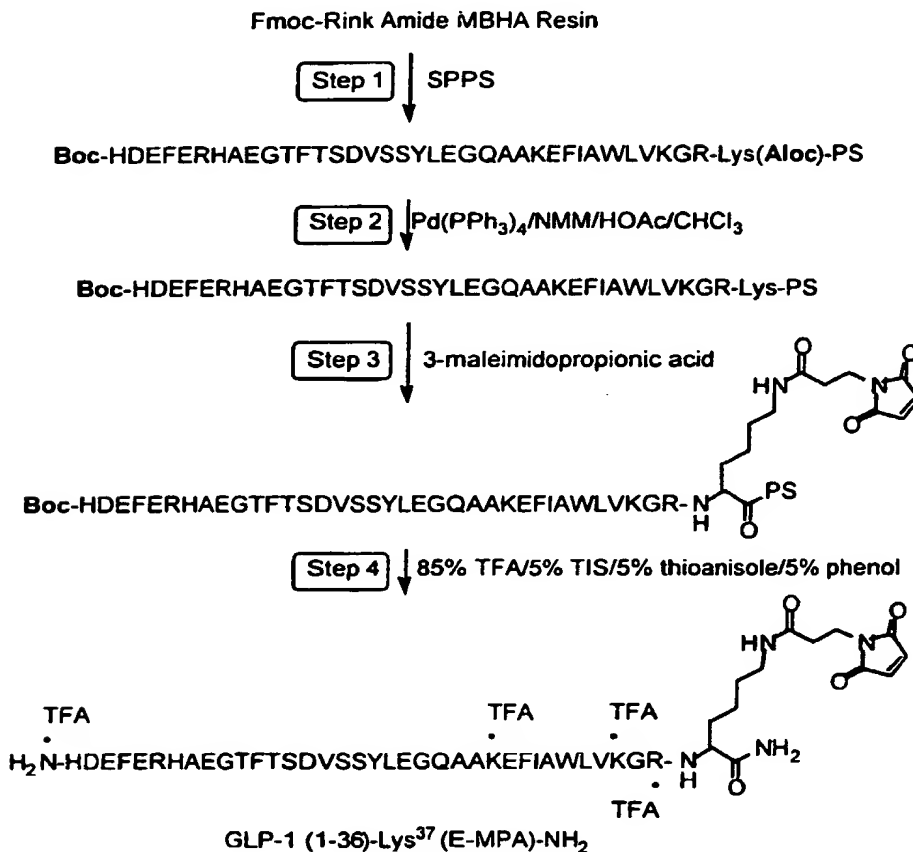
**Preparation of GLP-1 (1-36)-Lys<sup>37</sup>(N $\epsilon$ -MPA)-NH<sub>2</sub>.5TFA;**

**His-Asp-Glu-Phe-Glu-Arg-His-Ala-Glu-Gly-Thr-Phe-Thr-Ser-Asp-Val-Ser-Ser-Tyr-Leu-Glu-Gly-Gln-Ala-Ala-Lys-Glu-Phe-Ile-Ala-Trp-Leu-Val-Lys-Gly-Arg-Lys(N $\epsilon$ -MPA)-NH<sub>2</sub>.5TFA**

- 5           Using automated peptide synthesis, the following protected amino acids were sequentially added to Rink Amide MBHA resin: Fmoc-Lys(Aloc)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Lys(tBoc)-OH, Fmoc-Val-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Trp-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Ile-OH, Fmoc-Phe-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Lys(tBoc)-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Gln(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Val-OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Phe-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Boc-His(N-Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Phe-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Boc-His(N-Trt)-OH (step 1)
- 10
- 15

- The selective deprotection of the Lys(Aloc) group was performed manually and accomplished by treating the resin with a solution of 3 eq of Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> dissolved in 5 mL of CHCl<sub>3</sub>:NMM:HOAc (18:1:0.5) for 2 h
- 20           (Step 2). The resin was then washed with CHCl<sub>3</sub> (6 x 5 mL), 20% HOAc in DCM (6 x 5 mL), DCM (6 x 5 mL), and DMF (6 x 5 mL). The synthesis was then re-automated for the addition of the 3-maleimidopropionic acid (Step 3). Resin cleavage and product isolation was performed using 85% TFA/5% TIS/5% thioanisole and 5% phenol, followed by
- 25           precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 4). The product was purified by preparative reverse phase HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system: gradient elution of 30-55% B (0.045% TFA in H<sub>2</sub>O (A) and 0.045% TFA in CH<sub>3</sub>CN (B)) over 180 min at 9.5 mL/min using a Phenomenex Luna 10  $\mu$  phenyl-hexyl, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV
- 30           detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at  $\lambda$  214 and 254 nm. The product had >95% purity as determined by RP-HPLC mass spectrometry using a Hewlett Packard LCMS-1100 series spectrometer equipped with a diode

array detector and using electro-spray ionization. These steps are illustrated in the schematic diagram below.



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**Example 25 - Modification of GLP-1 at the  $\epsilon$ -Amino Group of the Added C-terminus Lysine Residue**

**Preparation of GLP-1 (1-36)-Lys<sup>37</sup>(N $\epsilon$ -AEEA-AEEA-MPA)-NH<sub>2</sub>.5TFA;  
His-Asp-Glu-Phe-Glu-Arg-His-Ala-Glu-Gly-Thr-Phe-Thr-Ser-Asp-Val-  
Ser-Ser-Tyr-Leu-Glu-Gly-Gln-Ala-Ala-Lys-Glu-Phe-Ile-Ala-Trp-Leu-  
Val-Lys-Gly-Arg-Lys(N $\epsilon$ -AEEA-AEEA-MPA)-NH<sub>2</sub>.5TFA**

10

Using automated peptide synthesis, the following protected amino acids were sequentially added to Rink Amide MBHA resin: Fmoc-  
Lys(Aloc)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Lys(tBoc)-OH,  
Fmoc-Val-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Trp-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Ile-  
OH, Fmoc-Phe-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Lys(tBoc)-OH, Fmoc-  
Ala-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Gln(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-

15

Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Val-OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Phe-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Boc-His(N-Trt)-OH, 5 Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Phe-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Boc-His(N-Trt)-OH (step 1).

The selective deprotection of the Lys(Aloc) group was performed manually and accomplished by treating the resin with a solution of 3 eq of Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> dissolved in 5 mL of CHCl<sub>3</sub>:NMM:HOAc (18:1:0.5) for 2 h 10 (Step 2). The resin was then washed with CHCl<sub>3</sub> (6 x 5 mL), 20% HOAc in DCM (6 x 5 mL), DCM (6 x 5 mL), and DMF (6 x 5 mL). The synthesis was then re-automated for the addition of the two AEEA (aminoethoxyethoxyacetic acid) groups and the 3-maleimidopropionic acid (Step 3). Resin cleavage and product isolation was performed 15 using 85% TFA/5% TIS/5% thioanisole and 5% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 4). The product was purified by preparative reverse phase HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system: gradient elution of 30-55% B (0.045% TFA in H<sub>2</sub>O (A) and 0.045% TFA in CH<sub>3</sub>CN (B)) over 180 min at 9.5 mL/min using a 20 Phenomenex Luna 10 μ phenyl-hexyl, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at λ 214 and 254 nm. The product had >95% purity as determined by RP-HPLC mass spectrometry using a Hewlett Packard LCMS-1100 series spectrometer equipped with a diode array detector and using electro-spray ionization, ESI-MS *m/z* for 25 C<sub>174</sub>H<sub>265</sub>N<sub>44</sub>O<sub>56</sub> (MH<sup>+</sup>), calcd 3868, found [M+H<sub>2</sub>]<sup>2+</sup> 1934, [M+H<sub>3</sub>]<sup>3+</sup> 1290, [M+H<sub>4</sub>]<sup>4+</sup> 967. These steps are illustrated in the schematic diagram below.



- 120 -

Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Boc-His(N-Trt)-OH (Step 1).

The selective deprotection of the Lys(Aloc) group was performed manually and accomplished by treating the resin with a solution of 3 eq  
5 of Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> dissolved in 5 mL of CHCl<sub>3</sub>:NMM:HOAc (18:1:0.5) for 2 h (Step 2). The resin was then washed with CHCl<sub>3</sub> (6 x 5 mL), 20% HOAc in DCM (6 x 5 mL), DCM (6 x 5 mL), and DMF (6 x 5 mL). The synthesis was then re-automated for the addition of the 3-maleimidopropionic acid (Step 3). Resin cleavage and product isolation was performed using  
10 85% TFA/5% TIS/5% thioanisole and 5% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 4). The product was purified by preparative reverse phase HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system: gradient elution of 30-55% B (0.045% TFA in H<sub>2</sub>O (A) and 0.045% TFA in CH<sub>3</sub>CN (B)) over 180 min at 9.5 mL/min using a  
15 Phenomenex Luna 10 μ phenyl-hexyl, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at λ 214 and 254 nm. The product had >95% purity as determined by RP-HPLC mass spectrometry using a Hewlett Packard LCMS-1100 series spectrometer equipped with a diode array detector and using electro-spray ionization.

20

**Example 27 - Modification of GLP-1 at the ε-Amino Group of the Added C-terminus Lysine Residue**

**Preparation of GLP-1 (7-36)-Lys<sup>37</sup>(Nε-AEEA-AEEA-MPA)-NH<sub>2</sub>.4TFA**  
His-Ala-Glu-Gly-Thr-Phe-Thr-Ser-Asp-Val-Ser-Ser-Tyr-Leu-Glu-Gly-  
25 Gln-Ala-Ala-Lys-Glu-Phe-Ile-Ala-Trp-Leu-Val-Lys-Gly-Arg-Lys(Nε-AEEA-AEEA-MPA)-NH<sub>2</sub>.4TFA

Using automated peptide synthesis, the following protected amino acids were sequentially added to Rink Amide MBHA resin: Fmoc-  
30 Lys(Aloc)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Lys(tBoc)-OH, Fmoc-Val-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Trp-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Ile-OH, Fmoc-Phe-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Lys(tBoc)-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Gln(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH,



Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Val-OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Phe-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Boc-His(N-Trt)-OH (Step 1).

- 5           The selective deprotection of the Lys(Aloc) group was performed manually and accomplished by treating the resin with a solution of 3 eq of Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> dissolved in 5 mL of CHCl<sub>3</sub>:NMM:HOAc (18:1:0.5) for 2 h (Step 2). The resin was then washed with CHCl<sub>3</sub> (6 x 5 mL), 20% HOAc in DCM (6 x 5 mL), DCM (6 x 5 mL), and DMF (6 x 5 mL). The synthesis
- 10       was then re-automated for the addition of the two AEEA (aminoethoxyethoxyacetic acid) groups and the 3-maleimidopropionic acid (Step 3). Resin cleavage and product isolation was performed using 85% TFA/5% TIS/5% thioanisole and 5% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 4). The product was purified by
- 15       preparative reverse phase HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system: gradient elution of 30-55% B (0.045% TFA in H<sub>2</sub>O (A) and 0.045% TFA in CH<sub>3</sub>CN (B)) over 180 min at 9.5 mL/min using a Phenomenex Luna 10 μ phenyl-hexyl, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at λ 214 and 254 nm. The product
- 20       had >95% purity as determined by RP-HPLC mass spectrometry using a Hewlett Packard LCMS-1100 series spectrometer equipped with a diode array detector and using electro-spray ionization.

- 25       **Example 28 - Modification of D-Ala<sup>2</sup> GLP-1 at the ε-Amino Group of the Added C-terminus Lysine Residue**  
**Preparation of D-Ala<sup>2</sup> GLP-1 (7-36)-Lys<sup>37</sup>(Nε-MPA)-NH<sub>2</sub>.4TFA**  
**His-d-Ala-Glu-Gly-Thr-Phe-Thr-Ser-Asp-Val-Ser-Ser-Tyr-**  
**Leu-Glu-Gly-Gln-Ala-Ala-Lys-Glu-Phe-Ile-Ala-Trp-Leu-**  
**Val-Lys-Gly-Arg-Lys(Nε-MPA)-NHh<sub>2</sub>.4TFA**

Using automated peptide synthesis, the following protected amino acids were sequentially added to Rink Amide MBHA resin: Fmoc-Lys(Aloc)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Lys(tBoc)-OH, 5 Fmoc-Val-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Trp-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Ile-OH, Fmoc-Phe-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Lys(tBoc)-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Gln(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Val-OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-10 Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Phe-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-d-Ala-OH, Boc-His(N-Trt)-OH (Step1).

The selective deprotection of the Lys(Aloc) group was performed manually and accomplished by treating the resin with a solution of 3 eq 15 of Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> dissolved in 5 mL of CHCl<sub>3</sub>:NMM:HOAc (18:1:0.5) for 2 h (Step 2). The resin was then washed with CHCl<sub>3</sub> (6 x 5 mL), 20% HOAc in DCM (6 x 5 mL), DCM (6 x 5 mL), and DMF (6 x 5 mL). The synthesis was then re-automated for the addition of the 3-maleimidopropionic acid (Step 3). Resin cleavage and product isolation was performed using 20 85% TFA/5% TIS/5% thioanisole and 5% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 4). The product was purified by preparative reverse phase HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system: gradient elution of 30-55% B (0.045% TFA in H<sub>2</sub>O (A) and 0.045% TFA in CH<sub>3</sub>CN (B)) over 180 min at 9.5 mL/min using a 25 Phenomenex Luna 10 μ phenyl-hexyl, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at λ 214 and 254 nm. The product had >95% purity as determined by RP-HPLC mass spectrometry using a Hewlett Packard LCMS-1100 series spectrometer equipped with a diode array detector and using electro-spray ionization. These steps are 30 illustrated in the schematic diagram below.

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Fmoc-Rink Amide MBHA Resin

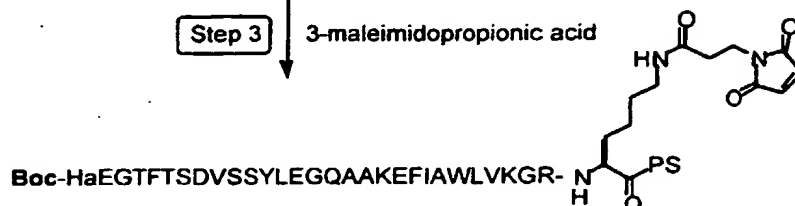
Step 1 ↓ SPPS

Boc-HaEGTFTSDVSSYLEGQAAKEFIAWLVKGR-Lys(Aloc)-PS

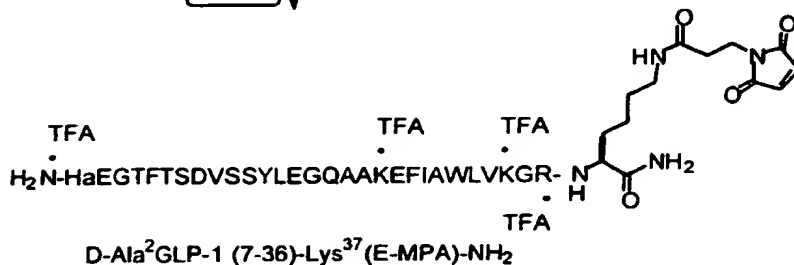
Step 2 ↓ Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub>/NMM/HOAc/CHCl<sub>3</sub>

Boc-HaEGTFTSDVSSYLEGQAAKEFIAWLVKGR-Lys-PS

Step 3 ↓ 3-maleimidopropionic acid



Step 4 ↓ 85% TFA/5% TIS/5% thioanisole/5% phenol



**Example 29 - Modification of D-Ala<sup>2</sup> GLP-1 at the ε-Amino Group of the Added C-terminus Lysine Residue**

**5 Preparation of D-Ala<sup>2</sup> GLP-1 (7-36)-Lys<sup>37</sup>(Nε-AEEA-AEEA-MPA)-NH<sub>2</sub>.4TFA**

**His-D-Ala-Glu-Gly-Thr-Phe-Thr-Ser-Asp-Val-Ser-Ser-Tyr-Leu-Glu-Gly-Gln-Ala-Ala-Lys-Glu-Phe-Ile-Ala-Trp-Leu-Val-Lys-Gly-Arg-Lys(Nε-AEEA-AEEA-MPA)-NH<sub>2</sub>.4TFA**

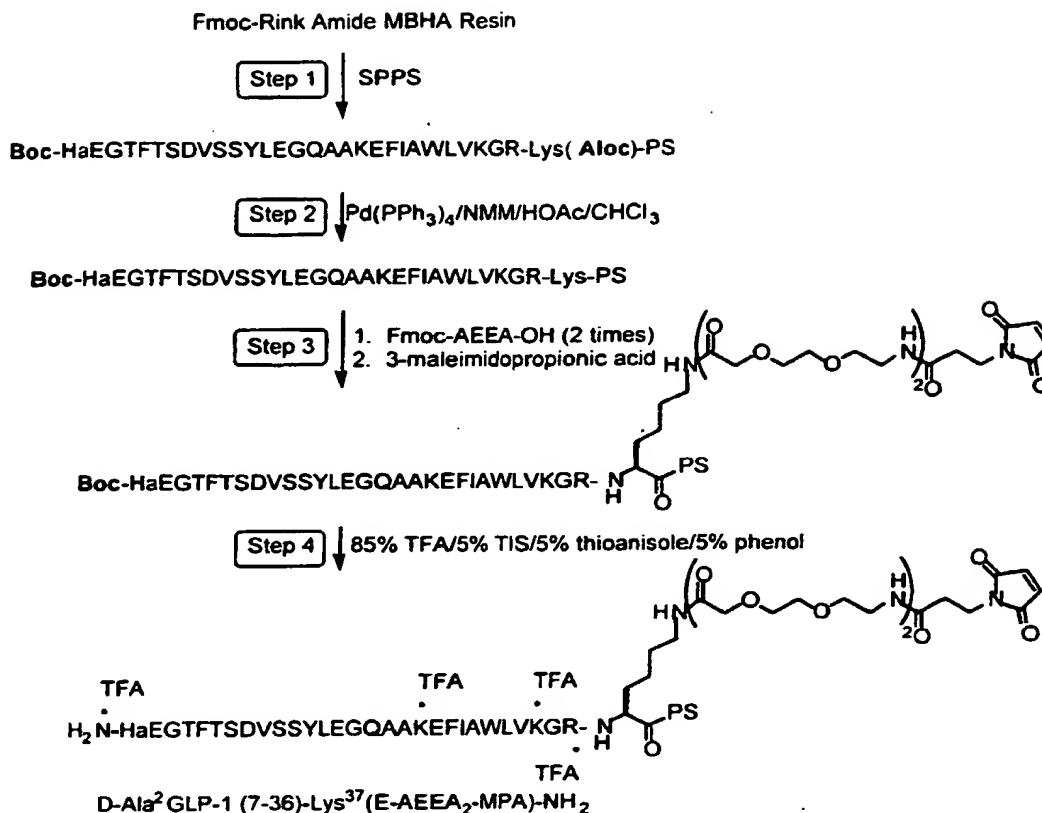
10

Using automated peptide synthesis, the following protected amino acids were sequentially added to Rink Amide MBHA resin: Fmoc-Lys(Aloc)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Lys(tBoc)-OH, Fmoc-Val-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Trp-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Ile-OH, Fmoc-Phe-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Lys(tBoc)-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Gln(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Val-OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-

Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Phe-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-d-Ala-OH, Boc-His(N-Trt)-OH (Step 1).

- The selective deprotection of the Lys(Aloc) group was performed manually and accomplished by treating the resin with a solution of 3 eq of  $\text{Pd}(\text{PPh}_3)_4$  dissolved in 5 mL of  $\text{CHCl}_3$ :NMM:HOAc (18:1:0.5) for 2 h (Step 2). The resin was then washed with  $\text{CHCl}_3$  (6 x 5 mL), 20% HOAc in DCM (6 x 5 mL), DCM (6 x 5 mL), and DMF (6 x 5 mL). The synthesis was then re-automated for the addition of the two AEEA (aminoethoxyethoxyacetic acid) groups and the 3-maleimidopropionic acid (Step 3). Resin cleavage and product isolation was performed using 85% TFA/5% TIS/5% thioanisole and 5% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold  $\text{Et}_2\text{O}$  (Step 4). The product was purified by preparative reverse phase HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system: gradient elution of 30-55% B (0.045% TFA in  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  (A) and 0.045% TFA in  $\text{CH}_3\text{CN}$  (B)) over 180 min at 9.5 mL/min using a Phenomenex Luna 10  $\mu$  phenyl-hexyl, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at  $\lambda$  214 and 254 nm. The product had >95% purity as determined by RP-HPLC mass spectrometry using a Hewlett Packard LCMS-1100 series spectrometer equipped with a diode array detector and using electro-spray ionization. These steps are illustrated in the schematic diagram below.

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**Example 30 - Modification of Exendin-4(1-39) at the ε-Amino Group of the Added C-terminus Lysine Residue**

5 **Preparation of Exendin-4 (1-39)-Lys<sup>40</sup>(Nε-MPA)-NH<sub>2</sub>;  
His-Gly-Glu-Gly-Thr-Phe-Thr-Ser-Asp-Leu-Ser-Lys-Gln-Met-Glu-Glu-Glu-Ala-Val-Arg-Leu-Phe-Ile-Glu-Trp-Leu-Lys-Asn-Gly-Gly-Pro-Ser-Ser-Gly-Ala-Pro-Pro-Pro-Ser-Lys (Nε-MPA)-NH<sub>2</sub>.5TFA**

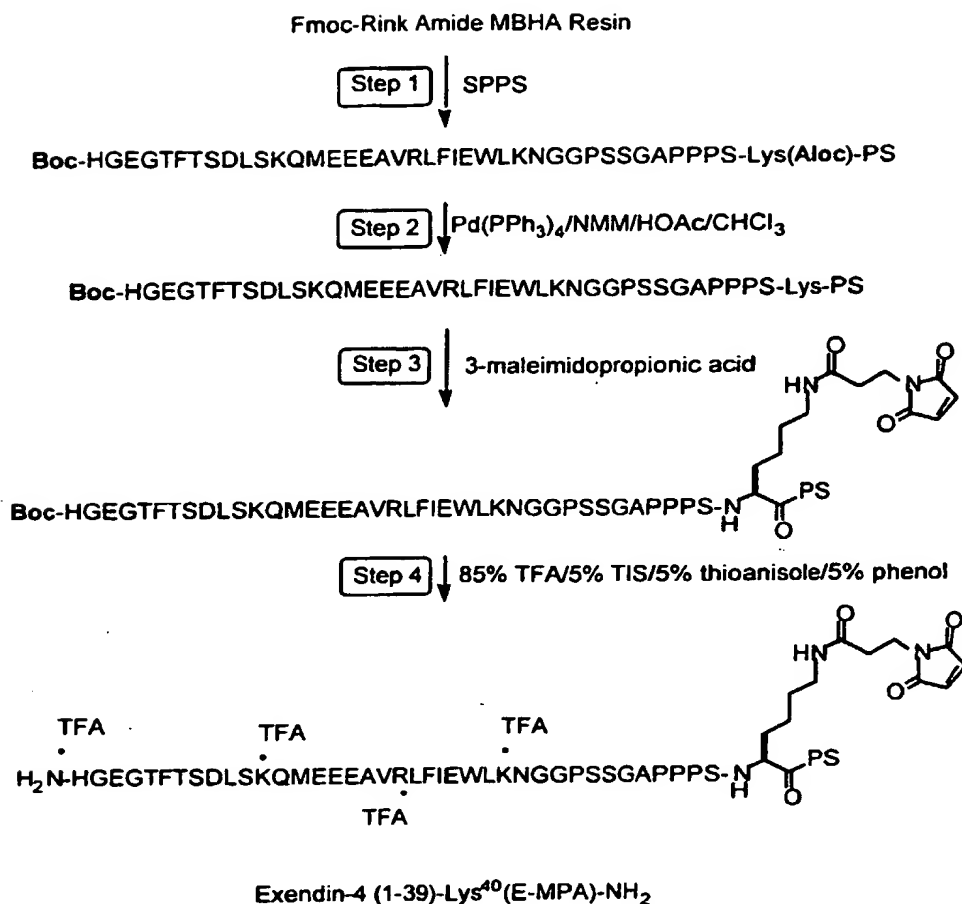
10            Using automated peptide synthesis, the following protected amino acids were sequentially added to Rink Amide MBHA resin: Fmoc-Lys(Aloc)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Ser-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH,

15 Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Trp-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Ile-OH, Fmoc-Phe-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Bpf)-OH, Fmoc-Val-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Met-OH, Fmoc-Gln(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH,

Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Phe-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Boc-His(Trt)-OH (Step 1).

The selective deprotection of the Lys(Aloc) group was performed manually and accomplished by treating the resin with a solution of 3 eq of  $\text{Pd(PPh}_3)_4$  dissolved in 5 mL of  $\text{CHCl}_3$ :NMM:HOAc (18:1:0.5) for 2 h (Step 2). The resin was then washed with  $\text{CHCl}_3$  (6 x 5 mL), 20% HOAc in DCM (6 x 5 mL), DCM (6 x 5 mL), and DMF (6 x 5 mL). The synthesis was then re-automated for the addition of the 3-maleimidopropionic acid (Step 3). Resin cleavage and product isolation was performed using 85% TFA/5% TIS/5% thioanisole and 5% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold  $\text{Et}_2\text{O}$  (Step 4). The product was purified by preparative reverse phase HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system: gradient elution of 30-55% B (0.045% TFA in  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  (A) and 0.045% TFA in  $\text{CH}_3\text{CN}$  (B)) over 180 min at 9.5 mL/min using a Phenomenex Luna 10  $\mu$  phenyl-hexyl, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at  $\lambda$  214 and 254 nm. The product had >95% purity as determined by RP-HPLC mass spectrometry using a Hewlett Packard LCMS-1100 series spectrometer equipped with a diode array detector and using electro-spray ionization. These steps are illustrated in the schematic diagram below.

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**Example 31 - Modification of Exendin-4(1-39) at the ε-Amino Group of the Added C-terminus Lysine Residue**

5 **Preparation of Exendin-4 (1-39)-Lys<sup>40</sup>(N<sub>ε</sub>-AEEA-AEEA-MPA)-NH<sub>2</sub>.5TFA;**  
**His-Gly-Glu-Gly-Thr-Phe-Thr-Ser-Asp-Leu-Ser-Lys-Gln-Met-Glu-Glu-**  
**Glu-Ala-Val-Arg-Leu-Phe-Ile-Glu-Trp-Leu-Lys-Asn-Gly-Gly-Pro-Ser-**  
**Ser-Gly-Ala-Pro-Pro-Pro-Ser-Lys(N<sub>ε</sub>-AEEA-AEEA-MPA)-NH<sub>2</sub>.5TFA**

10

Using automated peptide synthesis, the following protected amino acids were sequentially added to Rink Amide MBHA resin: Fmoc-Lys(Aloc)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Ser-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Trp-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Ile-OH, Fmoc-Phe-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Bpf)-OH,

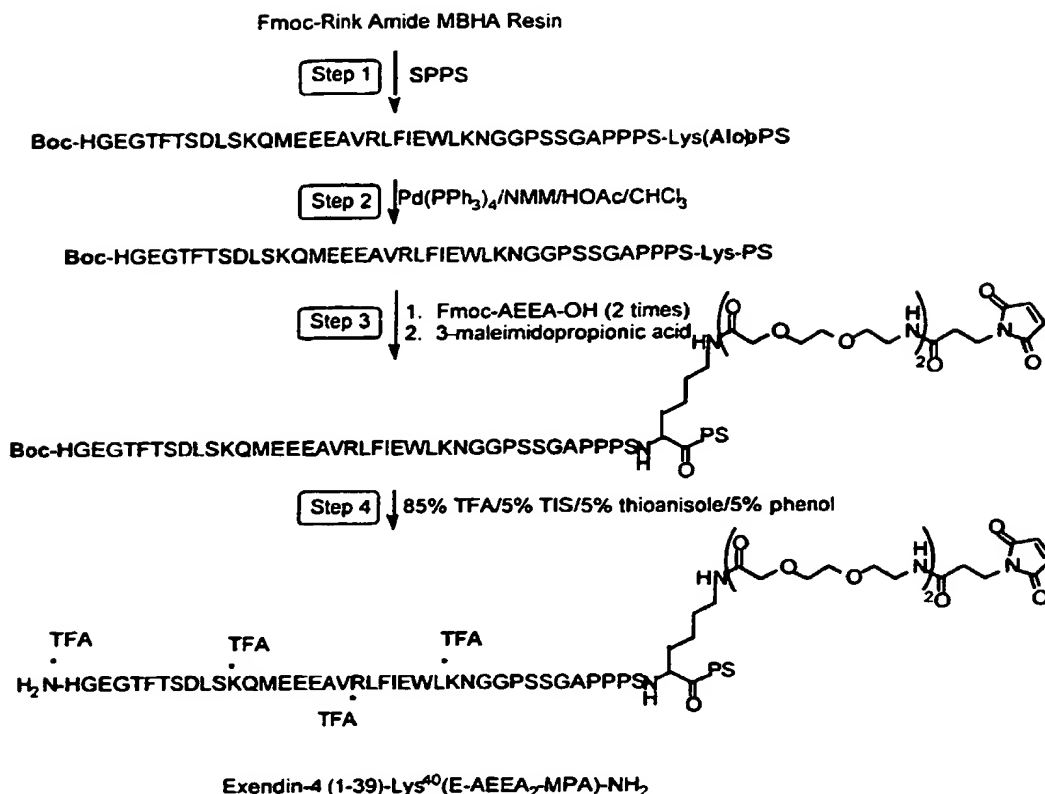
15

Fmoc-Val-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Met-OH, Fmoc-Gln(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Phe-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Boc-His(Trt)-OH (Step 1).

The selective deprotection of the Lys(Aloc) group was performed manually and accomplished by treating the resin with a solution of 3 eq of  $\text{Pd(PPh}_3)_4$  dissolved in 5 mL of  $\text{CHCl}_3$ :NMM:HOAc (18:1:0.5) for 2 h (Step 2). The resin was then washed with  $\text{CHCl}_3$  (6 x 5 mL), 20% HOAc in DCM (6 x 5 mL), DCM (6 x 5 mL), and DMF (6 x 5 mL). The synthesis was then re-automated for the addition of the two AEEA (aminoethoxyethoxyacetic acid) groups and the 3-maleimidopropionic acid (Step 3). Resin cleavage and product isolation was performed using 85% TFA/5% TIS/5% thioanisole and 5% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold  $\text{Et}_2\text{O}$  (Step 4). The product was purified by preparative reverse phase HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system: gradient elution of 30-55% B (0.045% TFA in  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  (A) and 0.045% TFA in  $\text{CH}_3\text{CN}$  (B)) over 180 min at 9.5 mL/min using a Phenomenex Luna 10  $\mu$  phenyl-hexyl, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at  $\lambda$  214 and 254 nm. The product had >95% purity as determined by RP-HPLC mass spectrometry using a Hewlett Packard LCMS-1100 series spectrometer equipped with a diode array detector and using electro-spray ionization. These steps are illustrated in the schematic diagram below.



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**Example 32 - Modification of Exendin-3(1-39) at the ε-Amino Group of the Added C-terminus Lysine Residue**

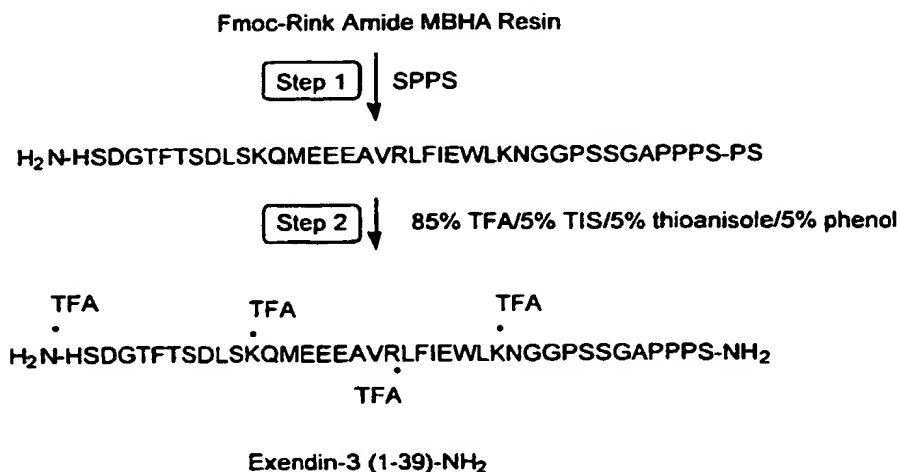
5 **Preparation of Exendin-3 (1-39)-Lys<sup>40</sup>(Nε-MPA)-NH<sub>2</sub>.5TFA;  
His-Ser-Asp-Gly-Thr-Phe-Thr-Ser-Asp-Leu-Ser-Lys-Gln-Met-Glu-Glu-Glu-Ala-Val-Arg-Leu-Phe-Ile-Glu-Trp-Leu-Lys-Asn-Gly-Gly-Pro-Ser-Ser-Gly-Ala-Pro-Pro-Pro-Ser-Lys(Nε-MPA)-NH<sub>2</sub>.5TFA**

10            Using automated peptide synthesis, the following protected amino acids were sequentially added to Rink Amide MBHA resin: Fmoc-Lys(Aloc)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Ser-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH,

15 Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Trp-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Ile-OH, Fmoc-Phe-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Bpf)-OH, Fmoc-Val-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Met-OH, Fmoc-Gln(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH,

Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Phe-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(OtBu)-OH, Boc-His(Trt)-OH (Step 1).

The selective deprotection of the Lys(Aloc) group was performed manually and accomplished by treating the resin with a solution of 3 eq of Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> dissolved in 5 mL of CHCl<sub>3</sub>:NMM:HOAc (18:1:0.5) for 2 h (Step 2). The resin was then washed with CHCl<sub>3</sub> (6 x 5 mL), 20% HOAc in DCM (6 x 5 mL), DCM (6 x 5 mL), and DMF (6 x 5 mL). The synthesis was then re-automated for the addition of the 3-maleimidopropionic acid (Step 3). Resin cleavage and product isolation was performed using 85% TFA/5% TIS/5% thioanisole and 5% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 4). The product was purified by preparative reverse phase HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system: gradient elution of 30-55% B (0.045% TFA in H<sub>2</sub>O (A) and 0.045% TFA in CH<sub>3</sub>CN (B)) over 180 min at 9.5 mL/min using a Phenomenex Luna 10 μ phenyl-hexyl, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at λ 214 and 254 nm. The product had >95% purity as determined by RP-HPLC mass spectrometry using a Hewlett Packard LCMS-1100 series spectrometer equipped with a diode array detector and using electro-spray ionization. These steps are illustrated in the schematic diagram below.



**Example 33 - Modification of Exendin-3(1-39) at the  $\epsilon$ -Amino Group of the Added C-terminus Lysine Residue**

**Preparation of Exendin-3 (1-39)-Lys<sup>40</sup>(N $\epsilon$ -AEEA-AEEA-MPA)-**

5 **NH<sub>2</sub>.5TFA;**

**His-Ser-Asp-Gly-Thr-Phe-Thr-Ser-Asp-Leu-Ser-Lys-Gln-Met-Glu-Glu-Glu-Ala-Val-Arg-Leu-Phe-Ile-Glu-Trp-Leu-Lys-Asn-Gly-Gly-Pro-Ser-Ser-Gly-Ala-Pro-Pro-Pro-Ser-Lys(N $\epsilon$ -AEEA-AEEA-MPA)-NH<sub>2</sub>.5TFA**

10

Using automated peptide synthesis, the following protected amino acids were sequentially added to Rink Amide MBHA resin: Fmoc-Lys(Aloc)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Ser-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Trp-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Ile-OH, Fmoc-Phe-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Bpf)-OH, Fmoc-Val-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Met-OH, Fmoc-Gln(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Phe-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(OtBu)-OH, Boc-His(Trt)-OH (Step 1).

The selective deprotection of the Lys(Aloc) group was performed manually and accomplished by treating the resin with a solution of 3 eq of Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> dissolved in 5 mL of CHCl<sub>3</sub>:NMM:HOAc (18:1:0.5) for 2 h (Step 2). The resin was then washed with CHCl<sub>3</sub> (6 x 5 mL), 20% HOAc in DCM (6 x 5 mL), DCM (6 x 5 mL), and DMF (6 x 5 mL). The synthesis was then re-automated for the addition of the two AEEA (aminoethoxyethoxyacetic acid) groups and the 3-maleimidopropionic acid (Step 3). Resin cleavage and product isolation was performed using 85% TFA/5% TIS/5% thioanisole and 5% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 4). The product was purified by preparative reverse phase HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative

binary HPLC system: gradient elution of 30-55% B (0.045% TFA in H<sub>2</sub>O (A) and 0.045% TFA in CH<sub>3</sub>CN (B)) over 180 min at 9.5 mL/min using a Phenomenex Luna 10  $\mu$  phenyl-hexyl, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at  $\lambda$  214 and 254 nm. The product

5 had >95% purity as determined by RP-HPLC mass spectrometry using a Hewlett Packard LCMS-1100 series spectrometer equipped with a diode array detector and using electro-spray ionization.

10 **Example 34 - Modification of HIV-1 DP 178 at the C-Terminus**  
**Preparation of modified HIV-1 DP 178 antifusogenic peptide**  
**Tyr-Thr-Ser-Leu-Ile-His-Ser-Leu-Ile-Glu-Glu-Ser-Gln-Asn-Glu-Glu-**  
**Glu-Lys-Asn-Glu-Glu-Glu-Leu-Leu-Glu-Leu-Asp-Lys-Trp-Ala-Ser-**  
**Leu-Trp-Asn-Trp-Phe-Lys-(N $\epsilon$ -MPA)-NH<sub>2</sub>**

15 Using automated peptide synthesis, the following protected amino acids are sequentially added to Rink Amide MBHA resin: Fmoc-Lys(Mtt)-OH, Fmoc-Phe-OH, Fmoc-Trp(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Trp(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Trp(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Asp(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH,

20 Fmoc-Glu(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Glu(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Gln(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Glu(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Glu(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Gln(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Gln(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Gln(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Glu(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Glu(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Ile-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-

25 Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-His(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Ile-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH and Boc-Tyr(tBu)-OH. Manual synthesis is employed for the remaining steps: selective removal of the Mtt group and coupling of maleimidopropionic acid (MPA) using HBTU/HOBt/DIEA activation in DMF. The target molecule is removed

30 from the resin; the product is isolated by precipitation and purified by preparative HPLC to afford the desired product as a white solid upon lyophilization.

**Example 35 - Modification of HIV-1 DP 107 at the C-Terminus**

**Preparation of modified HIV-1 DP 107 antifusogenic peptide  
Asn-Asn-Leu-Leu-Arg-Ala-Ile-Glu-Ala-Glu-Glu-His-Leu-Leu-Glu-Leu-  
Thr-Val-Trp-Glu-Ile-Lys-Glu-Leu-Glu-Ala-Arg-Ile-Leu-Ala-Val-Glu-  
Arg-Tyr-Leu-Lys-Asp-Glu-Lys-(N $\epsilon$ -MPA)NH<sub>2</sub>**

5

Using automated peptide synthesis, the following protected amino acids are sequentially added to Rink Amide MBHA resin: Fmoc-Lys(Mtt)-OH, Fmoc-Gln(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Asp(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Glu(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Val-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Ile-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Gln(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Gln(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Ile-OH, Fmoc-Gln(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Trp(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Val-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Gln(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-His(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Gln(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Gln(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Glu(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Ile-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH. Manual synthesis is employed for the remaining steps: selective removal of the Mtt group and coupling of maleimidopropionic acid (MPA) using HBTU/HOBt/DIEA activation in DMF. The target analog is removed from the resin; the product is isolated by precipitation and purified by preparative HPLC to afford the desired product as a white solid upon lyophilization.

25     **2.     Modification of the Therapeutic Peptide at the N-Terminus**

**Example 36 – Modification of RSV Peptide at the  $\epsilon$ -Amino Group of the Added N-terminus Lysine Residue**

30     **Preparation of (N $\epsilon$ -MPA)-Lys-Val-Ile-Thr-Ile-Glu-Leu-Ser-Asn-Ile-Lys-Glu-Asn-Lys-Met-Asn-Gly-Ala-Lys-Val-Lys-Leu-Ile-Lys-Gln-Glu-Leu-Asp-Lys-Tyr-Lys-Asn-Ala-Val**

Solid phase peptide synthesis of a modified RSV peptide on a 100  $\mu$ mole scale is performed using manual solid-phase synthesis, a Symphony Peptide Synthesizer and Fmoc protected Rink Amide MBHA. The following protected amino acids are sequentially added to resin:

Fmoc-Val-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Asp(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Glu(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Gln(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Ile-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Val-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Met-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Glu(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Ile-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Glu(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Ile-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Ile-OH, Fmoc-Val-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Aloc)-OH. They are dissolved in N,N-dimethylformamide (DMF) and, according to the sequence, activated using O-benzotriazol-1-yl-N, N, N', N'-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate (HBTU) and Diisopropylethylamine (DIEA). Removal of the Fmoc protecting group is achieved using a solution of 20% (V/V) piperidine in N,N-dimethylformamide (DMF) for 15 minutes (Step 1). The selective deprotection of the Lys (Aloc) group is performed manually and accomplished by treating the resin with a solution of 3 eq of Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> dissolved in 5 mL of CHCl<sub>3</sub>:NMM:HOAc (18:1:0.5) for 2 h (Step 2). The resin is then washed with CHCl<sub>3</sub> (6 x 5 mL), 20% HOAc in DCM (6 x 5 mL), DCM (6 x 5 mL), and DMF (6 x 5 mL). The synthesis is then re-automated for the addition of the 3-maleimidopropionic acid (Step 3). Between every coupling, the resin is washed 3 times with N,N-dimethylformamide (DMF) and 3 times with isopropanol. The peptide is cleaved from the resin using 85% TFA/5% TIS/5% thioanisole and 5% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 4). The product is purified by preparative reversed phased HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system: gradient elution of 30-55% B (0.045% TFA in H<sub>2</sub>O (A) and 0.045% TFA in CH<sub>3</sub>CN (B)) over 180 min at 9.5 mL/min using a Phenomenex Luna 10 μ phenyl-hexyl, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at λ 214 and 254 nm to afford the desired DAC in >95% purity, as determined by RP-HPLC.

**Example 37 – Modification of Neuropeptide Y at the  $\epsilon$ -Amino Group of the Added N-terminus Lysine Residue**

**Preparation of (N- $\epsilon$ MPA)-Lys-Tyr-Pro-Ser-Lys-Pro-Glu-Asn-Pro-Gly-Glu-Asp-Ala-Pro-Ala-Glu-Asp-Met-Ala-Arg-Tyr-Tyr-Ser-Ala-Leu**

5

Solid phase peptide synthesis of a modified neuropeptide Y on a 100  $\mu$ mole scale was performed using manual solid-phase synthesis, a Symphony Peptide Synthesizer and Fmoc protected Rink Amide MBHA. The following protected amino acids are sequentially added to resin:

- 10 Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Met-OH, Fmoc-Asp(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Glu(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Asp(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Glu(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Glu(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH,
- 15 Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Aloc)-OH. They are dissolved in N,N-dimethylformamide (DMF) and, according to the sequence, activated using O-benzotriazol-1-yl-N, N, N', N'-tetramethyl-uronium hexafluorophosphate (HBTU) and Diisopropylethylamine (DIEA). Removal of the Fmoc protecting group is
- 20 achieved using a solution of 20% (V/V) piperidine in N,N-dimethylformamide (DMF) for 20 minutes (Step 1). The selective deprotection of the Lys (Aloc) group is performed manually and accomplished by treating the resin with a solution of 3 eq of Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> dissolved in 5 mL of CHCl<sub>3</sub>:NMM:HOAc (18:1:0.5) for 2 h (Step 2). The
- 25 resin is then washed with CHCl<sub>3</sub> (6 x 5 mL), 20% HOAc in DCM (6 x 5 mL), DCM (6 x 5 mL), and DMF (6 x 5 mL). The synthesis is then re-automated for the addition of the 3-maleimidopropionic acid (Step 3). Between every coupling, the resin is washed 3 times with N,N-dimethylformamide (DMF) and 3 times with isopropanol. The peptide is
- 30 cleaved from the resin using 85% TFA/5% TIS/5% thioanisole and 5% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 4). The product is purified by preparative reverse phase HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system: gradient elution of 30-55% B

(0.045% TFA in H<sub>2</sub>O (A) and 0.045% TFA in CH<sub>3</sub>CN (B)) over 180 min at 9.5 mL/min using a Phenomenex Luna 10  $\mu$  phenyl-hexyl, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at  $\lambda$  214 and 254 nm to afford the desired DAC in >95% purity, as determined by RP-HPLC.

**Example 38 – Modification of Neuropeptide Y at the  $\epsilon$ -Amino Group of the Added N-terminus Lysine Residue**  
**Preparation of (N- $\epsilon$ MPA)-Lys-Tyr-Pro-Ser-Lys-Pro-Asp-Asn-Pro-Gly-Glu-Asp-Ala-Pro-Ala-Glu-Asp-Met-Ala-Arg-Tyr-Tyr-Ser-Ala-Leu**

Solid phase peptide synthesis of a modified neuropeptide Y on a 100  $\mu$ mole scale was performed using manual solid-phase synthesis, a Symphony Peptide Synthesizer and Fmoc protected Rink Amide MBHA.

The following protected amino acids are sequentially added to resin: Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Met-OH, Fmoc-Asp(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Glu(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Asp(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Glu(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Asp(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Aloc)-OH. They are dissolved in N,N-dimethylformamide (DMF) and, according to the sequence, activated using O-benzotriazol-1-yl-N, N, N', N'-tetramethyl-uronium hexafluorophosphate (HBTU) and Diisopropylethylamine (DIEA). Removal of the Fmoc protecting group is achieved using a solution of 20% (V/V) piperidine in N,N-dimethylformamide (DMF) for 20 minutes (Step 1). The selective deprotection of the Lys (Aloc) group is performed manually and accomplished by treating the resin with a solution of 3 eq of Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> dissolved in 5 mL of CHCl<sub>3</sub>:NMM:HOAc (18:1:0.5) for 2 h (Step 2). The resin is then washed with CHCl<sub>3</sub> (6 x 5 mL), 20% HOAc in DCM (6 x 5 mL), DCM (6 x 5 mL), and DMF (6 x 5 mL). The synthesis is then re-automated for the addition of the 3-maleimidopropionic acid (Step 3).



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Between every coupling, the resin is washed 3 times with *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) and 3 times with isopropanol. The peptide is cleaved from the resin using 85% TFA/5% TIS/5% thioanisole and 5% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 4). The product is purified by preparative reverse phase HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system: gradient elution of 30-55% B (0.045% TFA in H<sub>2</sub>O (A) and 0.045% TFA in CH<sub>3</sub>CN (B)) over 180 min at 9.5 mL/min using a Phenomenex Luna 10  $\mu$  phenyl-hexyl, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at  $\lambda$  214 and 254 nm to afford the desired DAC in >95% purity, as determined by RP-HPLC.

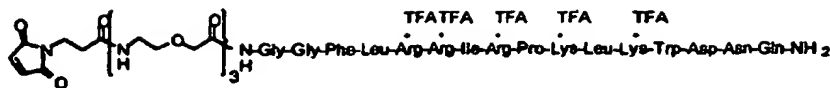
**Example 39 – Modification of Dyn A 1-13 at the  $\epsilon$ -Amino Group of the Added N-terminus Lysine Residue - Synthesis of (N $\epsilon$ -MPA)-Dyn A 1-13-NH<sub>2</sub>**  
**(N $\epsilon$ -MPA)-Lys-Tyr-Gly-Gly-Phe-Leu-Arg-Arg-Ile-Arg-Pro-Lys-Leu**

Solid phase peptide synthesis of a modified Dyn A 1-13 analog on a 100  $\mu$ mole scale is performed using manual solid-phase synthesis, a Symphony Peptide Synthesizer and Fmoc protected Rink Amide MBHA. The following protected amino acids are sequentially added to resin: Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Ile-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Phe-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Aloc)-OH. They were dissolved in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) and, according to the sequence, activated using O-benzotriazol-1-yl-*N,N,N',N'*-tetramethyl-uronium hexafluorophosphate (HBTU) and Diisopropylethylamine (DIEA). Removal of the Fmoc protecting group is achieved using a solution of 20% (V/V) piperidine in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) for 20 minutes (Step 1). The selective deprotection of the Lys (Aloc) group is performed manually and accomplished by treating the resin with a solution of 3 eq of Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> dissolved in 5 mL of CHCl<sub>3</sub>:NMM:HOAc (18:1:0.5) for 2 h

(Step 2). The resin is then washed with  $\text{CHCl}_3$  (6 x 5 mL), 20% HOAc in DCM (6 x 5 mL), DCM (6 x 5 mL), and DMF (6 x 5 mL). The synthesis is then re-automated for the addition of the 3-maleimidopropionic acid (Step 3). Between every coupling, the resin is washed 3 times with *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) and 3 times with isopropanol. The peptide is cleaved from the resin using 85% TFA/5% TIS/5% thioanisole and 5% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold  $\text{Et}_2\text{O}$  (Step 4). The product is purified by preparative reverse phase HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system: gradient elution of 30-55% B (0.045% TFA in  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  (A) and 0.045% TFA in  $\text{CH}_3\text{CN}$  (B)) over 180 min at 9.5 mL/min using a Phenomenex Luna 10  $\mu$  phenyl-hexyl, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at  $\lambda$  214 and 254 nm to afford the desired DAC in >95% purity, as determined by RP-HPLC.

**Example 40 - Modification of Dyn A 2-17-NH<sub>2</sub> at the N-terminus  
Glycine - Synthesis of MPA-AEA<sub>3</sub>-Dyn A 2-17-NH<sub>2</sub>  
(MPA-AEA-AEA-AEA)-Gly-Gly-Phe-Leu-Arg-Arg-Ile-Arg-Pro-Lys-  
Leu-Lys-Trp-Asp-Asn-Glu**

Using automated peptide synthesis, the following protected amino acids and maleimide were sequentially added to Rink Amide MBHA resin: Fmoc-Gln(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Trp(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Ile-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Phe-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-AEA-OH, Fmoc-AEA-OH, Fmoc-AEA-OH, and MPA. The target dynorphin analog was then removed from the resin; the product was isolated by precipitation and purified by preparative HPLC to afford the desired product as a pale yellow solid upon lyophilization in a 32% yield. Anal. HPLC indicated product to be >95% pure with  $R_t$  = 33.44 min. ESI-MS  $m/z$  for  $\text{C}_{109}\text{H}_{172}\text{N}_{35}\text{O}_{29}$  ( $\text{MH}^+$ ), calcd 2436.8, found  $\text{MH}^{3+}$  813.6.



**Example 42 – Modification of Kringle-5 at the  $\epsilon$ -Amino Group of the Added N-Terminus Lysine Residue**  
**Preparation of (N $\epsilon$ -MPA)-Lys-Pro-Arg-Lys-Leu-Tyr-Asp-Tyr-NH<sub>2</sub>.2TFA**

Solid phase peptide synthesis of a modified Kringle-5 analog on a 100  $\mu$ mole scale was performed using manual solid-phase synthesis, a Symphony Peptide Synthesizer and Fmoc protected Rink Amide MBHA. The following protected amino acids are sequentially added to resin: Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Asp(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Aloc)-OH. They were dissolved in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) and, according to the sequence, activated using *O*-benzotriazol-1-yl-*N,N,N'*,*N'*-tetramethyl-uronium hexafluorophosphate (HBTU) and Diisopropylethylamine (DIEA). Removal of the Fmoc protecting group is achieved using a solution of 20% (V/V) piperidine in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) for 20 minutes (step 1). The selective deprotection of the Lys (Aloc) group is performed manually and accomplished by treating the resin with a solution of 3 eq of Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> dissolved in 5 mL of CHCl<sub>3</sub>:NMM:HOAc (18:1:0.5) for 2 h (Step 2). The resin is then washed with CHCl<sub>3</sub> (6 x 5 mL), 20% HOAc in DCM (6 x 5 mL), DCM (6 x 5 mL), and DMF (6 x 5 mL). The synthesis is then re-automated for the addition of the 3-maleimidopropionic acid (Step 3). Between every coupling, the resin is washed 3 times with *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) and 3 times with isopropanol. The peptide is cleaved from the resin using 85% TFA/5% TIS/5% thioanisole and 5% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 4). The product is purified by preparative reverse phase HPLC using a Varian

(Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system: gradient elution of 30-55% B (0.045% TFA in H<sub>2</sub>O (A) and 0.045% TFA in CH<sub>3</sub>CN (B)) over 180 min at 9.5 mL/min using a Phenomenex Luna 10  $\mu$  phenyl-hexyl, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at  $\lambda$  214 and 254 nm to afford the desired DAC in >95% purity, as determined by RP-HPLC.

**Example 43 – Modification of Kringle-5 at the N-Terminus Proline Preparation of (MPA-AEEA)-Pro-Arg-Lys-Leu-Tyr-Asp-Tyr-Lys-NH<sub>2</sub>.2TFA**

Using automated peptide synthesis, the following protected amino acids were sequentially added to Rink Amide MBHA resin: Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH (step 1). The deprotection of the terminal Fmoc group is accomplished using 20% piperidine (Step 2) followed by the coupling of Fmoc-AEEA. Deprotection of the resulting Fmoc-AEEA-peptide with piperidine 20% in DMF allow for the subsequent addition of the 3-MPA (Step 3). Resin cleavage and product isolation was performed using 86% TFA/5% TIS/5% H<sub>2</sub>O/2% thioanisole and 2% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 4). The product was purified by preparative reversed phased HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system using a Dynamax C<sub>18</sub>, 60Å, 8  $\mu$ m, 21 mm x 25 cm column equipped with a Dynamax C<sub>18</sub>, 60Å, 8  $\mu$ m guard module, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at  $\lambda$  214 and 254 nm. The product had >95% purity as determined by RP-HPLC mass spectrometry using a Hewlett Packard LCMS-1100 series spectrometer equipped with a diode array detector and using electrospray ionization.

**Example 44 – Modification of Kringle-5 at the N-Terminus Proline  
Preparation of (MPA)-Pro-Arg-Lys-Leu-Tyr-Asp-Tyr-Lys-NH<sub>2</sub>.2TFA**

Using automated peptide synthesis, the following protected amino acids were sequentially added to Rink Amide MBHA resin: Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH (step 1). The deprotection of the terminal Fmoc group is accomplished using 20% piperidine (Step 2) followed by the coupling of 3-MPA (Step 3). Resin cleavage and product isolation was performed using 86% TFA/5% TIS/5% H<sub>2</sub>O/2% thioanisole and 2% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 4). The product was purified by preparative reversed phased HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system using a Dynamax C<sub>18</sub>, 60Å, 8 µm, 21 mm x 25 cm column equipped with a Dynamax C<sub>18</sub>, 60Å, 8 µm guard module, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at λ 214 and 254 nm. The product had >95% purity as determined by RP-HPLC mass spectrometry using a Hewlett Packard LCMS-1100 series spectrometer equipped with a diode array detector and using electro-spray ionization

**Example 45 - Modification of Kringle-5 at the N-Terminus Tyrosine  
Preparation of (MPA-AEEA)-Tyr-Thr-Thr-Asn-Pro-Arg-Lys-Leu-Tyr-Asp-Tyr-NH<sub>2</sub>.2TFA**

Using automated peptide synthesis, the following protected amino acids were sequentially added to Rink Amide MBHA resin: Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)OH (Step 1). The deprotection of the terminal Fmoc group is accomplished using 20% piperidine (Step 2) followed by the coupling of Fmoc-AEEA. Deprotection of the resulting Fmoc-AEEA-peptide with piperidine 20% in DMF allow for the subsequent addition of

the 3-MPA (Step 3). Resin cleavage and product isolation was performed using 86% TFA/5% TIS/5% H<sub>2</sub>O/2% thioanisole and 2% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 4). The product was purified by preparative reversed phased HPLC using a

5    Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system using a Dynamax C<sub>18</sub>, 60Å, 8 µm, 21 mm x 25 cm column equipped with a Dynamax C<sub>18</sub>, 60Å, 8 µm guard module, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at λ 214 and 254 nm. The product had >95% purity as determined by RP-HPLC mass spectrometry using a Hewlett Packard

10    LCMS-1100 series spectrometer equipped with a diode array detector and using electro-spray ionization.

**Example 46 - Modification of Kringle-5 at the N-Terminus Tyrosine Preparation of (MPA)-Tyr-Thr-Thr-Asn-Pro-Arg-Lys-Leu-Tyr-Asp-Tyr-NH<sub>2</sub>.2TFA**

15

Using automated peptide synthesis, the following protected amino acids were sequentially added to Rink Amide MBHA resin: Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-

20    Tyr(tBu)OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)OH (Step1). The deprotection of the terminal Fmoc group is accomplished using 20% piperidine (Step 2) followed by the coupling of 3-MPA (Step 3). Resin cleavage and product isolation was

25    performed using 86% TFA/5% TIS/5% H<sub>2</sub>O/2% thioanisole and 2% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 4). The product was purified by preparative reversed phased HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system using a Dynamax C<sub>18</sub>, 60Å, 8 µm, 21 mm x 25 cm column equipped with a Dynamax C<sub>18</sub>, 60Å,

30    8 µm guard module, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at λ 214 and 254 nm. The product had >95% purity as determined by RP-HPLC mass spectrometry using a Hewlett Packard

LCMS-1100 series spectrometer equipped with a diode array detector and using electro-spray ionization.

**5    Example 47 – Modification of Kringle-5 at the N-Terminus Arginine Preparation of (MPA-AEEA)-Arg-Asn-Pro-Asp-Gly-Asp-Gly-Pro-Trp-Ala-Tyr-Thr-Thr-Asn-Pro-Arg-Lys-Leu-Tyr-Asp-Tyr-NH<sub>2</sub>.3TFA**

Using automated peptide synthesis, the following protected amino acids were sequentially added to Rink Amide MBHA resin: Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Trp-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Val-OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH (step 1). The deprotection of the terminal Fmoc group is accomplished using 20% piperidine (Step 2) followed by the coupling of Fmoc-AEEA. Deprotection of the resulting Fmoc-AEEA-peptide with piperidine 20% in DMF allow for the subsequent addition of the 3-MPA (Step 3). Resin cleavage and product isolation was performed using 86% TFA/5% TIS/5% H<sub>2</sub>O/2% thioanisole and 2% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 4). The product was purified by preparative reversed phased HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system using a Dynamax C<sub>18</sub>, 60Å, 8 µm, 21 mm x 25 cm column equipped with a Dynamax C<sub>18</sub>, 60Å, 8 µm guard module, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at λ 214 and 254 nm. The product had >95% purity as determined by RP-HPLC mass spectrometry using a Hewlett Packard LCMS-1100 series spectrometer equipped with a diode array detector and using electro-spray ionization.

**Example 48 – Modification of Kringle-5 at the N-Terminus Arginine  
Preparation of (MPA)-Arg-Asn-Pro-Asp-Gly-Asp-Val-Gly-Gly-Pro-  
Trp-Ala-Tyr-Thr-Thr-Asn-Pro-Arg-Lys-Leu-Tyr-Asp-Tyr-NH<sub>2</sub>.3TFA**

5           Using automated peptide synthesis, the following protected amino acids were sequentially added to Rink Amide MBHA resin: Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-  
10   OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Trp-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Val-OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH (Step 1). The deprotection of the terminal Fmoc group is accomplished using 20% piperidine (Step 2) followed by the  
15   coupling of 3-MPA (Step 3). Resin cleavage and product isolation was performed using 86% TFA/5% TIS/5% H<sub>2</sub>O/2% thioanisole and 2% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 4). The product was purified by preparative reversed phased HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system using a Dynamax C<sub>18</sub>,  
20   60Å, 8 µm, 21 mm x 25 cm column equipped with a Dynamax C<sub>18</sub>, 60Å, 8 µm guard module, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at λ 214 and 254 nm. The product had >95% purity as determined by RP-HPLC mass spectrometry using a Hewlett Packard LCMS-1100 series spectrometer equipped with a diode array detector  
25   and using electro-spray ionization.

**Example 49 – Modification of Kringle-5 at the N-Terminus Arginine  
Preparation of (MPA-AEEA)-Arg-Asn-Pro-Asp-Gly-Asp-Val-Gly-Gly-Pro-Trp-NH<sub>2</sub>.TFA**

30           Using automated peptide synthesis, the following protected amino acids were sequentially added to Rink Amide MBHA resin: Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Trp-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Val-OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-  
35   Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH



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(step 1). The deprotection of the terminal Fmoc group is accomplished using 20% piperidine (Step 2) followed by the coupling of Fmoc-AEEA. Deprotection of the resulting Fmoc-AEEA-peptide with piperidine 20% in DMF allow for the subsequent addition of the 3-MPA (Step 3). Resin cleavage and product isolation was performed using 86% TFA/5% TIS/5% H<sub>2</sub>O/2% thioanisole and 2% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 4). The product was purified by preparative reversed phased HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system using a Dynamax C<sub>18</sub>, 60Å, 8 µm, 21 mm x 25 cm column equipped with a Dynamax C<sub>18</sub>, 60Å, 8 µm guard module, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at λ 214 and 254 nm. The product had >95% purity as determined by RP-HPLC mass spectrometry using a Hewlett Packard LCMS-1100 series spectrometer equipped with a diode array detector and using electro-spray ionization.

15

**Example 50 – Modification of Kringle-5 at the N-Terminus Arginine Preparation of (MPA)-Arg-Asn-Pro-Asp-Gly-Asp-Val-Gly-Gly-Pro-Trp-NH<sub>2</sub>.TFA**

Using automated peptide synthesis, the following protected amino acids were sequentially added to Rink Amide MBHA resin: Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Trp-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Val-OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH (Step 1). The deprotection of the terminal Fmoc group is accomplished using 20% piperidine (Step 2) followed by the coupling of 3-MPA (Step 3). Resin cleavage and product isolation was performed using 86% TFA/5% TIS/5% H<sub>2</sub>O/2% thioanisole and 2% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 4). The product was purified by preparative reversed phased HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system using a Dynamax C<sub>18</sub>, 60Å, 8 µm, 21 mm x 25 cm column equipped with a Dynamax C<sub>18</sub>, 60Å, 8 µm guard module, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at λ 214 and

254 nm. The product had >95% purity as determined by RP-HPLC mass spectrometry using a Hewlett Packard LCMS-1100 series spectrometer equipped with a diode array detector and using electro-spray ionization.

5

**Example 51 – Modification of Kringle-5 at the N-Terminus Arginine Preparation of (MPA-AEEA)-Arg-Lys-Leu-Tyr-Asp-Tyr-NH<sub>2</sub>.2TFA**

Using automated peptide synthesis, the following protected amino acids were sequentially added to Rink Amide MBHA resin: Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH (Step 1). The deprotection of the terminal Fmoc group is accomplished using 20% piperidine (Step 2) followed by the coupling of Fmoc-AEEA. Deprotection of the resulting Fmoc-AEEA-peptide with piperidine 20% in DMF allow for the subsequent addition of the 3-MPA (Step 3). Resin cleavage and product isolation was performed using 86% TFA/5% TIS/5% H<sub>2</sub>O/2% thioanisole and 2% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 4). The product was purified by preparative reversed phased HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system using a Dynamax C<sub>18</sub>, 60Å, 8 µm, 21 mm x 25 cm column equipped with a Dynamax C<sub>18</sub>, 60Å, 8 µm guard module, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at λ 214 and 254 nm. The product had >95% purity as determined by RP-HPLC mass spectrometry using a Hewlett Packard LCMS-1100 series spectrometer equipped with a diode array detector and using electro-spray ionization

30

**Example 52 – Modification of Kringle-5 at the N-Terminus Arginine Preparation of (MPA)-Arg-Lys-Leu-Tyr-Asp-Tyr-NH<sub>2</sub>.2TFA**

Using automated peptide synthesis, the following protected amino acids were sequentially added to Rink Amide MBHA resin: Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-

Tyr(tBu)OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH (Step 1). The deprotection of the terminal Fmoc group is accomplished using 20% piperidine (Step 2) followed by the coupling of 3-MPA (Step 3). Resin cleavage and product isolation was performed using 86%  
5 TFA/5% TIS/5% H<sub>2</sub>O/2% thioanisole and 2% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 4). The product was purified by preparative reversed phased HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system using a Dynamax C<sub>18</sub>, 60Å, 8 µm, 21 mm x 25 cm column equipped with a Dynamax C<sub>18</sub>, 60Å, 8 µm guard module, 21 mm  
10 x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at λ 214 and 254 nm. The product had >95% purity as determined by RP-HPLC mass spectrometry using a Hewlett Packard LCMS-1100 series spectrometer equipped with a diode array detector and using electro-spray ionization.

15

**Example 53 – Modification of Kringle-5 at the N-Terminus Proline Preparation of (MPA-AEEA)-Pro-Arg-Lys-Leu-Tyr-Asp-NH<sub>2</sub>.2TFA**

Using automated peptide synthesis, the following protected amino  
20 acids were sequentially added to Rink Amide MBHA resin: Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH (step 1). The deprotection of the terminal Fmoc group is accomplished using 20% piperidine (Step 2) followed by the coupling of Fmoc-AEEA.  
25 Deprotection of the resulting Fmoc-AEEA-peptide with piperidine 20% in DMF allow for the subsequent addition of the 3-MPA (Step 3). Resin cleavage and product isolation was performed using 86% TFA/5% TIS/5% H<sub>2</sub>O/2% thioanisole and 2% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 4). The product was purified by preparative  
30 reversed phased HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system using a Dynamax C<sub>18</sub>, 60Å, 8 µm, 21 mm x 25 cm column equipped with a Dynamax C<sub>18</sub>, 60Å, 8 µm guard module, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at λ 214 and 254 nm.

The product had >95% purity as determined by RP-HPLC mass spectrometry using a Hewlett Packard LCMS-1100 series spectrometer equipped with a diode array detector and using electro-spray ionization.

5 **Example 54 – Modification of Kringle-5 at the N-Terminus Proline Preparation of (MPA)-Pro-Arg-Lys-Leu-Tyr-Asp-NH<sub>2</sub>.2TFA**

Using automated peptide synthesis, the following protected amino acids were sequentially added to Rink Amide MBHA resin: Fmoc-  
10 Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH (Step 1). The deprotection of the terminal Fmoc group is accomplished using 20% piperidine (Step 2) followed by the coupling of 3-MPA (Step 3). Resin cleavage and product isolation was performed using 86% TFA/5%  
15 TIS/5% H<sub>2</sub>O/2% thioanisole and 2% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 4). The product was purified by preparative reversed phased HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system using a Dynamax C<sub>18</sub>, 60Å, 8 µm, 21 mm x 25 cm column equipped with a Dynamax C<sub>18</sub>, 60Å, 8 µm guard module, 21 mm x 25 cm  
20 column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at λ 214 and 254 nm. The product had >95% purity as determined by RP-HPLC mass spectrometry using a Hewlett Packard LCMS-1100 series spectrometer equipped with a diode array detector and using electro-spray ionization.

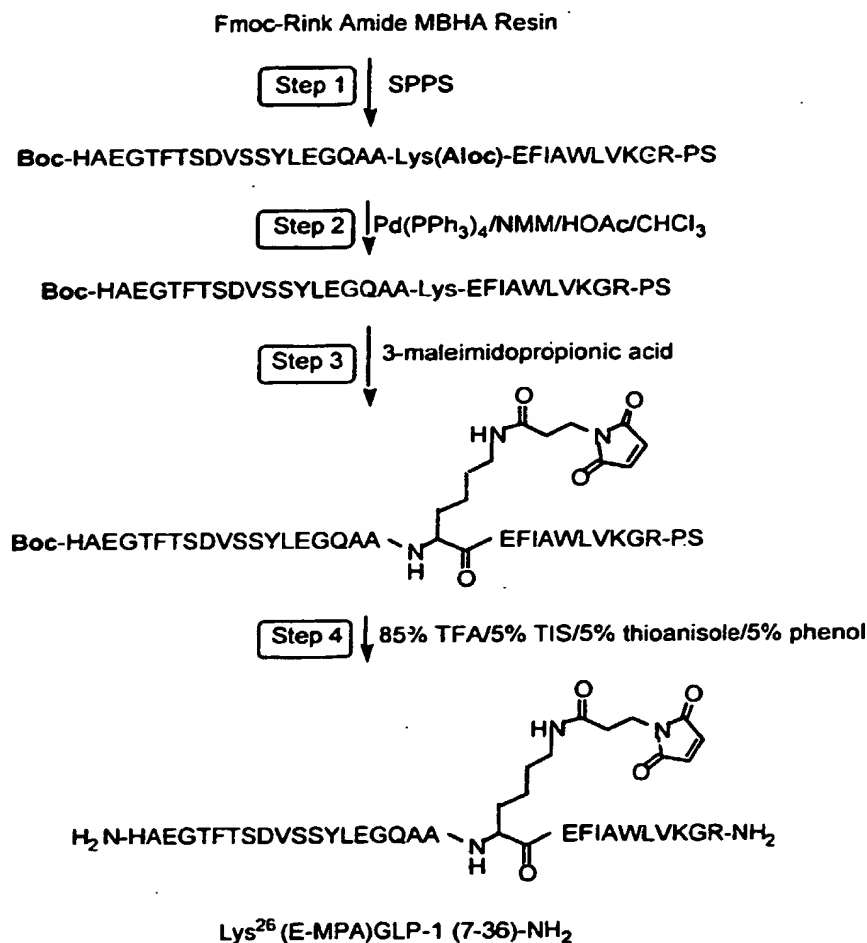
### 3. Modification at an Internal Amino Acid

#### **Example 55 - Synthesis of Lys<sup>26</sup>( $\epsilon$ -MPA)GLP-1(7-36)-NH<sub>2</sub>**

- 5 Solid phase peptide synthesis of a modified GLP-1 analog on a 100  $\mu$ mole scale was performed manually and on a Symphony Peptide Synthesizer using Fmoc protected Rink amide MBHA resin. The following protected amino acids are sequentially added to the resin: Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Val-OH, 10 Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Trp(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Ile-OH, Fmoc-Phe-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Aloc)-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Gln(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Val-OH, Fmoc-Asp(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc- 15 Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Phe-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Boc-His(Trt)-OH. They are dissolved in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) and, according to the sequence, activated using *O*-benzotriazol-1-yl-*N,N,N',N'*-tetramethyl-uronium hexafluorophosphate (HBTU) and Diisopropylethylamine (DIEA).
- 20 Removal of the Fmoc protecting group is achieved using a solution of 20% (V/V) piperidine in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) for 20 minutes (Step 1). Selective deprotection of the Lys(Aloc) group is performed manually and accomplished by treating the resin with a solution of 3eq of Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> dissolved in 5mL of CHCl<sub>3</sub>:NMM:HOAc (18:1:0.5) for 2h (Step 2). The resin is then washed with CHCl<sub>3</sub> (6 x 5mL), 20% HOAc in DCM (6 x 5mL), DCM (6 x 5mL), and DMF (6 x 5mL). The synthesis is then re- 25 automated for the addition of the 3-maleimidopropionic acid (Step 3). Resin cleavage and product isolation is performed using 86% TFA/5% TIS/5% H<sub>2</sub>O/2% thioanisole and 2% phenol, followed by precipitation by 30 dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 4). The product is purified by preparative reversed phase HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system using a Dynamax C<sub>18</sub>, 60Å, 8  $\mu$ m, 21 mm x 25 cm column

equipped with a Dynamax C<sub>18</sub>, 60Å, 8 µm guard module, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at λ 214 and 254 nm to afford the desired DAC in >95% purity, as determined by RP-HPLC.

These steps are illustrated in the schematic diagram below.



5

#### D. Preparation of Modified Peptides From Peptides Containing One Free Cysteine

Preparation of maleimido peptides from therapeutic peptides containing one free Cysteine is exemplified by the synthesis of peptides as described below. The peptide may be modified at the N-terminus, the

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C-terminus, or at an amino acid located between the N-terminus and the C-terminus.

Preparation of maleimido peptides from peptides containing multiple protected functional groups and multiple Cysteine residues all with one free Cysteine residues (*i.e.* all Cysteine residues, except one, are tied up as disulfides). Linking from an internal amino acid in the natural sequence as in Example 5. The free Cysteine residue must be capped or replaced with another amino acid (e.g. Alanine, Methionine, etc.).

Where the peptide contains one cysteine, the cysteine must stay capped after addition of the maleimide. If the cysteine is involved in binding site, assessment has to be made of how much potency is lost if cysteine is capped by a protecting group. If the cysteine can stay capped, then the synthetic path is similar to example (i) above.

Examples of therapeutic peptides that contain one cysteine include G $\alpha$  (the alpha subunit of Gtherapeutic peptide binding protein), the 724-739 fragment of rat brain nitric oxide synthase blocking peptide, the alpha subunit 1-32 fragment of human [Tyr0] inhibin, the 254-274 fragment of HIV envelope protein, and P34cdc2 kinase fragment.

20

### 1. Modification at the N-Terminus

#### **Example 56 - Modification of Inhibin Peptide at the Added N-Terminus Lysine**

Preparation of (N $\epsilon$ -MPA)-Lys-Tyr-Ser-Thr-Pro-Leu-Met-Ser-Trp-Pro-Trp-Ser-Pro-Ser-Ala-Leu-Arg-Leu-Leu-Gln-Arg-Pro-Pro-Glu-Glu-Pro-Ala-Ala-Ala-His-Ala-Asn-Cys-His-Arg

Solid phase peptide synthesis of a modified inhibin peptide analog on a 100  $\mu$ mole scale is performed using manual solid-phase synthesis, a Symphony Peptide Synthesizer and Fmoc protected Rink Amide MBHA. The following protected amino acids are sequentially added to resin: Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-His(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Cys(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-His(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Ala-

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OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Glu(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Glu(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Gln(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Trp(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Trp(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Met-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Aloc)-OH, They are dissolved in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) and, according to the sequence, activated using *O*-benzotriazol-1-yl-*N,N,N,N*-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate (HBTU) and Diisopropylethylamine (DIEA). Removal of the Fmoc protecting group is achieved using a solution of 20% (V/V) piperidine in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) for 20 minutes (Step 1). The selective deprotection of the Lys (Aloc) group is performed manually and accomplished by treating the resin with a solution of 3 eq of Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> dissolved in 5 mL of CHCl<sub>3</sub>:NMM:HOAc (18:1:0.5) for 2 h (Step 2). The resin is then washed with CHCl<sub>3</sub> (6 x 5 mL), 20% HOAc in DCM (6 x 5 mL), DCM (6 x 5 mL), and DMF (6 x 5 mL). The synthesis is then re-automated for the addition of the 3-maleimidopropionic acid (Step 3). Between every coupling, the resin is washed 3 times with *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) and 3 times with isopropanol. The peptide is cleaved from the resin using 85% TFA/5% TIS/5% thioanisole and 5% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 4). The product is purified by preparative reverse phase HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system: gradient elution of 30-55% B (0.045% TFA in H<sub>2</sub>O (A) and 0.045% TFA in CH<sub>3</sub>CN (B)) over 180 min at 9.5 mL/min using a Phenomenex Luna 10  $\mu$  phenyl-hexyl, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at  $\lambda$  214 and 254 nm to afford the desired DAC in >95% purity, as determined by RP-HPLC.

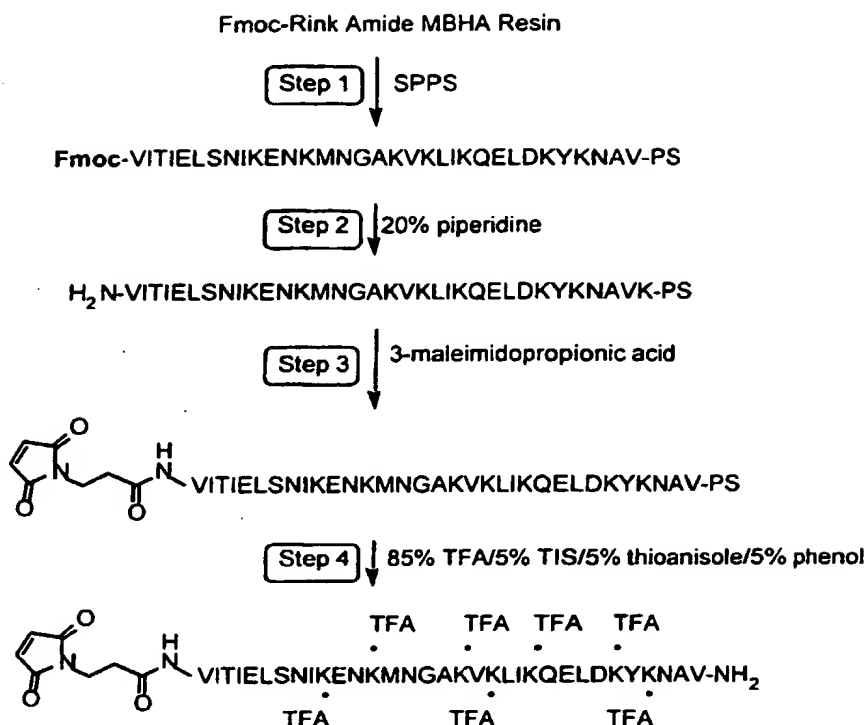


**Example 57 – Modification of RSV Antifusogenic Peptide at the N-Terminus**

**Preparation of 3-(MPA)-Val-Ile-Thr-Ile-Glu-Leu-Ser-Asn-Ile-Lys-Glu-Asn-Lys-Cys-Asn-Glu-Ala-Lys-Val-Lys-Leu-Ile-Lys-Glu-Glu-Leu-Asp-Lys-Tyr-Lys-Asn-Ala-Val**

Initially, (Cysteine (Cys) was replaced with Methionine (Met) within the native sequence. Solid phase peptide synthesis of a modified anti RSV analog on a 100  $\mu$ mole scale was performed on a Symphony Peptide Synthesizer using Fmoc protected Rink Amide MBHA resin, Fmoc protected amino acids, O-benzotriazol-1-yl-*N,N,N',N'*-tetramethyl-uronium hexafluorophosphate (HBTU) in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) solution and activation with *N*-methylmorpholine (NMM), and piperidine deprotection of Fmoc groups (Step 1). The deprotection of the terminal Fmoc group is accomplished using 20% piperidine (Step 2) followed by the coupling of 3-MPA (Step 3). Resin cleavage and product isolation was performed using 85% TFA/5% TIS/5% thioanisole and 5% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 4). The product is purified by preparative reverse phase HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system: gradient elution of 30-55% B (0.045% TFA in H<sub>2</sub>O (A) and 0.045% TFA in CH<sub>3</sub>CN (B)) over 180 min at 9.5 mL/min using a Phenomenex Luna 10  $\mu$  phenyl-hexyl, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at  $\lambda$  214 and 254 nm to afford the desired DAC in >95% purity, as determined by RP-HPLC. These steps are illustrated by the schematic diagram below.

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## 5            2.        Modification at the C-Terminus

### **Example 58 - Modification of Inhibin Peptide at the Added C-Terminus Lysine**

#### **Preparation of (Nε-MPA)-Lys-Cys-Asn-Leu-Lys-Glu-Asp-Gly-Ile-Ser-Ala-Ala-Lys-Asp-Val-Lys**

10

Solid phase peptide synthesis of a modified inhibin peptide analog on a 100 μmole scale is performed using manual solid-phase synthesis, a Symphony Peptide Synthesizer and Fmoc protected Rink Amide MBHA. The following protected amino acids are sequentially

15 added to resin: Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Val-OH, Fmoc-Asp(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Ile-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Asp(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Glu(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Cys(Trt)-

OH, Fmoc-Lys(Aloc)-OH, They are dissolved in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) and, according to the sequence, activated using O-benzotriazol-1-yl-*N,N,N,N*-tetramethyl-uronium hexafluorophosphate (HBTU) and Diisopropylethylamine (DIEA). Removal of the Fmoc protecting group is

5 achieved using a solution of 20% (V/V) piperidine in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) for 20 minutes (Step 1). The selective deprotection of the Lys (Aloc) group is performed manually and accomplished by treating the resin with a solution of 3 eq of Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> dissolved in 5 mL of CHCl<sub>3</sub>:NMM:HOAc (18:1:0.5) for 2 h (Step 2). The

10 resin is then washed with CHCl<sub>3</sub> (6 x 5 mL), 20% HOAc in DCM (6 x 5 mL), DCM (6 x 5 mL), and DMF (6 x 5 mL). The synthesis is then re-automated for the addition of the 3-maleimidopropionic acid (Step 3). Between every coupling, the resin is washed 3 times with *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) and 3 times with isopropanol. The peptide is

15 cleaved from the resin using 85% TFA/5% TIS/5% thioanisole and 5% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 4). The product is purified by preparative reverse phase HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system: gradient elution of 30-55% B (0.045% TFA in H<sub>2</sub>O (A) and 0.045% TFA in CH<sub>3</sub>CN (B)) over 180 min at

20 9.5 mL/min using a Phenomenex Luna 10 μ phenyl-hexyl, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at λ 214 and 254 nm to afford the desired DAC in >95% purity, as determined by RP-HPLC.

**Example 59 – Modification of RSV Fusogenic Peptide at the C-Terminus**

25 **Val-Ile-Thr-Ile-Glu-Leu-Ser-Asn-Ile-Lys-Glu-Asn-Lys-Cys-Asn-Gly-Ala-Lys-Val-Lys-Leu-Ile-Lys-Gln-Glu-Leu-Asp-Lys-Tyr-Asn-Ala-Val-(AEEA.MPA)**

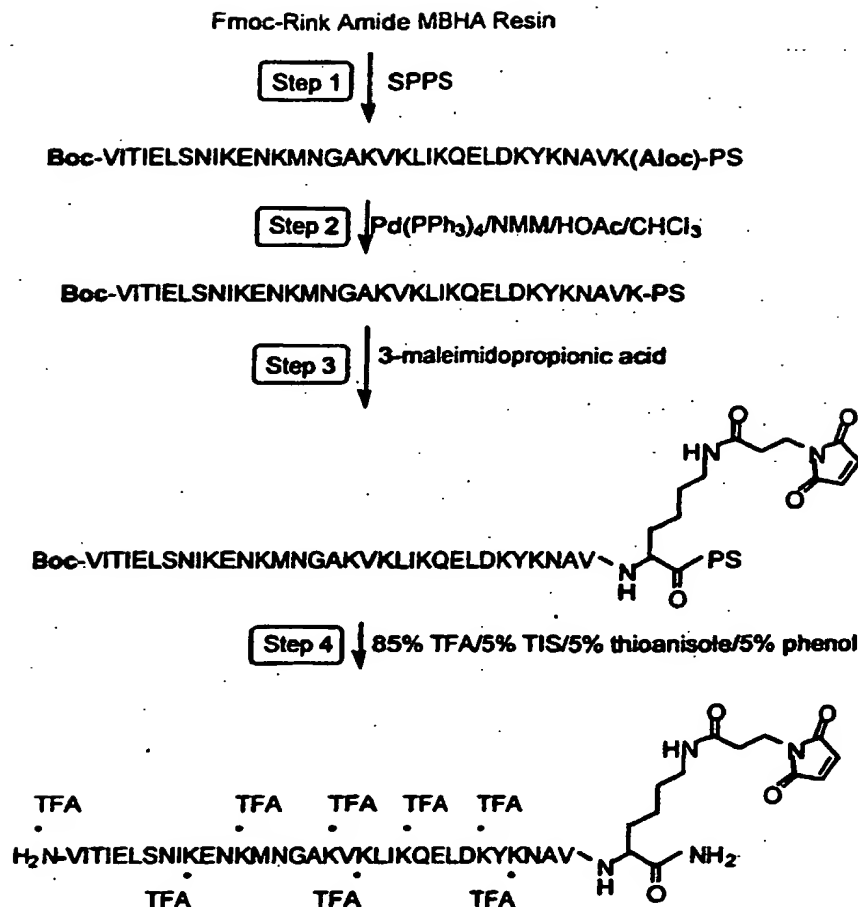
30 Preparation of maleimido peptides from peptides containing multiple protected functional groups and one cysteine is exemplified by the synthesis of a modified RSV fusogenic peptide. The modified RSV fusogenic peptide was synthesized by linking off the C-terminus by the

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addition of a lysine residue to the natural peptide sequence as illustrated by the schematic diagram below. In cases where a cysteine residue is contained within the peptide sequence and is not essentially to the biological activity of the peptide, this residue must be replaced with  
5 another amino acid (e.g. alanine, methionine, etc.). In the following synthesis, the cysteine (Cys) was replaced with a methionine (Met) within the native RSV sequence.

Solid phase peptide synthesis of the maleimido RSV fusogenic peptide on a 100  $\mu$ mole scale is performed using manual solid-phase  
10 synthesis and a Symphony Peptide Synthesizer using Fmoc protected Rink Amide MBHA resin, Fmoc protected amino acids, O-benzotriazol-1-yl-*N, N, N, N*-tetramethyl-uronium hexafluorophosphate (HBTU) in *N, N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) solution and activation with *N*-methylmorpholine (NMM), and piperidine deprotection of Fmoc groups (Step  
15 1). The selective deprotection of the Lys(Aloc) group is performed manually and accomplished by treating the resin with a solution of 3 eq of  $\text{Pd}(\text{PPh}_3)_4$  dissolved in 5 mL of  $\text{CHCl}_3$ :NMM:HOAc (18:1:0.5) for 2 h (Step 2). The resin is then washed with  $\text{CHCl}_3$  (6 x 5 mL), 20% HOAc in DCM (6 x 5 mL), DCM (6 x 5 mL), and DMF (6 x 5 mL). The synthesis is  
20 then re-automated for the addition of 3-maleimidopropionic acid (Step 3). Resin cleavage and product isolation is performed using 85% TFA/5% TIS/5% thioanisole and 5% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold  $\text{Et}_2\text{O}$  (Step 4). The product is purified by preparative reverse phase HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system: gradient elution of 30-55% B (0.045% TFA in  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  (A) and 0.045% TFA in  $\text{CH}_3\text{CN}$  (B)) over 180 min at 9.5 mL/min using a Phenomenex Luna 10  $\mu$  phenyl-hexyl, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD  
25 II) at  $\lambda$  214 and 254 nm to afford the desired DAC in >95% purity, as determined by RP-HPLC. These steps are illustrated in the schematic  
30 diagram below.

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### 3. Modification at an Internal Amino Acid

#### 5 Example 60 – Modification of Gα Peptide at Cys-Asn-Leu-Lys-Glu-Asp-Gly-Ile-Ser-Ala-Ala-Lys-Asp-Val

Preparation of maleimido peptides from peptides containing multiple protected functional groups and one cysteine is exemplified by the synthesis of a modified Gα peptide. The modified Gα peptide is synthesized by linking at an internal amino acid as described below.

In cases where a cysteine residue is contained within the peptide sequence and is not essentially to the biological activity of the peptide, this residue must be capped or replaced with another amino acid (e.g. alanine, methionine, etc.). Solid phase peptide synthesis of the modified

G $\alpha$  peptide on a 100  $\mu$ mole scale is performed using manual solid-phase synthesis and a Symphony Peptide Synthesizer using Fmoc protected Rink Amide MBHA resin, Fmoc protected amino acids, O-benzotriazol-1-yl-*N, N, N, N*-tetramethyl-uronium hexafluorophosphate (HBTU) in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) solution and activation with *N*-methyl morpholine (NMM), and piperidine deprotection of Fmoc groups (Step 1). The selective deprotection of the Lys(Aloc) group is performed manually and accomplished by treating the resin with a solution of 3 eq of Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> dissolved in 5 mL of CHCl<sub>3</sub>:NMM:HOAc (18:1:0.5) for 2 h (Step 2). The resin is then washed with CHCl<sub>3</sub> (6 x 5 mL), 20% HOAc in DCM (6 x 5 mL), DCM (6 x 5 mL), and DMF (6 x 5 mL). The synthesis is then re-automated for the addition of 3-maleimidopropionic acid (Step 3). Resin cleavage and product isolation is performed using 85% TFA/5% TIS/5% thioanisole and 5% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 4). The product is purified by preparative reversed phased HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system: gradient elution of 30-55% B (0.045% TFA in H<sub>2</sub>O (A) and 0.045% TFA in CH<sub>3</sub>CN (B)) over 180 min at 9.5 mL/min using a Phenomenex Luna 10  $\mu$  phenyl-hexyl, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at  $\lambda$  214 and 254 nm to afford the desired DAC in >95% purity, as determined by RP-HPLC.

#### **E. Preparation of Modified Peptides From Peptides Containing Two Cysteines In Disulfide Bridge**

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Where the peptide contains two cysteines as a disulfide bridge, the peptide is cleaved from the support resin before addition of the maleimide. We need to add a Lys protected with a Mtt group in order to selectively deprotect the lysine in presence of other t-Boc protected lysine. All protecting groups are present except at the carboxy terminus (which stays unprotected due to cleavage from the support resin) and at the two cysteines, which need to be deprotected when peptide is

30

cleaved from resin. Mild air oxidation yield the disulfide bridge, and the peptide can be purified at that stage. Solution phase chemistry is then required to activate the C-terminus in presence of the disulfide bridge and add the maleimide (through an amino-alkyl-maleimide) to the C-terminus. The peptide is then fully deprotected. Examples of therapeutic peptides that contain two cysteines as a disulfide bridge include human osteocalcin 1-49, human diabetes associated peptide, the 5-28 fragment of human/canine atrial natriuretic peptide, bovine batenecin, and human [Tyr<sup>0</sup>]-cortistatin 29.

Preparation of maleimido peptides from therapeutic peptides containing two Cysteines in a disulfide bridge is exemplified by the synthesis of peptides as described below. The peptide may be modified at the N-terminus, the C-terminus, or at an amino acid located between the N-terminus and the C-terminus.

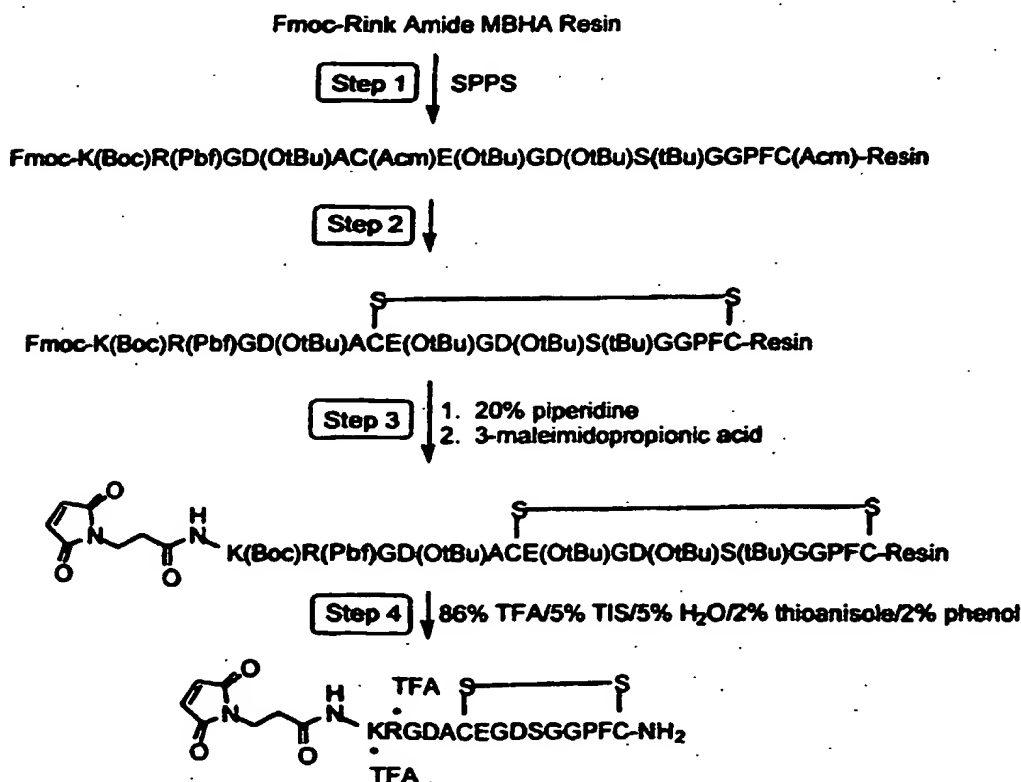
#### 1. Modification at the N-Terminus

##### **Example 61 – Modification of TH-1 Peptide at N-Terminus** **Preparation of ( N $\epsilon$ -MPA)NH<sub>2</sub>-Lys-Arg-Gly-Asp-Ala-Cys-Glu-Gly-Asp-Ser-Gly-Gly-Pro-Phe-Cys**

Preparation of thiol cyclized maleimido peptides from peptides containing multiple protected functional groups and no free cysteine residues (*i.e.* all cysteine residues are tied up as disulfide bridges). is illustrated by the synthesis of a modified TH-1 peptide.

Solid phase peptide synthesis of the modified TH-1 peptide on a 100  $\mu$ mole scale was performed manually and on a Symphony Peptide Synthesizer using Fmoc protected Rink Amide MBHA resin, Fmoc protected amino acids, O-benzotriazol-1-yl-*N*, *N*', *N*'-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate (HBTU) in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) solution and activation with *N*-methyl morpholine (NMM), and piperidine deprotection of Fmoc groups (Step 1). The removal of the Ac group and resulting oxidation of the two Cys residues to form the cyclized on

- resin DAC was accomplished using  $\text{Ti}(\text{CF}_3\text{CO})_2$  (Step 2). The deprotection of the terminal Fmoc group is accomplished using 20% piperidine followed by the coupling of 3-MPA (Step 3). Resin cleavage and product isolation was performed using 86% TFA/5% TIS/5%  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ /2% thioanisole and 2% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold  $\text{Et}_2\text{O}$  (Step 4). The product was purified by preparative reverse phase HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system using a Dynamax  $\text{C}_{18}$ , 60Å, 8  $\mu\text{m}$ , 21 mm x 25 cm column equipped with a Dynamax  $\text{C}_{18}$ , 60Å, 8  $\mu\text{m}$  guard module, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at  $\lambda$  214 and 254 nm. The product had >95% purity as determined by RP-HPLC mass spectrometry using a Hewlett Packard LCMS-1100 series spectrometer equipped with a diode array detector and using electro-spray ionization, ESI-MS  $m/z$  for  $\text{C}_{66}\text{H}_{95}\text{N}_{20}\text{O}_{26}\text{S}_2$  ( $\text{MH}^+$ ), 1646.8. Found: 1646.7. These steps are illustrated in the schematic diagram below.



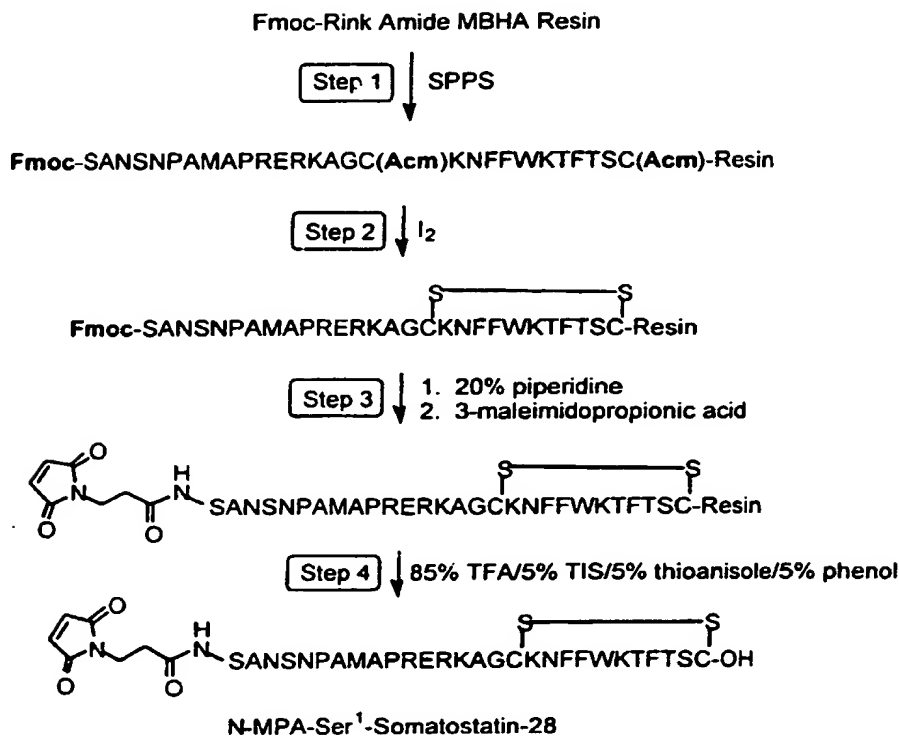


**Example 62 - Synthesis of *N*-MPA-Ser<sup>1</sup>-Somatostatin-28**

Solid phase peptide synthesis of the DAC:Somatostatin-28

- 5 analog on a 100  $\mu$ mole scale is performed manually and on a Symphony Peptide Synthesizer using Fmoc protected Rink amide MBHA resin. The following protected amino acids are sequentially added to the resin: Fmoc-Cys(Acm)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Phe-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Trp(Boc)-OH,
- 10 Fmoc-Phe-OH, Fmoc-Phe-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Cys(Acm)-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Met-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Ala-
- 15 OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH. They are dissolved in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) and, according to the sequence, activated using *O*-benzotriazol-1-yl-*N,N,N',N'*-tetramethyl-uronium hexafluorophosphate (HBTU) and Diisopropylethylamine (DIEA). Removal of the Fmoc protecting group is achieved using a solution of 20% (V/V) piperidine in *N,N*-
- 20 dimethylformamide (DMF) for 20 minutes (Step 1). Removal of the Acm groups and resulting oxidation of the two Cys residues to form the disulfide bridge is accomplished using iodine (Step 2). Deprotection of the terminal Fmoc group is accomplished using 20% piperidine followed by the coupling of 3-MPA (Step 3). Resin cleavage and product isolation
- 25 is performed using 86% TFA/5% TIS/5% H<sub>2</sub>O/2% thioanisole and 2% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 4). The product is purified by preparative reversed phase HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system using a Dynamax C<sub>18</sub>, 60Å, 8  $\mu$ m, 21 mm x 25 cm column equipped with a Dynamax C<sub>18</sub>, 60Å, 8  $\mu$ m
- 30 guard module, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at  $\lambda$  214 and 254 nm to afford the desired DAC in

>95% purity, as determined by RP-HPLC. These steps are illustrated in the schematic diagram below.



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## 2. Modification at the C-Terminus

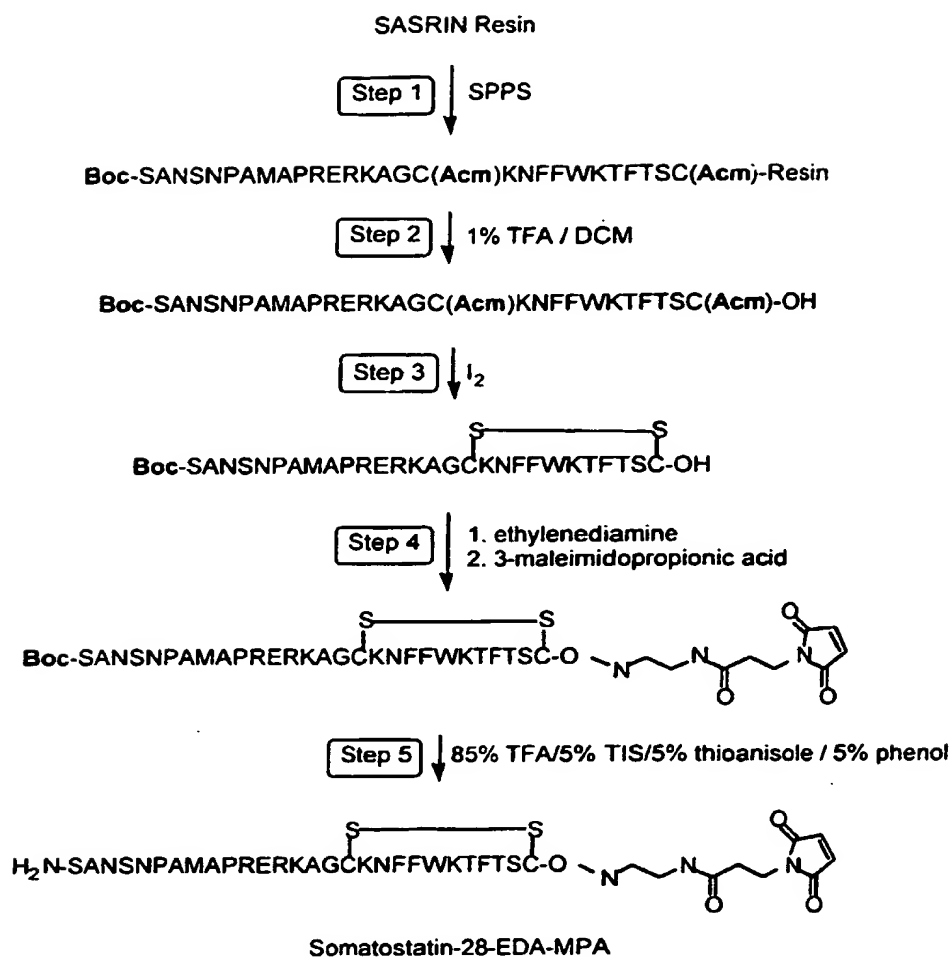
### Example 63 - Synthesis of Somatostatin-28-EDA-MPA

Solid phase peptide synthesis of the DAC:Somatostatin-28

- 10 analog on a 100  $\mu$ mole scale is performed manually and on a Symphony Peptide Synthesizer using SASRIN (super acid sensitive resin). The following protected amino acids are sequentially added to the resin:
- Fmoc-Cys(Acm)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Phe-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Trp(Boc)-OH,
- 15 Fmoc-Phe-OH, Fmoc-Phe-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Cys(Acm)-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-

Pro-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Met-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Boc-Ser(tBu)-OH. They are dissolved in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) and, according to the sequence, activated using O-benzotriazol-  
5 1-yl-*N, N, N, N*-tetramethyl-uronium hexafluorophosphate (HBTU) and Diisopropylethylamine (DIEA). Removal of the Fmoc protecting group is achieved using a solution of 20% (V/V) piperidine in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) for 20 minutes (Step 1). The fully protected peptide is cleaved from the resin by treatment with 1% TFA / DCM (Step  
10 2). Removal of the Acn groups and resulting oxidation of the two Cys residues to form the disulfide bridge is accomplished using iodine (Step 3). Ethylenediamine and 3-maleimidopropionic acid are then sequentially added to the free C-terminus (Step 4). The protecting groups are then cleaved and the product isolated using 86% TFA/5% TIS/5% H<sub>2</sub>O/2%  
15 thioanisole and 2% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 5). The product is purified by preparative reversed phase HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system using a Dynamax C<sub>18</sub>, 60Å, 8 µm, 21 mm x 25 cm column equipped with a Dynamax C<sub>18</sub>, 60Å, 8 µm guard module, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV  
20 detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at λ 214 and 254 nm to afford the desired DAC in >95% purity, as determined by RP-HPLC. These steps are illustrated in the schematic diagram below.

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### 3. Modification at an Internal Amino Acid

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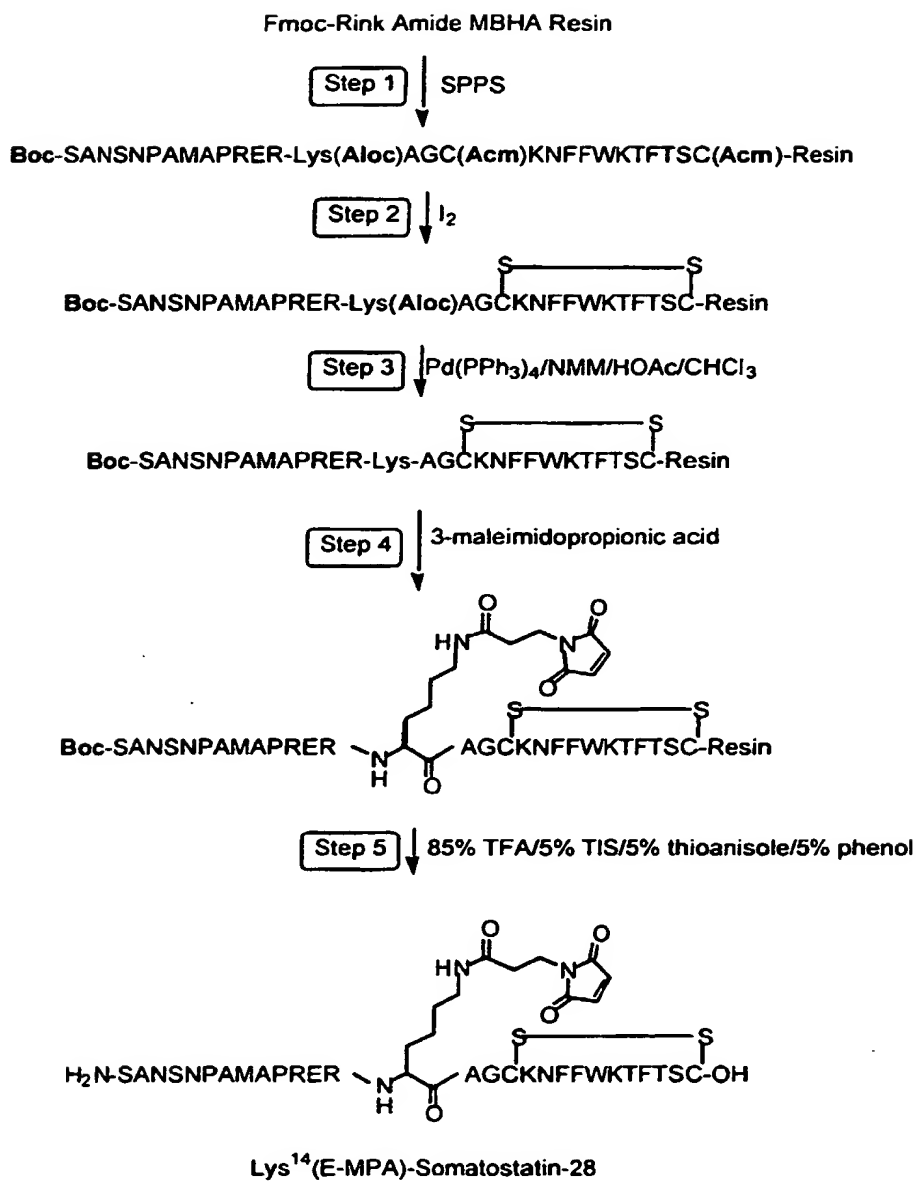
#### Example 64 – Synthesis of Lys<sup>14</sup>(ε-MPA)-Somatostatin-28

Solid phase peptide synthesis of the DAC:Somatostatin-28 analog on a 100 μmole scale is performed manually and on a Symphony Peptide Synthesizer using Fmoc protected Rink amide MBHA resin. The following protected amino acids are sequentially added to the resin:

10 Fmoc-Cys(Acm)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Phe-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Trp(Boc)-OH,

Fmoc-Phe-OH, Fmoc-Phe-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Cys(Acm)-OH, Fmoc-Gly-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Aloc)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Met-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Pro-OH, 5 Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Ala-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH. They are dissolved in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) and, according to the sequence, activated using *O*-benzotriazol-1-yl-*N,N,N',N'*-tetramethyl-uronium hexafluorophosphate (HBTU) and Diisopropylethylamine (DIEA). Removal of the Fmoc protecting group is 10 achieved using a solution of 20% (V/V) piperidine in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) for 20 minutes (Step 1). Removal of the Acm groups and resulting oxidation of the two Cys residues to form the disulfide bridge is accomplished using iodine (Step 2). Selective deprotection of the Lys(Aloc) group is performed manually and 15 accomplished by treating the resin with a solution of 3 eq of Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> dissolved in 5mL of CHCl<sub>3</sub>:NMM:HOAc (18:1:0.5) for 2h (Step 3). The resin is then washed with CHCl<sub>3</sub> (6 x 5mL), 20% HOAc in DCM (6 x 5mL), DCM (6 x 5mL), and DMF (6 x 5mL). The synthesis is then re-automated for the addition of the 3-maleimidopropionic acid (Step 4). 20 Resin cleavage and product isolation is performed using 86% TFA/5% TIS/5% H<sub>2</sub>O/2% thioanisole and 2% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 5). The product is purified by preparative reversed phase HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system using a Dynamax C<sub>18</sub>, 60Å, 8 µm, 21 mm x 25 cm column 25 equipped with a Dynamax C<sub>18</sub>, 60Å, 8 µm guard module, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at λ 214 and 254 nm to afford the desired DAC in >95% purity, as determined by RP-HPLC. These steps are illustrated in the following schematic diagram.

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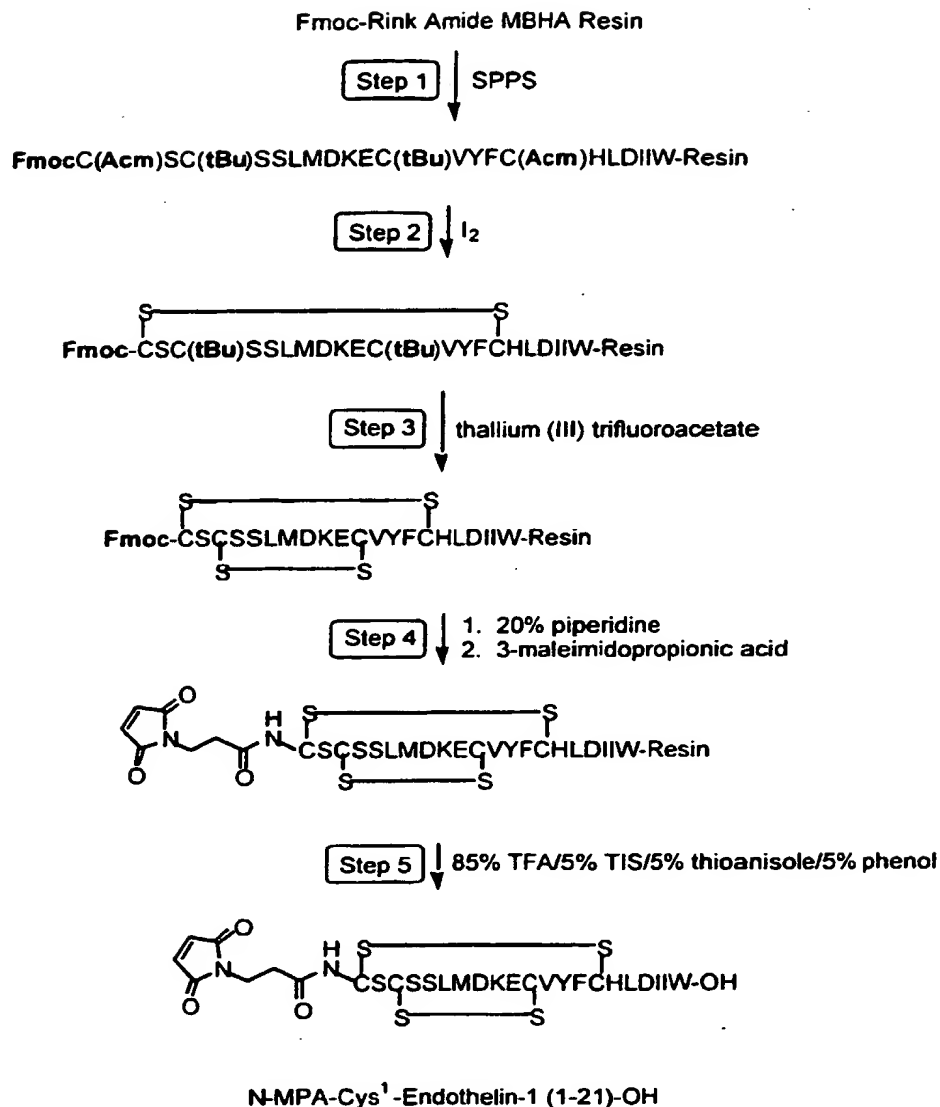
**F. Preparation of Modified Peptides From Peptides Containing Multiple Cysteines**

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**1. Modification at the N-Terminus**

**Example 65- Synthesis of N-MPA-Cys<sup>1</sup>-Endothelin-1 (1-21)-OH**

Solid phase peptide synthesis of a modified Endothelin-1 analog on a 100  $\mu$ mole scale is performed manually and on a Symphony  
10 Peptide Synthesizer using Fmoc protected Rink Amide MBHA resin. The following protected amino acids are sequentially added to the resin: Fmoc-Trp(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Ile-OH, Fmoc-Ile-OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-His(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Cys(Acm)-OH, Fmoc-Phe-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Val-OH, Fmoc-Cys(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-  
15 Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Met-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Cys(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Cys(Acm)-OH. They are dissolved in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) and, according to the sequence, activated using *O*-benzotriazol-1-yl-*N,N,N',N'*-tetramethyl-  
20 uronium hexafluorophosphate (HBTU) and Diisopropylethylamine (DIEA). Removal of the Fmoc protecting groups is achieved using a solution of 20% (V/V) piperidine in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) for 20 minutes (Step 1). The removal of the Acm groups and resulting oxidation of the first two Cys residues to form the first disulfide bridge on  
25 resin is accomplished using iodine (Step 2). The removal of the tBu groups and resulting oxidation of the other two Cys residues to form the second disulfide bridge on resin is accomplished using thallium (III) trifluoroacetate (Step 3). The deprotection of the terminal Fmoc group is accomplished using 20% piperidine followed by the coupling of 3-MPA  
30 (Step 4). Resin cleavage and product isolation is performed using 86% TFA/5% TIS/5% H<sub>2</sub>O/2% thioanisole and 2% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 5). The product is purified by



- 5 preparative reverse phase HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system using a Dynamax C<sub>18</sub>, 60Å, 8 µm, 21 mm x 25 cm column equipped with a Dynamax C<sub>18</sub>, 60Å, 8 µm guard module, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at λ 214 and



254 nm to afford the desired DAC in >95% purity, as determined by RP-HPLC. These steps are illustrated in the schematic diagram above.

## 2. Modification at the C-Terminus

### 5 **Example 66 - Synthesis of Endothelin-1 (1-21)Lys<sup>22</sup>-(N $\epsilon$ -MPA)-OH**

Solid phase peptide synthesis of a modified Endothelin-1 analog on a 100  $\mu$ mole scale is performed manually and on a Symphony Peptide Synthesizer using Fmoc protected Rink Amide MBHA resin. The following protected amino acids are sequentially added to the resin:

10 Fmoc-Lys(Aloc)-OH, Fmoc-Trp(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Ile-OH, Fmoc-Ile-OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-His(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Cys(Acm)-OH, Fmoc-Phe-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Val-OH, Fmoc-Cys(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Met-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH,

15 Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Cys(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Boc-Cys(Acm)-OH. They are dissolved in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) and, according to the sequence, activated using *O*-benzotriazol-1-yl-*N,N,N'*-tetramethyl-uronium hexafluorophosphate (HBTU) and Diisopropylethylamine (DIEA). Removal of the Fmoc protecting group is

20 achieved using a solution of 20% (V/V) piperidine in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) for 20 minutes (Step 1). The removal of the Acm groups and resulting oxidation of the first two Cys residues to form the first disulfide bridge on resin is accomplished using iodine (Step 2). The removal of the *t*Bu groups and resulting oxidation of the other two

25 Cys residues to form the second disulfide bridge on resin is accomplished using thallium (III) trifluoroacetate (Step 3). Selective deprotection of the Lys(Aloc) group is performed manually and accomplished by treating the resin with a solution of 3 eq of Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> dissolved in 5 mL of CHCl<sub>3</sub>:NMM:HOAc (18:1:0.5) for 2h (Step 4). The

30 resin is then washed with CHCl<sub>3</sub> (6 x 5mL), 20% HOAc in DCM (6 x 5mL), DCM (6 x 5mL), and DMF (6 x 5mL). The synthesis is then re-automated for the addition of the 3-maleimidopropionic acid (Step 5).

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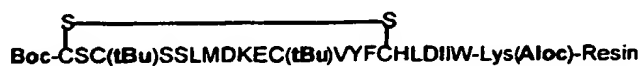
- Resin cleavage and product isolation is performed using 86% TFA/5% TIS/5% H<sub>2</sub>O/2% thioanisole and 2% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 5). The product is purified by preparative reverse phase HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system using a Dynamax C<sub>18</sub>, 60Å, 8 µm, 21 mm x 25 cm column equipped with a Dynamax C<sub>18</sub>, 60Å, 8 µm guard module, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian Dynamax UVD II) at λ 214 and 254 nm to afford the desired DAC in >95% purity, as determined by RP-HPLC. These steps are illustrated in the schematic diagram below.

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Fmoc-Rink Amide MBHA Resin

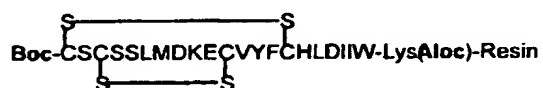
Step 1 ↓ SPPS

Boc-C(Acm)SC(tBu)SSLMDKEC(tBu)VYFC(Acm)HLDIIW-Lys(Aloc)-Resin

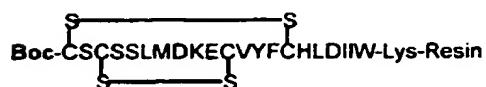
Step 2 ↓ I<sub>2</sub>


Boc-CSC(tBu)SSLMDKEC(tBu)VYFCHLDIIW-Lys(Aloc)-Resin

Step 3 ↓ thallium (III) trifluoroacetate

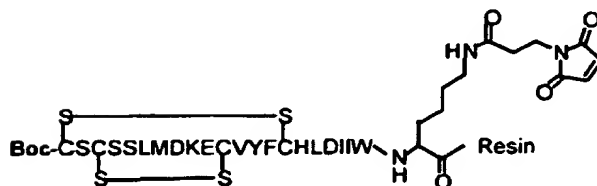


Boc-CSCSSLMDKECVYFCHLDIIW-Lys(Aloc)-Resin

Step 4 ↓ Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub>/NMM/HOAc/CHCl<sub>3</sub>


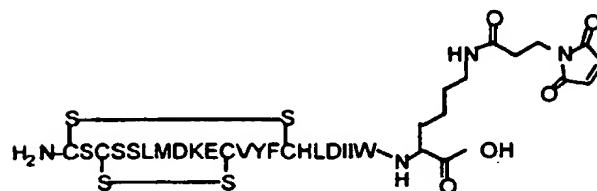
Boc-CSCSSLMDKECVYFCHLDIIW-Lys-Resin

Step 5 ↓ 3-maleimidopropionic acid



Boc-CSCSSLMDKECVYFCHLDIIW-NH-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)-CO-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-CO-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-maleimide-Resin

Step 6 ↓ 85% TFA/5% TIS/5% thioanisole/5% phenol



H<sub>2</sub>N-CSCSSLMDKECVYFCHLDIIW-NH-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)-CO-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-CO-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-maleimide-OH

Endothelin-1 (1-21) Lys<sup>22</sup>(E-MPA)-OH

### 3. Modification at an Internal Amino Acid

#### **Example 67- Synthesis of Lys<sup>4</sup>(N $\epsilon$ -MPA)Sarafotoxin B(1-21)-OH**

Solid phase peptide synthesis of a modified Sarafotoxin-B analog on a 100  $\mu$ mole scale is performed manually and on a Symphony Peptide Synthesizer using Fmoc protected Rink Amide MBHA resin. The following protected amino acids are sequentially added to the resin: Fmoc-Trp(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Ile-OH, Fmoc-Val-OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Gln(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-His(Trt)-OH, Fmoc-Cys(Acm)-OH, Fmoc-Phe-OH, Fmoc-Tyr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Leu-OH, Fmoc-Cys(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Glu(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Met-OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Aloc)-OH, Fmoc-Cys(tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH, Boc-Cys(Acm)-OH. They are dissolved in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) and, according to the sequence, activated using *O*-benzotriazol-1-yl-*N,N,N',N'*-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate (HBTU) and Diisopropylethylamine (DIEA). Removal of the Fmoc protecting group is achieved using a solution of 20% (V/V) piperidine in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) for 20 minutes (Step 1). The removal of the Acm groups and resulting oxidation of the first two Cys residues to form the first disulfide bridge on resin is accomplished using iodine (Step 2). The removal of the *t*Bu groups and resulting oxidation of the other two Cys residues to form the second disulfide bridge on resin is accomplished using thallium (III) trifluoroacetate (Step 3). Selective deprotection of the Lys(Aloc) group is performed manually and accomplished by treating the resin with a solution of 3 eq of Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> dissolved in 5 mL of CHCl<sub>3</sub>:NMM:HOAc (18:1:0.5) for 2h (Step 4). The resin is then washed with CHCl<sub>3</sub> (6 x 5mL), 20% HOAc in DCM (6 x 5mL), DCM (6 x 5mL), and DMF (6 x 5mL). The synthesis is then re-automated for the addition of the 3-maleimidopropionic acid (Step 5). Resin cleavage and product isolation is performed using 86% TFA/5% TIS/5% H<sub>2</sub>O/2% thioanisole and 2% phenol, followed by precipitation by dry-ice cold Et<sub>2</sub>O (Step 5). The

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- product is purified by preparative reverse phase HPLC using a Varian (Rainin) preparative binary HPLC system using a Dynamax C<sub>18</sub>, 60Å, 8 µm, 21 mm x 25 cm column equipped with a Dynamax C<sub>18</sub>, 60Å, 8 µm guard module, 21 mm x 25 cm column and UV detector (Varian
- 5 Dynamax UVD II) at λ 214 and 254 nm to afford the desired DAC in >95% purity, as determined by RP-HPLC. These steps are illustrated in the schematic diagram below.

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Fmoc-Rink Amide MBHA Resin

Step 1 ↓ SPPS

Boc-C(Acm)SC(tBu)-Lys(Aloc)-DMTDKEC(tBu)LYFC(Acm)HQDVIW-Resin

Step 2 ↓ I<sub>2</sub>

Boc-CSC(tBu)-Lys(Aloc)-DMTDKEC(tBu)LYFCHQDVIW-Resin

Step 3 ↓ thallium (III) trifluoroacetate

Boc-CSC-Lys(Aloc)-DMTDKECLYFCHQDVIW-Resin

Step 4 ↓ Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub>/NMM/HOAc/CHCl<sub>3</sub>

Boc-CSC-Lys-DMTDKECLYFCHQDVIW-Resin

Step 5 ↓ 3-maleimidopropionic acid

Boc-CSC-Lys-DMTDKECLYFCHQDVIW-Resin

Step 6 ↓ 85% TFA/5% TIS/5% thioanisole/5% phenol

H<sub>2</sub>N-CSC-Lys-DMTDKECLYFCHQDVIW-OH

Lys<sup>4</sup>(E-MPA)Sarafotoxin 3 (1-21)-OH

## F. Peptide Stability Assays

5

### **Example 68 – Peptide Stability Assay of K5**

A peptide stability assay was performed. (MPA)-Pro-Arg-Lys-Leu-Tyr-Asp-Lys-NH<sub>2</sub>. 2TFA was synthesized as described above and was identified MPA-K5. The non-modified counterpart peptide Pro-Arg-Lys-Leu-Tyr-Asp-Lys was also synthesized as described in Example 20 without the addition of 3-MPA and identified as K5.

K5 (MW1260.18, 918.12 freebase) was prepared as a 100 mM stock solution in water. MPA-K5 (MW = 1411.17, 1069.11 freebase) was prepared as a 100 mM stock solution in water. Human Serum Albumin (HSA) was obtained as a 25% solution (ca 250 mg/ml, 3.75 mM) as Albutein® available from Alpha Therapeutic. Human plasma was obtained from Golden West Biologicals.

#### **(1) Stability of K5 in Human Plasma**

K5 was prepared as a 1 µM solution and dissolved in 25% human serum albumin. The mixture was then incubated at 37°C in the presence of human plasma to final concentration of 160 mM K5. Aliquots of 100 µl were withdrawn from the plasma at 0, 4 hours and 24 hours. The 100 µl aliquots were mixed with 100 µl of blocking solution (5 vol. 5%ZnSO<sub>4</sub>/3 vol. Acetonitrile/2 vol. Methanol) in order to precipitate all proteins. The sample was centrifuged for 5 min at 10,000 g and the supernatant containing the peptide was recovered and filtered through a 0.22 µm filter. The presence of free intact K5 peptide was assayed by the HPLC/MS. The results are presented below. The HPLC parameters for detection of K5 peptide in serum were as follows.

The HPLC method was as follows: A Vydac C18 250 X 4.6 mm, 5 µ particle size column was utilized. The column temperature was 30°C

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with a flow rate of 0.5 ml/min. Mobile Phase A was 0.1% TFA/water. Mobile Phase B was 0.1% TFA/acetonitrile. The injection volume was 10 $\mu$ l.

The gradient was as follows:

5

	<u>Time(Minutes)</u>	<u>%A</u>	<u>%B</u>
	0	95	5
	20	70	30
	25	10	90
10	30	10	90
	35	95	5
	45	95	5

The proteins were detected at 214, 254 and 334 nm. For mass spectral analysis, the ionization mode was API-electrospray (positive mode) at an M/Z range of 300 to 2000. The gain was 3.0, fragmentor 120v, threshold 20, stepsize 0.1. The gas temp was 350°C and the drying gas volume was 10.0 l/min. The Neb pressure was 24 psi and the Vcap was 3500V. The HPLC method was as follows: A Vydac C18 250 X 4.6 mm, 5  $\mu$  particle size column was utilized. The column temperature was 30°C with a flow rate of 0.5 ml/min. Mobile Phase A was 0.1% TFA/water. Mobile Phase B was 0.1% TFA/acetonitrile. The injection volume was 10 $\mu$ l.

25

The gradient was as follows:

	<u>Time(Minutes)</u>	<u>%A</u>	<u>%B</u>
	0	95	5
	20	70	30
	25	10	90
30	30	10	90
	35	95	5
	45	95	5



The proteins were detected at 214, 254 and 334 nm. For mass spectral analysis, the ionization mode was API-electrospray (positive mode) at an M/Z range of 300 to 2000. The gain was 3.0, fragmentor 120v, threshold 20, stepsize 0.1. The gas temp was 350°C and the drying gas volume was 10.0 l/min. The Neb pressure was 24 psi and the Vcap was 3500V.

	<u>Time</u>	<u>%K5 peptide in Plasma</u>
10	0 hrs.	100%
	4 hrs	9%
	24 hrs	0%

The results demonstrate that unmodified K5 peptide is unstable in plasma likely as a result of protease activity.

## **(2) Stability of MPA-K5-HSA Conjugate in Plasma**

MPA-K5 (modified K5 peptide) was incubated with 25% HSA for 2 hours at room temperature. The MPA-K5-HSA conjugate was then incubated at 37° in the presence of human plasma at a final concentration of 160 µm. After the specific incubation period (0, 4 and 24 hours) an aliquot of 100 µl was withdrawn and filtered through a 0.22 µm filter. The presence of intact conjugate was assayed by HPLC-MS.

The column was an Aquapore RP-300, 250 x 4.6 mm, 7µ particle size. The column temperature was 50° C. The mobile phase A was 0.1% TFA/water. The mobile phase B was 0.1% TFA/acetonitrile. The injection volume was 1 µl. The gradient was as follows:

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	<u>Time (minutes)</u>	<u>%A</u>	<u>%B</u>	<u>Flow(ml/min)</u>
	0	66	34	0.700
	1	66	34	0.700
5	25	58.8	41.2	0.700
	30	50	50	0.70
	35	5	95	1.00
	41	5	95	1.00
	45	66	34	1.00
10	46	66	34	0.70

The peptide was detected at 214 nm for quantification. For mass spectral analysis of the peptide, the ionization mode was API-electrospray at 1280 to 1500 m/z range, gain 1.0, fragmentor 125V, threshold 100, stepsize 0.40. The gas temperature was 350°C the drying gas was 13.0 l/min. The pressure was 60psi and the Vcap was 6000V. The results are presented below.

Approximately 33% of circulating albumin in the bloodstream is mercaptalbumin (SH-albumin) which is not blocked by endogenous sulfhydryl compounds such as cysteine or glutathione and is therefore available for reaction with maleimido groups. The remaining 66% of the circulating albumin is capped or blocked by sulfhydryl compounds. The HPLC MS assay permits the identification of capped-HSA, SH-albumin and K5-MPA-albumin. The MPA covalently bonds to the free thiol on the albumin. The stability of the three forms of albumin in plasma is presented below.

	<u>Time</u>	<u>%capped HSA</u>	<u>% SH-Albumin</u>	<u>%K5-MPA-HSA</u>
	0 hrs.	61.3	16.6	22.1
30	4 hrs.	64.6	16.05	19.35
	24 hrs.	63	16.8	20.2

The percentage of K5-MPA-HSA remained relatively constant throughout the 24 hour plasma assay in contrast to unmodified K5 which decreased to 9% of the original amount of K5 in only 4 hours in plasma. The results demonstrate that in contrast to K5 which is quite unstable in plasma, K5-MPA-HSA is quite stable from peptidase activity in plasma.

#### **Example 70 - Peptide Stability Assay of Dynorphin**

In order to determine the stability of peptide conjugates in the presence of serum peptidases the serum stability of Dyn A-(1-13)-OH, Dyn A-(1-13)-NH<sub>2</sub> and Dyn A 1-13(MPA)-NH<sub>2</sub> were compared. Dyn A-(1-13)-OH, Dyn A-(1-13)-NH<sub>2</sub> and Dyn A 1-13(MPA)-NH<sub>2</sub> were synthesized as described above. The Dynorphin peptides were mixed with human heparinized plasma to a final concentration of 4 mg/mL. After the required incubation time at 37 °C, 0, 20, 20, 60, 120, 180, 360 and 480 minutes) a 100 µL-aliquot was added to 100 µL of blocking solution (5 vol. of a 5% aqueous ZnSO<sub>4</sub> solution, 3 vol. of acetonitrile, 2 vol. of methanol) that precipitates all proteins. After centrifugation (10,000 g for 2.5 min), clear supernatant was recovered, filtered through a 0.45 µm filter and stored on ice until LC/MS analysis.

The samples were analyzed using an LC at 214 nm to detect the presence of the different compounds and MS to determine the identity of the detected compound. The integrated area % for each peak from the LC chromatogram was then plotted against time and the relative stabilities determined in human plasma.

The stability data for Dyn A-(1-13)-OH and Dyn A-(1-13)-NH<sub>2</sub> were consistent with that reported in literature: the proteolytic breakdown of the dynorphin peptides is quite rapid. Dyn A-(1-13)-OH had a half life of about 10 minutes. Dyn A-(1-13)-NH<sub>2</sub> had a half life of about 30 minutes. In contrast Dyn A 1-13(MPA)-NH<sub>2</sub> exhibited striking stabilization in the presence of serum peptidase activity. Unmodified dynorphin peptides are degraded within 60 minutes. In contrast, modified dynorphin

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peptides (Dyn A 1-13(MPA)-NH<sub>2</sub>) are stable from serum peptidase activity for up to 480 minutes.

- The stability determination of the dynorphin conjugate is determined by ELISA. In order to determine if the observed signal is due to a dynorphin conjugate and what the conjugate is, LC mass spectrometry analysis of the reaction mixture after 8 h was performed. The use of mass spectrometry permits a determination of the molecular weight of the conjugate and allows the determination whether there are any truncated forms of the dynorphin conjugate.
- 10 Mass spectrometry of human plasma shows the two forms of albumin, the free thiol at 66436 Da and the oxidized form at 66557 Da. Also, mass spectrometry can distinguish between a Dyn 2-13 truncated conjugate (68046 Da) and the intact Dyn 1-13 conjugate, (68207 Da) in an equal mixture.
- 15 Mass spectrometry analysis of dynorphin samples taken from the serum after 480 minutes of exposure to the serum peptidases identifies only the presence of the intact conjugate (68192 Da) and not the breakdown products thereby demonstrating the stability of the dynorphin conjugate from serum peptidase activity.

<b>TABLE 1</b>			
<b>NATURAL AMINO ACIDS AND THEIR ABBREVIATIONS</b>			
<b>Name</b>	<b>3-Letter Abbreviation</b>	<b>1-Letter Abbreviation</b>	<b>Protected Amino Acids</b>
Alanine	Ala	A	Fmoc-Ala-OH
Arginine	Arg	R	Fmoc-Arg(Pbf)-OH
Asparagine	Asn	N	Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-OH
Aspartic acid	Asp	D	Asp(tBu)-OH
Cysteine	Cys	C	Fmoc-Cys(Trt)
Glutamic acid	Glu	E	Fmoc-Glu(tBu)-OH
Glutamine	Gln	Q	Fmoc-Gln(Trt)-OH
Glycine	Gly	G	Fmoc-Gly-OH
Histidine	His	H	Fmoc-His(Trt)-OH
Isoleucine	Ile	I	Fmoc-Ile-OH
Leucine	Leu	L	Fmoc-Leu-OH
Lysine	Lys	K	Fmoc-Lys(Mtt)-OH
Methionine	Met	M	Fmoc-Met-OH
Phenylalanine	Phe	F	Fmoc-Phe-OH
Proline	Pro	P	Fmoc-Pro-OH
Serine	Ser	S	Fmoc-Ser(tBu)-OH
Threonine	Thr	T	Fmoc-Thr(tBu)-OH
Tryptophan	Trp	W	Fmoc-Trp(Boc)-OH
Tyrosine	Tyr	Y	Boc-Tyr(tBu)-OH
Valine	Val	V	Fmoc-Val-OH

We claim:

1. A modified therapeutic peptide capable of forming a peptidase  
stabilized therapeutic peptide composed of between 3 and 50 amino  
5 acids, said peptide having a carboxy terminal amino acid, an amino  
terminal amino acid, a therapeutically active region of amino acids and a  
less therapeutically active region of amino acids, said peptide  
comprising:  
a reactive group which reacts with amino groups, hydroxyl  
10 groups, or thiol groups on blood components to form a stable covalent  
bond thereby forming the peptidase stabilized therapeutic peptide  
wherein the reactive group is selected from the group consisting of  
succinimidyl and maleimido groups and wherein the reactive group is  
attached to an amino acid positioned in said less therapeutically active  
15 region of amino acids.
2. The peptide of claim 1 wherein said therapeutically active region  
of amino acids includes said carboxy terminal amino acid and said  
reactive group is attached to said amino terminal amino acid.  
20
3. The peptide of claim 1 wherein said therapeutically active region  
of amino acids includes said amino terminal amino acid and said  
reactive group is attached to said carboxy terminal amino acid.
- 25 4. The peptide of claim 1 wherein said therapeutically active region  
of amino acids includes said carboxy terminal amino acid and said  
reactive group is attached to an amino acid positioned between said  
amino terminal amino acid and said carboxy terminal amino acid.
- 30 5. The peptide of claim 1 wherein said therapeutically active region  
of amino acids includes said amino terminal amino acid and said

reactive group is attached to an amino acid positioned between said amino terminal amino acid and said carboxy terminal amino acid.

6. A method of synthesizing the modified therapeutic peptide of  
5 claim 1, comprising:
- a) if said therapeutic peptide does not contain a cysteine, then synthesizing said peptide from said carboxy terminal amino acid and adding said reactive group to said carboxy terminal amino acid, or adding a terminal lysine to said carboxy terminal amino acid and adding  
10 said reactive group to said terminal lysine;
  - b) if said therapeutic peptide contains only one cysteine, then reacting said cysteine with a protective group prior to addition of said reactive group to an amino acid in said less therapeutically active region of said peptide;
  - 15 c) if said therapeutic peptide contains two cysteines as a disulfide bridge, then oxidizing said two cysteines and adding said reactive group to said amino terminal amino acid, or to said carboxy terminal amino acid, or to an amino acid positioned between said carboxy terminal amino acid and said amino terminal amino acid of said therapeutic  
20 peptide; and
  - d) if said therapeutic peptide contains more than two cysteines as disulfide bridges, then sequentially oxidizing said cysteines in said disulfide bridges and purifying said peptide prior to the addition of said reactive groups to said carboxy terminal amino acid.
- 25
7. A method for protecting a therapeutic peptide from peptidase activity in vivo, said peptide being composed of between 3 and 50 amino acids and having a carboxy terminus and an amino terminus and a carboxy terminal amino acid and an amino terminal amino  
30 acid, comprising:
- (a) modifying said peptide by attaching a reactive group to the carboxy terminal amino acid, to the amino terminal amino acid, or to an

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amino acid located between the amino terminal amino acid and the carboxy terminal amino acid, such that said modified peptide is capable of forming a covalent bond in vivo with a reactive functionality on a blood component;

5           (b)     forming a covalent bond between said reactive group and a reactive functionality on a blood component to form a peptide-blood component conjugate, thereby protecting said peptide from peptidase activity; and

             (c)     analyzing the stability of said peptide-blood component  
10 conjugate to assess the protection of said peptide from peptidase activity.

8.       A method according to claim 7, further comprising the step of administering said modified peptide in vivo before step (b), such that the  
15 peptide-blood component conjugate is formed in vivo.

9.       A method according to claim 7, wherein step (b) occurs ex vivo.

10.      A method according to claim 7 wherein step (c) is performed in  
20 vivo.

11.      A method according to claim 7, wherein said reactive group is a maleimido group.

25 12.      A method according to claim 7, wherein said reactive group is attached to said peptide via a linking group.

13.      A method according to claim 7, wherein said blood component is albumin.

30

14.      A method according to claim 7, wherein one or more of said amino acids is synthetic.



15. A method for protecting a therapeutic peptide from peptidase activity in vivo, said peptide being composed of between 3 and 50 amino acids and having a therapeutically active region of amino acids and a  
5 less therapeutically active region of amino acids, comprising:

- (a) determining said therapeutically active region of amino acids;
- (b) modifying said peptide at an amino acid included in said  
10 less therapeutically active region of amino acids by attaching a reactive group to said amino acid to form a modified peptide, such that said modified peptide has therapeutic activity and is capable of forming a covalent bond in vivo with a reactive functionality on a blood component;
- (c) forming a covalent bond between said reactive entity and a  
15 component conjugate, thereby protecting said peptide from peptidase activity; and
- (d) analyzing the stability of said peptide-blood component conjugate to assess the protection of said peptide from peptidase activity.

20

16. A method according to claim 15, further comprising the step of administering said modified peptide in vivo before step (c), such that the peptide-blood component conjugate is formed in vivo.

25 17. A method according to claim 15, wherein step (c) occurs ex vivo.

18. A method according to claim 15, wherein step (d) is performed in vivo.

30 19. A method according to claim 15, wherein step (c) is performed in vivo.

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20. A method according to claim 15, wherein step (d) is performed ex vivo.

21. A method according to claim 15, wherein said peptide has a  
5 carboxy terminus, an amino terminus, a carboxy terminal amino acid and an amino terminal amino acid, and wherein step (b) further comprises:

(a) if said less therapeutically active portion is located at the carboxy terminus of said peptide, then modifying said peptide at the carboxy terminal amino acid of said peptide;

10 (b) if said less active portion is located at the amino terminus of said peptide, then modifying said peptide at the amino terminal amino acid of said peptide; and

(c) if said less active portion is located at neither the amino terminus nor the carboxy terminus of said peptide, then modifying said  
15 peptide at an amino acid located between the carboxy terminus and the amino terminus.

22. A method according to claim 15, wherein said reactive group is a maleimido group.

20

23. A method according to claim 15, wherein said reactive entity is attached to said peptide via a linking group.

24. A method according to claim 15, wherein said blood component is  
25 albumin.

25. A method according to claim 15, wherein one or more of said amino acids is synthetic.

30

## SEQUENCE LISTING

<110> Conjuchem, Inc.  
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Ezrin, Alan  
Milner, Peter  
Holmes, Darren  
Thibaudeau, Karen

<120> PROTECTION OF ENDOGENOUS THERAPEUTIC PEPTIDES FROM  
PEPTIDASE ACTIVITY THROUGH CONJUGATION TO BLOOD  
COMPONENTS

<130> 2110

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<150> 60/134,406

<151> 1999-05-17

<150> 60/153,406

<151> 1999-09-10

<150> 60/159,783

<151> 1999-10-18

<160> 1617

<170> PatentIn Ver. 2.1

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His Phe Arg Trp Gly Lys Pro Val Gly Lys Lys Arg Arg Pro Val Lys  
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Val Tyr Pro

<210> 2

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1 5

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1 5 10 15

Arg Arg Pro Val Lys Val Tyr Pro Asn Gly Ala Glu Asp Glu Ser Ala  
20 25 30

Glu Ala Phe Pro Leu Glu Phe  
35

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1 5 10

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Peptide

<400> 5  
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1 5 10 15

<210> 6  
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1 5 10 15

Arg

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Peptide

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Arg Arg Pro Val Lys Val Tyr Pro  
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<210> 8

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Phe Arg Trp Gly Lys Pro Val Gly Lys Lys Arg Arg Pro Val Lys Val

1

5

10

15

Tyr Pro Asn Gly Ala Glu Asp Glu Ser Ala Glu Ala Phe Pro Leu Glu

20

25

30

<210> 10

<211> 22

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

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Peptide

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Arg Pro Val Lys Val Tyr Pro Asn Gly Ala Glu Asp Glu Ser Ala Glu

1

5

10

15

Ala Phe Pro Leu Glu Phe

20

&lt;210&gt; 11

&lt;211&gt; 39

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

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Ser Tyr Ser Met Glu His Phe Arg Trp Gly Lys Pro Val Gly Lys Lys  
1 5 10 15Arg Arg Pro Val Lys Val Tyr Pro Asn Val Ala Glu Asn Glu Ser Ala  
20 25 30Glu Ala Phe Pro Leu Glu Phe  
35

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&lt;211&gt; 28

&lt;212&gt; PRT

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&lt;400&gt; 12

Pro Val Gly Lys Lys Arg Arg Pro Val Lys Val Tyr Pro Asn Val Ala  
1 5 10 15Glu Asn Glu Ser Ala Glu Ala Phe Pro Leu Glu Phe  
20 25

&lt;210&gt; 13

&lt;211&gt; 18

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

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Val Tyr Pro Asn Gly Ala Glu Asp Glu Ser Ala Glu Ala Phe Pro Leu  
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Glu Phe

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&lt;211&gt; 39

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

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Arg Arg Pro Val Lys Val Tyr Pro Asn Val Ala Glu Asn Glu Ser Ala  
20 25 30

Glu Ala Phe Pro Leu Glu Phe  
35

&lt;210&gt; 15

&lt;211&gt; 28

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

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Pro Val Gly Lys Lys Arg Arg Pro Val Lys Val Tyr Pro Asn Val Ala  
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Glu Asn Glu Ser Ala Glu Ala Phe Pro Leu Glu Phe  
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&lt;210&gt; 16

&lt;211&gt; 18



<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

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Peptide

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Glu Phe

<210> 17

<211> 33

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

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Val	Cys	Ser	Cys	Arg	Leu	Val	Phe	Cys	Arg	Arg	Thr	Glu	Leu	Arg	Val
1				5				10					15		

Gly	Asn	Cys	Leu	Ile	Gly	Gly	Val	Ser	Phe	Thr	Tyr	Cys	Cys	Thr	Arg
			20					25					30		

Val

<210> 18

<211> 34

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

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<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 18

Gly	Ile	Cys	Ala	Cys	Arg	Arg	Arg	Phe	Cys	Pro	Asn	Ser	Glu	Arg	Phe
1				5				10					15		

Ser Gly Tyr Cys Arg Val Asn Gly Ala Arg Tyr Val Arg Cys Cys Ser  
20 25 30

Arg Arg

<210> 19

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 19

Met Glu His Phe Phe

1 5

<210> 20

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 20

Met Glu His Phe Phe

1 5

<210> 21

<211> 17

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 21

Ser Tyr Ser Met Glu His Phe Arg Trp Gly Lys Pro Val Gly Lys Lys

1 5 10 15

Arg

<210> 22

<211> 30

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 22

Arg Lys Tyr Val Met Gly His Phe Arg Trp Asp Arg Phe Gly Arg Arg  
1 5 10 15

Asn Ser Ser Ser Ser Gly Ser Ser Gly Ala Gly Gln Lys Arg  
20 25 30

<210> 23

<211> 43

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 23

Phe Pro Thr Ile Pro Leu Ser Arg Leu Phe Asp Asn Ala Met Leu Arg  
1 5 10 15

Ala His Arg Leu His Gln Leu Ala Phe Asp Thr Tyr Gln Glu Phe Glu  
20 25 30

Glu Ala Tyr Ile Pro Lys Glu Gln Lys Tyr Ser  
35 40

<210> 24

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic

## Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 24

Leu Ser Arg Leu Phe Asp Asn Ala

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 25

&lt;211&gt; 9

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 25

Cys Glu His Arg Trp Cys Lys Pro Val

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 26

&lt;211&gt; 13

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 26

Ser Tyr Ser Met Glu His Phe Arg Trp Gly Lys Pro Val

1

5

10

&lt;210&gt; 27

&lt;211&gt; 13

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 27

Ser Tyr Ser Met Glu His Phe Arg Trp Gly Lys Pro Val

1

5

10

<210> 28

<211> 18

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 28

Asp Glu Gly Pro Tyr Lys Met Glu His Phe Arg Trp Gly Ser Pro Pro  
1 5 10 15

Lys Asp

<210> 29

<211> 13

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 29

Ser Tyr Ser Met Glu His Phe Arg Trp Gly Lys Pro Val  
1 5 10

<210> 30

<211> 12

<212> PR

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 30

Ser Tyr Ser Met Glu His Arg Trp Gly Lys Pro Val  
1 5 10

<210> 31

<211> 11

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 31

Tyr Val Met Gly His Phe Arg Trp Asp Arg Phe  
1 5 10

<210> 32

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 32

Lys Tyr Val Met Gly His Phe Arg Trp Asp Arg Phe  
1 5 10

<210> 33

<211> 3

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 33

Pro Leu Gly  
1

<210> 34

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 34

Asp His Phe Arg Trp Lys

1

5

<210> 35

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 35

Ser Tyr Ser Glu His Phe Arg Trp Gly Lys Pro Val

1

5

10

<210> 36

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 36

Ser Tyr Ser Glu His Phe Arg Trp Gly Lys Pro Val

1

5

10

<210> 37

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 37

Glu His Phe Arg Trp Gly

1

5

<210> 38  
<211> 22  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 38  
Ala Glu Lys Lys Asp Glu Gly Pro Tyr Arg Met Glu His Phe Arg Trp  
1 5 10 15

Gly Ser Pro Pro Lys Asp  
20

<210> 39  
<211> 12  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 39  
Tyr Val Met Gly His Phe Arg Trp Asp Arg Phe Gly  
1 5 10

<210> 40  
<211> 7  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 40  
Tyr Ile Gln Asn Pro Leu Gly  
1 5

<210> 41  
<211> 9  
<212> PRT



<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 41

Cys Tyr Ile Gln Asn Cys Pro Leu Gly  
1 5

<210> 42

<211> 7

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 42

Tyr Ile Thr Asn Cys Pro Tyr  
1 5

<210> 43

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 43

Cys Tyr Ile Gln Asn Cys  
1 5

<210> 44

<211> 9

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 44

Cys Tyr Ile Gln Asn Cys Pro Leu Gly

1

5

<210> 45

<211> 9

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 45

Met Asn Ile Lys Gly Ser Pro Trp Lys

1

5

<210> 46

<211> 7

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 46

Tyr Phe Gln Asn Pro Arg Gly

1

5

<210> 47

<211> 7

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 47

Tyr Ile Gln Asn Pro Arg Gly

1

5

<210> 48

<211> 9  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 48  
Cys Tyr Phe Gln Asn Cys Pro Lys Gly  
1 5

<210> 49  
<211> 6  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 49  
Cys Tyr Phe Gln Asn Cys  
1 5

<210> 50  
<211> 7  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 50  
Tyr Phe Val Asn Cys Pro Gly  
1 5

<210> 51  
<211> 7  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic

## Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 51

Tyr Phe Gln Asn Cys Pro Arg

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 52

&lt;211&gt; 9

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 52

Cys Tyr Phe Gln Asn Cys Pro Arg Gly

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 53

&lt;211&gt; 8

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 53

Cys Tyr Phe Gln Asn Cys Pro Arg

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 54

&lt;211&gt; 9

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 54

Cys Tyr Phe Gln Asn Cys Pro Arg Gly

1

5

<210> 55  
<211> 8  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 55  
Tyr Phe Gln Asn Cys Pro Arg Gly  
1 5

<210> 56  
<211> 8  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 56  
Tyr Phe Gln Asn Cys Pro Arg Gly  
1 5

<210> 57  
<211> 8  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 57  
Ala Phe Gln Asn Cys Pro Arg Gly  
1 5

<210> 58  
<211> 7  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 58

Tyr Phe Val Asn Cys Pro Gly  
1 5

<210> 59

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 59

Tyr Phe Gln Asn Cys Pro Arg Tyr  
1 5

<210> 60

<211> 7

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 60

Ile Phe Ile Asn Cys Pro Arg  
1 5

<210> 61

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 61

Tyr Phe Val Asn Cys Pro Arg Gly

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 62

&lt;211&gt; 8

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 62

Tyr Phe Gln Asn Cys Pro Arg Gly

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 63

&lt;211&gt; 6

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 63

Glu Asn Cys Cys Pro Arg

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 64

&lt;211&gt; 8

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 64

Phe Phe Ile Asn Cys Pro Arg Ala

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 65

&lt;211&gt; 7

&lt;212&gt; PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 65

Tyr Phe Gln Asn Cys Pro Lys  
1 5

<210> 66

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 66

Phe Phe Ile Asn Cys Pro Arg Ala  
1 5

<210> 67

<211> 9

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 67

Cys Tyr Phe Gln Asn Cys Pro Lys Gly  
1 5

<210> 68

<211> 7

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide



<400> 68

Tyr Phe Val Asn Cys Pro Gly

1

5

<210> 69

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 69

Cys Phe Ile Gln Asn Cys Pro Gly

1

5

<210> 70

<211> 9

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 70

Cys Tyr Ile Gln Asn Cys Pro Arg Gly

1

5

<210> 71

<211> 7

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 71

Tyr Ile Gln Asn Cys Pro Gly

1

5

<210> 72

<211> 25  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 72

Ser Glu Ala Ala Ala Leu Pro Arg Ala Ser Ala Ala Ala Met Arg Ala  
1 5 10 15  
Ala Trp Pro Ser Pro Ser Val Glu Gly  
20 25

<210> 73

<211> 28

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 73

Phe His Leu Leu Arg Glu Val Leu Glu Ala Arg Ala Glu Gln Leu Ala  
1 5 10 15  
Gln Glu Ala His Lys Asn Arg Lys Leu Glu Ile Ile  
20 25

<210> 74

<211> 30

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 74

Phe His Leu Leu Arg Glu Met Leu Glu Met Ala Lys Ala Glu Gln Glu  
1 5 10 15  
Ala Glu Gln Ala Ala Leu Asn Arg Leu Leu Leu Glu Glu Ala  
20 25 30

<210> 75  
<211> 41  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 75  
Ser Gln Glu Pro Pro Ile Ser Leu Asp Leu Thr Phe His Leu Leu Arg  
1 5 10 15  
Glu Val Leu Glu Met Thr Lys Ala Asp Gln Leu Ala Gln Gln Ala His  
20 25 30  
Asn Asn Arg Lys Leu Leu Asp Ile Ala  
35 40

<210> 76  
<211> 41  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 76  
Ser Glu Glu Pro Pro Ile Ser Leu Asp Leu Thr Phe His Leu Leu Arg  
1 5 10 15  
Glu Val Leu Glu Met Ala Arg Ala Glu Gln Leu Ala Gln Gln Ala His  
20 25 30  
Ser Asn Arg Lys Leu Met Glu Ile Ile  
35 40

<210> 77  
<211> 41  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 77

Ser Gln Glu Pro Pro Ile Ser Leu Asp Leu Thr Phe His Leu Leu Arg  
1 5 10 15

Glu Val Leu Glu Met Thr Lys Ala Asp Gln Leu Ala Gln Gln Ala His  
20 25 30

Ser Asn Arg Lys Leu Leu Asp Ile Ala  
35 40

<210> 78

<211> 41

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 78

Ser Glu Glu Pro Pro Ile Ser Leu Asp Leu Thr Phe His Leu Leu Arg  
1 5 10 15

Glu Val Leu Glu Met Ala Arg Ala Glu Gln Leu Ala Gln Gln Ala His  
20 25 30

Ser Asn Arg Lys Leu Met Glu Asn Phe  
35 40

<210> 79

<211> 21

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 79

Ser Glu Glu Pro Pro Ile Ser Leu Asp Leu Thr Phe His Leu Leu Arg  
1 5 10 15

Glu Val Leu Glu Cys

20

<210> 80  
<211> 33  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 80

Asp Leu Thr Phe His Leu Leu Arg Glu Met Leu Glu Met Ala Lys Ala  
1 5 10 15

Glu Gln Glu Ala Glu Gln Ala Ala Leu Asn Arg Leu Leu Leu Glu Glu  
20 25 30

Ala

<210> 81  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 81

<210> 82  
<211> 28  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 82

Phe His Leu Leu Arg Glu Val Leu Glu Ala Arg Ala Glu Gln Leu Ala  
1 5 10 15

27

Gln Gln Ala His Ser Asn Arg Lys Leu Glu Ile Ile  
20 25

<210> 83

<211> 28

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 83

Phe His Leu Leu Arg Glu Val Leu Glu Ala Arg Ala Glu Gln Leu Ala  
1 5 10 15

Gln Glu Ala His Lys Asn Arg Lys Leu Glu Ile Ile  
20 25

<210> 84

<211> 40

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 84

Ser Glu Glu Pro Ile Ser Leu Asp Leu Thr Phe His Leu Leu Arg Glu  
1 5 10 15

Val Leu Glu Met Ala Arg Ala Glu Gln Leu Ala Gln Gln Ala His Ser  
20 25 30

Asn Arg Lys Leu Met Glu Ile Ile  
35 40

<210> 85

<211> 4

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic

## Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 85

Val Gly Ser Glu

1

&lt;210&gt; 86

&lt;211&gt; 4

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 86

Ala Gly Ser Glu

1

&lt;210&gt; 87

&lt;211&gt; 41

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 87

Ser Gln Glu Pro Pro Ile Ser Leu Asp Leu Thr Phe His Leu Leu Arg

1

5

10

15

Glu Val Leu Glu Met Thr Lys Ala Asp Gln Leu Ala Gln Gln Ala His

20

25

30

Ser Asn Arg Lys Leu Leu Asp Ile Ala

35

40

&lt;210&gt; 88

&lt;211&gt; 40

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;223&gt; Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic

## Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 88

Ser Gln Glu Pro Pro Ile Ser Leu Asp Leu Thr Phe His Leu Leu Arg  
1 5 10 15

Glu Val Leu Glu Thr Lys Ala Asp Gln Leu Ala Gln Gln Ala Tyr Ser  
20 25 30

Asn Arg Lys Leu Leu Asp Ile Ala  
35 40

&lt;210&gt; 89

&lt;211&gt; 27

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 89

Ser Leu Asp Ser Pro Ala Ala Leu Ala Glu Arg Gly Ala Arg Asn Ala  
1 5 10 15

Leu Gly Gly His Gln Glu Ala Pro Glu Arg Glu  
20 25

&lt;210&gt; 90

&lt;211&gt; 40

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 90

Glu Gly Pro Pro Ile Ser Ile Asp Leu Ser Leu Glu Leu Leu Arg Lys  
1 5 10 15

Met Ile Glu Ile Glu Lys Gln Glu Lys Glu Lys Gln Gln Ala Ala Asn  
20 25 30

Asn Arg Leu Leu Leu Asp Thr Ile  
35 40

30



<210> 91  
<211> 42  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 91

Tyr Ser Glu Glu Pro Pro Ile Ser Leu Asp Leu Thr Phe His Leu Leu  
1 5 10 15

Arg Glu Val Leu Glu Met Ala Arg Ala Glu Gln Leu Ala Gln Gln Ala  
20 25 30

His Ser Asn Arg Lys Leu Met Glu Ile Ile  
35 40

<210> 92  
<211> 42  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 92

Tyr Ser Gln Glu Pro Pro Ile Ser Leu Asp Leu Thr Phe His Leu Leu  
1 5 10 15

Arg Glu Val Leu Glu Met Thr Lys Ala Asp Gln Leu Ala Gln Gln Ala  
20 25 30

His Ser Asn Arg Lys Leu Leu Asp Ile Ala  
35 40

<210> 93  
<211> 9  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 93

Tyr Asn Arg Lys Leu Leu Asp Ile Ala  
1 5

<210> 94

<211> 41

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 94

Tyr Asp Asp Pro Pro Leu Ser Ile Asp Leu Thr Phe His Leu Leu Arg  
1 5 10 15

Thr Leu Leu Glu Leu Ala Arg Thr Gln Ser Gln Arg Glu Arg Ala Glu  
20 25 30

Gln Asn Arg Ile Ile Phe Asp Ser Val  
35 40

<210> 95

<211> 41

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 95

Tyr Asp Asp Pro Pro Leu Ser Ile Asp Leu Thr Phe His Leu Leu Arg  
1 5 10 15

Thr Leu Leu Glu Leu Ala Arg Thr Gln Ser Gln Arg Glu Arg Ala Glu  
20 25 30

Gln Asn Arg Ile Ile Phe Asp Ser Val  
35 40

<210> 96  
<211> 40  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 96

Asp Asn Pro Pro Leu Ser Ile Asp Leu Thr Phe His Leu Leu Arg Thr  
1 5 10 15

Leu Leu Glu Leu Ala Arg Thr Gln Ser Gln Arg Glu Arg Ala Glu Gln  
20 25 30

Asn Arg Ile Ile Phe Asp Ser Val  
35 40

<210> 97  
<211> 40  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 97

Asp Asp Pro Pro Leu Ser Ile Asp Leu Thr Phe His Leu Leu Arg Thr  
1 5 10 15

Leu Leu Glu Leu Ala Arg Thr Gln Ser Gln Arg Glu Arg Ala Glu Gln  
20 25 30

Asn Arg Ile Ile Phe Asp Ser Val  
35 40

<210> 98  
<211> 41  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 98

Asn Asp Asp Pro Pro Ile Ser Ile Asp Leu Thr Phe His Leu Leu Arg  
1 5 10 15

Asn Met Ile Glu Met Ala Arg Ile Glu Asn Glu Arg Glu Gln Ala Gly  
20 25 30

Leu Asn Arg Lys Tyr Leu Asp Glu Val  
35 40

&lt;210&gt; 99

&lt;211&gt; 12

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 99

Ala Gly Thr Ala Asp Cys Phe Trp Lys Tyr Cys Val  
1 5 10

&lt;210&gt; 100

&lt;211&gt; 13

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 100

Ala Gly Asn Leu Ser Glu Cys Phe Trp Lys Tyr Cys Val  
1 5 10

&lt;210&gt; 101

&lt;211&gt; 46

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 101

Thr Gly Ser Gly Pro Ser Leu Ser Ile Val Asn Pro Leu Asp Val Leu  
1 5 10 15

Arg Gln Arg Leu Leu Leu Glu Ile Ala Arg Arg Arg Met Arg Gln Ser  
20 25 30

Gln Asp Gln Ile Gln Ala Asn Arg Glu Ile Leu Gln Thr Ile  
35 40 45

&lt;210&gt; 102

&lt;211&gt; 41

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 102

Ser Glu Asp Pro Pro Met Ser Ile Asp Leu Thr Phe His Met Leu Arg  
1 5 10 15

Asn Met Ile His Met Ala Lys Met Glu Gly Glu Arg Glu Gln Ala Gln  
20 25 30

Ile Asn Arg Asn Leu Leu Asp Glu Val  
35 40

&lt;210&gt; 103

&lt;211&gt; 29

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 103

Phe Glu Cys Thr Thr His Gln Pro Arg Ser Pro Leu Arg Asp Leu Lys  
1 5 10 15

Gly Ala Leu Glu Ser Leu Ile Glu Glu Glu Thr Gly Gln  
20 25

<210> 104  
<211> 29  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 104

Phe Glu Cys Thr Thr His Gln Pro Arg Ser Pro Leu Arg Asp Leu Lys  
1 5 10 15

Gly Ala Leu Glu Ser Leu Ile Glu Glu Glu Thr Gly Gln  
20 25

<210> 105  
<211> 13  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 105

Asp Ala Glu Asn Leu Ile Asp Ser Phe Gln Glu Ile Val  
1 5 10

<210> 106  
<211> 13  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 106

Asn Thr Glu His Leu Val Asp Ser Phe Gln Glu Met Gly  
1 5 10

<210> 107  
<211> 13

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 107

Asp Thr Ser His His Asp Gln Asp His Pro Thr Phe Asp  
1 5 10

<210> 108

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 108

<210> 109

<211> 26

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 109

Trp Cys Leu Glu Ser Ser Gln Cys Gln Asp Leu Ser Thr Glu Ser Asn  
1 5 10 15

Leu Leu Ala Cys Ile Arg Ala Cys Lys Pro  
20 25

<210> 110

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic

## Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 110

Gln His Trp Ser Tyr Gly Leu Ser Pro Gly  
1 5 10

&lt;210&gt; 111

&lt;211&gt; 44

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 111

Tyr Ala Asp Ala Ile Phe Thr Asn Ser Tyr Arg Lys Val Leu Gly Gln  
1 5 10 15

Leu Ser Ala Arg Lys Leu Leu Gln Asp Ile Met Ser Arg Gln Gln Gly  
20 25 30

Glu Ser Asn Gln Glu Arg Gly Ala Arg Ala Arg Leu  
35 40

&lt;210&gt; 112

&lt;211&gt; 44

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 112

Tyr Ala Asp Ala Ile Phe Thr Asn Ser Tyr Arg Lys Val Leu Gly Gln  
1 5 10 15

Leu Ser Ala Arg Lys Leu Leu Gln Asp Ile Met Asn Arg Gln Gln Gly  
20 25 30

Glu Arg Asn Gln Glu Gln Gly Ala Lys Val Arg Leu  
35 40

&lt;210&gt; 113



<211> 44

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 113

Tyr Ala Asp Ala Ile Phe Thr Asn Ser Tyr Arg Lys Val Leu Gly Gln  
1 5 10 15  
Leu Ser Ala Arg Lys Leu Leu Gln Asp Ile Met Ser Arg Gln Gln Gly  
20 25 30  
Glu Arg Asn Gln Glu Gln Gly Ala Arg Val Arg Leu  
35 40

<210> 114

<211> 29

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 114

His Ala Asp Ala Ile Phe Thr Ser Ser Tyr Arg Arg Ile Leu Gly Gln  
1 5 10 15  
Leu Tyr Ala Arg Lys Leu Leu His Glu Ile Met Asn Arg  
20 25

<210> 115

<211> 30

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 115

Val Asp Ser Met Trp Ala Glu Gln Lys Gln Met Glu Leu Glu Ser Ile  
1 5 10 15

Leu Val Ala Leu Leu Gln Lys His Ser Arg Asn Ser Gln Gly  
20 25 30

<210> 116

<211> 29

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 116

Tyr Ala Asp Ala Ile Phe Thr Asn Ser Tyr Arg Lys Val Leu Gly Gln  
1 5 10 15

Leu Ser Ala Arg Lys Leu Leu Gln Asp Ile Met Ser Arg  
20 25

<210> 117

<211> 29

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 117

Tyr Ala Asp Ala Ile Phe Thr Asn Ser Tyr Arg Lys Val Leu Gly Gln  
1 5 10 15

Leu Ser Ala Arg Lys Leu Leu Gln Asp Ile Met Ser Arg  
20 25

<210> 118

<211> 29

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 118

Tyr Arg Asp Ala Ile Phe Thr Asn Ser Tyr Arg Lys Val Leu Gly Gln  
1 5 10 15

Leu Ser Ala Arg Lys Leu Leu Gln Asp Ile Met Ser Arg  
20 25

&lt;210&gt; 119

&lt;211&gt; 31

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 119

His Ala Asp Ala Ile Phe Thr Asn Ser Tyr Arg Lys Val Leu Gly Gln  
1 5 10 15

Leu Ser Ala Arg Lys Leu Leu Gln Asp Ile Ser Arg Gln Gln Gly  
20 25 30

&lt;210&gt; 120

&lt;211&gt; 37

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 120

Tyr Ala Asp Ala Ile Phe Thr Asn Ser Tyr Arg Lys Val Leu Gly Gln  
1 5 10 15

Leu Ser Ala Arg Lys Leu Leu Gln Asp Ile Met Ser Arg Gln Gln Gly  
20 25 30

Glu Ser Asn Gln Glu  
35

&lt;210&gt; 121

&lt;211&gt; 40

&lt;212&gt; PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 121

Tyr Ala Asp Ala Ile Phe Thr Asn Ser Tyr Arg Lys Val Leu Gly Gln  
1 5 10 15

Leu Ser Ala Arg Lys Leu Leu Gln Asp Ile Met Ser Arg Gln Gln Gly  
20 25 30

Glu Ser Asn Gln Glu Arg Gly Ala  
35 40

<210> 122

<211> 40

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 122

Tyr Ala Asp Ala Ile Phe Thr Asn Ser Tyr Arg Lys Val Leu Gly Gln  
1 5 10 15

Leu Ser Ala Arg Lys Leu Leu Gln Asp Ile Met Ser Arg Gln Gln Gly  
20 25 30

Glu Ser Asn Gln Glu Arg Gly Ala  
35 40

<210> 123

<211> 15

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 123

Glu Gln Gly Glu Ser Asn Gln Glu Arg Gly Ala Arg Ala Arg Leu

1

5

10

15

&lt;210&gt; 124

&lt;211&gt; 42

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 124

His Val Asp Ala Ile Phe Thr Thr Asn Tyr Arg Lys Leu Leu Ser Gln  
1 5 10 15Leu Tyr Ala Arg Lys Val Ile Gln Asp Ile Met Asn Lys Gln Gly Glu  
20 25 30Arg Ile Gln Glu Gln Arg Ala Arg Leu Ser  
35 40

&lt;210&gt; 125

&lt;211&gt; 44

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 125

Tyr Ala Asp Ala Ile Phe Thr Asn Ser Tyr Arg Lys Ile Leu Gly Gln  
1 5 10 15Leu Ser Ala Arg Lys Leu Leu Gln Asp Ile Met Asn Arg Gln Gln Gly  
20 25 30Glu Arg Asn Gln Glu Gln Gly Ala Lys Val Arg Leu  
35 40

&lt;210&gt; 126

&lt;211&gt; 43

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 126

His Ala Asp Ala Ile Phe Thr Ser Ser Tyr Arg Arg Ile Leu Gly Gln  
1 5 10 15

Leu Tyr Ala Arg Lys Leu Leu His Glu Ile Met Asn Arg Gln Gln Gly  
20 25 30

Glu Arg Asn Gln Glu Gln Arg Ser Arg Phe Asn  
35 40

<210> 127

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 127

His Trp Ala Trp Phe Lys  
1 5

<210> 128

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 128

His Trp Ala Trp Phe Lys  
1 5

<210> 129

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 129

Ala Ala Trp Phe Lys  
1 5

<210> 130

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 130

His Trp Lys Trp Phe Lys  
1 5

<210> 131

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 131

Ala Ala Ala Trp Phe Leu  
1 5

<210> 132

<211> 45

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 132

His Ala Asp Gly Met Phe Asn Lys Ala Tyr Arg Lys Ala Leu Gly Gln

1                      5                      10                      15  
Leu Ser Ala Arg Lys Tyr Leu His Thr Leu Met Ala Lys Arg Val Gly  
                    20                      25                      30  
Gly Gly Ser Met Ile Glu Asp Asp Asn Glu Pro Leu Ser  
                    35                      40                      45

<210> 133  
<211> 44  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 133  
Tyr Ala Asp Ala Ile Phe Thr Asn Ser Tyr Arg Lys Val Leu Gly Gln  
1                      5                      10                      15  
Leu Ser Ala Arg Lys Leu Leu Gln Asp Ile Asn Ser Arg Gln Gln Gly  
                    20                      25                      30  
Glu Ser Asn Gln Glu Arg Gly Ala Arg Ala Arg Leu  
                    35                      40

<210> 134  
<211> 28  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 134  
Tyr Ala Asp Ala Ile Phe Thr Asn Cys Tyr Arg Lys Val Leu Cys Gln  
1                      5                      10                      15  
Leu Ser Ala Arg Lys Leu Leu Gln Asp Ile Ser Arg  
                    20                      25

<210> 135  
<211> 8



<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 135

Phe Ser Lys Lys Leu Lys Pro Ala

1

5

<210> 136

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 136

Glu His Trp Ser His Gly Trp Tyr Pro Gly

1

5

10

<210> 137

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 137

Glu His Trp Ser Tyr Gly Leu Arg Pro Gly

1

5

10

<210> 138

<211> 7

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 138

Phe Ser Tyr Leu Arg Pro Ala  
1 5

<210> 139

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 139

Glu His Trp Ser Tyr Ala Leu Arg Pro Gly  
1 5 10

<210> 140

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 140

Glu His Trp Ser Tyr Gly Leu Gln Pro Gly  
1 5 10

<210> 141

<211> 7

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 141

His Trp Ser Tyr Val Arg Pro  
1 5

<210> 142  
<211> 10  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 142  
Glu His Trp Ser Tyr Lys Leu Arg Pro Gly  
1 5 10

<210> 143  
<211> 10  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 143  
Glu Phe Pro Ser Tyr Phe Leu Arg Pro Gly  
1 5 10

<210> 144  
<211> 9  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 144  
Phe Trp Ser Tyr Ala Leu Arg Pro Gly  
1 5

<210> 145  
<211> 10  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 145

Glu Phe Trp Ser Tyr Trp Leu Arg Pro Gly  
1 5 10

<210> 146

<211> 9

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 146

Glu His Trp Ser Tyr Gly Leu Arg Pro  
1 5

<210> 147

<211> 9

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 147

Glu His Trp Ser Tyr Ala Leu Arg Pro  
1 5

<210> 148

<211> 9

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 148

His Trp Ser Tyr Trp Leu Arg Pro Gly  
1 5

<210> 149  
<211> 9  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 149  
Glu His Trp Ser Tyr Trp Leu Arg Pro  
1 5

<210> 150  
<211> 8  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 150  
His Trp Ser Tyr Ser Leu Arg Pro  
1 5

<210> 151  
<211> 9  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 151  
Glu His Trp Ser Tyr Arg Trp Leu Pro  
1 5

<210> 152  
<211> 4  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 152

Leu Arg Pro Gly  
1

<210> 153

<211> 9

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 153

His Trp Ser Tyr Gly Leu Arg Pro Gly  
1 5

<210> 154

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 154

Glu His Tyr Ser Leu Glu Trp Lys Pro Gly  
1 5 10

<210> 155

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 155

Glu His Trp Ser Tyr Gly Trp Leu Pro Gly  
1 5 10

<210> 156

<211> 7

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 156

Ser Tyr Gly Leu Arg Pro Gly  
1 5

<210> 157

<211> 9

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 157

His Trp Ser Tyr Gly Leu Lys Pro Gly  
1 5

<210> 158

<211> 7

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 158

Phe Phe Ser Tyr Leu Arg Pro  
1 5

<210> 159

<211> 9

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 159

His Trp Ser Tyr Gly Trp Leu Pro Gly  
1 5

<210> 160

<211> 9

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 160

His Trp Ser Tyr Ser Leu Arg Pro Gly  
1 5

<210> 161

<211> 9

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 161

Ala Phe Trp Ser Tyr Ser Leu Arg Pro  
1 5

<210> 162

<211> 31

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide



&lt;400&gt; 162

Glu Pro Asp Cys Cys Arg Gln Lys Thr Cys Ser Cys Arg Leu Tyr Glu  
1 5 10 15

Leu Leu His Gly Ala Gly Asn His Ala Ala Gly Ile Leu Thr Leu  
20 25 30

&lt;210&gt; 163

&lt;211&gt; 28

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 163

Arg Ser Gly Pro Pro Gly Leu Gln Gly Arg Leu Gln Arg Leu Leu Gln  
1 5 10 15

Ala Ser Gly Asn His Ala Ala Gly Ile Leu Thr Met  
20 25

&lt;210&gt; 164

&lt;211&gt; 28

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 164

Arg Pro Gly Pro Pro Gly Leu Gln Gly Arg Leu Gln Arg Leu Leu Gln  
1 5 10 15

Ala Asn Gly Asn His Ala Ala Gly Ile Leu Thr Met  
20 25

&lt;210&gt; 165

&lt;211&gt; 31

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 165

Ser Arg Thr His Arg His Ser Met Glu Ile Arg Thr Pro Asp Ile Asn  
1 5 10 15

Pro Ala Trp Tyr Ala Ser Arg Gly Ile Arg Pro Val Gly Arg Phe  
20 25 30

<210> 166

<211> 20

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 166

Thr Pro Asp Ile Asn Pro Ala Trp Tyr Ala Ser Arg Gly Ile Arg Pro  
1 5 10 15

Val Gly Arg Phe  
20

<210> 167

<211> 31

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 167

Ser Arg Ala His Gln His Ser Met Glu Thr Arg Thr Pro Asp Ile Asn  
1 5 10 15

Pro Ala Trp Tyr Thr Gly Arg Gly Ile Arg Pro Val Gly Arg Phe  
20 25 30

<210> 168

<211> 20

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 168

Thr Pro Asp Ile Asn Pro Ala Trp Tyr Thr Gly Arg Gly Ile Arg Pro  
1 5 10 15

Val Gly Arg Phe  
20

<210> 169

<211> 31

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 169

Ser Arg Ala His Gln His Ser Met Glu Ile Arg Thr Pro Asp Ile Asn  
1 5 10 15

Pro Ala Trp Tyr Ala Ser Arg Gly Ile Arg Pro Val Gly Arg Phe  
20 25 30

<210> 170

<211> 20

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 170

Thr Pro Asp Ile Asn Pro Ala Trp Tyr Ala Gly Arg Gly Ile Arg Pro  
1 5 10 15

Val Gly Arg Phe  
20

<210> 171  
<211> 5  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 171  
Ala Tyr Trp Lys Phe  
1 5

<210> 172  
<211> 14  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 172  
Pro Cys Lys Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Ser Ser Cys Lys  
1 5 10

<210> 173  
<211> 17  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 173  
Asp Arg Met Pro Cys Arg Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Ser Ser Cys  
1 5 10 15

Lys

<210> 174  
<211> 17

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 174

Asp Arg Met Pro Cys Arg Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Ser Ser Cys  
1 5 10 15

Lys

<210> 175

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 175

Ala Gly Cys Lys Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Thr Ser Cys  
1 5 10

<210> 176

<211> 13

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 176

Ala Gly Cys Lys Asn Phe Phe Lys Thr Phe Thr Ser Cys  
1 5 10

<210> 177

<211> 13

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 177

Ala Gly Cys Lys Asn Phe Phe Lys Thr Tyr Thr Ser Cys  
1 5 10

<210> 178

<211> 11

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 178

Cys His His Phe Phe Lys Thr Phe Thr Ser Cys  
1 5 10

<210> 179

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 179

Ala Gly Cys Lys Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Trp Thr Ser Cys  
1 5 10

<210> 180

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 180

Phe Cys Tyr Thr Thr

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 181

&lt;211&gt; 27

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 181

Ser Ala Asn Ser Asn Pro Ala Ala Pro Arg Glu Arg Lys Ala Gly Cys  
1 5 10 15Lys Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Thr Ser Cys  
20 25

&lt;210&gt; 182

&lt;211&gt; 7

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 182

Phe Cys Phe Lys Thr Cys Thr  
1 5

&lt;210&gt; 183

&lt;211&gt; 32

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 183

Ala Pro Ser Asp Pro Arg Leu Arg Gln Phe Leu Gln Lys Ser Leu Ala  
1 5 10 15

Ala Ala Ala Gly Lys Gln Glu Leu Ala Lys Tyr Phe Leu Ala Glu Leu

20

25

30

&lt;210&gt; 184

&lt;211&gt; 15

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 184

Tyr	Ala	Gly	Cys	Lys	Asn	Phe	Phe	Trp	Lys	Thr	Phe	Thr	Ser	Cys
1				5				10					15	

&lt;210&gt; 185

&lt;211&gt; 14

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 185

Tyr	Gly	Cys	Lys	Asn	Phe	Phe	Trp	Lys	Thr	Phe	Thr	Ser	Cys
1				5				10					

&lt;210&gt; 186

&lt;211&gt; 14

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 186

Ser	Ala	Asn	Ser	Asn	Pro	Ala	Met	Ala	Pro	Arg	Tyr	Arg	Lys
1				5				10					



<210> 187

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 187

Ala Gly Cys Lys Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Tyr Thr Ser Cys  
1 5 10

<210> 188

<211> 15

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 188

Tyr Ala Gly Cys Lys Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Thr Ser Cys  
1 5 10 15

<210> 189

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 189

Ala Gly Cys Lys Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Thr Ser Cys  
1 5 10

<210> 190

<211> 4

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 190  
Phe Trp Lys Thr  
1

<210> 191  
<211> 25  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 191  
Ser Asn Pro Ala Met Ala Pro Arg Glu Arg Lys Ala Gly Cys Lys Asn  
1 5 10 15  
Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Thr Ser Cys  
20 25

<210> 192  
<211> 28  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 192  
Ser Ala Asn Ser Asn Pro Ala Met Ala Pro Arg Glu Arg Lys Ala Gly  
1 5 10 15  
Cys Lys Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Thr Ser Cys  
20 25

<210> 193  
<211> 12  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 193

Ser Ala Asn Ser Asn Pro Ala Met Ala Pro Arg Glu  
1 5 10

<210> 194

<211> 29

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 194

Tyr Ser Ala Asn Ser Asn Pro Ala Met Ala Pro Arg Glu Arg Lys Ala  
1 5 10 15

Gly Cys Lys Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Thr Ser Cys  
20 25

<210> 195

<211> 28

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 195

Ser Ala Asn Ser Asn Pro Ala Leu Ala Pro Arg Glu Arg Lys Ala Gly  
1 5 10 15

Cys Lys Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Tyr Thr Ser Cys  
20 25

<210> 196

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 196

Ser Ala Asn Ser Asn Pro Ala Met Ala Pro Arg Glu Arg Lys  
1 5 10

<210> 197

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 197

Phe Cys Tyr Trp Lys Val Cys Trp  
1 5

<210> 198

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 198

Phe Cys Tyr Trp Lys Val Cys Trp  
1 5

<210> 199

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 199

Phe Cys Tyr Trp Thr Thr  
1 5

<210> 200  
<211> 8  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 200  
Ala Cys Tyr Trp Leu Val Cys Thr  
1 5

<210> 201  
<211> 14  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 201  
Ala Gly Cys Lys Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Thr Ser Cys  
1 5 10

<210> 202  
<211> 3  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 202  
His Pro Gly  
1

<210> 203  
<211> 1  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 203

Thr

1

<210> 204

<211> 3

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 204

Thr His Pro

1

<210> 205

<211> 3

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 205

Glu His Pro

1

<210> 206

<211> 3

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 206

Glu Gln Pro

1

<210> 207

<211> 2

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 207

Glu His

1

<210> 208

<211> 4

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 208

His Pro Gly Lys

1

<210> 209

<211> 3

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 209

His Pro Gly

1

<210> 210

<211> 2

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 210

Glu Pro

1

<210> 211

<211> 2

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 211

Phe Pro

1

<210> 212

<211> 22

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 212

Phe Leu Trp Lys Asp Leu Gln Arg Val Arg Gly Asp Leu Gly Ala Ala

1

5

10

15

Leu Asp Ser Trp Ile Thr

20

<210> 213

<211> 24

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence



&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 213

Glu Glu Glu Glu Lys Asp Ile Glu Ala Glu Glu Arg Gly Asp Leu Gly  
1 5 10 15Glu Gly Gly Ala Trp Arg Leu His  
20

&lt;210&gt; 214

&lt;211&gt; 10

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 214

Ser Phe Pro Trp Met Glu Ser Asp Val Thr  
1 5 10

&lt;210&gt; 215

&lt;211&gt; 32

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 215

Cys Ala Ser Leu Ser Thr Cys Val Leu Gly Lys Leu Ser Gln Glu Leu  
1 5 10 15His Lys Leu Gln Thr Tyr Pro Arg Thr Asp Val Gly Ala Gly Thr Pro  
20 25 30

&lt;210&gt; 216

&lt;211&gt; 32

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 216

Cys Ser Asn Leu Ser Thr Cys Val Leu Gly Lys Leu Ser Gln Glu Leu  
1 5 10 15

His Lys Leu Gln Thr Tyr Pro Arg Thr Asp Val Gly Ala Gly Thr Pro  
20 25 30

<210> 217

<211> 32

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 217

Cys Gly Asn Leu Ser Thr Cys Met Leu Gly Thr Tyr Thr Gln Asp Phe  
1 5 10 15

Asn Lys Phe His Thr Phe Pro Gln Thr Ala Ile Gly Val Gly Ala Pro  
20 25 30

<210> 218

<211> 32

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 218

Cys Ser Asn Leu Ser Thr Cys Val Leu Ser Ala Tyr Trp Arg Asn Leu  
1 5 10 15

Asn Asn Phe His Arg Phe Ser Gly Met Gly Phe Gly Pro Glu Thr Pro  
20 25 30

<210> 219

<211> 32

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 219

Cys Gly Asn Leu Ser Thr Cys Met Leu Gly Thr Tyr Thr Gln Asp Leu  
1 5 10 15

Asn Lys Phe His Thr Phe Pro Gln Thr Ser Ile Gly Val Gly Ala Pro  
20 25 30

<210> 220

<211> 32

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 220

Cys Ser Asn Leu Ser Thr Cys Val Leu Gly Lys Leu Ser Gln Glu Leu  
1 5 10 15

His Lys Leu Gln Thr Tyr Pro Arg Thr Asn Thr Gly Ser Gly Thr Pro  
20 25 30

<210> 221  
<211> 25  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 221  
Val Leu Gly Lys Leu Ser Gln Glu Leu His Lys Leu Gln Thr Tyr Pro  
1 5 10 15

Arg Thr Asn Thr Gly Ser Gly Thr Pro  
20 25

<210> 222  
<211> 21  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 222  
Asp Met Ser Ser Asp Leu Glu Arg Asp His Arg Pro His Val Ser Met  
1 5 10 15

Pro Gln Asn Ala Asn  
20

<210> 223  
<211> 57  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 223  
Ala Pro Phe Arg Ser Ala Leu Glu Ser Ser Pro Ala Asp Pro Ala Thr  
1 5 10 15

Leu Ser Glu Asp Glu Ala Arg Leu Leu Leu Ala Ala Leu Val Gln Asp  
20 25 30

Tyr Val Gln Met Lys Ala Ser Glu Leu Glu Gln Glu Gln Glu Arg Glu  
35 40 45

Gly Ser Ser Leu Asp Ser Pro Arg Ser  
50 55

<210> 224

<211> 37

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 224

Ser Cys Asn Thr Ala Thr Cys Val Thr His Arg Leu Ala Gly Leu Leu  
1 5 10 15

Ser Arg Ser Gly Gly Val Val Lys Ser Asn Phe Val Pro Thr Asn Val  
20 25 30

Gly Ser Gln Ala Phe  
35

<210> 225

<211> 19

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 225

Ser Gly Gly Val Val Lys Asn Asn Phe Val Pro Thr Asn Val Gly Ser  
1 5 10 15

Lys Ala Phe

<210> 226  
<211> 19  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 226  
Ser Gly Gly Val Val Lys Asn Asn Phe Val Pro Thr Asn Val Gly Ser  
1 5 10 15

Lys Ala Phe

<210> 227  
<211> 15  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 227  
Val Lys Asn Asn Phe Val Pro Thr Asn Val Gly Ser Lys Ala Phe  
1 5 10 15

<210> 228  
<211> 37  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 228  
Ser Cys Asn Thr Ala Thr Cys Val Thr His Arg Leu Ala Gly Leu Leu  
1 5 10 15

Ser Arg Ser Gly Gly Val Val Lys Asp Asn Phe Val Pro Thr Asn Val  
20 25 30

Gly Ser Lys Ala Phe

35

&lt;210&gt; 229

&lt;211&gt; 37

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 229

Ala Cys Asn Thr Ala Thr Cys Val Thr His Arg Leu Ala Asp Phe Leu  
1 5 10 15Ser Arg Ser Gly Gly Val Gly Lys Asn Asn Phe Val Pro Thr Asn Val  
20 25 30Gly Ser Lys Ala Phe  
35

&lt;210&gt; 230

&lt;211&gt; 37

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 230

Ala Cys Asp Thr Ala Thr Cys Val Thr His Arg Leu Ala Gly Leu Leu  
1 5 10 15Ser Arg Ser Gly Gly Val Val Lys Asn Asn Phe Val Pro Thr Asn Val  
20 25 30Gly Ser Lys Ala Phe  
35

&lt;210&gt; 231

&lt;211&gt; 7

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 231

Cys Gly Asn Leu Ser Thr Cys  
1 5

<210> 232

<211> 16

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 232

Asp Met Ala Lys Asp Leu Glu Thr Asn His His Pro Tyr Phe Gly Asn  
1 5 10 15

<210> 233

<211> 19

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 233

Ala Cys Asp Thr Ala Thr Cys Val Thr His Arg Leu Ala Gly Leu Leu  
1 5 10 15

Ser Arg Ser

<210> 234

<211> 18

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide



&lt;400&gt; 234

Gly Gly Val Val Lys Asn Asn Phe Val Pro Thr Asn Val Gly Ser Lys  
1 5 10 15

Ala Phe

&lt;210&gt; 235

&lt;211&gt; 30

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 235

Val Thr His Arg Leu Ala Gly Leu Leu Ser Arg Ser Gly Gly Val Val  
1 5 10 15

Lys Asn Asn Phe Val Pro Thr Asn Val Gly Ser Lys Ala Phe  
20 25 30

&lt;210&gt; 236

&lt;211&gt; 37

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 236

Ala Cys Asn Thr Ala Thr Cys Val Thr His Arg Leu Ala Gly Leu Leu  
1 5 10 15

Ser Arg Ser Gly Gly Met Val Lys Ser Asn Phe Val Pro Thr Asn Val  
20 25 30

Gly Ser Lys Ala Phe  
35

&lt;210&gt; 237

&lt;211&gt; 37

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 237

Ser Cys Asn Thr Ala Thr Cys Val Thr His Arg Leu Ala Gly Leu Leu  
1 5 10 15

Ser Arg Ser Gly Gly Val Val Lys Asp Asn Phe Val Pro Thr Asn Val  
20 25 30

Gly Ser Glu Ala Phe  
35

<210> 238

<211> 37

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 238

Ser Cys Asn Thr Ala Thr Cys Val Thr His Arg Leu Ala Gly Leu Leu  
1 5 10 15

Ser Arg Ser Gly Gly Val Val Lys Asp Asn Phe Val Pro Thr Asn Val  
20 25 30

Gly Ser Glu Ala Phe  
35

<210> 239

<211> 30

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 239

Val Thr His Arg Leu Ala Gly Leu Leu Ser Arg Ser Gly Gly Val Val  
1 5 10 15

Lys Asp Asn Phe Val Pro Thr Asn Val Gly Ser Glu Ala Phe  
20 25 30

<210> 240

<211> 9

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 240

Pro Thr Asn Val Gly Ser Glu Ala Phe  
1 5

<210> 241

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 241

Thr Asn Val Gly Ser Glu Ala Phe  
1 5

<210> 242

<211> 7

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 242

Asn Val Gly Ser Glu Ala Phe  
1 5

<210> 243  
<211> 6  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 243  
Val Gly Ser Glu Ala Phe  
1 5

<210> 244  
<211> 6  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 244  
Val Gly Ser Glu Ala Phe  
1 5

<210> 245  
<211> 4  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 245  
Ser Glu Ala Phe  
1

<210> 246  
<211> 37  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 246

Ala Cys Asp Thr Ala Thr Cys Val Thr His Arg Leu Ala Gly Leu Leu  
1 5 10 15Ser Arg Ser Gly Gly Val Val Lys Asn Asn Phe Val Pro Thr Asn Val  
20 25 30Gly Ser Lys Ala Phe  
35

&lt;210&gt; 247

&lt;211&gt; 30

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 247

Ser Asn Leu Ser Thr Val Leu Gly Lys Leu Ser Gln Glu Leu His Lys  
1 5 10 15Leu Gln Thr Tyr Pro Arg Thr Asp Val Gly Ala Gly Thr Pro  
20 25 30

&lt;210&gt; 248

&lt;211&gt; 38

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 248

Tyr Ala Cys Asp Thr Ala Thr Cys Val Thr His Arg Leu Ala Gly Leu  
1 5 10 15Leu Ser Arg Ser Gly Gly Val Val Lys Asn Asn Phe Val Pro Thr Asn  
20 25 30

Val Gly Ser Lys Ala Phe  
35

<210> 249  
<211> 38  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 249  
Tyr Ala Cys Asn Thr Ala Thr Cys Val Thr His Arg Leu Ala Gly Leu  
1 5 10 15

Leu Ser Arg Ser Gly Gly Met Val Lys Ser Asn Phe Val Pro Thr Asn  
20 25 30

Val Gly Ser Lys Ala Phe  
35

<210> 250  
<211> 11  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 250  
Tyr Val Pro Thr Asn Val Gly Ser Glu Ala Phe  
1 5 10

<210> 251  
<211> 38  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 251

Tyr Ser Cys Asn Thr Ala Thr Cys Val Thr His Arg Leu Ala Gly Leu  
1 5 10 15

Leu Ser Arg Ser Gly Gly Val Val Lys Asp Asn Phe Val Pro Thr Asn  
20 25 30

Val Gly Ser Glu Ala Phe  
35

<210> 252

<211> 16

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 252

Tyr Val Lys Asp Asn Phe Val Pro Thr Asn Val Gly Ser Glu Ala Phe  
1 5 10 15

<210> 253

<211> 37

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 253

Ser Cys Asn Thr Ala Thr Cys Val Thr His Arg Leu Ala Gly Leu Leu  
1 5 10 15

Ser Arg Ser Gly Gly Val Val Lys Asp Asn Phe Val Pro Thr Asn Val  
20 25 30

Gly Ser Glu Ala Phe  
35

<210> 254

<211> 46

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 254

Ala Pro Leu Ala Pro Arg Asp Ala Gly Ser Gln Arg Pro Arg Lys Lys  
1 5 10 15Glu Asp Asn Val Leu Val Glu Ser His Glu Lys Ser Leu Gly Glu Ala  
20 25 30Asp Lys Ala Asp Val Asn Val Leu Thr Lys Ala Lys Ser Gln  
35 40 45

&lt;210&gt; 255

&lt;211&gt; 32

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 255

Lys Lys Glu Asp Asn Val Leu Val Glu Ser His Glu Lys Ser Leu Gly  
1 5 10 15Glu Ala Asp Lys Ala Asp Val Asp Val Leu Thr Lys Ala Lys Ser Gln  
20 25 30

&lt;210&gt; 256

&lt;211&gt; 84

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 256

Ser Val Ser Glu Ile Gln Leu Met His Asn Leu Gly Lys His Leu Asn  
1 5 10 15



Ser Met Glu Arg Val Glu Trp Leu Arg Lys Lys Leu Gln Asp Val His  
20 25 30

Asn Phe Val Ala Leu Gly Ala Pro Leu Ala Pro Arg Asp Ala Gly Ser  
35 40 45

Gln Arg Pro Arg Lys Lys Glu Asp Asn Val Leu Val Glu Ser His Glu  
50 55 60

Lys Ser Leu Gly Glu Ala Asp Lys Ala Asp Val Asn Val Leu Thr Lys  
65 70 75 80

Ala Lys Ser Gln

<210> 257

<211> 21

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 257

Glu Lys Ser Leu Gly Glu Ala Asp Lys Ala Asp Val Asn Val Leu Thr  
1 5 10 15

Lys Ala Lys Ser Gln  
20

<210> 258

<211> 34

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 258

Ser Val Ser Glu Ile Gln Leu Asn His Asn Leu Gly Lys His Leu Asn  
1 5 10 15

Ser Leu Glu Arg Val Glu Trp Leu Arg Lys Lys Leu Gln Asp Val His

20

25

30

Asn Phe

&lt;210&gt; 259

&lt;211&gt; 34

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 259

Ser	Val	Ser	Glu	Cys	Gln	Leu	Met	His	Asn	Leu	Gly	Lys	His	Leu	Asn
1				5					10					15	

Ser	Met	Glu	Arg	Val	Glu	Trp	Leu	Arg	Lys	Lys	Cys	Gln	Asp	Val	His
			20					25						30	

Asn Phe

&lt;210&gt; 260

&lt;211&gt; 40

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 260

Ala	Val	Ser	Glu	His	Gln	Leu	Leu	His	Asp	Lys	Gly	Lys	Ser	Ile	Gln
1				5					10					15	

Asp	Leu	Arg	Arg	Arg	Phe	Phe	Leu	His	His	Leu	Ile	Ala	Glu	Ile	His
			20					25						30	

Thr	Ala	Glu	Ile	Arg	Ala	Thr	Ser
			35				40

&lt;210&gt; 261

&lt;211&gt; 34

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 261

Ser Val Ser Glu Ile Gln Leu Met His Asn Leu Gly Lys His Leu Asn  
1 5 10 15

Ser Leu Glu Arg Val Glu Trp Leu Arg Lys Lys Leu Gln Asp Val His  
20 25 30

Asn Phe

<210> 262

<211> 32

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 262

Ala Val Ser Glu Ile Gln Phe His Asn Leu Gly Lys His Leu Ser Ser  
1 5 10 15

Glu Arg Val Glu Trp Leu Arg Lys Lys Leu Gln Asp Val His Asn Tyr  
20 25 30

<210> 263

<211> 30

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 263

Ser Glu Ile Gln Phe His Asn Leu Gly Lys His Leu Ser Ser Glu Arg  
1 5 10 15

Val Glu Trp Leu Arg Lys Lys Leu Gln Asp Val His Asn Tyr  
20 25 30

<210> 264

<211> 32

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 264

Ser Val Ser Glu Ile Gln Leu His Asn Leu Gly Lys His Leu Asn Ser  
1 5 10 15

Glu Arg Val Glu Trp Leu Arg Lys Lys Leu Gln Asp Val His Asn Tyr  
20 25 30

<210> 265

<211> 32

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 265

Ser Val Ser Glu Ile Gln Leu His Asn Leu Gly Lys His Leu Asn Ser  
1 5 10 15

Glu Arg Val Glu Trp Leu Arg Lys Lys Leu Gln Asp Val His Asn Tyr  
20 25 30

<210> 266

<211> 30  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 266  
Ser Glu Ile Gln Leu His Asn Leu Gly Lys His Leu Asn Ser Glu Arg  
1 5 10 15  
Val Glu Trp Leu Arg Lys Lys Leu Gln Asp Val His Asn Tyr  
20 25 30

<210> 267  
<211> 26  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 267  
Phe His Asn Leu Gly Lys His Leu Ser Ser Glu Arg Val Glu Trp Leu  
1 5 10 15  
Arg Lys Lys Leu Gln Asp Val His Asn Tyr  
20 25

<210> 268  
<211> 32  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 268  
Ala Val Ser Glu Ile Gln Leu His Asn Leu Gly Lys His Leu Ala Ser  
1 5 10 15  
Val Glu Arg Gln Trp Leu Arg Lys Lys Leu Gln Asp Val His Asn Tyr  
20 25 30

<210> 269

<211> 25

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 269

Arg Asp Ala Gly Ser Gln Arg Pro Arg Lys Lys Glu Asp Asn Val Leu  
1 5 10 15

Val Glu Ser His Glu Lys Ser Leu Gly  
20 25

<210> 270

<211> 32

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 270

Ser Glu Ile Gln Phe Met His Asn Leu Gly Lys His Leu Ser Ser Met  
1 5 10 15

Glu Arg Val Glu Trp Leu Arg Lys Lys Leu Gln Asp Val His Asn Phe  
20 25 30

<210> 271

<211> 31

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 271

Ser Val Ser Glu Ile Gln Leu Met His Asn Leu Gly Lys His Leu Asn  
1 5 10 15

Ser Met Glu Arg Val Glu Trp Leu Arg Lys Lys Leu Gln Asp Val  
20 25 30

<210> 272

<211> 34

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 272

Ser Val Ser Glu Ile Gln Leu Met His Asn Leu Gly Lys His Leu Asn  
1 5 10 15

Ser Met Glu Arg Val Glu Trp Leu Arg Lys Lys Leu Gln Asp Val His  
20 25 30

Asn Phe

<210> 273

<211> 22

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 273

Lys His Leu Asn Ser Met Glu Arg Val Glu Trp Leu Arg Lys Lys Leu  
1 5 10 15

Gln Asp Val His Asn Phe  
20

<210> 274  
<211> 34  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 274  
Ala Val Ser Glu Ile Gln Leu Met His Asn Leu Gly Lys His Leu Ala  
1 5 10 15  
Ser Val Glu Arg Met Gln Trp Leu Arg Lys Lys Leu Gln Asp Val His  
20 25 30

Asn Phe

<210> 275  
<211> 38  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 275  
Ser Val Ser Glu Ile Gln Leu Met His Asn Leu Gly Lys His Leu Asn  
1 5 10 15  
Ser Met Glu Arg Val Glu Trp Leu Arg Lys Lys Leu Gln Asp Val His  
20 25 30

Asn Phe Val Ala Leu Gly  
35

<210> 276  
<211> 44  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide



&lt;400&gt; 276

Ser Val Ser Glu Ile Gln Leu Met His Asn Leu Gly Lys His Leu Asn  
1 5 10 15

Ser Met Glu Arg Val Glu Trp Leu Arg Lys Lys Leu Gln Asp Val His  
20 25 30

Asn Phe Val Ala Leu Gly Ala Pro Leu Ala Pro Arg  
35 40

&lt;210&gt; 277

&lt;211&gt; 21

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 277

Leu Gln Asp Val His Asn Phe Val Ala Leu Gly Ala Pro Leu Ala Pro  
1 5 10 15

Arg Asp Ala Gly Ser  
20

&lt;210&gt; 278

&lt;211&gt; 30

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 278

Ala Pro Leu Ala Pro Arg Asp Ala Gly Ser Gln Arg Pro Arg Lys Lys  
1 5 10 15

Glu Asp Asn Val Leu Val Glu Ser His Glu Lys Ser Leu Gly  
20 25 30

&lt;210&gt; 279

&lt;211&gt; 46

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 279

Ala Pro Leu Ala Pro Arg Asp Ala Gly Ser Gln Arg Pro Arg Lys Lys  
1 5 10 15

Glu Asp Asn Val Leu Val Glu Ser His Glu Lys Ser Leu Gly Glu Ala  
20 25 30

Asp Lys Ala Asp Val Asn Val Leu Thr Lys Ala Lys Ser Gln  
35 40 45

<210> 280

<211> 32

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 280

Lys Lys Glu Asp Asn Val Leu Val Glu Ser His Glu Lys Ser Leu Gly  
1 5 10 15

Glu Ala Asp Lys Ala Asp Val Asp Val Leu Thr Lys Ala Lys Ser Gln  
20 25 30

<210> 281

<211> 16

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 281

Glu Ala Asp Lys Ala Asp Val Asn Val Leu Thr Lys Ala Lys Ser Gln  
1 5 10 15

<210> 282

<211> 15

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 282

Ala Asp Lys Ala Asp Val Asn Val Leu Thr Lys Ala Lys Ser Gln  
1 5 10 15

<210> 283

<211> 36

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 283

Tyr Pro Ile Lys Pro Glu Ala Pro Gly Glu Asp Ala Ser Pro Glu Glu  
1 5 10 15

Leu Asn Arg Tyr Tyr Ala Ser Leu Arg His Tyr Leu Asn Leu Val Thr  
20 25 30

Arg Pro Arg Tyr  
35

<210> 284

<211> 41

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 284

Tyr Ala Val Ser Glu His Gln Leu Leu His Asp Lys Gly Lys Ser Ile  
1 5 10 15

Gln Asp Leu Arg Arg Arg Phe Phe Leu His His Leu Ile Ala Glu Ile  
20 25 30

His Thr Ala Glu Ile Arg Ala Thr Ser  
35 40

<210> 285

<211> 45

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 285

Tyr Ser Val Ser Glu Ile Gln Leu Met His Asn Leu Gly Lys His Leu  
1 5 10 15

Asn Ser Met Glu Arg Val Glu Trp Leu Arg Lys Lys Leu Gln Asp Val  
20 25 30

His Asn Phe Val Ala Leu Gly Ala Pro Leu Ala Pro Arg  
35 40 45

<210> 286

<211> 35

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 286

Tyr Ser Val Ser Glu Ile Gln Leu Met His Asn Leu Gly Lys His Leu  
1 5 10 15

Asn Ser Met Glu Arg Val Glu Trp Leu Arg Lys Lys Leu Gln Asp Val  
20 25 30

His Asn Phe  
35

<210> 287  
<211> 34  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 287

Tyr Val Ser Glu Ile Gln Leu Met His Asn Leu Gly Lys His Leu Asn  
1 5 10 15

Ser Met Glu Arg Val Glu Trp Leu Arg Lys Lys Leu Gln Asp Val His  
20 25 30

Asn Phe

<210> 288  
<211> 22  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 288

Tyr Leu Gln Asp Val His Asn Phe Val Ala Leu Gly Ala Pro Leu Ala  
1 5 10 15

Pro Arg Asp Ala Gly Ser  
20

<210> 289  
<211> 28  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 289

Phe Met His Asn Leu Gly Lys His Leu Ser Ser Met Glu Arg Val Glu  
1 5 10 15

Trp Leu Arg Lys Lys Leu Gln Asp Val His Asn Tyr  
20 25

&lt;210&gt; 290

&lt;211&gt; 26

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 290

Tyr Arg Asp Ala Gly Ser Gln Arg Pro Arg Lys Lys Glu Asp Asn Val  
1 5 10 15

Leu Val Glu Ser His Glu Lys Ser Leu Gly  
20 25

&lt;210&gt; 291

&lt;211&gt; 33

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 291

Tyr Lys Lys Glu Asp Asn Val Leu Val Glu Ser His Glu Lys Ser Leu  
1 5 10 15

Gly Glu Ala Asp Lys Ala Asp Val Asn Val Leu Thr Lys Ala Lys Ser  
20 25 30

Gln

&lt;210&gt; 292

&lt;211&gt; 22

&lt;212&gt; PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 292

Tyr Glu Lys Ser Leu Gly Glu Ala Asp Lys Ala Asp Val Asn Val Leu  
1 5 10 15

Thr Lys Ala Lys Ser Gln  
20

<210> 293

<211> 34

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 293

Ala Val Ser Glu His Gln Leu Leu His Asp Lys Gly Lys Ser Ile Gln  
1 5 10 15

Asp Leu Arg Arg Arg Phe Phe Leu His His Leu Ile Ala Glu Ile His  
20 25 30

Thr Ala

<210> 294

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 294

Ala Arg Ser Ala Trp  
1 5

<210> 295  
<211> 34  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 295

Ala Val Ser Glu His Gln Leu Leu His Asp Lys Gly Lys Ser Ile Gln  
1 5 10 15  
Asp Leu Arg Arg Arg Phe Phe Leu His His Leu Ile Ala Glu Ile His  
20 25 30

Thr Ala

<210> 296  
<211> 33  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 296

Val Ser Glu His Gln Leu Leu His Asp Lys Gly Lys Ser Ile Gln Asp  
1 5 10 15  
Leu Arg Arg Arg Phe Phe Leu His His Leu Ile Ala Glu Ile His Thr  
20 25 30

Ala

<210> 297  
<211> 35  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide



&lt;400&gt; 297

Tyr Ala Val Ser Glu His Gln Leu Leu His Asp Lys Gly Lys Ser Ile  
1 5 10 15

Gln Asp Leu Arg Arg Arg Phe Phe Leu His His Leu Ile Ala Glu Ile  
20 25 30

His Thr Ala  
35

&lt;210&gt; 298

&lt;211&gt; 34

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 298

Ala Val Ser Glu His Gln Leu Leu His Asp Lys Gly Lys Ser Ile Gln  
1 5 10 15

Asp Leu Arg Arg Arg Phe Phe Leu His His Leu Ile Ala Glu Ile His  
20 25 30

Thr Tyr

&lt;210&gt; 299

&lt;211&gt; 37

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 299

Ala Val Ser Glu His Gln Leu Leu His Asp Lys Gly Lys Ser Ile Gln  
1 5 10 15

Asp Leu Arg Arg Arg Phe Phe Leu His His Leu Ile Ala Glu Ile His  
20 25 30

Thr Ala Glu Ile Arg

35

<210> 300

<211> 28

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 300

Leu Leu His Asp Lys Gly Lys Ser Ile Gln Asp Leu Arg Arg Arg Phe  
1 5 10 15

Phe Leu His His Leu Ile Ala Glu Ile His Thr Ala  
20 25

<210> 301

<211> 27

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 301

Ala Thr Ser Glu Val Ser Pro Asn Ser Lys Pro Ser Pro Asn Thr Lys  
1 5 10 15

Asn His Pro Val Arg Phe Gly Ser Asp Asp Glu  
20 25

<210> 302

<211> 20

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 302

Tyr Leu Thr Gln Glu Thr Asn Lys Val Glu Thr Tyr Lys Glu Gln Pro  
1 5 10 15

Leu Lys Thr Pro  
20

<210> 303  
<211> 5  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 303  
Thr Arg Ser Ala Trp  
1 5

<210> 304  
<211> 5  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 304  
Thr Arg Ser Ala Trp  
1 5

<210> 305  
<211> 32  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 305  
Thr Arg Ser Ala Trp Leu Asp Ser Gly Val Thr Gly Ser Gly Leu Glu  
1 5 10 15

Gly Asp His Leu Ser Asp Thr Ser Thr Thr Ser Leu Glu Leu Asp Ser  
20 25 30

<210> 306

<211> 33

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 306

Ser Ala Trp Leu Asp Ser Gly Val Thr Gly Ser Gly Leu Glu Gly Asp  
1 5 10 15

His Leu Ser Asp Thr Ser Thr Thr Ser Leu Glu Leu Asp Ser Arg Arg  
20 25 30

His

<210> 307

<211> 34

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 307

Thr Ala Leu Leu Trp Gly Leu Lys Lys Lys Lys Glu Asn Asn Arg Arg  
1 5 10 15

Thr His His Met Gln Leu Met Ile Ser Leu Phe Lys Ser Pro Leu Leu  
20 25 30

Leu Leu

<210> 308

<211> 31  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 308  
Met Ile Pro Ala Lys Asp Met Ala Lys Val Met Ile Val Met Leu Ala  
1 5 10 15  
Ile Arg Phe Leu Thr Lys Ser Asp Gly Lys Ser Val Lys Lys Arg  
20 25 30

<210> 309  
<211> 27  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 309  
Thr Ala Leu Leu Trp Gly Leu Lys Lys Lys Lys Gly Lys Gln Gln Lys  
1 5 10 15  
Asn Thr Ser Tyr Ala Thr Asn Asp Leu Ile Ile  
20 25

<210> 310  
<211> 30  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 310  
Ala Thr Gln Arg Leu Ala Asn Phe Leu Val His Ser Ser Asn Asn Phe  
1 5 10 15  
Gly Ala Ile Leu Ser Ser Thr Asn Val Gly Ser Asn Thr Tyr  
20 25 30

<210> 311  
<211> 30  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 311  
Ala Thr Gln Arg Leu Ala Asn Phe Leu Val Arg Ser Ser Asn Asn Leu  
1 5 10 15  
Gly Pro Val Leu Pro Pro Thr Asn Val Gly Ser Asn Thr Tyr  
20 25 30

<210> 312  
<211> 25  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 312  
Val Leu Gly Lys Leu Ser Gln Glu Leu His Lys Leu Gln Thr Tyr Pro  
1 5 10 15  
Arg Thr Asn Thr Gly Ser Asn Thr Tyr  
20 25

<210> 313  
<211> 24  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 313  
Leu Gly Arg Leu Ser Gln Glu Leu His Arg Leu Gln Thr Tyr Pro Arg  
1 5 10 15

Thr Asn Thr Gly Ser Asn Thr Tyr  
20

<210> 314

<211> 25

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 314

Ala Thr Gln Arg Leu Ala Asn Glu Leu Val Arg Leu Gln Thr Tyr Pro  
1 5 10 15

Arg Thr Asn Val Gly Ser Asn Thr Tyr  
20 25

<210> 315

<211> 29

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 315

Thr Gln Arg Leu Ala Asn Phe Leu Val His Ser Ser Asn Asn Phe Gly  
1 5 10 15

Ala Ile Leu Ser Ser Thr Asn Val Gly Ser Asn Thr Tyr  
20 25

<210> 316

<211> 37

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 316

Lys Cys Asn Thr Ala Thr Cys Ala Thr Gln Arg Leu Ala Asn Phe Leu  
1 5 10 15

Ile Arg Ser Ser Asn Asn Leu Gly Ala Ile Leu Ser Pro Thr Asn Val  
20 25 30

Gly Ser Asn Thr Tyr  
35

&lt;210&gt; 317

&lt;211&gt; 37

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 317

Lys Cys Asn Thr Ala Thr Cys Ala Thr Gln Arg Leu Ala Asn Phe Leu  
1 5 10 15

Val His Ser Ser Asn Asn Phe Gly Ala Ile Leu Ser Ser Thr Asn Val  
20 25 30

Gly Ser Asn Thr Tyr  
35

&lt;210&gt; 318

&lt;211&gt; 37

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 318

Lys Cys Asn Thr Ala Thr Cys Ala Thr Gln Arg Leu Ala Asn Phe Leu  
1 5 10 15

Val His Ser Ser Asn Asn Phe Gly Ala Ile Leu Ser Ser Thr Asn Val  
20 25 30

Gly Ser Asn Thr Tyr



35

&lt;210&gt; 319

&lt;211&gt; 13

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 319

Lys	Cys	Asn	Thr	Ala	Thr	Cys	Ala	Thr	Gln	Arg	Leu	Ala
1				5					10			

&lt;210&gt; 320

&lt;211&gt; 10

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 320

Ser	Asn	Asn	Phe	Gly	Ala	Ile	Leu	Ser	Ser
1				5				10	

&lt;210&gt; 321

&lt;211&gt; 37

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 321

Lys	Cys	Asn	Thr	Ala	Thr	Cys	Ala	Thr	Gln	Arg	Leu	Ala	Asn	Phe	Leu
1				5					10				15		

Val	Arg	Ser	Ser	Asn	Asn	Leu	Gly	Pro	Val	Leu	Pro	Pro	Thr	Asn	Val
				20				25					30		

Gly Ser Asn Thr Tyr

35

&lt;210&gt; 322

&lt;211&gt; 30

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 322

Ala	Thr	Gln	Arg	Leu	Ala	Asn	Phe	Leu	Val	Arg	Ser	Ser	Asn	Asn	Leu
1				5				10					15		

Gly	Pro	Val	Leu	Pro	Pro	Thr	Asn	Val	Gly	Ser	Asn	Thr	Tyr
		20				25						30	

&lt;210&gt; 323

&lt;211&gt; 30

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 323

Ala	Thr	Gln	Arg	Leu	Ala	Asn	Phe	Leu	Val	His	Ser	Ser	Asn	Asn	Phe
1				5				10					15		

Gly	Ala	Ile	Leu	Ser	Ser	Thr	Asn	Val	Gly	Ser	Asn	Thr	Tyr
		20				25						30	

&lt;210&gt; 324

&lt;211&gt; 30

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 324

Ala	Thr	Gln	Arg	Leu	Ala	Asn	Phe	Leu	Val	Arg	Ser	Ser	Asn	Asn	Leu
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

1 5 10 15  
Gly Pro Val Leu Pro Pro Thr Asn Val Gly Ser Asn Thr Tyr  
20 25 30

<210> 325

<211> 25

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 325

Val Leu Gly Lys Leu Ser Gln Glu Leu His Lys Leu Gln Thr Tyr Pro  
1 5 10 15

Arg Thr Asn Thr Gly Ser Asn Thr Tyr  
20 25

<210> 326

<211> 24

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 326

Leu Gly Arg Leu Ser Gln Glu Leu His Arg Leu Gln Thr Tyr Pro Arg  
1 5 10 15

Thr Asn Thr Gly Ser Asn Thr Tyr  
20

<210> 327

<211> 25

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 327

Ala Thr Gln Arg Leu Ala Asn Glu Leu Val Arg Leu Gln Thr Tyr Pro  
1 5 10 15

Arg Thr Asn Val Gly Ser Asn Thr Tyr  
20 25

&lt;210&gt; 328

&lt;211&gt; 29

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 328

Thr Gln Arg Leu Ala Asn Phe Leu Val His Ser Ser Asn Asn Phe Gly  
1 5 10 15

Ala Ile Leu Ser Ser Thr Asn Val Gly Ser Asn Thr Tyr  
20 25

&lt;210&gt; 329

&lt;211&gt; 37

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 329

Lys Cys Asn Thr Ala Thr Cys Ala Thr Gln Arg Leu Ala Asn Phe Leu  
1 5 10 15

Ile Arg Ser Ser Asn Asn Leu Gly Ala Ile Leu Ser Pro Thr Asn Val  
20 25 30

Gly Ser Asn Thr Tyr  
35

&lt;210&gt; 330

&lt;211&gt; 37

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 330

Lys Cys Asn Thr Ala Thr Cys Ala Thr Gln Arg Leu Ala Asn Phe Leu  
1 5 10 15

Val His Ser Ser Asn Asn Phe Gly Ala Ile Leu Ser Ser Thr Asn Val  
20 25 30

Gly Ser Asn Thr Tyr  
35

<210> 331

<211> 37

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 331

Lys Cys Asn Thr Ala Thr Cys Ala Thr Gln Arg Leu Ala Asn Phe Leu  
1 5 10 15

Val His Ser Ser Asn Asn Phe Gly Ala Ile Leu Ser Ser Thr Asn Val  
20 25 30

Gly Ser Asn Thr Tyr  
35

<210> 332

<211> 13

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 332

Lys Cys Asn Thr Ala Thr Cys Ala Thr Gln Arg Leu Ala  
1 5 10

<210> 333

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 333

Ser Asn Asn Phe Gly Ala Ile Leu Ser Ser  
1 5 10

<210> 334

<211> 37

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 334

Lys Cys Asn Thr Ala Thr Cys Ala Thr Gln Arg Leu Ala Asn Phe Leu  
1 5 10 15

Val Arg Ser Ser Asn Asn Leu Gly Pro Val Leu Pro Pro Thr Asn Val  
20 25 30

Gly Ser Asn Thr Tyr  
35

<210> 335

<211> 30

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 335

Ala Thr Gln Arg Leu Ala Asn Phe Leu Val Arg Ser Ser Asn Asn Leu  
1 5 10 15

Gly Pro Val Leu Pro Pro Thr Asn Val Gly Ser Asn Thr Tyr  
20 25 30

<210> 336

<211> 28

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 336

Ser Gln Gly Thr Phe Thr Ser Glu Tyr Ser Lys Tyr Leu Asp Ser Arg  
1 5 10 15

Arg Ala Gln Asp Phe Val Gln Trp Leu Met Asn Thr  
20 25

<210> 337

<211> 35

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 337

His Gly Glu Gly Thr Ser Asp Leu Ser Lys Gln Met Glu Glu Ala Arg  
1 5 10 15

Leu Phe Ile Glu Trp Leu Lys Asn Gly Gly Pro Ser Ser Gly Ala Pro  
20 25 30

Pro Pro Ser  
35

<210> 338

<211> 29

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 338

His Ser Gln Gly Thr Phe Thr Ser Asp Tyr Ser Lys Tyr Leu Asp Ser  
1 5 10 15

Arg Arg Ala Gln Asp Phe Val Gln Trp Leu Met Asn Thr  
20 25

<210> 339

<211> 11

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 339

Ala Gln Asp Phe Val Gln Trp Leu Met Asn Thr  
1 5 10

<210> 340

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 340

Phe Val Gln Trp Leu Met Asn Thr  
1 5

<210> 341

<211> 28

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic



## Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 341

Ser Gln Gly Thr Phe Thr Ser Glu Tyr Ser Lys Tyr Leu Asp Ser Arg  
1 5 10 15

Arg Ala Gln Asp Phe Val Gln Trp Leu Met Asn Thr  
20 25

&lt;210&gt; 342

&lt;211&gt; 36

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 342

His Asp Glu Phe Glu Arg His Ala Glu Gly Thr Phe Thr Ser Asp Val  
1 5 10 15

Ser Ser Tyr Leu Glu Gly Gln Ala Ala Lys Glu Phe Ile Ala Trp Leu  
20 25 30

Val Lys Gly Arg  
35 .

&lt;210&gt; 343

&lt;211&gt; 37

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 343

His Asp Glu Phe Glu Arg His Ala Glu Gly Thr Phe Thr Ser Asp Val  
1 5 10 15

Ser Ser Tyr Leu Glu Gly Gln Ala Ala Lys Glu Phe Ile Ala Trp Leu  
20 25 30

Val Lys Gly Arg Gly  
35

<210> 344  
<211> 30  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 344

His Ala Glu Gly Thr Phe Thr Ser Asp Val Ser Ser Tyr Leu Glu Gly  
1 5 10 15

Gln Ala Ala Lys Glu Phe Ile Ala Trp Leu Val Lys Gly Arg  
20 25 30

<210> 345  
<211> 33  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 345

His Ala Asp Gly Ser Phe Ser Asp Glu Met Asn Thr Ile Leu Asp Asn  
1 5 10 15

Leu Ala Thr Arg Asp Phe Ile Asn Trp Leu Ile Gln Thr Lys Ile Thr  
20 25 30

Asp

<210> 346  
<211> 34  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 346

His Ala Asp Gly Ser Phe Ser Asp Glu Met Asn Thr Ile Leu Asp Asn  
1 5 10 15

Leu Ala Ala Arg Asp Phe Ile Asn Trp Leu Ile Gln Thr Lys Ile Thr  
20 25 30

Asp Arg

&lt;210&gt; 347

&lt;211&gt; 37

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 347

His Ser Glu Gly Thr Phe Thr Ser Asp Tyr Ser Lys Tyr Leu Asp Ser  
1 5 10 15

Arg Arg Ala Glu Asp Phe Val Glu Trp Leu Met Asn Thr Lys Arg Asn  
20 25 30

Lys Asn Asn Ile Ala  
35

&lt;210&gt; 348

&lt;211&gt; 37

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 348

His Ser Glu Gly Thr Phe Thr Ser Asp Tyr Ser Lys Tyr Leu Asp Ser  
1 5 10 15

Arg Arg Ala Glu Asp Phe Val Glu Trp Leu Met Asn Thr Lys Arg Asn  
20 25 30

Lys Asn Asn Ile Ala

35

&lt;210&gt; 349

&lt;211&gt; 39

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 349

His	Gly	Glu	Gly	Thr	Phe	Thr	Ser	Asp	Leu	Ser	Lys	Gln	Met	Glu	Glu
1				5					10					15	

Glu	Ala	Val	Arg	Leu	Phe	Ile	Glu	Trp	Leu	Lys	Asn	Gly	Gly	Pro	Ser
			20					25					30		

Ser	Gly	Ala	Pro	Pro	Pro	Ser
			35			

&lt;210&gt; 350

&lt;211&gt; 34

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 350

His	Ala	Asp	Gly	Thr	Leu	Thr	Ser	Asp	Ile	Ser	Ser	Phe	Leu	Glu	Lys
1				5					10					15	

Gln	Ala	Thr	Lys	Glu	Phe	Ile	Ala	Trp	Leu	Val	Ser	Gly	Arg	Gly	Arg
			20					25					30		

Arg Gln

&lt;210&gt; 351

&lt;211&gt; 29

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 351

His Ser Gln Gly Thr Phe Thr Ser Asp Tyr Ser Lys Tyr Leu Asp Ser  
1 5 10 15Lys Lys Ala Gln Glu Phe Val Gln Trp Leu Met Asn Thr  
20 25

&lt;210&gt; 352

&lt;211&gt; 39

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 352

His Gly Glu Gly Thr Phe Thr Ser Asp Leu Ser Lys Gln Met Glu Glu  
1 5 10 15Glu Ala Val Arg Leu Phe Ile Glu Trp Leu Lys Asn Gly Gly Pro Ser  
20 25 30Ser Gly Ala Pro Pro Pro Ser  
35

&lt;210&gt; 353

&lt;211&gt; 33

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 353

His Ala Asp Gly Ser Phe Thr Ser Asp Ile Asn Lys Val Leu Asp Thr  
1 5 10 15Ile Ala Ala Lys Glu Phe Leu Asn Trp Leu Ile Ser Thr Lys Val Thr  
20 25 30

Glu

&lt;210&gt; 354

&lt;211&gt; 36

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 354

His	Asp	Glu	Phe	Glu	Arg	His	Ala	Glu	Gly	Thr	Phe	Thr	Ser	Asp	Val
1				5					10					15	

Ser	Ser	Tyr	Leu	Glu	Gly	Gln	Ala	Ala	Lys	Glu	Phe	Ile	Ala	Trp	Leu
			20					25					30		

Val	Lys	Gly	Arg
			35

&lt;210&gt; 355

&lt;211&gt; 30

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 355

His	Ala	Glu	Gly	Thr	Phe	Thr	Ser	Asp	Val	Ser	Ser	Tyr	Leu	Glu	Gly
1				5					10					15	

Gln	Ala	Ala	Lys	Glu	Phe	Ile	Ala	Trp	Leu	Val	Lys	Gly	Arg
			20					25				30	

&lt;210&gt; 356

&lt;211&gt; 19

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;223&gt; Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic

## Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 356

Ser Tyr Leu Glu Gly Gln Ala Ala Lys Glu Phe Ile Ala Trp Leu Val  
1 5 10 15

Xaa Gly Arg

&lt;210&gt; 357

&lt;211&gt; 4

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 357

Ser Asp Val Ser  
1

&lt;210&gt; 358

&lt;211&gt; 5

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 358

Thr Ser Asp Val Ser  
1 5

&lt;210&gt; 359

&lt;211&gt; 6

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 359

Phe Thr Ser Asp Val Ser  
1 5

<210> 360  
<211> 7  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 360  
Thr Phe Thr Ser Asp Val Ser  
1 5

<210> 361  
<211> 8  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 361  
Gly Thr Phe Thr Ser Asp Val Ser  
1 5

<210> 362  
<211> 9  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 362  
Glu Gly Thr Phe Thr Ser Asp Val Ser  
1 5

<210> 363  
<211> 10



<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 363

Ala Glu Gly Thr Phe Thr Ser Asp Val Ser  
1 5 10

<210> 364

<211> 39

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 364

His Ser Asp Gly Thr Phe Thr Ser Asp Leu Ser Lys Gln Met Glu Glu  
1 5 10 15

Glu Ala Val Arg Leu Phe Ile Glu Trp Leu Lys Asn Gly Gly Pro Ser  
20 25 30

Ser Gly Ala Pro Pro Pro Ser  
35

<210> 365

<211> 39

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 365

His Gly Glu Gly Thr Phe Thr Ser Asp Leu Ser Lys Gln Met Glu Glu  
1 5 10 15

Glu Ala Val Arg Leu Phe Ile Glu Trp Leu Lys Asn Gly Gly Pro Ser  
20 25 30

Ser Gly Ala Pro Pro Pro Ser  
35

<210> 366

<211> 31

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 366

His	Gly	Glu	Gly	Thr	Phe	Thr	Ser	Asp	Leu	Ser	Lys	Gln	Met	Glu	Glu
1				5					10					15	

Ala	Val	Arg	Leu	Phe	Ile	Glu	Trp	Leu	Lys	Asn	Gly	Gly	Pro	Tyr
			20					25					30	

<210> 367

<211> 31

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 367

His	Gly	Glu	Gly	Thr	Phe	Thr	Ser	Asp	Leu	Ser	Lys	Gln	Met	Glu	Glu
1				5					10					15	

Glu	Ala	Val	Arg	Leu	Phe	Ile	Glu	Trp	Leu	Lys	Asn	Gly	Gly	Tyr
			20					25					30	

<210> 368

<211> 31

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 368

Asp Leu Ser Lys Gln Met Glu Glu Glu Ala Val Arg Leu Met Ile Glu  
1 5 10 15

Trp Leu Lys Asn Gly Gly Pro Ser Ser Gly Ala Pro Pro Pro Ser  
20 25 30

<210> 369

<211> 37

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 369

His Asp Glu Phe Glu Arg His Ala Glu Gly Thr Phe Thr Ser Asp Val  
1 5 10 15

Ser Ser Tyr Leu Glu Gly Gln Ala Ala Lys Glu Phe Ile Ala Trp Leu  
20 25 30

Val Lys Gly Arg Lys  
35

<210> 370

<211> 31

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 370

His Ala Glu Gly Thr Phe Thr Ser Asp Val Ser Ser Tyr Leu Glu Gly  
1 5 10 15

Gln Ala Ala Lys Glu Phe Ile Ala Trp Leu Val Lys Gly Arg Lys  
20 25 30

<210> 371

<211> 40

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 371

His Gly Glu Gly Thr Phe Thr Ser Asp Leu Ser Lys Gln Met Glu Glu  
1 5 10 15Glu Ala Val Arg Leu Phe Ile Glu Trp Leu Lys Asn Gly Gly Pro Ser  
20 25 30Ser Gly Ala Pro Pro Pro Ser Lys  
35 40

&lt;210&gt; 372

&lt;211&gt; 40

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 372

His Gly Glu Gly Thr Phe Thr Ser Asp Leu Ser Lys Gln Met Glu Glu  
1 5 10 15Glu Ala Val Arg Leu Phe Ile Glu Trp Leu Lys Asn Gly Gly Pro Ser  
20 25 30Ser Gly Ala Pro Pro Pro Ser Lys  
35 40

&lt;210&gt; 373

&lt;211&gt; 40

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 373

His Ser Asp Gly Thr Phe Thr Ser Asp Leu Ser Lys Gln Met Glu Glu  
1 5 10 15

Glu Ala Val Arg Leu Phe Ile Glu Trp Leu Lys Asn Gly Gly Pro Ser  
20 25 30

Ser Gly Ala Pro Pro Pro Ser Lys  
35 40

<210> 374

<211> 31

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 374

His Gly Glu Gly Thr Phe Thr Ser Asp Leu Ser Lys Glu Met Glu Glu  
1 5 10 15

Glu Val Arg Leu Phe Ile Glu Trp Leu Lys Asn Gly Gly Pro Tyr  
20 25 30

<210> 375

<211> 30

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 375

His Gly Glu Gly Thr Phe Thr Ser Asp Leu Ser Lys Glu Met Glu Glu  
1 5 10 15

Glu Val Arg Leu Phe Ile Glu Trp Leu Lys Asn Gly Gly Tyr  
20 25 30

<210> 376

<211> 29

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 376

Asp Leu Ser Lys Gln Met Glu Glu Glu Ala Val Arg Leu Phe Ile Glu  
1 5 10 15

Trp Leu Lys Gly Gly Pro Ser Ser Gly Pro Pro Pro Ser  
20 25

<210> 377

<211> 31

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 377

Glu Ala Glu Asp Leu Gln Val Gly Gln Val Glu Leu Gly Gly Gly Pro  
1 5 10 15

Gly Ala Gly Ser Leu Gln Pro Leu Ala Leu Glu Gly Ser Leu Gln  
20 25 30

<210> 378

<211> 32

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 378

Tyr Glu Ala Glu Asp Leu Gln Val Gly Gln Val Glu Leu Gly Gly Gly  
1 5 10 15

Pro Gly Ala Gly Ser Leu Gln Pro Leu Ala Leu Glu Gly Ser Leu Gln  
20 25 30

<210> 379

<211> 51

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 379

Gly Ile Val Glu Gln Cys Cys Thr Ser Ile Cys Ser Leu Tyr Gln Leu  
1 5 10 15

Glu Asn Tyr Cys Asn Phe Val Asn Gln His Leu Cys Gly Ser His Leu  
20 25 30

Val Glu Ala Leu Tyr Leu Val Cys Gly Glu Arg Gly Phe Phe Tyr Thr  
35 40 45

Pro Lys Thr  
50

<210> 380

<211> 16

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 380

Asp Val Ser Thr Pro Pro Thr Val Leu Pro Asp Asn Phe Pro Arg Tyr  
1 5 10 15

<210> 381

<211> 35

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 381

Arg Asp Val Ser Thr Pro Pro Thr Val Leu Pro Asp Asn Phe Pro Arg

1 5 10 15

Tyr Pro Val Gly Lys Phe Phe Gln Tyr Asp Thr Trp Lys Gln Ser Thr  
20 25 30

Gln Arg Leu  
35

<210> 382  
<211> 24  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 382  
Gly Leu Pro Ala Leu Leu Arg Ala Arg Arg Gly His Val Leu Ala Lys  
1 5 10 15

Glu Leu Glu Ala Phe Arg Glu Ala  
20

<210> 383  
<211> 36  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 383  
Tyr Pro Ser Lys Pro Asp Asn Pro Gly Glu Asp Ala Pro Ala Glu Asp  
1 5 10 15

Met Ala Arg Tyr Tyr Ser Ala Leu Arg His Tyr Ile Asn Leu Leu Thr  
20 25 30

Arg Pro Arg Tyr  
35

<210> 384  
<211> 39



<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 384

Pro Asp Lys Asp Phe Ile Val Asn Pro Ser Asp Leu Val Leu Asp Asn  
1 5 10 15

Lys Ala Ala Leu Arg Asp Tyr Leu Arg Gln Ile Asn Glu Tyr Phe Ala  
20 25 30

Ile Ile Gly Arg Pro Arg Phe  
35

<210> 385

<211> 3

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 385

Phe Met Arg  
1

<210> 386

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 386

Cys Trp Arg Tyr Cys Trp Arg Tyr  
1 5

<210> 387

<211> 36

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 387

Tyr Pro Ser Lys Pro Asp Asn Pro Gly Glu Asp Ala Pro Ala Glu Asp  
1 5 10 15

Met Ala Arg Tyr Tyr Ser Ala Leu Arg His Tyr Ile Asn Leu Ile Thr  
20 25 30

Arg Gln Arg Tyr  
35

<210> 388

<211> 24

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 388

Tyr Pro Ser Lys Pro Asp Asn Pro Gly Glu Asp Ala Pro Ala Glu Asp  
1 5 10 15

Met Ala Arg Tyr Tyr Ser Ala Leu  
20

<210> 389

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 389

Ile Gly Pro Tyr Arg Leu Arg Tyr  
1 5

<210> 390  
<211> 36  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 390

Gly Pro Ser Gln Pro Thr Tyr Pro Gly Asp Asp Ala Pro Val Glu Asp  
1 5 10 15

Leu Ile Arg Phe Tyr Asp Asn Leu Gln Gln Tyr Leu Asn Val Val Thr  
20 25 30

Arg His Arg Tyr  
35

<210> 391  
<211> 36  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 391

Ala Pro Leu Glu Pro Val Tyr Pro Gly Asp Asn Ala Thr Pro Glu Gln  
1 5 10 15

Met Ala Gln Tyr Ala Ala Asp Leu Arg Arg Tyr Ile Asn Met Leu Thr  
20 25 30

Arg Pro Arg Tyr  
35

<210> 392  
<211> 6  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic

## Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 392

Leu Thr Arg Pro Arg Tyr

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 393

&lt;211&gt; 6

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 393

Leu Thr Arg Pro Arg Tyr

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 394

&lt;211&gt; 36

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 394

Ala Pro Ser Glu Pro His His Pro Gly Asp Gln Ala Thr Gln Asp Gln

1

5

10

15

Leu Ala Gln Tyr Tyr Ser Asp Leu Tyr Gln Tyr Ile Thr Phe Val Thr

20

25

30

Arg Pro Arg Phe

35

&lt;210&gt; 395

&lt;211&gt; 36

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;223&gt; Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic

## Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 395

Ala Pro Leu Glu Pro Met Tyr Pro Gly Asp Tyr Ala Thr His Glu Gln  
1 5 10 15

Arg Ala Gln Tyr Glu Thr Gln Leu Arg Arg Tyr Ile Asn Thr Leu Thr  
20 25 30

Arg Pro Arg Tyr  
35

&lt;210&gt; 396

&lt;211&gt; 36

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 396

Tyr Pro Pro Lys Pro Glu Asn Pro Gly Glu Asp Ala Pro Pro Glu Glu  
1 5 10 15

Leu Ala Lys Tyr Tyr Thr Ala Leu Arg His Tyr Ile Asn Leu Ile Thr  
20 25 30

Arg Gln Arg Tyr  
35

&lt;210&gt; 397

&lt;211&gt; 36

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 397

Tyr Pro Ile Lys Pro Glu Ala Pro Gly Glu Asp Ala Ser Pro Glu Glu  
1 5 10 15

Leu Asn Arg Tyr Tyr Ala Ser Leu Arg His Tyr Leu Asn Leu Val Thr  
20 25 30

Arg Gln Arg Tyr  
35

<210> 398

<211> 34

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 398

Ile	Lys	Pro	Glu	Ala	Pro	Gly	Glu	Asp	Ala	Ser	Pro	Glu	Glu	Leu	Asn
1				5				10						15	

Arg	Tyr	Tyr	Ala	Ser	Leu	Arg	His	Tyr	Leu	Asn	Leu	Val	Thr	Arg	Gln
			20					25						30	

Arg Tyr

<210> 399

<211> 36

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 399

Tyr	Pro	Ala	Lys	Pro	Glu	Ala	Pro	Gly	Glu	Asp	Ala	Ser	Pro	Glu	Glu
1				5				10						15	

Leu	Ser	Arg	Tyr	Tyr	Ala	Ser	Leu	Arg	His	Tyr	Leu	Asn	Leu	Val	Thr
			20					25						30	

Arg Gln Arg Tyr  
35

<210> 400

<211> 36

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 400

Tyr Pro Ile Lys Pro Glu Ala Pro Gly Glu Asp Ala Ser Pro Glu Glu  
1 5 10 15

Leu Asn Arg Tyr Tyr Ala Ser Leu Arg His Tyr Leu Asn Leu Leu Thr  
20 25 30

Arg Pro Arg Tyr  
35

<210> 401

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 401

Glu Gln Asp Tyr Thr Gly Trp Met Asp Phe  
1 5 10

<210> 402

<211> 33

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 402

Lys Ala Pro Ser Gly Arg Met Ser Ile Val Lys Asn Leu Gln Asn Leu  
1 5 10 15

Asp Pro Ser His Arg Ile Ser Asp Arg Asp Tyr Met Gly Trp Met Asp  
20 25 30

Phe

<210> 403  
<211> 4  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 403  
Asp Tyr Met Gly  
1

<210> 404  
<211> 8  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 404  
Asp Tyr Met Gly Trp Met Asp Phe  
1 5

<210> 405  
<211> 8  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 405  
Asp Tyr Met Gly Trp Met Asp Phe  
1 5

<210> 406  
<211> 7  
<212> PRT



<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 406

Tyr Met Gly Trp Met Asp Phe  
1 5

<210> 407

<211> 4

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 407

Trp Met Asp Phe  
1

<210> 408

<211> 33

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 408

Lys Ala Pro Ser Gly Arg Val Ser Met Ile Lys Asn Leu Gln Ser Leu  
1 5 10 15

Asp Pro Ser His Arg Ile Ser Asp Arg Asp Tyr Met Gly Trp Met Asp  
20 25 30

Phe

<210> 409

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 409

<210> 410

<211> 9

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 410

Ser Ala Glu Glu Tyr Glu Tyr Pro Ser

1

5

<210> 411

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 411

Asp Tyr Met Gly Trp

1

5

<210> 412

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 412

Asp Tyr Met Gly Trp Met

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 413

&lt;211&gt; 9

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 413

Val Pro Val Glu Ala Val Asp Pro Met

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 414

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 414

&lt;210&gt; 415

&lt;211&gt; 8

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 415

Asp Tyr Met Gly Trp Met Asp Phe

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 416

&lt;211&gt; 23

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 416

Met Lys Val Ala Ile Ile Phe Leu Leu Ser Ala Leu Ala Leu Leu Asn  
1 5 10 15Leu Ala Gly Asn Thr Thr Ala  
20

&lt;210&gt; 417

&lt;211&gt; 27

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 417

Val Pro Leu Pro Ala Gly Gly Gly Thr Val Leu Thr Lys Met Tyr Pro  
1 5 10 15Arg Gly Asn His Trp Ala Val Gly His Leu Met  
20 25

&lt;210&gt; 418

&lt;211&gt; 16

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 418

Val Pro Leu Pro Ala Gly Gly Gly Thr Val Leu Thr Lys Met Tyr Pro  
1 5 10 15

&lt;210&gt; 419

&lt;211&gt; 27

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 419

Ala Pro Val Ser Val Gly Gly Gly Thr Val Leu Ala Lys Met Tyr Pro  
1 5 10 15Arg Gly Asn His Trp Ala Val Gly His Leu Met  
20 25

&lt;210&gt; 420

&lt;211&gt; 14

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 420

Met Tyr Pro Arg Gly Asn His Trp Ala Val Gly His Leu Met  
1 5 10

&lt;210&gt; 421

&lt;211&gt; 36

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 421

Phe Leu Pro His Val Phe Ala Glu Leu Ser Asp Arg Lys Gly Phe Val  
1 5 10 15Gln Gly Asn Gly Ala Val Glu Ala Leu His Asp His Phe Tyr Pro Asp  
20 25 30Trp Met Asp Phe  
35

&lt;210&gt; 422

&lt;211&gt; 17

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 422

Glu Gly Pro Trp Leu Glu Glu Glu Glu Glu Ala Tyr Gly Trp Met Asp  
1 5 10 15

Phe

<210> 423

<211> 34

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 423

Glu Leu Gly Pro Gln Gly Pro Pro His Leu Val Ala Asp Pro Ser Lys  
1 5 10 15

Lys Gln Gly Pro Trp Leu Glu Glu Glu Glu Glu Ala Tyr Gly Trp Met  
20 25 30

Asp Phe

<210> 424

<211> 17

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 424

Glu Arg Pro Pro Met Glu Glu Glu Glu Glu Ala Tyr Gly Trp Met Asp  
1 5 10 15

Phe

<210> 425

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 425

Ala Trp Met Asp Phe

1 5

<210> 426

<211> 42

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 426

Tyr Ala Glu Gly Thr Phe Ile Ser Asp Tyr Ser Ile Ala Met Asp Lys

1 5 10 15

Ile His Gln Gln Asp Phe Val Asn Trp Leu Leu Ala Gln Lys Gly Lys

20 25 30

Lys Asn Asp Trp Lys His Asn Ile Thr Gln

35 40

<210> 427

<211> 42

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 427

Tyr Ala Glu Gly Thr Phe Ile Ser Asp Tyr Ser Ile Ala Met Asp Lys  
1 5 10 15

Ile Arg Gln Gln Asp Phe Val Asn Trp Leu Leu Ala Gln Lys Gly Lys  
20 25 30

Lys Ser Asp Trp Lys His Asn Ile Thr Gln  
35 40

<210> 428

<211> 30

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 428

Tyr Ala Glu Gly Thr Phe Ile Ser Asp Tyr Ser Ile Ala Met Asp Lys  
1 5 10 15

Ile Arg Gln Gln Asp Phe Val Asn Trp Leu Leu Ala Gln Lys  
20 25 30

<210> 429

<211> 30

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 429

Tyr Ala Glu Gly Thr Phe Ile Ser Asp Tyr Ser Ile Ala Met Asp Lys  
1 5 10 15

Ile Arg Gln Gln Asp Phe Val Asn Trp Leu Leu Ala Gln Lys  
20 25 30

<210> 430

<211> 22

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence



&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 430

Phe Val Pro Ile Phe Thr His Ser Glu Leu Gln Lys Ile Arg Glu Lys  
1 5 10 15Glu Arg Asn Lys Gly Gln  
20

&lt;210&gt; 431

&lt;211&gt; 22

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 431

Phe Val Pro Ile Phe Thr Tyr Gly Glu Leu Gln Arg Met Gln Glu Lys  
1 5 10 15Glu Arg Asn Lys Gly Gln  
20

&lt;210&gt; 432

&lt;211&gt; 22

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 432

Phe Val Pro Ile Phe Thr Tyr Gly Glu Leu Gln Arg Leu Gln Glu Lys  
1 5 10 15Glu Arg Asn Lys Gly Gln  
20

&lt;210&gt; 433

<211> 21  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 433

Phe Val Pro Ile Phe Thr Tyr Gly Glu Leu Arg Leu Gln Glu Lys Glu  
1 5 10 15

Arg Asn Lys Gly Gln  
20

<210> 434  
<211> 9  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 434

Ile Ala Arg Arg His Pro Tyr Phe Leu  
1 5

<210> 435  
<211> 27  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 435

His Ser Asp Gly Thr Phe Thr Ser Glu Leu Ser Arg Leu Arg Glu Ser  
1 5 10 15

Ala Arg Leu Gln Arg Leu Leu Gln Gly Leu Val  
20 25

<210> 436

<211> 27

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 436

His Ser Asp Gly Leu Phe Thr Ser Glu Tyr Ser Lys Met Arg Gly Asn  
1 5 10 15

Ala Gln Val Gln Lys Phe Ile Gln Asn Leu Met  
20 25

<210> 437

<211> 27

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 437

His Ser Asp Gly Thr Phe Thr Ser Glu Leu Ser Arg Leu Arg Glu Gly  
1 5 10 15

Ala Arg Leu Gln Arg Leu Leu Gln Gly Leu Val  
20 25

<210> 438

<211> 27

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 438

His Ser Asp Gly Thr Phe Thr Ser Glu Leu Ser Arg Leu Arg Asp Ser  
1 5 10 15

Ala Arg Leu Gln Arg Leu Leu Gln Gly Leu Val  
20 25

<210> 439  
<211> 27  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 439

His Ser Asp Gly Thr Phe Thr Ser Glu Leu Ser Arg Leu Gln Asp Ser  
1 5 10 15

Ala Arg Leu Gln Arg Leu Leu Gln Gly Leu Val  
20 25

<210> 440  
<211> 26  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 440

Ser Asp Gly Thr Phe Thr Ser Glu Leu Ser Arg Leu Arg Asp Ser Ala  
1 5 10 15

Arg Leu Gln Arg Leu Leu Gly Gly Leu Val  
20 25

<210> 441  
<211> 32  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 441

Ala Ala Met Leu Ala Ser Gln Thr Glu Ala Phe Val Pro Ile Phe Thr  
1 5 10 15

Tyr Gly Glu Leu Gln Arg Met Gln Glu Lys Glu Arg Asn Lys Gly Gln  
20 25 30

<210> 442

<211> 28

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 442

His Ser Asp Ala Val Phe Thr Asp Asn Tyr Thr Arg Leu Arg Arg Gln  
1 5 10 15

Leu Ala Val Arg Arg Tyr Leu Asn Ser Ile Leu Asn  
20 25

<210> 443

<211> 31

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 443

His Ser Asp Ala Val Phe Thr Asp Asn Tyr Thr Arg Leu Arg Arg Gln  
1 5 10 15

Leu Ala Val Arg Arg Tyr Leu Asn Ser Ile Leu Asn Gly Lys Arg  
20 25 30

<210> 444

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 444

Met Ala Val Lys Lys Tyr Leu Asn Ser Ile Leu Asn  
1 5 10

<210> 445

<211> 27

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 445

His Ala Asp Gly Val Phe Thr Ser Asp Phe Ser Arg Leu Leu Gly Gln  
1 5 10 15

Leu Ser Ala Lys Lys Tyr Leu Glu Ser Leu Ile  
20 25

<210> 446

<211> 27

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 446

His Ala Asp Gly Val Phe Thr Ser Asp Tyr Ser Arg Leu Leu Gly Gln  
1 5 10 15

Ile Ser Ala Lys Lys Tyr Leu Glu Ser Leu Ile  
20 25

<210> 447

<211> 27

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 447

His Ala Asp Gly Val Phe Thr Ser Asp Phe Ser Lys Leu Leu Gly Gln  
1 5 10 15

Leu Ser Ala Lys Lys Tyr Leu Glu Ser Leu Met  
20 25

<210> 448

<211> 42

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 448

His Ala Asp Gly Val Phe Thr Ser Asp Phe Ser Lys Leu Leu Gly Gln  
1 5 10 15

Leu Ser Ala Lys Lys Tyr Leu Glu Ser Leu Met Gly Lys Arg Val Ser  
20 25 30

Ser Asn Ile Ser Glu Asp Pro Val Pro Val  
35 40

<210> 449

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 449

Val Ser Ser Asn Ile Ser Glu Asp Pro Val Pro Val  
1 5 10

<210> 450

<211> 15

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 450

Ser	Ser	Glu	Gly	Glu	Ser	Pro	Asp	Phe	Pro	Glu	Glu	Leu	Glu	Lys
1				5					10					15

<210> 451

<211> 21

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 451

Cys	Ser	Cys	Asn	Ser	Trp	Leu	Asp	Lys	Glu	Cys	Val	Tyr	Phe	Cys	His
1				5					10					15	

Leu	Asp	Ile	Ile	Trp
				20

<210> 452

<211> 28

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 452

His	Ser	Asp	Ala	Val	Phe	Thr	Asp	Asn	Tyr	Ser	Arg	Phe	Arg	Lys	Gln
1				5					10					15	

Met	Ala	Val	Lys	Lys	Tyr	Leu	Asn	Ser	Val	Leu	Thr
				20					25		

<210> 453

<211> 28

<212> PRT



<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 453

His Ser Asp Ala Leu Phe Thr Asp Thr Tyr Thr Arg Leu Arg Lys Gln  
1 5 10 15

Met Ala Met Lys Lys Tyr Leu Asn Ser Val Leu Asn  
20 25

<210> 454

<211> 28

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 454

His Ser Asp Ala Val Phe Thr Asp Asn Tyr Thr Arg Leu Arg Lys Gln  
1 5 10 15

Met Ala Val Lys Lys Tyr Leu Asn Ser Ile Leu Asn  
20 25

<210> 455

<211> 28

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 455

His Ser Asp Ala Val Phe Thr Asp Asn Tyr Thr Arg Leu Arg Lys Gln  
1 5 10 15

Met Ala Val Lys Lys Tyr Leu Asn Ser Ile Leu Asn  
20 25

<210> 456  
<211> 12  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 456

His Ser Asp Ala Val Phe Thr Asp Asn Tyr Thr Arg  
1 5 10

<210> 457  
<211> 19  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 457

Tyr Thr Arg Leu Arg Lys Gln Met Ala Val Lys Lys Tyr Leu Asn Ser  
1 5 10 15

Ile Leu Asn

<210> 458  
<211> 18  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 458

Thr Arg Leu Arg Lys Gln Met Ala Val Lys Lys Tyr Leu Asn Ser Ile  
1 5 10 15

Leu Asn

<210> 459  
<211> 27  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 459  
His Ser Asp Ala Val Phe Thr Asp Asn Ser Arg Phe Arg Lys Gln Met  
1 5 10 15  
Ala Ala Lys Lys Tyr Leu Asn Ser Val Leu Ala  
20 25

<210> 460  
<211> 23  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 460  
Phe Thr Asp Asn Tyr Thr Arg Leu Arg Lys Gln Met Ala Val Lys Lys  
1 5 10 15  
Tyr Leu Asn Ser Ile Leu Asn  
20

<210> 461  
<211> 28  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 461  
Lys Pro Arg Arg Pro Tyr Thr Asp Asn Tyr Thr Arg Leu Arg Lys Gln  
1 5 10 15  
Met Ala Val Lys Lys Tyr Leu Asn Ser Ile Leu Asn

20

25

&lt;210&gt; 462

&lt;211&gt; 29

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 462

Tyr	Phe	Asp	Ala	Ile	Phe	Thr	Asn	Ser	Tyr	Arg	Lys	Val	Leu	Gly	Gln
1				5					10					15	

Leu	Ser	Ala	Arg	Lys	Leu	Leu	Gln	Asp	Ile	Met	Ser	Arg
				20				25				

&lt;210&gt; 463

&lt;211&gt; 28

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 463

His	Ser	Asp	Ala	Val	Phe	Thr	Asp	Asn	Tyr	Thr	Arg	Leu	Arg	Lys	Gln
1				5					10					15	

Leu	Ala	Val	Lys	Lys	Tyr	Leu	Asn	Ser	Ile	Leu	Asn
				20				25			

&lt;210&gt; 464

&lt;211&gt; 8

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 464

Leu Met Tyr Pro Thr Tyr Leu Lys

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 465

&lt;211&gt; 29

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 465

Met	Met	Arg	Asp	Ser	Gly	Cys	Phe	Gly	Arg	Arg	Ile	Asp	Arg	Ile	Gly
1				5				10						15	

Ser	Leu	Ser	Gly	Met	Gly	Cys	Asn	Gly	Ser	Arg	Lys	Asn
			20					25				

&lt;210&gt; 466

&lt;211&gt; 15

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 466

Gly	Phe	Ile	Trp	Gly	Asn	Ile	Phe	Gly	His	Tyr	Ser	Gly	Asp	Phe
1				5				10						15

&lt;210&gt; 467

&lt;211&gt; 11

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 467

Ser	Leu	Arg	Arg	Ser	Ser	Cys	Phe	Gly	Gly	Arg
1				5				10		

<210> 468

<211> 24

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 468

Ser Ser Asp Cys Phe Gly Ser Arg Ile Asp Arg Ile Gly Ala Gln Ser  
1 5 10 15

Gly Met Gly Cys Gly Arg Arg Phe  
20

<210> 469

<211> 20

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 469

Cys Phe Gly Ser Arg Ile Asp Arg Ile Gly Ala Gln Ser Gly Met Gly  
1 5 10 15

Cys Gly Arg Phe  
20

<210> 470

<211> 21

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 470

Cys Phe Gly Ser Arg Ile Asp Arg Ile Gly Ala Gln Ser Gly Met Gly  
1 5 10 15

Cys Gly Arg Arg Phe

20

&lt;210&gt; 471

&lt;211&gt; 24

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 471

Ser	Ser	Asp	Cys	Phe	Gly	Ser	Arg	Ile	Asp	Arg	Ile	Gly	Ala	Gln	Ser
1				5				10						15	

Gly	Met	Gly	Cys	Gly	Arg	Arg	Phe
				20			

&lt;210&gt; 472

&lt;211&gt; 30

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 472

Ala	Pro	Arg	Ser	Met	Arg	Arg	Ser	Ser	Asp	Cys	Phe	Gly	Ser	Arg	Ile
1				5				10						15	

Asp	Arg	Ile	Gly	Ala	Gln	Ser	Gly	Met	Gly	Cys	Gly	Arg	Phe
			20					25					30

&lt;210&gt; 473

&lt;211&gt; 24

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 473

Ser	Ser	Cys	Phe	Gly	Gly	Arg	Met	Asp	Arg	Ile	Gly	Ala	Gln	Ser	Gly
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

1

5

10

15

Leu Gly Cys Asn Ser Phe Arg Tyr  
20

&lt;210&gt; 474

&lt;211&gt; 17

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 474

Cys Phe Gly Gly Arg Met Asp Arg Ile Gly Ala Gln Ser Gly Leu Gly  
1 5 10 15

Cys

&lt;210&gt; 475

&lt;211&gt; 22

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 475

Cys Phe Gly Gly Arg Met Asp Arg Ile Gly Ala Gln Ser Gly Leu Gly  
1 5 10 15

Cys Asn Ser Phe Arg Tyr  
20

&lt;210&gt; 476

&lt;211&gt; 28

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide



&lt;400&gt; 476

Ser Leu Arg Arg Ser Ser Cys Phe Gly Gly Arg Met Asp Arg Ile Gly  
1 5 10 15

Ala Gln Ser Gly Leu Gly Cys Asn Ser Phe Arg Tyr  
20 25

&lt;210&gt; 477

&lt;211&gt; 11

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 477

Arg Cys Gly Gly Arg Ile Asp Arg Ile Arg Cys  
1 5 10

&lt;210&gt; 478

&lt;211&gt; 26

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 478

Arg Arg Ser Ser Cys Phe Gly Gly Arg Ile Asp Arg Ile Gly Ala Gln  
1 5 10 15

Ser Gly Leu Gly Cys Asn Ser Phe Arg Tyr  
20 25

&lt;210&gt; 479

&lt;211&gt; 26

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 479

Arg Arg Ser Ser Cys Phe Gly Gly Arg Met Asp Arg Ile Gly Ala Gln  
1 5 10 15

Ser Gly Leu Gly Cys Asn Ser Phe Arg Tyr  
20 25

&lt;210&gt; 480

&lt;211&gt; 25

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 480

Arg Ser Ser Cys Phe Gly Gly Arg Met Asp Arg Ile Gly Ala Gln Ser  
1 5 10 15

Gly Leu Gly Cys Asn Ser Phe Arg Tyr  
20 25

&lt;210&gt; 481

&lt;211&gt; 23

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 481

Ser Ser Cys Phe Gly Gly Arg Met Asp Arg Ile Gly Ala Gln Ser Gly  
1 5 10 15

Leu Gly Cys Asn Ser Phe Arg  
20

&lt;210&gt; 482

&lt;211&gt; 27

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 482

Ser Lys Ser Ser Ser Pro Cys Phe Gly Gly Lys Leu Asp Arg Ile Gly  
1 5 10 15Ser Tyr Ser Gly Leu Gly Cys Asn Ser Arg Lys  
20 25

&lt;210&gt; 483

&lt;211&gt; 21

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 483

Ser Ser Cys Phe Gly Gly Arg Ile Asp Arg Ile Gly Ala Gln Ser Gly  
1 5 10 15Leu Gly Cys Asn Ser  
20

&lt;210&gt; 484

&lt;211&gt; 23

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 484

Ser Ser Cys Phe Gly Gly Arg Ile Asp Arg Ile Gly Ala Gln Ser Gly  
1 5 10 15Leu Gly Cys Asn Ser Phe Arg  
20

&lt;210&gt; 485

&lt;211&gt; 24

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 485

Ser Ser Cys Phe Gly Gly Arg Ile Asp Arg Ile Gly Ala Gln Ser Gly  
1 5 10 15

Leu Gly Cys Asn Ser Phe Arg Tyr  
20

<210> 486

<211> 28

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 486

Ser Leu Arg Arg Ser Ser Cys Phe Gly Gly Arg Ile Asp Arg Ile Gly  
1 5 10 15

Ala Gln Ser Gly Leu Gly Cys Asn Ser Phe Arg Tyr  
20 25

<210> 487

<211> 24

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 487

Arg Ser Ser Cys Phe Gly Gly Arg Ile Asp Arg Ile Gly Ala Gln Ser  
1 5 10 15

Gly Leu Gly Cys Asn Ser Phe Arg  
20

<210> 488  
<211> 25  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 488

Arg Ser Ser Cys Phe Gly Gly Arg Ile Asp Arg Ile Gly Ala Gln Ser  
1 5 10 15

Gly Leu Gly Cys Asn Ser Phe Arg Tyr  
20 25

<210> 489  
<211> 56  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 489

Ser Leu Arg Arg Ser Ser Cys Phe Gly Gly Arg Met Asp Arg Ile Gly  
1 5 10 15

Ala Gln Ser Gly Leu Gly Cys Asn Ser Phe Arg Tyr Ser Leu Arg Arg  
20 25 30

Ser Ser Cys Phe Gly Gly Arg Met Asp Arg Ile Gly Ala Gln Ser Gly  
35 40 45

Leu Gly Cys Asn Ser Phe Arg Tyr  
50 55

<210> 490  
<211> 32  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic

## Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 490

Ala Gly Pro Arg Ser Leu Arg Arg Ser Ser Cys Phe Gly Gly Arg Ile  
1 5 10 15

Asp Arg Ile Gly Ala Gln Ser Gly Leu Gly Cys Asn Ser Phe Arg Tyr  
20 25 30

&lt;210&gt; 491

&lt;211&gt; 27

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 491

Ser Lys Ser Ser Ser Pro Cys Phe Gly Gly Lys Leu Asp Arg Ile Gly  
1 5 10 15

Ser Tyr Ser Gly Leu Gly Cys Asn Ser Arg Lys  
20 25

&lt;210&gt; 492

&lt;211&gt; 16

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 492

Asn Pro Met Tyr Asn Ala Val Ser Asn Ala Asp Leu Met Asp Phe Lys  
1 5 10 15

&lt;210&gt; 493

&lt;211&gt; 15

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 493

Arg Ser Ser Cys Phe Gly Gly Arg Ile Asp Arg Ile Gly Ala Cys  
1 5 10 15

&lt;210&gt; 494

&lt;211&gt; 21

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 494

Ser Phe Gly Gly Arg Ile Asp Arg Ile Gly Ala Gln Ser Gly Leu Gly  
1 5 10 15Asn Ser Phe Arg Tyr  
20

&lt;210&gt; 495

&lt;211&gt; 28

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 495

Ser Leu Arg Arg Ser Ser Cys Phe Gly Gly Arg Met Asp Arg Ile Gly  
1 5 10 15Ala Gln Ser Gly Leu Gly Cys Asn Ser Phe Arg Tyr  
20 25

&lt;210&gt; 496

&lt;211&gt; 21

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 496

Phe Ala Gly Arg Ile Asp Arg Ile Gly Ala Gln Ser Gly Leu Gly Cys  
1 5 10 15Asn Ser Phe Arg Tyr  
20

&lt;210&gt; 497

&lt;211&gt; 13

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 497

Ser Ser Asp Arg Ser Ala Leu Leu Lys Ser Lys Leu Arg  
1 5 10

&lt;210&gt; 498

&lt;211&gt; 30

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 498

Asn Pro Met Tyr Asn Ala Val Ser Asn Ala Asp Leu Met Asp Phe Lys  
1 5 10 15Asn Leu Leu Asp His Leu Glu Glu Lys Met Pro Leu Glu Asp  
20 25 30

&lt;210&gt; 499

&lt;211&gt; 37

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence



&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 499

Glu Val Val Pro Pro Gln Val Leu Ser Glu Pro Asn Glu Glu Ala Gly  
1 5 10 15Ala Ala Leu Ser Pro Leu Pro Glu Val Pro Pro Trp Thr Gly Glu Val  
20 25 30Ser Pro Ala Gln Arg  
35

&lt;210&gt; 500

&lt;211&gt; 20

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 500

Ser Ser Asp Arg Ser Ala Leu Leu Lys Ser Lys Leu Arg Ala Leu Leu  
1 5 10 15Thr Ala Pro Arg  
20

&lt;210&gt; 501

&lt;211&gt; 27

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 501

Ser Lys Ser Ser Ser Pro Cys Phe Gly Gly Lys Leu Asp Arg Ile Gly  
1 5 10 15Ser Tyr Ser Gly Leu Gly Cys Asn Ser Arg Lys  
20 25

<210> 502  
<211> 24  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 502  
Tyr Ser Ser Cys Phe Gly Gly Arg Ile Asp Arg Ile Gly Ala Gln Ser  
1 5 10 15

Gly Leu Gly Cys Asn Ser Phe Arg  
20

<210> 503  
<211> 21  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 503  
Tyr Ser Ser Asp Arg Ser Ala Leu Leu Lys Ser Lys Leu Arg Ala Leu  
1 5 10 15

Leu Thr Ala Pro Arg  
20

<210> 504  
<211> 32  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 504  
Thr Ala Pro Arg Ser Leu Arg Arg Ser Ser Cys Phe Gly Gly Arg Met  
1 5 10 15

Asp Arg Ile Gly Ala Gln Ser Gly Leu Gly Cys Asn Ser Phe Arg Tyr  
20 25 30

<210> 505

<211> 24

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 505

Tyr Ser Ser Cys Phe Gly Gly Arg Ile Asp Arg Ile Gly Ala Gln Ser  
1 5 10 15

Gly Leu Gly Cys Asn Ser Phe Arg  
20

<210> 506

<211> 35

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 506

Ser Phe Asn Ser Cys Phe Gly Asn Arg Ile Glu Arg Ile Gly Ser Trp  
1 5 10 15

Ser Gly Leu Gly Cys Asn Asn Val Lys Thr Gly Asn Lys Lys Arg Ile  
20 25 30

Phe Gly Asn  
35

<210> 507

<211> 32

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 507

Ser Pro Lys Met Met His Lys Ser Gly Cys Phe Gly Arg Arg Leu Asp  
1 5 10 15

Arg Ile Gly Ser Leu Ser Gly Leu Gly Cys Asn Val Leu Arg Lys Tyr  
20 25 30

<210> 508

<211> 22

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 508

Gly Trp Asn Arg Gly Cys Phe Gly Leu Lys Leu Asp Arg Ile Gly Ser  
1 5 10 15

Leu Ser Gly Leu Gly Cys  
20

<210> 509

<211> 32

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 509

Ser Pro Lys Met Val Gln Gly Ser Gly Cys Phe Gly Arg Lys Met Asp  
1 5 10 15

Arg Ile Ser Ser Ser Ser Gly Leu Gly Cys Lys Val Leu Arg Arg His

20

25

30

&lt;210&gt; 510

&lt;211&gt; 45

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 510

Ser	Gln	Gly	Ser	Thr	Leu	Arg	Val	Gln	Gln	Arg	Pro	Gln	Asn	Ser	Lys
1				5				10					15		

Val	Thr	His	Ile	Ser	Ser	Cys	Phe	Gly	His	Lys	Ile	Asp	Arg	Ile	Gly
		20						25					30		

Ser	Val	Ser	Arg	Leu	Gly	Cys	Asn	Ala	Leu	Lys	Leu	Leu
		35					40				45	

&lt;210&gt; 511

&lt;211&gt; 26

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 511

Asp	Ser	Gly	Cys	Phe	Gly	Arg	Arg	Leu	Asp	Arg	Ile	Gly	Ser	Leu	Ser
1				5				10					15		

Gly	Leu	Gly	Cys	Asn	Val	Leu	Arg	Arg	Tyr
		20					25		

&lt;210&gt; 512

&lt;211&gt; 32

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 512

Ser	Pro	Lys	Thr	Met	Arg	Asp	Ser	Gly	Cys	Phe	Gly	Arg	Arg	Leu	Asp
1				5				10						15	
Arg	Ile	Gly	Ser	Leu	Ser	Gly	Leu	Gly	Cys	Asn	Val	Leu	Arg	Arg	Tyr
			20					25						30	

&lt;210&gt; 513

&lt;211&gt; 32

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 513

Asn	Ser	Lys	Met	Ala	His	Ser	Ser	Ser	Cys	Phe	Gly	Gln	Lys	Ile	Asp
1				5					10					15	
Arg	Ile	Gly	Ala	Val	Ser	Arg	Leu	Gly	Cys	Asp	Gly	Leu	Arg	Leu	Phe
			20					25						30	

&lt;210&gt; 514

&lt;211&gt; 45

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 514

Ser	Gln	Asp	Ser	Ala	Phe	Arg	Ile	Gln	Glu	Arg	Leu	Arg	Asn	Ser	Lys
1				5				10						15	

Met Ala His Ser Ser Ser Cys Phe Gly Gln Lys Ile Asp Arg Ile Gly  
20 25 30

Ala Val Ser Arg Leu Gly Cys Asp Gly Leu Arg Leu Phe  
35 40 45

<210> 515

<211> 33

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 515

Tyr Ser Pro Lys Met Val Gln Gly Ser Gly Cys Phe Gly Arg Lys Met  
1 5 10 15

Asp Arg Leu Ser Ser Ser Ser Gly Leu Gly Cys Lys Val Leu Arg Arg  
20 25 30

His

<210> 516

<211> 32

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 516

Ser Pro Lys Met Val Gln Gly Ser Gly Cys Phe Gly Arg Lys Met Asp  
1 5 10 15

Arg Ile Ser Ser Ser Ser Gly Leu Gly Cys Lys Val Leu Arg Arg His  
20 25 30

<210> 517

<211> 22  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 517

Gly Leu Ser Lys Gly Cys Phe Gly Leu Lys Leu Asp Arg Ile Gly Ser  
1 5 10 15

Met Ser Gly Leu Gly Cys  
20

<210> 518  
<211> 22  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 518

Gly Leu Ser Arg Ser Cys Phe Gly Val Lys Leu Asp Arg Ile Gly Ser  
1 5 10 15

Met Ser Gly Leu Gly Cys  
20

<210> 519  
<211> 53  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 519

Asp Leu Arg Val Asp Thr Lys Ser Arg Ala Ala Trp Ala Arg Leu Leu  
1 5 10 15

Gln Glu His Pro Asn Ala Arg Lys Tyr Lys Gly Ala Asn Lys Lys Gly  
20 25 30



Leu Ser Lys Gly Cys Phe Gly Leu Lys Leu Asp Arg Ile Gly Ser Met  
35 40 45

Ser Gly Leu Gly Cys  
50

<210> 520

<211> 53

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 520

Asp Leu Arg Val Asp Thr Lys Ser Arg Ala Ala Trp Ala Arg Leu Leu  
1 5 10 15

His Glu His Pro Asn Ala Arg Lys Tyr Lys Gly Gly Asn Lys Lys Gly  
20 25 30

Leu Ser Lys Gly Cys Phe Gly Leu Lys Leu Asp Arg Ile Gly Ser Met  
35 40 45

Ser Gly Leu Gly Cys  
50

<210> 521

<211> 27

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 521

Lys Pro Gly Thr Pro Pro Lys Val Pro Arg Thr Pro Pro Gly Glu Glu  
1 5 10 15

Leu Ala Glu Pro Gln Ala Ala Gly Gly Asn Gln  
20 25

<210> 522  
<211> 21  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 522

Gly Asp Lys Thr Pro Gly Gly Gly Gly Ala Asn Leu Lys Gly Asp Arg  
1 5 10 15

Ser Arg Leu Leu Arg  
20

<210> 523  
<211> 27  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 523

Gly Leu Ser Lys Gly Cys Phe Gly Leu Lys Leu Asp Arg Ile Gly Ser  
1 5 10 15

Met Ser Gly Leu Gly Cys Asn Ser Phe Arg Tyr  
20 25

<210> 524  
<211> 23  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 524

Tyr Gly Leu Ser Lys Gly Cys Phe Gly Leu Lys Leu Asp Arg Ile Gly  
1 5 10 15

Ser Met Ser Gly Leu Gly Cys

20

<210> 525  
<211> 7  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 525  
Asp Ala Phe Val Ala Leu Met  
1 5

<210> 526  
<211> 7  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 526  
Asp Ala Phe Val Ala Leu Met  
1 5

<210> 527  
<211> 11  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 527  
Glu Pro Ser Lys Asp Ala Phe Ile Gly Leu Met  
1 5 10

<210> 528  
<211> 9  
<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 528

Gly Pro Ser Gly Phe Tyr Gly Val Arg  
1 5

<210> 529

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 529

Ala Pro Leu Ser Gly Phe Tyr Gly Val Arg  
1 5 10

<210> 530

<211> 7

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 530

Asp Ser Phe Val Gly Leu Met  
1 5

<210> 531

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 531

His Lys Thr Asp Ser Phe Val Gly Leu Met

1 5 10

&lt;210&gt; 532

&lt;211&gt; 10

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 532

His Lys Ile Asn Ser Phe Val Gly Leu Met

1 5 10

&lt;210&gt; 533

&lt;211&gt; 11

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 533

Tyr His Lys Thr Asp Ser Phe Val Gly Leu Met

1 5 10

&lt;210&gt; 534

&lt;211&gt; 10

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 534

His Lys Thr Asp Ser Tyr Val Gly Leu Met

1 5 10

&lt;210&gt; 535

<211> 7  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 535

Lys Asp Ser Phe Val Gly Met  
1 5

<210> 536

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 536

Arg Ala Trp Phe Pro Pro  
1 5

<210> 537

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 537

Ala Ala Trp Phe Pro Pro  
1 5

<210> 538

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic

## Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 538

Ala Ala Trp Phe Pro Pro

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 539

&lt;211&gt; 7

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 539

Asp Ser Phe Val Ala Leu Met

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 540

&lt;211&gt; 6

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 540

Asp Ser Phe Val Gly Leu

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 541

&lt;211&gt; 7

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 541

Asp Ser Phe Trp Ala Leu Met

1

5

<210> 542  
<211> 7  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 542

Asp Tyr Trp Val Trp Trp Arg  
1 5

<210> 543  
<211> 7  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 543

Asp Tyr Trp Val Trp Trp Lys  
1 5

<210> 544  
<211> 10  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 544

Asp Met His Asp Phe Phe Val Gly Leu Met  
1 5 10

<210> 545  
<211> 9  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence



<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 545

Asp Met His Asp Phe Phe Gly Leu Met  
1 5

<210> 546

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 546

Asp Met His Asp Phe Phe Pro Gly Leu Met  
1 5 10

<210> 547

<211> 11

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 547

Tyr Asp Met His Asp Phe Phe Val Gly Leu Met  
1 5 10

<210> 548

<211> 9

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 548

Asp Pro His Asp Phe Trp Val Trp Leu

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 549

&lt;211&gt; 10

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 549

Gly Asn Leu Trp Ala Thr Gly His Phe Met

1

5

10

&lt;210&gt; 550

&lt;211&gt; 30

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 550

Leu Ser Trp Asp Leu Pro Glu Pro Arg Ser Arg Ala Gly Lys Ile Arg

1

5

10

15

Val His Pro Arg Gly Asn Leu Trp Ala Thr Gly His Phe Met

20

25

30

&lt;210&gt; 551

&lt;211&gt; 32

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 551

Ala Pro Leu Ser Trp Asp Leu Pro Glu Pro Arg Ser Arg Ala Gly Lys

1

5

10

15

Ile Arg Val His Pro Arg Gly Asn Leu Trp Ala Thr Gly His Phe Met

20

25

30

&lt;210&gt; 552

&lt;211&gt; 5

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 552

Cys Tyr Trp Val Cys

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 553

&lt;211&gt; 10

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 553

Gly Asn His Trp Ala Val Gly His Leu Met

1

5

10

&lt;210&gt; 554

&lt;211&gt; 6

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 554

Lys Ile Pro Tyr Ile Leu

1

5

<210> 555

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 555

Tyr Phe Leu Phe Arg Pro Arg Asn

1

5

<210> 556

<211> 25

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 556

Phe Lys Val Asp Glu Glu Phe Gln Gly Pro Ile Val Ser Gln Asn Arg

1

5

10

15

Arg Tyr Phe Leu Phe Arg Pro Arg Asn

20

25

<210> 557

<211> 23

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 557

Tyr Lys Val Asn Glu Tyr Gln Gly Pro Val Ala Pro Ser Gly Gly Phe

1

5

10

15

Phe Leu Phe Arg Pro Arg Asn

20

<210> 558

<211> 21

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 558

Asp Ala Gly His Gly Gln Ile Ser His Lys Arg His Lys Thr Asp Ser  
1 5 10 15

Phe Val Gly Leu Met  
20

<210> 559

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 559

Pro Asn Pro Asp Glu Phe Val Gly Leu Met  
1 5 10

<210> 560

<211> 9

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 560

Glu Leu Trp Ala Val Gly Ser Phe Met  
1 5

<210> 561

<211> 9

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 561

Glu Leu Trp Ala Val Gly Ser Leu Met

1

5

<210> 562

<211> 11

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 562

Glu Ala Asp Pro Asn Lys Phe Tyr Gly Leu Met

1

5

10

<210> 563

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 563

Glu Ala Asp Pro Asn Lys Phe Tyr

1

5

<210> 564

<211> 18

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 564

Ser Pro Ser Asn Ser Lys Cys Pro Asp Gly Pro Asp Cys Phe Val Gly  
1 5 10 15

Leu Met

&lt;210&gt; 565

&lt;211&gt; 5

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 565

Asp Phe Gly Leu Met  
1 5

&lt;210&gt; 566

&lt;211&gt; 6

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 566

Asp Asp Phe Gly Leu Met  
1 5

&lt;210&gt; 567

&lt;211&gt; 10

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 567

Gly Ser His Trp Ala Val Gly His Leu Met  
1 5 10

<210> 568  
<211> 23  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 568  
Gly Lys Arg Asp Ala Asp Ser Ser Ile Glu Lys Gln Val Ala Leu Leu  
1 5 10 15

Lys Ala Leu Tyr Gly His Gly  
20

<210> 569  
<211> 19  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 569  
Ala Leu Asn Ser Val Ala Tyr Glu Arg Ser Ala Met Gln Asn Tyr Glu  
1 5 10 15

Arg Arg Arg

<210> 570  
<211> 17  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 570  
Lys Trp Cys Phe Arg Val Cys Tyr Arg Gly Ile Cys Tyr Arg Arg Cys  
1 5 10 15



Arg

<210> 571

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 571

Glu Gly Lys Arg Pro Trp Ile Leu

1

5

<210> 572

<211> 25

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 572

Met Leu Thr Lys Phe Glu Thr Lys Ser Ala Arg Val Lys Gly Leu Ser

1

5

10

15

Phe His Pro Lys Arg Pro Trp Ile Leu

20

25

<210> 573

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 573

Asp Met His Asp Phe Phe Val Gly Leu Met

1

5

10

<210> 574  
<211> 10  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 574  
His Lys Thr Asp Ser Phe Val Gly Leu Met  
1 5 10

<210> 575  
<211> 24  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 575  
Asp Ala Asp Ser Ser Ile Glu Lys Gln Val Ala Leu Leu Lys Ala Leu  
1 5 10 15

Tyr Gly His Gly Gln Ile Ser His  
20

<210> 576  
<211> 7  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 576  
Glu Gln Trp Phe Trp Trp Met  
1 5

<210> 577

<211> 5  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 577

Arg Phe Phe Leu Met  
1 5

<210> 57<sup>a</sup>  
<211> 11  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 578

Arg Pro Arg Pro Gln Gln Phe Phe Gly Leu Met  
1 5 10

<210> 579  
<211> 6  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 579

Arg Trp Phe Trp Leu Met  
1 5

<210> 580  
<211> 2  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic

## Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 580

Trp Met

1

&lt;210&gt; 581

&lt;211&gt; 5

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 581

Arg Phe Phe Leu Met

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 582

&lt;211&gt; 6

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 582

Arg Trp Phe Trp Leu Met

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 583

&lt;211&gt; 8

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 583

Ala Gln Gln Phe Phe Gly Leu Met

1

5

<210> 584  
<211> 6  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 584

Tyr Phe Phe His Leu Met  
1 5

<210> 585  
<211> 11  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 585

Arg Pro Lys Pro Gln Gln Phe Tyr Gly Leu Met  
1 5 10

<210> 586  
<211> 10  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 586

Arg Pro Lys Pro Gln Gln Phe Phe Leu Met  
1 5 10

<210> 587  
<211> 11  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 587

Arg Pro Lys Pro Gln Gln Phe Phe His Leu Met  
1 5 10

<210> 588

<211> 11

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 588

Arg Pro Lys Pro Gln Gln Phe Phe Trp Leu Met  
1 5 10

<210> 589

<211> 11

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 589

Arg Pro Lys Pro Gln Gln Trp Phe Trp Leu Met  
1 5 10

<210> 590

<211> 11

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 590

Arg Pro Lys Pro Phe Gln Trp Phe Trp Leu Leu

1

5

10

&lt;210&gt; 591

&lt;211&gt; 11

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 591

Arg Pro Lys Pro Gln Gln Phe Phe Pro Leu Met

1

5

10

&lt;210&gt; 592

&lt;211&gt; 8

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 592

Pro Gln Gln Phe Phe Gly Leu Met

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 593

&lt;211&gt; 5

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 593

Gln Phe Phe Leu Met

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 594

&lt;211&gt; 5

&lt;212&gt; PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 594

Gln Phe Phe Leu Met  
1 5

<210> 595

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 595

Gln Phe Phe Gly Leu Met  
1 5

<210> 596

<211> 7

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 596

Gln Gln Phe Phe Gly Leu Met  
1 5

<210> 597

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide



<400> 597

Gln Phe Phe Gly Leu Met

1 5

<210> 598

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 598

Arg Pro Lys Pro Gln Gln Phe Phe Leu Met

1 5 10

<210> 599

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 599

Arg Pro Lys Pro Gln Gln Phe Phe Gly Leu

1 5 10

<210> 600

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 600

Pro Gln Gln Phe Phe Gly Leu Met

1 5

<210> 601

<211> 6  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 601  
Glu Phe Phe Gly Leu Met  
1 5

<210> 602  
<211> 6  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 602  
Glu Phe Phe Pro Leu Met  
1 5

<210> 603  
<211> 10  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 603  
Arg Pro Lys Pro Gln Gln Phe Phe Gly Leu  
1 5 10

<210> 604  
<211> 5  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic

## Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 604

Phe Phe Gly Leu Met  
1 5

&lt;210&gt; 605

&lt;211&gt; 11

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 605

Arg Pro Lys Pro Gln Gln Phe Phe Pro Leu Met  
1 5 10

&lt;210&gt; 606

&lt;211&gt; 5

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 606

Phe Phe Pro Leu Met  
1 5

&lt;210&gt; 607

&lt;211&gt; 7

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 607

Gln Gln Phe Phe Gly Leu Met  
1 5

<210> 608  
<211> 10  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 608  
Arg Pro Lys Pro Gln Gln Phe Phe Leu Met  
1 5 10

<210> 609  
<211> 6  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 609  
Glu Phe Phe Pro Leu Met  
1 5

<210> 610  
<211> 11  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 610  
Arg Pro Lys Pro Gln Gln Trp Phe Trp Leu Leu  
1 5 10

<210> 611  
<211> 9  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 611

Lys Pro Pro Phe Asn Trp Phe Trp Leu  
1 5

<210> 612

<211> 11

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 612

Arg Pro Lys Pro Gln Gln Phe Phe Gly Leu Met  
1 5 10

<210> 613

<211> 11

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 613

Lys Pro Arg Pro Gln Gln Phe Ile Gly Leu Met  
1 5 10

<210> 614

<211> 11

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 614

Lys Pro Arg Pro His Gln Phe Phe Gly Leu Met

1

5

10

&lt;210&gt; 615

&lt;211&gt; 3

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 615

Gln Trp Phe

1

&lt;210&gt; 616

&lt;211&gt; 14

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 616

Arg Pro Lys Pro Gln Gln Phe Phe Gly Leu Met Gly Lys Arg

1

5

10

&lt;210&gt; 617

&lt;211&gt; 4

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 617

Arg Pro Lys Pro

1

&lt;210&gt; 618

&lt;211&gt; 6

&lt;212&gt; PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 618

Arg Pro Lys Pro Gln Gln  
1 5

<210> 619

<211> 7

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 619

Arg Pro Lys Pro Gln Gln Phe  
1 5

<210> 620

<211> 9

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 620

Arg Pro Lys Pro Gln Gln Phe Phe Gly  
1 5

<210> 621

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 621

Pro Lys Pro Gln Gln Phe Phe Gly Leu Met

1 5 10

&lt;210&gt; 622

&lt;211&gt; 9

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 622

Lys Pro Gln Gln Phe Phe Gly Leu Met

1 5

&lt;210&gt; 623

&lt;211&gt; 4

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 623

Phe Gly Leu Met

1

&lt;210&gt; 624

&lt;211&gt; 3

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 624

Gly Leu Met

1

&lt;210&gt; 625



<211> 11  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 625

Arg Pro Lys Pro Gln Gln Phe Phe Gly Leu Met  
1 5 10

<210> 626  
<211> 11  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 626

Arg Pro Lys Pro Gln Gln Phe Phe Gly Leu Met  
1 5 10

<210> 627  
<211> 10  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 627

Arg Pro Lys Pro Gln Gln Phe Tyr Gly Leu  
1 5 10

<210> 628  
<211> 7  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic

## Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 628

Asp Arg Val Tyr Ile His Ala

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 629

&lt;211&gt; 11

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 629

Ala Pro Gly Asp Arg Ile Tyr Val His Pro Phe

1

5

10

&lt;210&gt; 630

&lt;211&gt; 7

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 630

Gly Val Tyr Val His Pro Val

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 631

&lt;211&gt; 15

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 631

Glu Asn Gly Leu Pro Val His Leu Asp Gln Ser Ile Phe Arg Arg

1

5

10

15

<210> 632  
<211> 15  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 632  
Glu Asn Gly Leu Pro Val His Leu Asp Gln Ser Ile Phe Arg Arg  
1 5 10 15

<210> 633  
<211> 10  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 633  
Gly Leu Pro Pro Arg Pro Lys Ile Pro Pro  
1 5 10

<210> 634  
<211> 10  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 634  
Gly Leu Pro Pro Gly Pro Pro Ile Pro Pro  
1 5 10

<210> 635  
<211> 8  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 635

Arg Pro Gly Phe Ser Pro Phe Arg  
1 5

<210> 636

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 636

Arg Pro Gly Phe Ser Pro Phe Arg  
1 5

<210> 637

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 637

Asp Arg Val Tyr Ile His Pro Phe His Leu  
1 5 10

<210> 638

<211> 3

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 638

Gly Gly Gly

1

&lt;210&gt; 639

&lt;211&gt; 7

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;223&gt; Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 639

Asp Arg Val Tyr Ile His Pro

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 640

&lt;211&gt; 7

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;223&gt; Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 640

Cys Tyr Trp Lys Val Cys Thr

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 641

&lt;211&gt; 8

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;223&gt; Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 641

Asp Arg Val Tyr Ile His Pro Phe

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 642

&lt;211&gt; 8

&lt;212&gt; PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 642

Glu Gly Val Tyr Val His Pro Val  
1 5

<210> 643

<211> 4

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 643

Asp Arg Val Tyr  
1

<210> 644

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 644

Val Tyr Ile His Pro Phe  
1 5

<210> 645

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 645

Tyr Ile His Pro Phe

1 5

<210> 646

<211> 4

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 646

Ile His Pro Phe

1

<210> 647

<211> 7

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 647

Arg Val Tyr Ile His Pro Phe

1 5

<210> 648

<211> 7

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 648

Arg Val Tyr Ile His Pro Ile

1 5

<210> 649

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 649

Pro Thr His Ile Lys Trp Gly Asp

1

5

<210> 650

<211> 9

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 650

Glu Trp Pro Arg Pro Gln Ile Pro Pro

1

5

<210> 651

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 651

Asn Arg Val Tyr Val His Pro Phe His Leu

1

5

10

<210> 652

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic



## Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 652

Asn Arg Val Tyr Val His Pro Phe Asn Leu

1 5 10

&lt;210&gt; 653

&lt;211&gt; 10

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 653

Asn Arg Val Tyr Val His Pro Phe Gly Leu

1 5 10

&lt;210&gt; 654

&lt;211&gt; 7

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 654

Asn Arg Val Tyr Val His Pro

1 5

&lt;210&gt; 655

&lt;211&gt; 8

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 655

Asn Arg Val Tyr Val His Pro Phe

1 5

<210> 656  
<211> 9  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 656

Arg Val Tyr Ile His Pro Phe His Leu  
1 5

<210> 657  
<211> 6  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 657

Tyr Lys Arg His Pro Ile  
1 5

<210> 658  
<211> 8  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 658

Asp Arg Val Tyr Ile Phe Pro Phe  
1 5

<210> 659  
<211> 13  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 659

Asp Arg Val Tyr Ile His Pro Phe His Leu Val Ile His  
1 5 10

<210> 660

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 660

Asp Arg Val Tyr Ile His Pro Phe His Leu Val Ile His Asn  
1 5 10

<210> 661

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 661

Asp Arg Val Tyr Ile His Pro Phe His Leu Leu Val Tyr Ser  
1 5 10

<210> 662

<211> 7

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 662

Arg Val Tyr Ile His Pro Phe

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 663

&lt;211&gt; 6

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 663

Arg Val Tyr Ile His Pro

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 664

&lt;211&gt; 7

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 664

Arg Val Tyr Ile His Pro Ala

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 665

&lt;211&gt; 7

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 665

Arg Val Tyr Ile His Pro Ile

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 666

&lt;211&gt; 7

&lt;212&gt; PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 666

Arg Val Tyr Ile His Pro Thr  
1 5

<210> 667

<211> 7

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 667

Arg Val Tyr Ile His Pro Phe  
1 5

<210> 668

<211> 7

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 668

Arg Val Tyr Val His Pro Ala  
1 5

<210> 669

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 669

Val Tyr Ile His Pro Ile

1 5

<210> 670

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 670

Asp Arg Val Tyr Ile His Pro Phe His Leu Val Ile His Ser

1 5 10

<210> 671

<211> 7

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 671

Arg Val Tyr Val His Pro Phe

1 5

<210> 672

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 672

Asp Arg Val Tyr Val His Pro Phe

1 5

<210> 673

<211> 8  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 673  
Asp Arg Val Tyr Val His Pro Phe  
1 5

<210> 674  
<211> 10  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 674  
Asp Arg Val Tyr Val His Pro Phe His Leu  
1 5 10

<210> 675  
<211> 10  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 675  
Asp Arg Val Tyr Val His Pro Phe Asn Leu  
1 5 10

<210> 676  
<211> 10  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic

## Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 676

Asp Arg Val Tyr Val His Pro Phe Ser Leu  
1 5 10

&lt;210&gt; 677

&lt;211&gt; 10

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 677

Asp Arg Val Tyr Val His Pro Phe His Leu  
1 5 10

&lt;210&gt; 678

&lt;211&gt; 14

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 678

Asp Arg Val Tyr Ile His Pro Phe His Leu Val Ile His Asn  
1 5 10

&lt;210&gt; 679

&lt;211&gt; 14

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 679

Asp Arg Val Tyr Ile His Pro Phe His Leu Leu Val Tyr Ser  
1 5 10



<210> 680  
<211> 10  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 680

Pro His Pro Phe His Phe Phe Val Tyr Lys  
1 5 10

<210> 681  
<211> 14  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 681

Asp Arg Val Tyr Ile His Pro Phe His Leu Leu Tyr Tyr Ser  
1 5 10

<210> 682  
<211> 14  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 682

Asp Arg Val Tyr Ile His Pro Cys His Leu Leu Tyr Tyr Ser  
1 5 10

<210> 683  
<211> 14  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 683

Asp Arg Val Tyr Ile His Pro Leu His Leu Leu Tyr Tyr Ser  
1 5 10

<210> 684

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 684

Asp Arg Val Tyr Ile His Pro Val His Leu Leu Tyr Tyr Ser  
1 5 10

<210> 685

<211> 38

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 685

Cys Ser Cys Ser Ser Leu Met Asp Lys Glu Cys Val Tyr Phe Cys His  
1 5 10 15

Leu Asp Ile Ile Trp Val Asn Thr Pro Glu His Val Val Pro Tyr Gly  
20 25 30

Leu Gly Ser Pro Arg Ser  
35

<210> 686

<211> 20

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 686

Ile Asn Thr Pro Glu Gln Thr Val Pro Tyr Gly Leu Ser Asn Tyr Arg  
1 5 10 15Gly Ser Phe Arg  
20

&lt;210&gt; 687

&lt;211&gt; 10

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 687

Val Asn Thr Pro Glu Arg Val Val Pro Tyr Gly Leu Gly Ser Pro Ser  
1 5 10 15

Arg Ser

&lt;210&gt; 688

&lt;211&gt; 39

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 688

Cys Ser Cys Ser Ser Leu Met Asp Lys Glu Cys Val Tyr Phe Cys His  
1 5 10 15Leu Asp Ile Ile Trp Val Asn Thr Pro Glu His Val Val Pro Tyr Gly  
20 25 30Leu Gly Ser Pro Ser Arg Ser  
35

<210> 689  
<211> 18  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 689

Val Asn Thr Pro Glu His Val Val Pro Tyr Gly Leu Gly Ser Pro Ser  
1 5 10 15

Arg Ser

<210> 690  
<211> 20  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 690

Ile Ile Trp Val Asn Thr Pro Glu His Val Val Pro Tyr Gly Leu Gly  
1 5 10 15

Ser Pro Arg Ser  
20

<210> 691  
<211> 17  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 691

Val Asn Thr Pro Glu His Val Val Pro Tyr Gly Leu Gly Ser Pro Arg  
1 5 10 15

Ser

<210> 692

<211> 37

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 692

Cys	Ser	Cys	Ser	Trp	Leu	Asp	Lys	Glu	Cys	Val	Tyr	Phe	Cys	His
1			5					10					15	

Leu	Asp	Ile	Ile	Trp	Val	Asn	Thr	Pro	Glu	Gln	Thr	Ala	Pro	Tyr	Gly
		20					25						30		

Leu	Gly	Asn	Pro	Pro
		35		

<210> 693

<211> 16

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 693

Val	Asn	Thr	Pro	Glu	Gln	Thr	Ala	Pro	Tyr	Gly	Leu	Gly	Asn	Pro	Pro
1			5					10					15		

<210> 694

<211> 41

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 694

Cys Thr Cys Phe Thr Tyr Lys Asp Lys Glu Cys Val Tyr Tyr Cys His  
1 5 10 15

Leu Asp Ile Ile Trp Ile Asn Thr Pro Glu Gln Thr Val Pro Tyr Gly  
20 25 30

Leu Ser Asn Tyr Arg Gly Ser Phe Arg  
35 40

<210> 695

<211> 39

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 695

Cys Ser Cys Ser Ser Leu Met Asp Lys Glu Cys Val Tyr Phe Cys His  
1 5 10 15

Leu Asp Ile Ile Trp Val Asn Thr Pro Glu His Ile Val Pro Tyr Gly  
20 25 30

Leu Gly Ser Pro Ser Arg Ser  
35

<210> 696

<211> 18

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 696

Val Asn Thr Pro Glu His Val Val Pro Tyr Gly Leu Gly Ser Pro Ser  
1 5 10 15

Arg Ser

<210> 697

<211> 39  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 697  
Cys Ser Cys Ser Ser Leu Met Asp Lys Glu Cys Val Tyr Phe Cys His  
1 5 10 15  
Leu Asp Ile Ile Trp Val Asn Thr Pro Glu Arg Val Val Pro Tyr Gly  
20 25 30  
Leu Gly Ser Pro Ser Arg Ser  
35

<210> 698  
<211> 38  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 698  
Cys Ser Cys Ser Ser Trp Leu Asp Lys Glu Cys Val Tyr Phe Cys His  
1 5 10 15  
Leu Asp Ile Ile Trp Val Asn Thr Pro Glu Gln Thr Ala Pro Tyr Gly  
20 25 30  
Leu Gly Asn Pro Pro Arg  
35

<210> 699  
<211> 17  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 699

Val Asn Thr Pro Glu Gln Thr Ala Pro Tyr Gly Leu Gly Asn Pro Pro  
1 5 10 15

Arg

&lt;210&gt; 700

&lt;211&gt; 41

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 700

Cys Thr Cys Phe Thr Tyr Lys Asp Lys Glu Cys Val Tyr Tyr Cys His  
1 5 10 15

Leu Asp Ile Ile Trp Ile Asn Thr Pro Glu Gln Thr Val Pro Tyr Gly  
20 25 30

Leu Ser Asn His Arg Gly Ser Leu Arg  
35 40

&lt;210&gt; 701

&lt;211&gt; 20

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 701

Cys Gln Cys Ala Ser Gln Lys Asp Lys Lys Trp Ser Tyr Cys Gln Ala  
1 5 10 15

Gly Lys Glu Ile  
20

&lt;210&gt; 702

&lt;211&gt; 21

&lt;212&gt; PRT



<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 702

Cys	Ser	Cys	Ser	Ser	Leu	Met	Asp	Lys	Glu	Cys	Val	Tyr	Phe	Cys	His
1				5					10					15	

Leu	Asp	Ile	Ile	Trp
				20

<210> 703

<211> 15

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 703

Cys	Ser	Cys	Ser	Ser	Leu	Met	Asp	Lys	Glu	Cys	Val	Tyr	Phe	Cys
1				5					10					15

<210> 704

<211> 15

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 704

Cys	Ser	Cys	Ser	Ser	Leu	Met	Asp	Lys	Glu	Cys	Val	Tyr	Phe	Cys
1				5					10					15

<210> 705

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 705

Trp Leu Asp Ile Ile Trp  
1 5

<210> 706

<211> 21

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 706

Cys Ser Ala Ser Ser Leu Met Asp Lys Glu Ala Val Tyr Phe Cys His  
1 5 10 15

Leu Asp Ile Ile Trp  
20

<210> 707

<211> 20

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 707

Ser Cys Ser Ser Leu Met Asp Lys Glu Cys Val Tyr Phe Asp His Leu  
1 5 10 15

Asp Ile Ile Trp  
20

<210> 708

<211> 21

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 708

Ala Ser Ala Ser Ser Leu Met Asp Lys Glu Ala Val Tyr Phe Ala His  
1 5 10 15

Leu Asp Ile Ile Trp  
20

<210> 709

<211> 16

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 709

Leu Met Asp Lys Glu Ala Val Tyr Phe Ala His Leu Asp Ile Ile Trp  
1 5 10 15

<210> 710

<211> 21

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 710

Cys Ala Cys Phe Thr Tyr Lys Asp Lys Glu Cys Val Tyr Tyr Cys His  
1 5 10 15

Leu Asp Ile Ile Trp  
20

<210> 711

<211> 20

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 711

Cys Ser Ala Ser Ser Leu Asp Lys Glu Ala Val Tyr Phe Cys His Leu  
1 5 10 15

Ala Ile Ile Trp  
20

<210> 712

<211> 21

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 712

Cys Ser Cys Ser Ser Leu Met Asp Lys Glu Cys Val Tyr Phe Cys His  
1 5 10 15

Leu Asn Ile Ile Trp  
20

<210> 713

<211> 15

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 713

Asn Trp His Gly Thr Ala Pro Asp Trp Phe Phe Asn Tyr Tyr Trp  
1 5 10 15

<210> 714

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 714

Asp Glu Glu Ala Val Tyr Phe Ala His Leu Asp Ile Ile Trp  
1 5 10

<210> 715

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 715

His Leu Asp Ile Ile Trp  
1 5

<210> 716

<211> 23

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 716

His Leu Asp Ile Ile Trp Val Asn Thr Pro Glu His Val Val Pro Tyr  
1 5 10 15

Gly Leu Gly Ser Pro Arg Ser  
20

<210> 717

<211> 21

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 717

Cys Ser Cys Ser Ser Trp Leu Asp Lys Glu Cys Val Tyr Phe Cys His  
1 5 10 15

Leu Asp Ile Ile Trp  
20

&lt;210&gt; 718

&lt;211&gt; 21

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 718

Cys Thr Cys Phe Thr Tyr Lys Asp Lys Glu Cys Val Tyr Tyr Cys His  
1 5 10 15

Leu Asp Ile Ile Trp  
20

&lt;210&gt; 719

&lt;211&gt; 16

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 719

Ser Leu Lys Asp Leu Phe Pro Ala Lys Ala Ala Asp Arg Arg Asp Arg  
1 5 10 15

&lt;210&gt; 720

&lt;211&gt; 3

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 720

Leu Trp Trp

1

<210> 721

<211> 4

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 721

Met Leu Met Trp

1

<210> 722

<211> 1

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 722

Arg

1

<210> 723

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 723

Asp Pro Ile Leu Trp

1

5

<210> 724

<211> 5  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 724  
Ser Pro Val Leu Trp  
1 5

<210> 725  
<211> 5  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 725  
Leu Asp Ile Ile Trp  
1 5

<210> 726  
<211> 5  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 726  
Leu Asp Ile Ile Trp  
1 5

<210> 727  
<211> 21  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic



## Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 727

Cys Ser Cys Lys Asp Met Thr Asp Lys Glu Cys Leu Asn Phe Cys His  
1 5 10 15

Gln Asp Val Ile Trp  
20

&lt;210&gt; 728

&lt;211&gt; 21

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 728

Cys Ser Cys Lys Asp Met Thr Asp Lys Glu Cys Leu Tyr Phe Cys His  
1 5 10 15

Gln Asp Val Ile Trp  
20

&lt;210&gt; 729

&lt;211&gt; 21

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 729

Cys Thr Cys Asn Asp Met Thr Asp Glu Glu Cys Leu Asn Phe Cys His  
1 5 10 15

Gln Asp Val Ile Trp  
20

&lt;210&gt; 730

&lt;211&gt; 16

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 730

Gly Asn Trp His Gly Thr Ala Pro Asp Trp Phe Phe Asn Tyr Tyr Trp  
1 5 10 15

&lt;210&gt; 731

&lt;211&gt; 6

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 731

His Leu Asp Ile Ile Trp  
1 5

&lt;210&gt; 732

&lt;211&gt; 45

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 732

Thr Leu Asp Glu Glu Asp Leu Val Asp Ser Leu Ser Glu Gly Asp Ala  
1 5 10 15Tyr Thr Asn Gly Leu Gln Val Asn Phe His Ser Pro Arg Ser Gly Gln  
20 25 30Arg Cys Trp Ala Ala Arg Thr Gln Val Glu Lys Arg Leu  
35 40 45

&lt;210&gt; 733

&lt;211&gt; 16

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 733

Cys Pro Pro Gly Ser Pro Met Asn Pro His His Lys Cys Glu Val Trp  
1 5 10 15

<210> 734

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 734

Asp Pro Val Leu Trp  
1 5

<210> 735

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 735

Glu Ala Ile Trp Leu  
1 5

<210> 736

<211> 4

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 736

Ala Val Leu Trp

1

<210> 737

<211> 3

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 737

Leu Trp Trp

1

<210> 738

<211> 2

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 738

Leu Trp

1

<210> 739

<211> 3

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 739

Leu Trp Tyr

1

<210> 740

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 740

Leu Trp Ala Ala Tyr Phe

1

5

<210> 741

<211> 16

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 741

Gly Asn Trp His Gly Thr Ser Pro Asp Trp Phe Phe Asn Tyr Tyr Trp

1

5

10

15

<210> 742

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 742

Asp Lys Glu Ala Val Tyr Phe Ala His Leu Asp Ile Ile Trp

1

5

10

<210> 743

<211> 21

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 743

Cys Thr Cys Lys Asp Met Thr Asp Lys Glu Cys Leu Tyr Phe Cys His  
1 5 10 15

Gln Asp Ile Ile Trp  
20

&lt;210&gt; 744

&lt;211&gt; 21

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 744

Cys Thr Cys Lys Asp Met Thr Asp Glu Glu Cys Leu Asn Phe Cys His  
1 5 10 15

Gln Asp Val Ile Trp  
20

&lt;210&gt; 745

&lt;211&gt; 7

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 745

Tyr Pro Phe Val Glu Pro Ile  
1 5

&lt;210&gt; 746

&lt;211&gt; 3

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 746  
Tyr Pro Phe  
1

<210> 747  
<211> 3  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 747  
Tyr Pro Phe  
1

<210> 748  
<211> 7  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 748  
Tyr Pro Phe Pro Gly Pro Ile  
1 5

<210> 749  
<211> 4  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 749  
Tyr Pro Phe Pro  
1

<210> 750  
<211> 5  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 750  
Tyr Pro Phe Pro Gly  
1 5

<210> 751  
<211> 5  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 751  
Tyr Pro Phe Pro Gly  
1 5

<210> 752  
<211> 5  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 752  
Tyr Pro Phe Pro Gly  
1 5

<210> 753  
<211> 7  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>



<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 753

Tyr Pro Phe Val Glu Pro Ile  
1 5

<210> 754

<211> 2

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 754

Tyr Phe  
1

<210> 755

<211> 3

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 755

Tyr Phe Tyr  
1

<210> 756

<211> 3

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 756

Tyr Phe Tyr  
1

<210> 757  
<211> 4  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 757  
Tyr Phe Pro Tyr  
1

<210> 758  
<211> 3  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 758  
Tyr Phe Pro  
1

<210> 759  
<211> 3  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 759  
Tyr Phe Pro  
1

<210> 760  
<211> 3  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 760

Tyr Phe Pro

1

<210> 761

<211> 4

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 761

Tyr Phe Pro Gly

1

<210> 762

<211> 4

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 762

Tyr Phe Pro Gly

1

<210> 763

<211> 4

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 763

Tyr Phe Pro Gly

1

<210> 764

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 764

Tyr Phe Pro Gly Pro

1

5

<210> 765

<211> 3

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 765

Tyr Phe Pro

1

<210> 766

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 766

Pro Phe Pro Gly Pro Ile

1

5

<210> 767

<211> 6

<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 767  
Pro Phe Pro Gly Pro Ile  
1 5

<210> 768  
<211> 4  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 768  
Tyr Pro Val Pro  
1

<210> 769  
<211> 4  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 769  
Tyr Pro Phe Pro  
1

<210> 770  
<211> 4  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 770  
Tyr Pro Phe Pro  
1

<210> 771  
<211> 3  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 771  
Tyr Pro Pro  
1

<210> 772  
<211> 7  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 772  
Tyr Ala Phe Gly Tyr Pro Ser  
1 5

<210> 773  
<211> 3  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 773  
Tyr Arg Phe  
1

<210> 774  
<211> 32  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 774  
Tyr Gly Gly Phe Leu Arg Arg Ile Arg Pro Lys Leu Lys Trp Asp Asn  
1 5 10 15  
Gln Lys Arg Tyr Gly Gly Phe Leu Arg Arg Gln Phe Lys Val Val Thr  
20 25 30

<210> 775  
<211> 17  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 775  
Tyr Gly Gly Phe Leu Arg Arg Ile Arg Pro Lys Leu Lys Trp Asp Asn  
1 5 10 15  
Gln

<210> 776  
<211> 11  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 776  
Tyr Gly Phe Leu Arg Ile Arg Pro Lys Leu Lys

1 5 10

<210> 777

<211> 17

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 777

Tyr Ala Gly Phe Leu Arg Arg Ile Arg Pro Lys Leu Lys Trp Asp Asn  
1 5 10 15

Gln

<210> 778

<211> 17

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 778

Tyr Ala Gly Phe Leu Arg Arg Ile Arg Pro Lys Leu Lys Trp Asp Asn  
1 5 10 15

Gln

<210> 779

<211> 17

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 779

Tyr Ala Gly Phe Leu Arg Arg Ile Arg Pro Lys Leu Lys Trp Asp Asn



1 5 10 15

Gln

<210> 780

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 780

Tyr Gly Phe Leu Arg Arg Ile Arg Pro Lys Leu Lys  
1 5 10

<210> 781

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 781

Tyr Gly Phe Leu Arg Arg Ile Arg  
1 5

<210> 782

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 782

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Leu Arg Ile Arg Pro Lys Leu Lys  
1 5 10

<210> 783  
<211> 12  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 783

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Leu Arg Arg Arg Pro Lys Leu Lys  
1 5 10

<210> 784  
<211> 7  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 784

Gly Gly Phe Leu Arg Arg Ile  
1 5

<210> 785  
<211> 12  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 785

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Leu Arg Arg Ile Arg Pro Lys Leu  
1 5 10

<210> 786  
<211> 13  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 786

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Leu Arg Arg Ile Arg Pro Lys Leu Lys  
1 5 10

<210> 787

<211> 13

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 787

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Leu Arg Arg Ile Arg Pro Lys Leu Lys  
1 5 10

<210> 788

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 788

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Leu Arg Arg Ile Arg Pro  
1 5 10

<210> 789

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 789

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Leu Arg Arg Ile Arg Pro Arg Leu Arg Gly  
1 5 10

<210> 790  
<211> 16  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 790

Gly	Gly	Phe	Leu	Arg	Arg	Ile	Arg	Pro	Lys	Leu	Lys	Trp	Asp	Asn	Gln
1				5					10					15	

<210> 791  
<211> 16  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 791

Gly	Gly	Phe	Leu	Arg	Arg	Ile	Arg	Pro	Lys	Leu	Lys	Trp	Asp	Asn	Gln
1				5					10					15	

<210> 792  
<211> 11  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 792

Gly	Gly	Phe	Leu	Arg	Arg	Ile	Arg	Pro	Lys	Leu
1				5					10	

<210> 793  
<211> 15  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 793

Gly Phe Leu Arg Arg Ile Arg Pro Lys Leu Lys Trp Asp Asn Gln  
1 5 10 15

<210> 794

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 794

Gly Phe Leu Arg Arg Ile  
1 5

<210> 795

<211> 11

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 795

Gly Phe Leu Arg Arg Ile Arg Pro Lys Leu Lys  
1 5 10

<210> 796

<211> 15

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 796

Gly Phe Leu Arg Arg Ile Arg Pro Lys Leu Lys Trp Asp Asn Gln  
1 5 10 15

<210> 797

<211> 11

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 797

Arg Ile Arg Pro Lys Leu Lys Trp Asp Asn Gln  
1 5 10

<210> 798

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 798

Ile Arg Pro Lys Leu Lys Trp Asp Asn Gln  
1 5 10

<210> 799

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 799

Arg Arg Ile Arg Pro Lys Leu Lys Trp Asp Asn Gln  
1 5 10

<210> 800

<211> 16

<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 800  
Tyr Pro Phe Pro Arg Arg Ile Arg Pro Lys Leu Lys Trp Asp Asn Gln  
1 5 10 15

<210> 801  
<211> 9  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 801  
Arg Pro Lys Leu Lys Trp Asp Asn Gln  
1 5

<210> 802  
<211> 5  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 802  
Lys Trp Asp Asn Gln  
1 5

<210> 803  
<211> 17  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 803

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Leu Arg Arg Ile Arg Pro Lys Leu Lys Trp Asp Asn  
1 5 10 15

Gln

&lt;210&gt; 804

&lt;211&gt; 13

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;223&gt; Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 804

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Leu Arg Arg Gln Phe Lys Val Val Thr  
1 5 10

&lt;210&gt; 805

&lt;211&gt; 9

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;223&gt; Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 805

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Leu Arg Arg Gln Phe  
1 5

&lt;210&gt; 806

&lt;211&gt; 29

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;223&gt; Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 806

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Leu Arg Arg Gln Phe Lys Val Val Thr Arg Ser Gln



1 5 10 15

Glu Asp Pro Asn Ala Tyr Ser Gly Glu Leu Phe Asp Ala  
20 25

<210> 807

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 807

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Leu Arg Lys Tyr Pro Lys  
1 5 10

<210> 808

<211> 9

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 808

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Leu Arg Lys Tyr Pro  
1 5

<210> 809

<211> 13

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 809

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Leu Arg Arg Ile Arg Pro Lys Leu Lys  
1 5 10

<210> 810  
<211> 7  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 810  
Tyr Gly Gly Phe Leu Arg Phe  
1 5

<210> 811  
<211> 7  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 811  
Tyr Gly Gly Phe Leu Arg Phe  
1 5

<210> 812  
<211> 29  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 812  
Tyr Gly Gly Phe Leu Arg Arg Gln Phe Lys Val Val Thr Arg Ser Gln  
1 5 10 15

Glu Asp Pro Asn Ala Tyr Tyr Glu Glu Leu Phe Asp Val  
20 25

<210> 813  
<211> 31  
<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 813

Tyr	Gly	Gly	Phe	Met	Thr	Ser	Glu	Lys	Ser	Gln	Thr	Pro	Leu	Val	Thr
1				5				10						15	

Leu	Phe	Lys	Asn	Ala	Ile	Ile	Lys	Asn	Ala	His	Lys	Lys	Gly	Gln
			20				25						30	

<210> 814

<211> 27

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 814

Tyr	Gly	Gly	Phe	Met	Thr	Ser	Glu	Lys	Ser	Gln	Thr	Pro	Leu	Val	Thr
1				5				10						15	

Leu	Phe	Lys	Asn	Ala	Ile	Ile	Lys	Asn	Ala	His
			20				25			

<210> 815

<211> 31

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 815

Tyr	Gly	Gly	Phe	Met	Thr	Ser	Glu	Lys	Ser	Gln	Thr	Pro	Leu	Val	Thr
1				5				10						15	

Leu	Phe	Lys	Asn	Ala	Ile	Ile	Lys	Asn	Ala	Tyr	Lys	Lys	Gly	Glu
			20				25						30	

<210> 816  
<211> 26  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 816

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Met Thr Ser Glu Lys Ser Gln Thr Pro Leu Val Thr  
1 5 10 15

Leu Phe Lys Asn Ala Ile Ile Lys Asn Ala  
20 25

<210> 817  
<211> 27  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 817

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Met Thr Ser Glu Lys Ser Gln Thr Pro Leu Val Thr  
1 5 10 15

Leu Phe Lys Asn Ala Ile Ile Lys Asn Ala Tyr  
20 25

<210> 818  
<211> 17  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 818

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Met Thr Ser Glu Lys Ser Gln Thr Pro Leu Val Thr  
1 5 10 15

Leu

<210> 819  
<211> 16  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 819

Tyr	Gly	Gly	Phe	Met	Thr	Ser	Glu	Lys	Ser	Gln	Thr	Pro	Leu	Val	Thr
1				5				10					15		

<210> 820  
<211> 16  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 820

Tyr	Gly	Gly	Phe	Met	Thr	Ser	Glu	Lys	Ser	Gln	Thr	Pro	Leu	Val	Thr
1				5				10					15		

<210> 821  
<211> 11  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 821

Tyr	Gly	Gly	Phe	Leu	Arg	Lys	Tyr	Arg	Pro	Lys
1				5				10		

<210> 822  
<211> 7  
<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 822

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Leu Arg Lys  
1 5

<210> 823

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 823

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Leu Arg Lys Arg  
1 5

<210> 824

<211> 31

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 824

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Met Thr Ser Glu Lys Ser Gln Thr Pro Leu Val Thr  
1 5 10 15

Leu Phe Lys Asn Ala Ile Ile Lys Asn Ala His Lys Lys Gly Gln  
20 25 30

<210> 825

<211> 27

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 825

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Met Thr Ser Glu Lys Ser Gln Thr Pro Leu Val Thr  
1 5 10 15

Leu Phe Lys Asn Ala Ile Ile Lys Asn Ala His  
20 25

<210> 826

<211> 31

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 826

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Met Ser Ser Glu Lys Ser Gln Thr Pro Leu Val Thr  
1 5 10 15

Leu Phe Lys Asn Ala Ile Ile Lys Asn Ala His Lys Lys Gly Gln  
20 25 30

<210> 827

<211> 31

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 827

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Met Thr Ser Glu Lys Ser Gln Thr Pro Leu Val Thr  
1 5 10 15

Leu Phe Lys Asn Ala Ile Ile Lys Asn Ala Tyr Lys Lys Gly Glu  
20 25 30

<210> 828

<211> 21

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 828

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Met Thr Leu Phe Lys Asn Ala Ile Ile Lys Asn Ala  
1 5 10 15

Tyr Lys Lys Gly Glu  
20

<210> 829

<211> 26

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 829

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Met Thr Ser Glu Lys Ser Gln Thr Pro Leu Val Thr  
1 5 10 15

Leu Phe Lys Asn Ala Ile Ile Lys Asn Ala  
20 25

<210> 830

<211> 27

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 830

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Met Thr Ser Glu Lys Ser Gln Thr Pro Leu Val Thr  
1 5 10 15

Leu Phe Lys Asn Ala Ile Ile Lys Asn Ala Tyr  
20 25



<210> 831

<211> 26

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 831

Thr Ser Glu Lys Ser Gln Thr Pro Leu Val Thr Leu Phe Lys Asn Ala  
1 5 10 15

Ile Ile Lys Asn Ala Tyr Lys Lys Gly Glu  
20 25

<210> 832

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 832

Phe Lys Asn Ala Ile Ile Lys Asn Ala Tyr Lys Lys Gly Glu  
1 5 10

<210> 833

<211> 31

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 833

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Met Thr Ser Glu Lys Ser Gln Thr Pro Leu Val Thr  
1 5 10 15

Leu Phe Lys Asn Ala Ile Val Lys Asn Ala His Lys Lys Gly Gln  
20 25 30

<210> 834

<211> 31

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 834

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Met Thr Ser Glu Lys Ser Gln Thr Pro Leu Val Thr  
1 5 10 15

Leu Phe Lys Asn Ala Ile Ile Lys Asn Val His Lys Lys Gly Gln  
20 25 30

<210> 835

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 835

Glu Leu Ala Gly Ala Pro Pro Glu Pro Ala  
1 5 10

<210> 836

<211> 4

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 836

Tyr Gly Gly Phe  
1

<210> 837

<211> 9

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 837

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Met Thr Ser Glu Lys  
1 5

<210> 838

<211> 4

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 838

Lys Lys Gly Glu  
1

<210> 839

<211> 31

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 839

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Met Thr Ser Glu Lys Ser Gln Thr Pro Leu Val Thr  
1 5 10 15

Leu Phe Lys Asn Ala Ile Ile Lys Asn Ala Tyr Lys Lys Gly Glu  
20 25 30

<210> 840

<211> 17

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 840

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Met Thr Ser Glu Lys Ser Gln Thr Pro Leu Val Thr  
1 5 10 15

Leu

<210> 841

<211> 1

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 841

Tyr

1

<210> 842

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 842

Tyr Gly Phe Met Thr Ser Glu Lys

1

5

<210> 843

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 843

Tyr Gly Phe Met Thr Ser Glu Lys

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 844

&lt;211&gt; 16

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 844

Tyr Gly Phe Met Thr Ser Glu Lys Ser Gln Thr Pro Leu Val Thr Leu

1

5

10

15

&lt;210&gt; 845

&lt;211&gt; 16

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 845

Gly Gly Phe Met Thr Ser Glu Lys Ser Gln Thr Pro Leu Val Thr Leu

1

5

10

15

&lt;210&gt; 846

&lt;211&gt; 31

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 846

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Leu Thr Ser Glu Lys Ser Gln Thr Pro Leu Val Thr

1

5

10

15

Leu Phe Lys Asn Ala Ile Ile Lys Asn Ala His Lys Lys Gly Gln

20

25

30

<210> 847  
<211> 6  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 847  
Tyr Gly Gly Phe Met Lys  
1 5

<210> 848  
<211> 7  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 848  
Tyr Gly Gly Phe Met Lys Lys  
1 5

<210> 849  
<211> 7  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 849  
Tyr Gly Gly Phe Met Lys Arg  
1 5

<210> 850  
<211> 8  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 850

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Met Arg Arg Val

1 5

&lt;210&gt; 851

&lt;211&gt; 8

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 851

Ala Ala Ala Tyr Gly Gly Phe Met

1 5

&lt;210&gt; 852

&lt;211&gt; 26

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 852

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Met Lys Lys Met Asp Glu Leu Tyr Pro Leu Glu Val

1 5 10 15

Glu Glu Glu Ala Asn Gly Gly Glu Val Leu

20 25

&lt;210&gt; 853

&lt;211&gt; 26

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;223&gt; Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic

## Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 853

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Met Lys Lys Met Asp Glu Leu Tyr Pro Leu Glu Val  
1 5 10 15

Glu Glu Glu Ala Asn Gly Gly Glu Val Leu  
20 25

&lt;210&gt; 854

&lt;211&gt; 12

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 854

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Met Arg Arg Val Gly Arg Pro Glu  
1 5 10

&lt;210&gt; 855

&lt;211&gt; 12

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 855

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Met Arg Arg Val Gly Arg Pro Glu  
1 5 10

&lt;210&gt; 856

&lt;211&gt; 22

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 856



Tyr Gly Gly Phe Met Arg Arg Val Gly Arg Pro Glu Trp Trp Met Asp  
1 5 10 15

Tyr Gln Lys Arg Tyr Gly  
20

<210> 857

<211> 3

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 857

Phe Ala Arg

1

<210> 858

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 858

Tyr Ala Gly Phe Gly

1

5

<210> 859

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 859

Tyr Ala Gly Phe Leu

1

5

<210> 860  
<211> 5  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 860

Tyr Ala Gly Phe Met  
1 5

<210> 861  
<211> 4  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 861

Tyr Gly Phe Leu  
1

<210> 862  
<211> 5  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 862

Tyr Gly Phe Leu Arg  
1 5

<210> 863  
<211> 2  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 863

Gly Phe

1

<210> 864

<211> 2

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 864

Gly Phe

1

<210> 865

<211> 4

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 865

Gly Gly Phe Leu

1

<210> 866

<211> 3

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 866

Tyr Gly Phe

1

&lt;210&gt; 867

&lt;211&gt; 3

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 867

Tyr Gly Phe

1

&lt;210&gt; 868

&lt;211&gt; 3

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 868

Phe Leu Arg

1

&lt;210&gt; 869

&lt;211&gt; 3

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 869

Tyr Gly Phe

1

&lt;210&gt; 870

&lt;211&gt; 5

&lt;212&gt; PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 870

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Leu  
1 5

<210> 871

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 871

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Leu  
1 5

<210> 872

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 872

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Leu  
1 5

<210> 873

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 873

Tyr Ala Gly Phe Leu

1 5

<210> 874

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 874

Tyr Ser Gly Phe Leu Thr

1 5

<210> 875

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 875

Tyr Thr Gly Phe Leu Thr

1 5

<210> 876

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 876

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Leu Lys

1 5

<210> 877

<211> 6  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 877

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Met Arg  
1 5

<210> 878  
<211> 7  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 878

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Met Arg Arg  
1 5

<210> 879  
<211> 9  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 879

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Met Arg Arg Val Gly  
1 5

<210> 880  
<211> 8  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic

## Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 880

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Met Arg Gly Leu

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 881

&lt;211&gt; 7

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 881

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Met Arg Phe

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 882

&lt;211&gt; 5

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 882

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Met

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 883

&lt;211&gt; 5

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 883

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Met

1

5



<210> 884  
<211> 5  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 884

Tyr Ala Gly Phe Met  
1 5

<210> 885  
<211> 5  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 885

Tyr Ala Gly Phe Met  
1 5

<210> 886  
<211> 7  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 886

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Met Arg Phe  
1 5

<210> 887  
<211> 5  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 887

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Met  
1 5

<210> 888

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 888

Tyr Ala Gly Phe Met  
1 5

<210> 889

<211> 4

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 889

Tyr Gly Phe Pro  
1

<210> 890

<211> 4

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 890

Tyr Gly Phe Met

1

&lt;210&gt; 891

&lt;211&gt; 8

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;223&gt; Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 891

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Met Arg Arg Val

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 892

&lt;211&gt; 31

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;223&gt; Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 892

Phe Ala Glu Pro Leu Pro Ser Glu Glu Glu Gly Glu Ser Tyr Ser Lys

1

5

10

15

Glu Val Pro Glu Met Glu Lys Arg Tyr Gly Gly Phe Met Arg Phe

20

25

30

&lt;210&gt; 893

&lt;211&gt; 25

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;223&gt; Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 893

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Met Arg Arg Val Gly Arg Pro Glu Trp Trp Met Asp

1

5

10

15

Tyr Gln Lys Arg Tyr Gly Gly Phe Leu

20

25

&lt;210&gt; 894

&lt;211&gt; 34

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 894

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Met Lys Lys Met Asp Glu Leu Tyr Pro Leu Glu Val  
1 5 10 15

Glu Glu Glu Ala Asn Gly Gly Glu Val Leu Gly Lys Arg Tyr Gly Gly  
20 25 30

Phe Met

&lt;210&gt; 895

&lt;211&gt; 19

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 895

Ser Ser Glu Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Asp Gly Asp Ser Met Gly His Glu  
1 5 10 15

Asp Leu Tyr

&lt;210&gt; 896

&lt;211&gt; 6

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 896

Leu Val Val Tyr Pro Trp

1

5

<210> 897

<211> 2

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 897

Pro Gly

1

<210> 898

<211> 4

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 898

Tyr Pro Phe Pro

1

<210> 899

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 899

Tyr Pro Phe Pro Pro

1

5

<210> 900  
<211> 4  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 900  
Tyr Pro Pro Pro  
1

<210> 901  
<211> 6  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 901  
Arg Tyr Leu Gly Tyr Leu  
1 5

<210> 902  
<211> 8  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 902  
Ala Ala Ala Tyr Gly Gly Phe Leu  
1 5

<210> 903  
<211> 8  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 903

Ala Ala Ala Tyr Gly Gly Phe Leu  
1 5

<210> 904

<211> 18

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 904

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Met Arg Arg Val Gly Arg Pro Glu Trp Trp Met Asp  
1 5 10 15

Tyr Gln

<210> 905

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 905

Tyr Pro Phe Pro Pro Leu  
1 5

<210> 906

<211> 7

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 906

Tyr Val Pro Phe Pro Pro Phe

1

5

<210> 907

<211> 2

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 907

Trp Gly

1

<210> 908

<211> 4

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 908

Tyr Arg Phe Lys

1

<210> 909

<211> 7

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 909

Tyr Met Phe His Leu Met Asp

1

5

<210> 910



<211> 7

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 910

Tyr Ala Phe Asp Val Val Gly

1

5

<210> 911

<211> 7

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 911

Tyr Ala Phe Glu Val Val Gly

1

5

<210> 912

<211> 4

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 912

Tyr Pro Trp Phe

1

<210> 913

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic

## Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 913

Tyr Pro Trp Phe Phe

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 914

&lt;211&gt; 2

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 914

Tyr Arg

1

&lt;210&gt; 915

&lt;211&gt; 1

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 915

Tyr

1

&lt;210&gt; 916

&lt;211&gt; 2

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 916

Leu Gly

1

<210> 917  
<211> 4  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 917  
Pro Gln Arg Phe  
1

<210> 918  
<211> 18  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 918  
Ala Gly Glu Gly Leu Ser Ser Pro Phe Trp Ser Leu Ala Ala Pro Gln  
1 5 10 15

Arg Phe

<210> 919  
<211> 17  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 919  
Phe Gly Gly Phe Thr Gly Ala Arg Lys Ser Ala Arg Lys Leu Ala Asn  
1 5 10 15

Gln

<210> 920  
<211> 3  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 920  
Tyr Phe Phe  
1

<210> 921  
<211> 4  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 921  
Tyr Pro Leu Gly  
1

<210> 922  
<211> 4  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 922  
Tyr Pro Trp Gly  
1

<210> 923  
<211> 7  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 923

Val Val Tyr Pro Trp Thr Gln  
1 5

<210> 924

<211> 9

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 924

Leu Val Val Tyr Pro Trp Thr Gln Arg  
1 5

<210> 925

<211> 2

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 925

Pro Leu  
1

<210> 926

<211> 17

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 926

Phe Gly Gly Phe Thr Gly Ala Arg Lys Ser Ala Arg Lys Leu Ala Asn

1

5

10

15

Gln

&lt;210&gt; 927

&lt;211&gt; 8

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 927

Tyr Gly Gly Phe Met Arg Arg Val

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 928

&lt;211&gt; 8

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 928

Ala Lys Ser Gln Gly Gly Ser Asn

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 929

&lt;211&gt; 8

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 929

Leu Glu Asp Gly Pro Lys Phe Leu

1

5

<210> 930  
<211> 5  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 930  
Arg Lys Asp Val Tyr  
1 5

<210> 931  
<211> 13  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 931  
Gly Glu Gln Arg Lys Asp Val Tyr Val Gln Leu Tyr Leu  
1 5 10

<210> 932  
<211> 28  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 932  
Ser Asp Ala Ala Val Asp Thr Ser Ser Glu Ile Thr Thr Lys Asp Leu  
1 5 10 15

Lys Glu Lys Lys Glu Val Val Glu Glu Ala Glu Asn  
20 25

<210> 933  
<211> 10  
<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 933

Tyr Gln Ala Lys Ser Gln Gly Gly Ser Asn  
1 5 10

<210> 934

<211> 28

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 934

Ser Asp Ala Ala Val Asp Thr Ser Ser Glu Ile Thr Thr Lys Asp Leu  
1 5 10 15

Lys Glu Lys Lys Glu Val Val Glu Glu Ala Glu Asn  
20 25

<210> 935

<211> 52

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 935

Tyr Arg Gln Ser Met Asn Asn Phe Gln Gly Leu Arg Ser Phe Gly Cys  
1 5 10 15

Arg Phe Gly Thr Cys Thr Val Gln Lys Leu Ala His Gln Ile Tyr Gln  
20 25 30

Phe Thr Asp Lys Asp Lys Asp Asn Val Ala Pro Arg Ser Lys Ile Ser  
35 40 45

Pro Gln Gly Tyr



50

&lt;210&gt; 936

&lt;211&gt; 12

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 936

Tyr	Arg	Gln	Ser	Met	Asn	Asn	Phe	Gln	Gly	Leu	Arg
1				5					10		

&lt;210&gt; 937

&lt;211&gt; 37

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 937

Ser	Phe	Gly	Cys	Arg	Phe	Gly	Thr	Cys	Thr	Val	Gln	Lys	Leu	Ala	His
1				5					10				15		

Gln	Ile	Tyr	Phe	Thr	Asp	Lys	Asp	Asn	Val	Ala	Pro	Arg	Ser	Lys	Ile
			20					25					30		

Ser	Pro	Gln	Gly	Tyr
				35

&lt;210&gt; 938

&lt;211&gt; 31

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 938

Thr	Val	Gln	Lys	Leu	Ala	His	Gln	Ile	Tyr	Gln	Phe	Thr	Asp	Lys	Asp
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

1 5 10 15  
Lys Asp Asn Val Ala Pro Arg Ser Lys Ile Ser Pro Gln Gly Tyr  
20 25 30

<210> 939

<211> 48

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 939

Glu Leu Arg Met Ser Ser Ser Tyr Pro Thr Gly Leu Ala Asp Val Lys  
1 5 10 15

Ala Gly Pro Ala Gln Thr Leu Ile Arg Pro Gln Asp Met Lys Gly Ala  
20 25 30

Ser Arg Ser Pro Glu Asp Ser Ser Pro Asp Ala Ala Arg Ile Arg Val  
35 40 45

<210> 940

<211> 33

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 940

Ser Leu Pro Glu Ala Gly Pro Gly Arg Thr Leu Val Ser Ser Lys Pro  
1 5 10 15

Gln Ala His Gly Ala Pro Ala Pro Pro Ser Gly Ser Ala Pro His Phe  
20 25 30

Leu

<210> 941  
<211> 52  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 941

Tyr Arg Gln Ser Met Asn Phe Gln Gly Leu Arg Ser Phe Gly Cys Arg  
1 5 10 15

Phe Gly Thr Cys Thr Val Gln Lys Leu Ala His Gln Ile Tyr Gln Phe  
20 25 30

Thr Asp Lys Asp Gly Val Ala Pro Arg Ser Lys Ile Ser Lys Ile Ser  
35 40 45

Pro Gln Gly Tyr  
50

<210> 942  
<211> 20  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 942

Ala Arg Leu Asp Val Ala Ala Glu Phe Arg Lys Lys Trp Asn Lys Trp  
1 5 10 15

Ala Leu Ser Arg  
20

<210> 943  
<211> 53  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic

## Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 943

Tyr Arg Gln Ser Met Asn Gln Gly Ser Arg Ser Thr Gly Cys Arg Phe  
1 5 10 15

Gly Thr Cys Thr Met Gln Lys Leu Ala His Gln Ile Tyr Gln Ile Tyr  
20 25 30

Gln Phe Thr Asp Lys Asp Lys Asp Gly Met Ala Pro Arg Asn Lys Ile  
35 40 45

Ser Pro Gln Gly Tyr  
50

&lt;210&gt; 944

&lt;211&gt; 40

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 944

Ser Thr Gly Cys Arg Phe Gly Thr Cys Thr Met Gln Lys Leu Ala His  
1 5 10 15

Gln Ile Tyr Gln Phe Thr Asp Lys Asp Lys Asp Gly Met Ala Pro Arg  
20 25 30

Asn Lys Ile Ser Pro Gln Gly Tyr  
35 40

&lt;210&gt; 945

&lt;211&gt; 20

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 945

Ala Arg Leu Asp Thr Ser Ser Gln Phe Arg Lys Lys Trp Asn Lys Trp  
1 5 10 15

Ala Leu Ser Arg  
20

<210> 946  
<211> 13  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 946  
Ala Pro Ser Gly Ala Gln Arg Leu Tyr Gly Phe Gly Leu  
1 5 10

<210> 947  
<211> 10  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 947  
Gly Asp Gly Arg Leu Tyr Ala Phe Gly Leu  
1 5 10

<210> 948  
<211> 5  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 948  
Gly Gly Ser Leu Tyr Ser Phe Gly Leu  
1 5

<210> 949

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 949

Asp Arg Leu Tyr Ser Phe Gly Leu

1

5

<210> 950

<211> 17

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 950

Val His His Gln Lys Leu Val Phe Phe Ala Glu Asp Val Gly Ser Asn

1

5

10

15

Lys

<210> 951

<211> 11

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 951

Gly Ser Asn Lys Gly Ala Ile Ile Gly Leu Met

1

5

10

<210> 952

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 952

Arg Glu Arg Met Ser  
1 5

&lt;210&gt; 953

&lt;211&gt; 17

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 953

Ala Lys Glu Arg Leu Glu Ala Lys His Arg Glu Arg Met Ser Gln Val  
1 5 10 15

Met

&lt;210&gt; 954

&lt;211&gt; 43

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 954

Asp Ala Glu Phe Arg His Asp Ser Gly Tyr Glu Val His His Gln Lys  
1 5 10 15Leu Val Phe Phe Ala Glu Asp Val Gly Ser Asn Lys Gly Ala Ile Ile  
20 25 30Gly Leu Met Val Gly Gly Val Val Ile Ala Thr  
35 40

&lt;210&gt; 955

<211> 42  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 955  
Asp Ala Glu Phe Arg His Asp Ser Gly Tyr Glu Val His His Gln Lys  
1 5 10 15  
Leu Val Phe Phe Ala Glu Asp Val Gly Ser Asn Lys Gly Ala Ile Ile  
20 25 30  
Gly Leu Met Val Gly Gly Val Val Ile Ala  
35 40

<210> 956  
<211> 40  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 956  
Asp Ala Glu Phe Arg His Asp Ser Gly Tyr Glu Val His His Gln Lys  
1 5 10 15  
Leu Val Phe Phe Ala Glu Asp Val Gly Ser Asn Lys Gly Ala Ile Ile  
20 25 30  
Gly Leu Met Val Gly Gly Val Val  
35 40

<210> 957  
<211> 11  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide



<400> 957

Tyr Glu Val His His Gln Lys Leu Val Phe Phe  
1 5 10

<210> 958

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 958

Glu Asp Val Gly Ser Asn Lys Gly Ala Ile Ile Gly Leu Met  
1 5 10

<210> 959

<211> 28

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 959

Asp Ala Glu Phe Arg His Asp Ser Gly Tyr Glu Val His His Gln Lys  
1 5 10 15

Leu Val Phe Phe Ala Glu Asp Val Gly Ser Asn Lys  
20 25

<210> 960

<211> 40

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 960

Val Val Gly Gly Val Met Leu Gly Ile Ile Ala Gly Lys Asn Ser Gly  
1 5 10 15

Val Asp Glu Ala Phe Phe Val Leu Lys Gln His His Val Glu Tyr Gly  
20 25 30

Ser Asp His Arg Phe Glu Ala Asp  
35 40

<210> 961

<211> 42

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 961

Asp Ala Glu Phe Gly His Asp Ser Gly Phe Glu Val Arg His Gln Lys  
1 5 10 15

Leu Val Phe Phe Ala Glu Asp Val Gly Ser Asn Lys Gly Ala Ile Ile  
20 25 30

Gly Leu Met Val Gly Gly Val Val Ile Ala  
35 40

<210> 962

<211> 40

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 962

Asp Ala Glu Phe Gly His Asp Ser Gly Phe Glu Val Arg His Gln Lys  
1 5 10 15

Leu Val Phe Phe Ala Glu Asp Val Gly Ser Asn Lys Gly Ala Ile Ile  
20 25 30

Gly Leu Met Val Gly Gly Val Val  
35 40

<210> 963  
<211> 11  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 963  
Tyr Glu Val His His Gln Lys Leu Val Phe Phe  
1 5 10

<210> 964  
<211> 14  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 964  
Glu Asp Val Gly Ser Asn Lys Gly Ala Ile Ile Gly Leu Met  
1 5 10

<210> 965  
<211> 28  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 965  
Asp Ala Glu Phe Arg His Asp Ser Gly Tyr Glu Val His His Gln Lys  
1 5 10 15

Leu Val Phe Phe Ala Glu Asp Val Gly Ser Asn Lys  
20 25

<210> 966  
<211> 40  
<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 966

Val Val Gly Gly Val Met Leu Gly Ile Ile Ala Gly Lys Asn Ser Gly  
1 5 10 15

Val Asp Glu Ala Phe Phe Val Leu Lys Gln His His Val Glu Tyr Gly  
20 25 30

Ser Asp His Arg Phe Glu Ala Asp  
35 40

<210> 967

<211> 42

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 967

Asp Ala Glu Phe Gly His Asp Ser Gly Phe Glu Val Arg His Gln Lys  
1 5 10 15

Leu Val Phe Phe Ala Glu Asp Val Gly Ser Asn Lys Gly Ala Ile Ile  
20 25 30

Gly Leu Met Val Gly Gly Val Val Ile Ala  
35 40

<210> 968

<211> 40

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 968

Asp Ala Glu Phe Gly His Asp Ser Gly Phe Glu Val Arg His Gln Lys

1

5

10

15

Leu Val Phe Phe Ala Glu Asp Val Gly Ser Asn Lys Gly Ala Ile Ile  
20 25 30

Gly Leu Met Val Gly Gly Val Val  
35 40

&lt;210&gt; 969

&lt;211&gt; 11

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 969

Asp Ala Glu Phe Arg His Asp Ser Gly Tyr Glu  
1 5 10

&lt;210&gt; 970

&lt;211&gt; 5

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 970

Ile Ile Gly Leu Met  
1 5

&lt;210&gt; 971

&lt;211&gt; 4

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 971

Ile Gly Leu Met

1

&lt;210&gt; 972

&lt;211&gt; 11

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 972

Met Leu Gly Ile Ile Ala Gly Lys Asn Ser Gly  
1 5 10

&lt;210&gt; 973

&lt;211&gt; 15

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 973

Asn Trp Cys Lys Arg Gly Arg Lys Gln Cys Lys Thr His Pro His  
1 5 10 15

&lt;210&gt; 974

&lt;211&gt; 20

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 974

His His Gly Val Val Glu Val Asp Ala Ala Val Thr Pro Glu Glu Arg  
1 5 10 15

His Leu Ser Lys

20

<210> 975

<211> 38

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 975

Asp Ala Glu Phe Arg His Asp Ser Gly Tyr Glu Val His His Gln Lys  
1 5 10 15

Leu Val Phe Phe Ala Glu Asp Val Gly Ser Asn Lys Gly Ala Ile Ile  
20 25 30

Gly Leu Met Val Gly Gly  
35

<210> 976

<211> 28

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 976

Asp Ala Glu Phe Arg His Asp Ser Gly Tyr Gln Val His His Gln Lys  
1 5 10 15

Leu Val Phe Phe Ala Glu Asp Val Gly Ser Asn Lys  
20 25

<210> 977

<211> 16

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 977

Asp Ala Glu Phe Arg His Asp Ser Gly Tyr Gln Val His His Gln Lys

1 5 10 15

<210> 978

<211> 40

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 978

Asp Ala Glu Phe Arg His Asp Ser Gly Tyr Glu Val His His Gln Lys  
1 5 10 15

Leu Val Phe Phe Ala Glu Asp Val Gly Ser Asn Lys Gly Ala Ile Ile  
20 25 30

Gly Leu Met Val Gly Gly Val Val  
35 40

<210> 979

<211> 35

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 979

His Asp Ser Gly Tyr Glu Val His His Gln Lys Leu Val Phe Phe Ala  
1 5 10 15

Gln Asp Val Gly Ser Asn Lys Gly Ala Ile Ile Gly Leu Met Val Gly  
20 25 30

Gly Val Val  
35

<210> 980

<211> 35

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence



&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 980

Glu Gln Val Thr Asn Val Gly Gly Ala Val Val Thr Gly Val Thr Ala  
1 5 10 15Val Ala Gln Lys Thr Val Glu Gly Ala Gly Ser Ile Ala Ala Ala Thr  
20 25 30Gly Phe Val  
35

&lt;210&gt; 981

&lt;211&gt; 24

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 981

Leu Val Phe Phe Ala Glu Asp Val Gly Ser Asn Lys Gly Ala Ile Ile  
1 5 10 15Gly Leu Met Val Gly Gly Val Val  
20

&lt;210&gt; 982

&lt;211&gt; 11

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 982

Gly Tyr Val Ile Ile Lys Pro Leu Val Trp Val  
1 5 10

&lt;210&gt; 983

&lt;211&gt; 17

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 983

Val His His Gln Lys Leu Val Phe Phe Ala Glu Asp Val Gly Ser Asn  
1 5 10 15

Lys

<210> 984

<211> 11

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 984

Gly Ser Asn Lys Gly Ala Ile Ile Gly Leu Met  
1 5 10

<210> 985

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 985

Arg Glu Arg Met Ser  
1 5

<210> 986

<211> 17

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 986

Ala Lys Glu Arg Leu Glu Ala Lys His Arg Glu Arg Met Ser Gln Val  
1 5 10 15

Met

&lt;210&gt; 987

&lt;211&gt; 43

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 987

Asp Ala Glu Phe Arg His Asp Ser Gly Tyr Glu Val His His Gln Lys  
1 5 10 15Leu Val Phe Phe Ala Glu Asp Val Gly Ser Asn Lys Gly Ala Ile Ile  
20 25 30Gly Leu Met Val Gly Gly Val Val Ile Ala Thr  
35 40

&lt;210&gt; 988

&lt;211&gt; 42

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 988

Asp Ala Glu Phe Arg His Asp Ser Gly Tyr Glu Val His His Gln Lys  
1 5 10 15Leu Val Phe Phe Ala Glu Asp Val Gly Ser Asn Lys Gly Ala Ile Ile  
20 25 30

Gly Leu Met Val Gly Gly Val Val Ile Ala  
35 40

<210> 989

<211> 40

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 989

Asp Ala Glu Phe Arg His Asp Ser Gly Tyr Glu Val His His Gln Lys  
1 5 10 15

Leu Val Phe Phe Ala Glu Asp Val Gly Ser Asn Lys Gly Ala Ile Ile  
20 25 30

Gly Leu Met Val Gly Gly Val Val  
35 40

<210> 990

<211> 11

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 990

Tyr Glu Val His His Gln Lys Leu Val Phe Phe  
1 5 10

<210> 991

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 991

Glu Asp Val Gly Ser Asn Lys Gly Ala Ile Ile Gly Leu Met  
1 5 10

<210> 992

<211> 28

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 992

Asp Ala Glu Phe Arg His Asp Ser Gly Tyr Glu Val His His Gln Lys  
1 5 10 15

Leu Val Phe Phe Ala Glu Asp Val Gly Ser Asn Lys  
20 25

<210> 993

<211> 40

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 993

Val Val Gly Gly Val Met Leu Gly Ile Ile Ala Gly Lys Asn Ser Gly  
1 5 10 15

Val Asp Glu Ala Phe Phe Val Leu Lys Gln His His Val Glu Tyr Gly  
20 25 30

Ser Asp His Arg Phe Glu Ala Asp  
35 40

<210> 994

<211> 42

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic

## Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 994

Asp Ala Glu Phe Gly His Asp Ser Gly Phe Glu Val Arg His Gln Lys  
1 5 10 15

Leu Val Phe Phe Ala Glu Asp Val Gly Ser Asn Lys Gly Ala Ile Ile  
20 25 30

Gly Leu Met Val Gly Gly Val Val Ile Ala  
35 40

&lt;210&gt; 995

&lt;211&gt; 40

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 995

Asp Ala Glu Phe Gly His Asp Ser Gly Phe Glu Val Arg His Gln Lys  
1 5 10 15

Leu Val Phe Phe Ala Glu Asp Val Gly Ser Asn Lys Gly Ala Ile Ile  
20 25 30

Gly Leu Met Val Gly Gly Val Val  
35 40

&lt;210&gt; 996

&lt;211&gt; 11

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 996

Asp Ala Glu Phe Arg His Asp Ser Gly Tyr Glu  
1 5 10

&lt;210&gt; 997

<211> 5  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 997  
Ile Ile Gly Leu Met  
1 5

<210> 998  
<211> 4  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 998  
Ile Gly Leu Met  
1

<210> 999  
<211> 11  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 999  
Met Leu Gly Ile Ile Ala Gly Lys Asn Ser Gly  
1 5 10

<210> 1000  
<211> 15  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic

## Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1000

Asn Trp Cys Lys Arg Gly Arg Lys Gln Cys Lys Thr His Pro His  
1 5 10 15

&lt;210&gt; 1001

&lt;211&gt; 20

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1001

His His Gly Val Val Glu Val Asp Ala Ala Val Thr Pro Glu Glu Arg  
1 5 10 15

His Leu Ser Lys  
20

&lt;210&gt; 1002

&lt;211&gt; 38

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1002

Asp Ala Glu Phe Arg His Asp Ser Gly Tyr Glu Val His His Gln Lys  
1 5 10 15

Leu Val Phe Phe Ala Glu Asp Val Gly Ser Asn Lys Gly Ala Ile Ile  
20 25 30

Gly Leu Met Val Gly Gly  
35

&lt;210&gt; 1003

&lt;211&gt; 28

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence



&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1003

Asp Ala Glu Phe Arg His Asp Ser Gly Tyr Gln Val His His Gln Lys  
1 5 10 15Leu Val Phe Phe Ala Glu Asp Val Gly Ser Asn Lys  
20 25

&lt;210&gt; 1004

&lt;211&gt; 16

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1004

Asp Ala Glu Phe Arg His Asp Ser Gly Tyr Gln Val His His Gln Lys  
1 5 10 15

&lt;210&gt; 1005

&lt;211&gt; 40

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1005

Asp Ala Glu Phe Arg His Asp Ser Gly Tyr Glu Val His His Gln Lys  
1 5 10 15Leu Val Phe Phe Ala Glu Asp Val Gly Ser Asn Lys Gly Ala Ile Ile  
20 25 30Gly Leu Met Val Gly Gly Val Val  
35 40

&lt;210&gt; 1006

<211> 35  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1006

His Asp Ser Gly Tyr Glu Val His His Gln Lys Leu Val Phe Phe Ala  
1 5 10 15

Gln Asp Val Gly Ser Asn Lys Gly Ala Ile Ile Gly Leu Met Val Gly  
20 25 30

Gly Val Val  
35

<210> 1007

<211> 35  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1007

Glu Gln Val Thr Asn Val Gly Gly Ala Val Val Thr Gly Val Thr Ala  
1 5 10 15

Val Ala Gln Lys Thr Val Glu Gly Ala Gly Ser Ile Ala Ala Ala Thr  
20 25 30

Gly Phe Val  
35

<210> 1008

<211> 24  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1008

Leu Val Phe Phe Ala Glu Asp Val Gly Ser Asn Lys Gly Ala Ile Ile  
1 5 10 15

Gly Leu Met Val Gly Gly Val Val  
20

&lt;210&gt; 1009

&lt;211&gt; 11

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1009

Gly Tyr Val Ile Ile Lys Pro Leu Val Trp Val  
1 5 10

&lt;210&gt; 1010

&lt;211&gt; 63

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1010

Arg Leu Glu Lys Arg Asp Val Lys Ala Val Cys Ser Gln Glu Ala Met  
1 5 10 15

Thr Gly Pro Cys Arg Ala Val Met Pro Arg Trp Tyr Phe Asp Leu Ser  
20 25 30

Lys Gly Lys Cys Val Arg Phe Ile Tyr Gly Gly Cys Gly Gly Asn Arg  
35 40 45

Asn Asn Phe Glu Ser Glu Asp Tyr Cys Met Ala Val Cys Lys Ala  
50 55 60

&lt;210&gt; 1011

&lt;211&gt; 39

&lt;212&gt; PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1011

Asn Ser Ser Cys Gly Glu Gly Asn His Leu Pro Thr Thr Pro Cys Tyr  
1 5 10 15

Leu Gln Trp Gly Thr His Arg Glu Phe Leu Arg Arg Phe Ser Ile Trp  
20 25 30

Asn His Gly His Leu His Met  
35

<210> 1012

<211> 39

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1012

Ala Gly Arg Gly Lys Gln Gly Gly Lys Val Arg Ala Lys Ala Lys Thr  
1 5 10 15

Arg Ser Ser Arg Ala Gly Leu Gln Phe Pro Val Gly Arg Val His Arg  
20 25 30

Leu Leu Arg Lys Gly Asn Tyr  
35

<210> 1013

<211> 21

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1013

Thr Arg Ser Ser Arg Ala Gly Leu Gln Phe Pro Val Gly Arg Val His

1 5 10 15

Arg Leu Leu Arg Lys  
20

<210> 1014

<211> 37

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1014

Lys Trp Lys Leu Phe Lys Lys Ile Glu Lys Val Gly Gln Asn Ile Arg  
1 5 10 15

Asp Gly Ile Ile Lys Ala Gly Pro Ala Val Ala Val Val Gly Gln Ala  
20 25 30

Thr Gln Ile Ala Lys  
35

<210> 1015

<211> 32

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1015

Ser Trp Leu Ser Lys Thr Ala Lys Lys Leu Glu Asn Ser Ala Lys Lys  
1 5 10 15

Arg Ile Ser Glu Gly Ile Ala Ile Ala Ile Gln Gly Gly Pro Arg Cys  
20 25 30

<210> 1016

<211> 31

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1016

Gly Ile Met Ser Ile Val Lys Asp Val Ala Lys Asn Ala Ala Lys Gly  
1 5 10 15

Ala Leu Ser Thr Leu Ser Thr Leu Ser Cys Lys Leu Ala Lys Thr  
20 25 30

<210> 1017

<211> 24

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1017

Phe Leu Gly Ala Leu Phe Lys Val Ala Ser Lys Val Leu Pro Ser Val  
1 5 10 15

Lys Cys Ala Ile Thr Lys Lys Cys  
20

<210> 1018

<211> 13

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1018

Ile Leu Pro Trp Lys Trp Pro Trp Trp Pro Trp Arg Arg  
1 5 10

<210> 1019

<211> 18

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1019

Arg Gly Gly Arg Leu Cys Tyr Cys Arg Arg Arg Phe Cys Val Cys Val  
1 5 10 15

Gly Arg

<210> 1020

<211> 18

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1020

Arg Arg Trp Cys Tyr Arg Lys Cys Tyr Lys Gly Tyr Cys Tyr Arg Lys  
1 5 10 15

Cys Arg

<210> 1021

<211> 35

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1021

Arg Trp Lys Ile Phe Lys Lys Ile Glu Lys Val Gly Gln Asn Ile Arg  
1 5 10 15

Asp Gly Ile Val Lys Ala Gly Pro Ala Val Ala Val Val Gly Gln Ala  
20 25 30

Ala Thr Ile  
35

<210> 1022  
<211> 12  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1022  
Arg Leu Cys Arg Ile Val Val Ile Arg Val Cys Arg  
1 5 10

<210> 1023  
<211> 21  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1023  
Thr Arg Ser Ser Arg Ala Gly Leu Gln Phe Pro Val Gly Arg Val His  
1 5 10 15

Arg Leu Leu Arg Lys  
20

<210> 1024  
<211> 14  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1024  
Tyr Pro Pro Gly Pro Leu Ala Pro Pro Gln Pro Phe Gly Pro  
1 5 10



<210> 1025

<211> 22

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1025

Val Asn Pro Gly Val Val Val Arg Ile Ser Gln Lys Gly Leu Asp Tyr  
1 5 10 15

Ala Ser Gln Gln Gly Arg  
20

<210> 1026

<211> 15

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1026

Ala Asp Val Leu Thr Thr Gly Ala Gly Asn Pro Val Gly Asp Lys  
1 5 10 15

<210> 1027

<211> 42

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1027

Met Ala Ala Val Ser Met Ser Val Ala Leu Arg Gln Ala Leu Trp Gly  
1 5 10 15

Arg Arg Val Ala Thr Val Ala Ala Val Ser Val Ser Lys Val Ser Thr  
20 25 30

Arg Ser Leu Ser Thr Ser Thr Trp Arg Leu  
35 40

<210> 1028

<211> 23

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1028

Gly Ile Gly Lys Phe Lys His Ser Ala Gly Lys Phe Gly Lys Ala Phe  
1 5 10 15

Val Gly Glu Ile Met Lys Ser  
20

<210> 1029

<211> 29

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1029

Leu Arg Asp Leu Val Ser Tyr Cys Arg Ala Arg Gly Lys Gly Arg Glu  
1 5 10 15

Arg Met Asn Gly Thr Arg Lys Gly His Leu Leu Tyr Met  
20 25

<210> 1030

<211> 4

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1030

Ser Gln Asn Tyr

1

<210> 1031

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1031

Arg Leu Cys Arg Ile Val Val Ile Arg Val Cys Arg

1

5

10

<210> 1032

<211> 25

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1032

Asn Gln Gly Arg His Phe Cys Gly Gly Ala Leu Ile His Ala Arg Phe

1

5

10

15

Val Met Thr Ala Ala Ser Cys Phe Gln

20

25

<210> 1033

<211> 2

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1033

Pro Phe

1

<210> 1034  
<211> 18  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1034

Cys Asn Leu Ala Val Ala Ala Ala Ser His Ile Tyr Gln Asn Gln Phe  
1 5 10 15

Val Gln

<210> 1035  
<211> 19  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1035

Tyr Arg Val Arg Phe Leu Ala Lys Glu Asn Val Thr Gln Asp Ala Glu  
1 5 10 15

Asp Asn Cys

<210> 1036  
<211> 15  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1036

Lys Trp Lys Leu Phe Lys Lys Ile Gly Ala Val Leu Lys Val Leu  
1 5 10 15

<210> 1037

<211> 35

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1037

Lys Trp Lys Val Phe Lys Lys Ile Glu Lys Met Gly Arg Asn Ile Arg  
1 5 10 15

Asn Gly Ile Val Lys Ala Gly Pro Ala Ile Ala Val Leu Gly Glu Ala  
20 25 30

Lys Ala Leu  
35

<210> 1038

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1038

Thr Tyr Ile Cys Glu Val Glu Asp Gln Lys Glu Glu  
1 5 10

<210> 1039

<211> 29

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1039

Cys Tyr Cys Arg Ile Pro Ala Cys Ile Ala Gly Glu Arg Arg Tyr Gly  
1 5 10 15

Thr Cys Ile Tyr Gln Gly Arg Leu Trp Ala Phe Cys Cys  
20 25

<210> 1040

<211> 34

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1040

Ala Leu Trp Lys Thr Met Leu Lys Lys Leu Gly Thr Met Ala Leu His  
1 5 10 15

Ala Gly Lys Ala Ala Leu Gly Ala Ala Ala Asp Thr Ile Ser Gln Gly  
20 25 30

Thr Gln

<210> 1041

<211> 24

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1041

Gly Val Leu Ser Asn Val Ile Gly Tyr Leu Lys Lys Leu Gly Thr Gly  
1 5 10 15

Ala Leu Asn Ala Val Leu Lys Gln  
20

<210> 1042

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic

## Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1042

Val Glu Pro Ile Pro Tyr

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 1043

&lt;211&gt; 11

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1043

Arg Arg Trp Gln Trp Arg Met Lys Lys Leu Gly

1

5

10

&lt;210&gt; 1044

&lt;211&gt; 21

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1044

Asp Ala Glu Ala Val Gly Pro Glu Ala Phe Ala Asp Gln Asp Leu Asp

1

5

10

15

Glu Arg Glu Val Arg

20

&lt;210&gt; 1045

&lt;211&gt; 7

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1045

Ser Ile Gly Ser Leu Ala Lys  
1 5

<210> 1046

<211> 23

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1046

Gly Ile Gly Lys Phe Leu His Ser Ala Gly Lys Phe Gly Lys Ala Phe  
1 5 10 15

Val Gly Glu Ile Met Lys Ser  
20

<210> 1047

<211> 23

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1047

Gly Ile Gly Lys Phe Leu His Ser Ala Lys Lys Phe Gly Lys Ala Phe  
1 5 10 15

Val Gly Glu Ile Met Asn Ser  
20

<210> 1048

<211> 27

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1048



Tyr Leu Val Leu Phe Phe Tyr Pro Leu Asp Phe Thr Phe Val Cys Pro  
1 5 10 15

Thr Glu Ile Ile Cys Pro Thr Glu Ile Ile Gly  
20 25

<210> 1049

<211> 15

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1049

Leu Val Gln Ala Phe Gln Gly Lys Val Asn Val Phe Leu Gln Phe  
1 5 10 15

<210> 1050

<211> 19

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1050

Gly Leu Phe Ile Ile Asp Tyr Thr Asp Glu Met Gly Glu Val Pro Ala  
1 5 10 15

Gly Gly Lys

<210> 1051

<211> 4

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1051

Asp Glu Val Asp

1

<210> 1052

<211> 4

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1052

Asp Glu Val Asp

1

<210> 1053

<211> 3

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1053

Val Ala Asp

1

<210> 1054

<211> 3

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1054

Val Ala Asp

1

<210> 1055

<211> 27

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1055

Asp Pro Met Ser Ser Thr Tyr Ile Glu Glu Leu Gly Lys Arg Glu Val  
1 5 10 15

Thr Ile Pro Pro Lys Tyr Arg Glu Leu Leu Ala  
20 25

<210> 1056

<211> 4

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1056

Val Ala Asp Met  
1

<210> 1057

<211> 4

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1057

Asp Glu Val Asp  
1

<210> 1058

<211> 20

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1058

Ala Ala Val Ala Leu Leu Pro Ala Val Leu Leu Ala Leu Leu Ala Pro

1

5

10

15

Tyr Val Ala Asp

20

&lt;210&gt; 1059

&lt;211&gt; 7

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1059

Tyr Val Ala Asp Ala Pro Lys

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 1060

&lt;211&gt; 20

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1060

Ala Ala Val Ala Leu Leu Pro Ala Val Leu Leu Ala Leu Leu Ala Pro

1

5

10

15

Asp Glu Val Asp

20

&lt;210&gt; 1061

&lt;211&gt; 4

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1061

Tyr Val Ala Asp

1

<210> 1062

<211> 4

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1062

Tyr Val Ala Asp

1

<210> 1063

<211> 4

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1063

Tyr Val Ala Asp

1

<210> 1064

<211> 2

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1064

Val Phe

1

&lt;210&gt; 1065

&lt;211&gt; 3

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1065

Leu Leu Leu

1

&lt;210&gt; 1066

&lt;211&gt; 4

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1066

Tyr Val Ala Asp

1

&lt;210&gt; 1067

&lt;211&gt; 4

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1067

Val Glu Ile Asp

1

&lt;210&gt; 1068

&lt;211&gt; 1

&lt;212&gt; PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 1068

Asp

1

<210> 1069

<211> 7

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 1069

Asp Glu Val Asp Ala Pro Lys

1

5

<210> 1070

<211> 21

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 1070

Asp Met Phe Ser Asp Gly Asn Phe Asn Trp Val Arg Val Val Ala Leu

1

5

10

15

Phe Tyr Phe Ala Ser

20

<210> 1071

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1071

Ala Asn Arg Leu Phe Gly Glu Lys

1

5

<210> 1072

<211> 19

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1072

Gly Gly Gly Gly Asp Ile His Gln Gly Phe Gln Ser Leu Leu Thr Glu

1

5

10

15

Val Asn Lys

<210> 1073

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1073

Gly Asn Thr Ala Ala Gln Met Ala Gln Ile Leu Ser Phe Asn

1

5

10

<210> 1074

<211> 25

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide



&lt;400&gt; 1074

Gln Gly Leu Trp Leu Met Asn Val Leu Arg Val Gly Trp His His His  
1 5 10 15

Leu Gln Pro Arg Thr Val Pro Glu Asn  
20 25

&lt;210&gt; 1075

&lt;211&gt; 35

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1075

Thr Gly His Gly Gly Pro Gln Phe Val Ala Asp His Pro Phe Leu Phe  
1 5 10 15

Leu Ile Met His Lys Ile Thr Asn Cys Ile Leu Phe Phe Gly Arg Phe  
20 25 30

Ser Ser Pro  
35

&lt;210&gt; 1076

&lt;211&gt; 9

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1076

Ala Pro Arg Leu Arg Phe Tyr Ser Leu  
1 5

&lt;210&gt; 1077

&lt;211&gt; 8

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 1077

Ala Pro Arg Leu Arg Phe Tyr Ser  
1 5

<210> 1078

<211> 7

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 1078

Ala Pro Arg Leu Arg Phe Tyr  
1 5

<210> 1079

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 1079

Arg Leu Arg Phe His  
1 5

<210> 1080

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 1080

Arg Leu Arg Phe Asp  
1 5

<210> 1081  
<211> 23  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1081  
Leu Lys Lys Tyr Lys Val Pro Gln Leu Glu Ile Val Pro Asn Ser Ala  
1 5 10 15  
Glu Glu Arg Leu His Ser Met  
20

<210> 1082  
<211> 13  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1082  
Gln Lys Leu Gly Asn Gln Trp Ala Val Gly His Leu Met  
1 5 10

<210> 1083  
<211> 7  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1083  
Trp Ala Val Gly His Leu Met  
1 5

<210> 1084

<211> 14  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1084  
Glu Gln Arg Leu Gly Asn Gln Trp Ala Val Gly His Leu Met  
1 5 10

<210> 1085  
<211> 14  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1085  
Glu Gln Arg Leu Gly Asn Gln Trp Ala Val Gly His Leu Leu  
1 5 10

<210> 1086  
<211> 8  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1086  
Phe Gln Trp Ala Val Gly His Leu  
1 5

<210> 1087  
<211> 13  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic

## Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1087

Gln Arg Leu Gly Asn Gln Trp Ala Val Gly Phe Leu Met  
1 5 10

&lt;210&gt; 1088

&lt;211&gt; 13

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1088

Gln Arg Leu Gly Asn Gln Trp Ala Val Gly Phe Leu Leu  
1 5 10

&lt;210&gt; 1089

&lt;211&gt; 13

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1089

Gln Arg Tyr Gly Asn Gln Trp Ala Val Gly His Leu Met  
1 5 10

&lt;210&gt; 1090

&lt;211&gt; 13

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1090

Gln Arg Tyr Gly Asn Gln Trp Ala Val Gly Phe Leu Met  
1 5 10

<210> 1091  
<211> 21  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1091  
Met Pro Leu Pro Pro His Pro Gly His Pro Gly Tyr Ile Asn Phe Ser  
1 5 10 15

Tyr Glu Val Leu Thr  
20

<210> 1092  
<211> 6  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1092  
Pro Phe Tyr Gly Pro Val  
1 5

<210> 1093  
<211> 47  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1093  
Tyr Leu Tyr Gln Trp Leu Gly Ala Pro Val Pro Tyr Pro Asp Pro Leu  
1 5 10 15

Glu Pro Arg Arg Val Cys Leu Asn Pro Asp Cys Asp Glu Leu Ala Asp  
20 25 30

His Ile Gly Phe Gln Glu Ala Tyr Arg Arg Phe Tyr Gly Pro Val  
35 40 45

<210> 1094

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1094

Leu Val Val Tyr Pro Trp  
1 5

<210> 1095

<211> 46

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1095

Tyr Leu Tyr Gln Trp Leu Gly Ala Pro Val Pro Tyr Pro Asp Pro Leu  
1 5 10 15

Pro Arg Arg Val Cys Leu Asn Pro Asp Cys Asp Glu Leu Ala Asp His  
20 25 30

Ile Gly Phe Gln Glu Ala Tyr Arg Arg Phe Tyr Gly Pro Val  
35 40 45

<210> 1096

<211> 13

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1096

Gly Phe Gln Glu Ala Tyr Arg Arg Phe Tyr Gly Pro Val  
1 5 10

<210> 1097

<211> 13

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1097

Pro Tyr Gln Glu Ala Phe Arg Arg Phe Phe Gly Pro Val  
1 5 10

<210> 1098

<211> 48

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1098

Val Pro Ile Tyr Glu Lys Lys Tyr Gly Gln Val Pro Met Cys Asp Ala  
1 5 10 15

Gly Glu Gln Cys Ala Val Arg Lys Gly Ala Arg Ile Gly Lys Leu Cys  
20 25 30

Asp Cys Pro Arg Gly Thr Ser Cys Asn Ser Phe Leu Leu Lys Cys Leu  
35 40 45

<210> 1099

<211> 48

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic



## Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1099

Val Pro Ile Tyr Glu Lys Lys Tyr Gly Gln Val Pro Met Cys Asp Ala

1

5

10

15

Gly Glu Gln Cys Ala Val Arg Lys Gly Ala Arg Ile Gly Lys Leu Cys

20

25

30

Asp Cys Pro Arg Gly Thr Ser Cys Asn Ser Phe Leu Leu Lys Cys Leu

35

40

45

&lt;210&gt; 1100

&lt;211&gt; 48

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;223&gt; Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic

Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1100

Val Pro Ile Tyr Glu Lys Lys Tyr Gly Gln Val Pro Met Cys Asp Ala

1

5

10

15

Gly Glu Gln Cys Ala Val Arg Lys Gly Ala Arg Ile Gly Lys Leu Cys

20

25

30

Asp Cys Pro Arg Gly Thr Ser Cys Asn Ser Phe Leu Leu Lys Cys Leu

35

40

45

&lt;210&gt; 1101

&lt;211&gt; 28

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;223&gt; Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic

Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1101

Ala Gly Ala Thr Val Gln Val Thr Leu Asp Gly Val Pro Ala Ala Ala  
1 5 10 15

Pro Gly Gln Pro Ala Gln Leu Gln Leu Asn Ala Thr  
20 25

&lt;210&gt; 1102

&lt;211&gt; 5

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1102

Phe Leu Phe Leu Phe  
1 5

&lt;210&gt; 1103

&lt;211&gt; 30

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1103

Ala Cys Tyr Cys Arg Ile Pro Ala Cys Ile Ala Gly Glu Arg Arg Tyr  
1 5 10 15

Gly Thr Cys Ile Tyr Gln Gly Arg Leu Trp Ala Phe Cys Cys  
20 25 30

&lt;210&gt; 1104

&lt;211&gt; 3

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1104  
Met Leu Phe  
1

<210> 1105  
<211> 4  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1105  
Met Leu Phe Lys  
1

<210> 1106  
<211> 4  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1106  
Met Leu Phe Lys  
1

<210> 1107  
<211> 6  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1107  
Trp His Val Ala Ala Asn  
1 5

<210> 1108

<211> 25  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1108  
Met Leu Thr Glu Leu Glu Lys Ala Leu Asn Ser Ile Ile Asp Val Tyr  
1 5 10 15  
His Lys Tyr Ser Leu Ile Lys Gly Asn  
20 25

<210> 1109  
<211> 19  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1109  
His Trp Asp Thr Thr Gln Ser Leu Lys Gln Leu Glu Glu Arg Ala Ala  
1 5 10 15  
Trp Asn Val

<210> 1110  
<211> 20  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1110  
Gly Pro Val Ser Ala Val Leu Thr Glu Leu Arg Cys Thr Cys Leu Arg  
1 5 10 15  
Val Thr Leu Arg  
20

<210> 1111  
<211> 21  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1111

Ile Gln Arg Thr Pro Lys Ile Gln Val Tyr Ser Arg His Pro Ala Glu  
1 5 10 15

Asn Gly Lys Ser Asn  
20

<210> 1112  
<211> 11  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1112

Arg Glu Gly Ser Tyr Phe Phe Gly Asp Asn Ala  
1 5 10

<210> 1113  
<211> 19  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1113

Tyr Ser Asp Asp Glu Gly Ala Ser Trp Ser Asp Leu Asp Ile Val Ser  
1 5 10 15

Phe Ser Lys

<210> 1114  
<211> 18  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1114

Val	Ala	Arg	Thr	Leu	Leu	Val	Phe	Glu	Val	Gln	Gln	Pro	Phe	Leu	Phe
1				5					10					15	

Val Leu

<210> 1115  
<211> 14  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1115

Asp	Phe	Arg	Phe	Leu	Arg	Cys	Ser	Thr	Arg	Gln	Cys	Trp	Asn
1				5					10				

<210> 1116  
<211> 10  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1116

Cys	Asn	Thr	Gly	Gln	Leu	Cys	Pro	Val	Glu
1				5					10

<210> 1117

<211> 18  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1117  
Ser Val Asp Arg Ser Gly Asn Val His His Gln Phe Gln Lys Leu Thr  
1 5 10 15

Leu Glu

<210> 1118  
<211> 19  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1118  
Leu His Glu Trp Thr Lys Pro Glu Asn Leu Asp Phe Ile Glu Val Asn  
1 5 10 15

Val Leu Pro

<210> 1119  
<211> 29  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1119  
Val Leu Glu Leu Pro Tyr Gln Gly Glu Glu Leu Ser Met Val Ile Leu  
1 5 10 15

Leu Pro Asp Asp Ile Glu Asp Glu Ser Thr Gly Leu Lys  
20 25

<210> 1120  
<211> 19  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1120  
Thr Tyr Gly Ala Asp Leu Ala Ser Val Asp Phe Gln His Ala Ser Glu  
1 5 10 15

Asp Ala Arg

<210> 1121  
<211> 12  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1121  
Glu Arg Pro Pro Leu Gln Gln Pro Pro His Arg Asp  
1 5 10

<210> 1122  
<211> 29  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1122  
Tyr Glu Arg Pro Pro Leu Gln Gln Pro Pro His Arg Asp Lys Lys Pro  
1 5 10 15

Cys Lys Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Ser Ser Cys Lys  
20 25



<210> 1123  
<211> 20  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1123  
Ser Ala Leu Pro Leu Glu Ser Gly Pro Thr Gly Gln Asp Ser Val Gln  
1 5 10 15

Asp Ala Thr Gly  
20

<210> 1124  
<211> 31  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1124  
Thr Gly Leu Leu Thr Phe Leu Ala Trp Trp His Glu Trp Ala Ser Gln  
1 5 10 15

Asp Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala Phe Glu Gly Gly Thr Pro Glu Leu Ser  
20 25 30

<210> 1125  
<211> 4  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1125  
Arg Gly Asp Cys  
1

<210> 1126  
<211> 4  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1126  
Arg Gly Asp Ser  
1

<210> 1127  
<211> 4  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1127  
Arg Gly Asp Val  
1

<210> 1128  
<211> 4  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1128  
Arg Gly Glu Ser  
1

<210> 1129  
<211> 7  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1129

Gly Arg Gly Asp Ser Pro Ala  
1 5

<210> 1130

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1130

Arg Gly Asp Phe Val  
1 5

<210> 1131

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1131

Pro Leu Tyr Lys Lys Ile Ile Lys Lys Leu Leu Ser  
1 5 10

<210> 1132

<211> 49

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1132

Glu Cys Glu Ser Gly Pro Cys Cys Arg Asn Cys Lys Phe Leu Lys Glu  
1 5 10 15

Gly Thr Ile Cys Lys Arg Ala Arg Gly Asp Asp Met Asp Asp Tyr Cys  
20 25 30

Asn Gly Lys Thr Cys Asp Cys Pro Arg Asn Pro His Lys Gly Pro Ala  
35 40 45

Thr

<210> 1133

<211> 7

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1133

Gly Arg Ala Asp Ser Pro Lys  
1 5

<210> 1134

<211> 37

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1134

Phe Asn Lys His Thr Glu Ile Ile Glu Glu Asp Thr Asn Lys Asp Lys  
1 5 10 15

Pro Ser Tyr Gln Phe Gly Gly His Asn Ser Val Asp Phe Glu Glu Asp  
20 25 30

Thr Leu Pro Lys Val  
35

<210> 1135

<211> 16  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1135  
Ala Asp Ser Gly Glu Gly Asp Phe Leu Ala Glu Gly Gly Gly Val Arg  
1 5 10 15

<210> 1136  
<211> 17  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1136  
Tyr Ala Asp Ser Gly Glu Gly Asp Phe Leu Ala Glu Gly Gly Gly Val  
1 5 10 15

Arg

<210> 1137  
<211> 13  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1137  
Gly Val Asn Asp Asn Glu Glu Gly Phe Phe Ser Ala Arg  
1 5 10

<210> 1138  
<211> 14  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1138

Glu Gly Val Asn Asp Asn Glu Glu Gly Phe Phe Ser Ala Arg  
1 5 10

<210> 1139

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1139

Gly Val Asn Asp Asn Glu Glu Gly Phe Phe Ser Ala Arg Tyr  
1 5 10

<210> 1140

<211> 18

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1140

Tyr Glu Lys Pro Gly Ser Pro Pro Arg Glu Val Val Pro Arg Pro Arg  
1 5 10 15

Gly Val

<210> 1141

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic

## Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1141

Trp Gln Pro Pro Arg Ala Arg Ile

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 1142

&lt;211&gt; 5

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1142

Glu Ile Leu Asp Val

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 1143

&lt;211&gt; 8

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1143

Glu Ile Leu Asp Val Pro Ser Thr

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 1144

&lt;211&gt; 6

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1144

Gly Arg Ala Asp Ser Pro

1

5

<210> 1145  
<211> 5  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1145  
Gly Arg Gly Asp Ser  
1 5

<210> 1146  
<211> 6  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1146  
Gly Arg Gly Asp Ser Pro  
1 5

<210> 1147  
<211> 7  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1147  
Gly Arg Gly Asp Ser Pro Cys  
1 5

<210> 1148  
<211> 6  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence



<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1148

Gly Arg Gly Asp Thr Pro  
1 5

<210> 1149

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1149

Gly Arg Gly Glu Ser  
1 5

<210> 1150

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1150

Gly Arg Gly Glu Ser Pro  
1 5

<210> 1151

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1151

Gly Gly Asp Ser Pro

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 1152

&lt;211&gt; 15

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1152

Gly Gln Gln His His Leu Gly Gly Ala Lys Gln Ala Gly Asp Val  
1 5 10 15

&lt;210&gt; 1153

&lt;211&gt; 3

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1153

Gly Pro Arg  
1

&lt;210&gt; 1154

&lt;211&gt; 10

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1154

Gly Arg Gly Asp Ser Pro Ala Ser Ser Lys  
1 5 10

&lt;210&gt; 1155

&lt;211&gt; 9

&lt;212&gt; PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1155

Gly Gly Arg Gly Asp Ser Pro Cys Ala  
1 5

<210> 1156

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1156

Gly Arg Gly Asp Ser Pro  
1 5

<210> 1157

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1157

Gly Arg Gly Asp Asn Pro  
1 5

<210> 1158

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1158

Trp Gln Pro Pro Arg Ala Arg Ile

1

5

<210> 1159

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1159

Tyr Ile Gly Ser Arg

1

5

<210> 1160

<211> 3

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1160

Leu Asp Val

1

<210> 1161

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1161

Leu Asp Val Pro Ser

1

5

<210> 1162

<211> 4  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 1162  
Lys Gly Asp Ser  
1

<210> 1163  
<211> 6  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 1163  
Gly Ala Val Ser Thr Ala  
1 5

<210> 1164  
<211> 6  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 1164  
Trp Thr Val Pro Thr Ala  
1 5

<210> 1165  
<211> 5  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic

## Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1165

Arg Gly Asp Ser Pro

1 5

&lt;210&gt; 1166

&lt;211&gt; 11

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1166

Thr Asp Val Asn Gly Asp Gly Arg His Asp Leu

1 5 10

&lt;210&gt; 1167

&lt;211&gt; 4

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1167

Arg Glu Asp Val

1

&lt;210&gt; 1168

&lt;211&gt; 10

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1168

Arg Gly Asp Ser Pro Ala Ser Ser Lys Pro

1 5 10

<210> 1169  
<211> 4  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1169  
Arg Gly Asp Thr  
1

<210> 1170  
<211> 3  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1170  
Arg Asp Ser  
1

<210> 1171  
<211> 5  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1171  
Ser Asp Gly Arg Gly  
1 5

<210> 1172  
<211> 4  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1172

Ser Asp Gly Arg

1

<210> 1173

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1173

Tyr Arg Gly Asp Ser

1

5

<210> 1174

<211> 42

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1174

Tyr Ala Lys Leu Leu Gly His Gln Asn Leu Lys Gln Lys Ile Lys His

1

5

10

15

Val Val Lys Leu Lys Asp Glu Asn Ser Gln Leu Lys Ser Glu Val Ser

20

25

30

Lys Leu Arg Cys Gln Leu Ala Lys Lys Lys

35

40

<210> 1175

<211> 4

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence



<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1175

Phe Met Arg Phe

1

<210> 1176

<211> 4

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1176

Phe Met Arg Phe

1

<210> 1177

<211> 4

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1177

Phe Met Arg Phe

1

<210> 1178

<211> 4

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1178

Phe Met Arg Phe

1

&lt;210&gt; 1179

&lt;211&gt; 5

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1179

Leu Pro Leu Arg Phe

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 1180

&lt;211&gt; 6

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1180

Tyr Leu Pro Leu Arg Phe

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 1181

&lt;211&gt; 3

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1181

Trp Arg Phe

1

&lt;210&gt; 1182

&lt;211&gt; 5

&lt;212&gt; PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 1182

Tyr Phe Met Arg Phe  
1 5

<210> 1183

<211> 4

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 1183

Tyr Met Arg Phe  
1

<210> 1184

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 1184

Ser Asp Arg Asn Phe Leu Arg Phe  
1 5

<210> 1185

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1185

Ser Asp Arg Asn Phe Leu Arg Phe

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 1186

&lt;211&gt; 6

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1186

Asp Pro Phe Leu Arg Phe

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 1187

&lt;211&gt; 8

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1187

Glu Ile Leu Glu Val Pro Ser Thr

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 1188

&lt;211&gt; 30

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1188

Gly Trp Thr Leu Asn Ser Ala Gly Tyr Leu Leu Gly Pro His Ala Val

1

5

10

15

Gly Asn His Arg Ser Phe Ser Asp Lys Asn Gly Leu Thr Ser

20

25

30

<210> 1189

<211> 19

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1189

Gly Trp Thr Leu Asn Ser Ala Gly Tyr Leu Leu Gly Pro His Ala Val  
1 5 10 15

Gly Asn His

<210> 1190

<211> 30

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1190

Met Ala Arg Gly Ser Ala Leu Leu Leu Ala Ser Leu Leu Leu Ala Ala  
1 5 10 15

Ala Leu Ser Ala Ser Ala Gly Leu Trp Ser Pro Ala Lys Glu  
20 25 30

<210> 1191

<211> 24

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1191

Glu Leu Arg Pro Glu Asp Asp Met Lys Pro Gly Ser Phe Asp Arg Ser  
1 5 10 15

Ile Pro Glu Asn Asn Ile Met Arg  
20

<210> 1192  
<211> 35  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1192  
Thr Ile Ile Glu Phe Leu Ser Phe Leu His Leu Lys Glu Ala Gly Ala  
1 5 10 15  
Leu Asp Arg Leu Leu Asp Leu Pro Ala Ala Ala Ser Ser Glu Asp Ile  
20 25 30

Glu Arg Ser  
35

<210> 1193  
<211> 29  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1193  
Gly Trp Thr Leu Asn Ser Ala Gly Tyr Leu Leu Gly Pro His Ala Ile  
1 5 10 15  
Asp Asn His Arg Ser Phe His Asp Lys Tyr Gly Leu Ala  
20 25

<210> 1194  
<211> 16  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1194

Gly Trp Thr Leu Asn Ser Ala Gly Tyr Leu Leu Gly Pro His Ala Ile  
1 5 10 15

<210> 1195

<211> 29

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1195

Gly Trp Thr Leu Asn Ser Ala Gly Tyr Leu Leu Gly Pro His Ala Ile  
1 5 10 15

Asp Asn His Arg Ser Phe Ser Asp Lys His Gly Leu Thr  
20 25

<210> 1196

<211> 40

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1196

Thr Lys Glu Lys Arg Gly Trp Thr Leu Asn Ser Ala Gly Tyr Leu Leu  
1 5 10 15

Gly Pro His Ala Ile Asp Asn His Arg Ser Phe Ser Asp Lys His Gly  
20 25 30

Leu Thr Gly Lys Arg Glu Leu Pro  
35 40

<210> 1197

<211> 21

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1197

Gly Trp Thr Leu Asn Ser Ala Gly Tyr Leu Leu Gly Pro Pro Pro Gly  
1 5 10 15

Phe Ser Pro Phe Arg  
20

<210> 1198

<211> 20

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1198

Gly Trp Thr Leu Asn Ser Ala Gly Tyr Leu Leu Gly Pro Pro Pro Ala  
1 5 10 15

Leu Ala Leu Ala  
20

<210> 1199

<211> 24

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1199

Gly Trp Thr Leu Asn Ser Ala Gly Tyr Leu Leu Gly Pro Arg Pro Lys  
1 5 10 15

Pro Gln Gln Trp Phe Trp Leu Leu  
20



<210> 1200

<211> 41

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1200

Glu Leu Glu Pro Glu Asp Glu Ala Arg Pro Gly Gly Phe Asp Arg Leu  
1 5 10 15

Gln Ser Glu Asp Lys Ala Ile Arg Thr Ile Met Glu Phe Leu Ala Phe  
20 25 30

Leu His Leu Lys Glu Ala Gly Ala Leu  
35 40

<210> 1201

<211> 26

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1201

Leu Gln Ser Glu Asp Lys Ala Ile Arg Thr Ile Met Glu Phe Leu Ala  
1 5 10 15

Phe Leu His Leu Lys Glu Ala Gly Ala Leu  
20 25

<210> 1202

<211> 17

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1202

Thr Ile Met Glu Phe Leu Ala Phe Leu His Leu Lys Glu Ala Gly Ala

1 5 10 15

Leu

<210> 1203

<211> 20

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1203

Gly Trp Thr Leu Asn Ser Ala Gly Tyr Leu Leu Gly Pro Gln Gln Phe

1 5 10 15

Phe Gly Leu Met

20

<210> 1204

<211> 15

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1204

Gly Trp Thr Leu Asn Thr Ala Trp Trp Leu Leu Gly Pro His Ala

1 5 10 15

<210> 1205

<211> 15

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1205

Gly Trp Thr Leu Asn Thr Ala Trp Trp Leu Leu Gly Pro His Ala

1

5

10

15

&lt;210&gt; 1206

&lt;211&gt; 20

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1206

Gly Trp Thr Leu Asn Ser Ala Gly Tyr Leu Leu Gly Pro Pro Pro Ala  
1 5 10 15Leu Ala Leu Ala  
20

&lt;210&gt; 1207

&lt;211&gt; 24

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1207

Gly Trp Thr Leu Asn Ser Ala Gly Tyr Leu Leu Gly Pro Arg Pro Lys  
1 5 10 15Pro Gln Gln Trp Phe Trp Leu Leu  
20

&lt;210&gt; 1208

&lt;211&gt; 12

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1208

Asp Glu Pro Asn Ser Asp Gln Phe Ile Gly Leu Met

1

5

10

&lt;210&gt; 1209

&lt;211&gt; 120

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1209

Lys Lys Lys Asp Lys Val Lys Lys Gly Gly Pro Gly Ser Glu Cys Ala  
1 5 10 15

Glu Trp Ala Trp Gly Pro Cys Thr Pro Ser Ser Lys Asp Cys Gly Val  
20 25 30

Gly Phe Arg Glu Gly Thr Cys Gly Ala Gln Thr Gln Arg Ile Arg Cys  
35 40 45

Arg Val Pro Cys Asn Trp Lys Lys Glu Phe Gly Ala Asp Cys Lys Lys  
50 55 60

Phe Glu Asn Trp Gly Ala Cys Asp Gly Gly Thr Gly Thr Lys Val Arg  
65 70 75 80

Gln Gly Thr Leu Lys Lys Ala Arg Tyr Asn Ala Gln Cys Gln Glu Thr  
85 90 95

Ile Arg Val Thr Lys Pro Cys Thr Pro Lys Thr Lys Ala Lys Ala Lys  
100 105 110

Ala Lys Lys Gly Lys Gly Lys Asp  
115 120

&lt;210&gt; 1210

&lt;211&gt; 61

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1210

Ala Asp Cys Lys Lys Phe Glu Asn Trp Gly Ala Cys Asp Gly Gly Thr  
1 5 10 15  
Gly Thr Lys Val Arg Gln Gly Thr Leu Lys Lys Ala Arg Tyr Asn Ala  
20 25 30  
Gln Cys Gln Glu Thr Ile Arg Val Thr Lys Pro Cys Thr Pro Lys Thr  
35 40 45  
Lys Ala Lys Ala Lys Ala Lys Lys Gly Lys Gly Lys Asp  
50 55 60

<210> 1211

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1211

Cys His Ser Gly Tyr Val Gly Val Arg Cys  
1 5 10

<210> 1212

<211> 13

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1212

Ala Asn Phe Leu Val Trp Glu Ile Val Arg Lys Lys Pro  
1 5 10

<210> 1213

<211> 50

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic

## Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1213

Val Val Ser His Phe Asn Asp Cys Pro Asp Ser His Thr Gln Phe Cys  
1 5 10 15  
Phe His Gly Thr Cys Arg Phe Leu Val Gln Glu Asp Lys Pro Ala Cys  
20 25 30  
Val Cys His Ser Gly Tyr Val Gly Ala Arg Cys Glu His Ala Asp Leu  
35 40 45  
Leu Ala  
50

&lt;210&gt; 1214

&lt;211&gt; 50

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1214

Val Val Ser His Phe Asn Lys Cys Pro Asp Ser His Thr Gln Tyr Cys  
1 5 10 15  
Phe His Gly Thr Cys Arg Phe Leu Val Gln Glu Glu Lys Pro Ala Cys  
20 25 30  
Val Cys His Ser Gly Tyr Val Gly Val Arg Cys Glu His Ala Asp Leu  
35 40 45  
Leu Ala  
50

&lt;210&gt; 1215

&lt;211&gt; 10

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1215

Cys His Ser Gly Tyr Val Gly Val Arg Cys  
1 5 10

<210> 1216

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1216

Cys His Ser Gly Tyr Val Gly Val Arg Cys  
1 5 10

<210> 1217

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1217

Pro Pro Gly His Phe Lys  
1 5

<210> 1218

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1218

Arg Thr Gly Gln Tyr Lys  
1 5

<210> 1219

<211> 11  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1219  
Phe Asn Leu Pro Leu Gly Asn Tyr Lys Lys Pro  
1 5 10

<210> 1220  
<211> 24  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1220  
Pro Ala Leu Pro Glu Asp Gly Gly Ser Gly Ala Phe Pro Pro Gly His  
1 5 10 15

Phe Lys Asp Pro Lys Arg Leu Tyr  
20

<210> 1221  
<211> 10  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1221  
His Ala Glu Lys His Trp Phe Val Gly Leu  
1 5 10

<210> 1222  
<211> 12  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence



<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1222

Cys Met His Ile Glu Ser Leu Asp Ser Tyr Thr Cys  
1 5 10

<210> 1223

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1223

Asp Val Val Asp Ala Asp Glu Tyr Leu Ile Pro Gln  
1 5 10

<210> 1224

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1224

Cys Tyr Ala Ala Pro Leu Lys Pro Ala Lys Ser Cys  
1 5 10

<210> 1225

<211> 18

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1225

Tyr Phe Asn Lys Pro Thr Gly Tyr Gly Ser Ser Ser Arg Arg Ala Pro  
1 5 10 15

Gln Thr

<210> 1226

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1226

Ala Leu Leu Glu Thr Tyr Cys Ala Thr Pro Ala Lys Ser Glu  
1 5 10

<210> 1227

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1227

Gly Tyr Gly Ser Ser Ser Arg Arg Ala Pro Gln Thr  
1 5 10

<210> 1228

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1228

Ser Arg Val Ser Arg Arg Ser Arg  
1 5

<210> 1229  
<211> 9  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1229

Tyr Ser Arg Val Ser Arg Arg Ser Arg  
1 5

<210> 1230  
<211> 3  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1230

Gly His Lys  
1

<210> 1231  
<211> 22  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1231

Ser Val Arg Val Glu Gln Val Val Lys Pro Pro Gln Asp Lys Thr Glu  
1 5 10 15

Ser Glu Asn Thr Ser Asp  
20

<210> 1232  
<211> 24

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1232

Gly	Lys	Lys	Glu	Lys	Pro	Glu	Lys	Lys	Val	Lys	Lys	Ser	Asp	Cys	Gly
1				5					10					15	

Glu	Trp	Gln	Trp	Ser	Val	Cys	Val
							20

<210> 1233

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1233

Ser	Phe	Leu	Pro	Ser	Ser
1				5	

<210> 1234

<211> 15

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1234

Ser	Ala	Gln	Thr	Asn	Arg	His	Ile	Leu	Arg	Phe	Asn	Arg	Pro	Phe
1				5					10					15

<210> 1235

<211> 18

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1235

Ile Pro Val Lys Gln Ala Val His Gly Gln Phe Leu Leu Pro Lys Gln  
1 5 10 15

Glu Lys

<210> 1236

<211> 18

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1236

Leu Ala Gly Glu Thr Gly Gln Glu Ala Ala Pro Leu Asp Gly Val Leu  
1 5 10 15

Ala Asn

<210> 1237

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1237

Ala Leu Lys Arg Gln Gly Arg Thr Leu Tyr Gly Phe Gly Gly  
1 5 10

<210> 1238

<211> 30

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1238

Gly Met Asp Val Leu Gly Arg Pro Lys Ile Pro Leu Glu Thr Pro Ala  
1 5 10 15Tyr Thr Gly Gln Pro Trp His Cys Gln His Cys Phe Leu Leu  
20 25 30

&lt;210&gt; 1239

&lt;211&gt; 43

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1239

Met Asn Thr Ile Thr Ile Cys Lys Phe Asp Val Leu Asp Ala Glu Leu  
1 5 10 15Leu Ser Thr Val Glu Gly Gly Tyr Ser Gly Lys Asp Cys Leu Lys Asp  
20 25 30Met Gly Gly Tyr Ala Leu Ala Gly Ala Gly Ser  
35 40

&lt;210&gt; 1240

&lt;211&gt; 38

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1240

Gly Ala Asp Lys Thr Val Lys Gly Pro Asp Gly Leu Thr Ala Leu Glu  
1 5 10 15Ala Thr Asp Asn Gln Ala Ile Asp Tyr Gly Gly Phe Met Glu Val Val  
20 25 30

Tyr Val Asp Ala Thr Lys

35

<210> 1241

<211> 16

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1241

Cys	Lys	Gln	Leu	Gln	Arg	Asp	Arg	Gln	Val	Tyr	Arg	Ala	Thr	His	Arg
1				5				10						15	

<210> 1242

<211> 17

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1242

Cys	Glu	Gly	Asn	Val	Arg	Val	Ser	Arg	Glu	Leu	Ala	Gly	His	Thr	Gly
1				5				10					15		

Tyr

<210> 1243

<211> 16

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1243

Cys	Gly	Ala	Gly	Glu	Ser	Gly	Lys	Ser	Thr	Ile	Val	Lys	Gln	Met	Lys
1				5			10						15		

<210> 1244  
<211> 15  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1244  
Cys Asn Leu Lys Glu Asp Gly Ile Ser Ala Ala Lys Asp Val Lys  
1 5 10 15

<210> 1245  
<211> 16  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1245  
Cys Lys Gln Leu Gln Lys Asp Lys Gln Val Tyr Arg Ala Thr His Arg  
1 5 10 15

<210> 1246  
<211> 11  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1246  
Glu Glu Gln Gly Met Leu Pro Glu Asp Leu Ser  
1 5 10

<210> 1247  
<211> 15  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence



<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1247

Pro Gly Thr Cys Glu Ile Cys Ala Tyr Ala Ala Cys Thr Gly Cys  
1 5 10 15

<210> 1248

<211> 15

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1248

Pro Asn Thr Cys Glu Ile Cys Ala Tyr Ala Ala Cys Thr Gly Cys  
1 5 10 15

<210> 1249

<211> 16

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1249

Asn Asp Asp Cys Glu Leu Cys Val Asn Val Ala Cys Thr Gly Cys Leu  
1 5 10 15

<210> 1250

<211> 32

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1250

Ser Thr Pro Leu Met Ser Trp Pro Trp Ser Pro Ser Ala Leu Arg Leu

1 5 10 15

Leu Gln Arg Pro Pro Glu Glu Pro Ala Ala His Ala Asn Cys His Arg  
20 25 30

<210> 1251

<211> 33

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1251

Tyr Ser Thr Pro Leu Met Ser Trp Pro Trp Ser Pro Ser Ala Leu Arg  
1 5 10 15

Leu Leu Gln Arg Pro Pro Glu Glu Pro Ala Ala His Ala Asn Cys His  
20 25 30

Arg

<210> 1252

<211> 31

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1252

His Asn Lys Gln Glu Gly Arg Asp His Asp Lys Ser Lys Gly His Phe  
1 5 10 15

His Arg Val Val Ile His His Lys Gly Gly Lys Ala His Arg Gly  
20 25 30

<210> 1253

<211> 32

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1253

Tyr His Asn Lys Gln Glu Gly Arg Asp His Asp Lys Ser Lys Gly His  
1 5 10 15

Phe His Arg Val Val Ile His His Lys Gly Gly Lys Ala His Arg Gly  
20 25 30

<210> 1254

<211> 32

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1254

Ser Thr Ala Pro Leu Pro Trp Pro Trp Ser Pro Ala Ala Leu Arg Leu  
1 5 10 15

Leu Gln Arg Pro Pro Glu Glu Pro Ala Val His Ala Asp Cys His Arg  
20 25 30

<210> 1255

<211> 33

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1255

Tyr Ser Thr Ala Pro Leu Pro Trp Pro Trp Ser Pro Ala Ala Leu Arg  
1 5 10 15

Leu Leu Gln Arg Pro Pro Glu Glu Pro Ala Val His Ala Asp Cys His  
20 25 30

Arg

<210> 1256

<211> 17

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1256

Val Gln Gly Glu Thr Ser Asn Asp Lys Ile Pro Val Ala Leu Gly Leu  
1 5 10 15

Lys

<210> 1257

<211> 72

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1257

Ala Pro Val Ala Asn Glu Leu Arg Cys Gln Cys Leu Gln Thr Val Ala  
1 5 10 15

Gly Ile His Phe Lys Asn Ile Gln Ser Leu Lys Val Met Pro Pro Gly  
20 25 30

Pro His Cys Thr Gln Thr Glu Val Ile Ala Thr Leu Lys Asn Gly Arg  
35 40 45

Glu Ala Cys Leu Asp Pro Glu Ala Pro Met Val Gln Lys Ile Val Gln  
50 55 60

Lys Met Leu Lys Gly Val Pro Lys  
65 70

<210> 1258

<211> 9

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1258

Val Gln Gly Glu Glu Ser Asn Asp Lys

1

5

<210> 1259

<211> 13

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1259

Ile Leu Asn Gly Ile Asn Asn Tyr Lys Asn Pro Lys Leu

1

5

10

<210> 1260

<211> 22

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1260

Phe Val Gln Gly Glu Ala Ile Pro Met Ser Ile Pro Pro Glu Asp Lys

1

5

10

15

Ile Pro Val Ala Leu Gly

20

<210> 1261  
<211> 13  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1261

Ala Pro Val Pro Pro Gly Glu Asp Ser Lys Asp Val Ala  
1 5 10

<210> 1262  
<211> 21  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1262

Met Val Lys Gln Ile Glu Ser Lys Thr Ala Phe Gln Glu Ala Leu Asp  
1 5 10 15

Ala Ala Gly Asp Lys  
20

<210> 1263  
<211> 10  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1263

Ala Tyr Val His Asp Ala Pro Val Arg Ser  
1 5 10

<210> 1264

<211> 7

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 1264

Pro Arg Lys Leu Tyr Asp Lys

1

5

<210> 1265

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 1265

Tyr Thr Thr Asn Pro Arg Lys Leu Tyr Asp Tyr Lys

1

5

10

<210> 1266

<211> 24

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 1266

Arg Asn Pro Asp Gly Asp Val Gly Gly Pro Trp Ala Tyr Thr Thr Asn

1

5

10

15

Pro Arg Lys Leu Tyr Asp Tyr Lys

20

<210> 1267

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1267

Arg Asn Pro Asp Gly Asp Val Gly Gly Pro Trp Lys  
1 5 10

<210> 1268

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1268

Pro Arg Lys Leu Tyr Asp Tyr Lys  
1 5

<210> 1269

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1269

Tyr Thr Thr Asn Pro Arg Lys Leu Tyr Asp Tyr Lys  
1 5 10

<210> 1270

<211> 11

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1270



Tyr Thr Thr Asn Pro Arg Lys Leu Tyr Asp Tyr  
1 5 10

<210> 1271

<211> 24

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1271

Arg Asn Pro Asp Gly Asp Val Gly Gly Pro Trp Ala Tyr Thr Thr Asn  
1 5 10 15

Pro Arg Lys Leu Tyr Asp Tyr Lys  
20

<210> 1272

<211> 23

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1272

Arg Asn Pro Asp Gly Asp Val Gly Gly Pro Trp Ala Tyr Thr Thr Asn  
1 5 10 15

Pro Arg Lys Leu Tyr Asp Tyr  
20

<210> 1273

<211> 7

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1273

Arg Lys Leu Tyr Asp Tyr Lys  
1 5

<210> 1274

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1274

Arg Lys Leu Tyr Asp Tyr  
1 5

<210> 1275

<211> 7

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1275

Pro Arg Lys Leu Tyr Asp Lys  
1 5

<210> 1276

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1276

Pro Arg Lys Leu Tyr Asp  
1 5

<210> 1277

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 1277

Pro Arg Lys Leu Tyr Asp Tyr Lys

1

5

<210> 1278

<211> 4

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 1278

Asp Gly Glu Ala

1

<210> 1279

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 1279

Leu Gly Thr Ile Pro Gly

1

5

<210> 1280

<211> 23

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1280

Asn Ile Ser Ser Glu Glu Lys Ala Ser Trp Thr Arg Pro Glu Lys Gln  
1 5 10 15

Glu Thr Leu Asp Gly His Met  
20

&lt;210&gt; 1281

&lt;211&gt; 17

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1281

Phe Asn Leu Asp Val Arg Phe Leu Val Val Lys Glu Ala Val Asn Pro  
1 5 10 15

Gly

&lt;210&gt; 1282

&lt;211&gt; 17

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1282

Ala Pro Arg Gln Arg Gln Thr Leu Val Leu Phe Pro Gly Asp Leu Arg  
1 5 10 15

Thr

&lt;210&gt; 1283

&lt;211&gt; 24

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1283

Cys	Ser	Cys	Ser	Pro	Val	His	Pro	Gln	Gln	Ala	Phe	Cys	Asn	Ala	Asp
1				5				10					15		

Val	Val	Ile	Arg	Ala	Lys	Ala	Val
					20		

&lt;210&gt; 1284

&lt;211&gt; 24

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1284

Cys	Ser	Cys	Ser	Pro	Val	His	Pro	Gln	Gln	Ala	Phe	Cys	Asn	Ala	Asp
1				5				10					15		

Val	Val	Ile	Arg	Ala	Lys	Ala	Val
					20		

&lt;210&gt; 1285

&lt;211&gt; 13

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1285

Asn	Val	Ile	Gln	Ile	Ser	Asn	Asp	Leu	Glu	Asn	Leu	Arg
1				5				10				

&lt;210&gt; 1286

&lt;211&gt; 35

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1286

Val Pro Ile Gln Lys Val Gln Asp Asp Thr Lys Thr Leu Ile Lys Thr  
1 5 10 15Ile Val Thr Arg Ile Asn Asp Ile Ser His Thr Gln Ser Val Ser Ser  
20 25 30Lys Gln Lys  
35

&lt;210&gt; 1287

&lt;211&gt; 15

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1287

Tyr Lys Val Gln Asp Asp Thr Lys Thr Leu Ile Lys Thr Ile Val  
1 5 10 15

&lt;210&gt; 1288

&lt;211&gt; 15

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1288

Ser Cys Ser Leu Pro Gln Thr Ser Gly Leu Gln Lys Pro Glu Ser  
1 5 10 15

&lt;210&gt; 1289

&lt;211&gt; 10

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1289

Glu Asp Val Asp His Val Phe Leu Arg Phe  
1 5 10

<210> 1290

<211> 7

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1290

Thr Ser Phe Thr Pro Arg Leu  
1 5

<210> 1291

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1291

Asp Pro Ala Phe Asn Ser Trp Gly  
1 5

<210> 1292

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1292

Asp Pro Gly Phe Ser Ser Trp Gly

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 1293

&lt;211&gt; 8

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1293

Asp Gln Gly Phe Asn Ser Trp Gly

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 1294

&lt;211&gt; 8

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1294

Asp Ala Ser Phe His Ser Trp Gly

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 1295

&lt;211&gt; 8

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1295

Gly Ser Gly Phe Ser Ser Trp Gly

1

5

&lt;210&gt; 1296

&lt;211&gt; 8

&lt;212&gt; PRT



<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 1296

Asp Pro Ala Phe Ser Ser Trp Gly  
1 5

<210> 1297

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 1297

Gly Ala Ser Phe Tyr Ser Trp Gly  
1 5

<210> 1298

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 1298

Ile Ile Gly Gly Arg Glu Ser Arg Pro His  
1 5 10

<210> 1299

<211> 38

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1299

His Ser Asp Gly Ile Phe Thr Asp Ser Tyr Ser Arg Tyr Arg Lys Gln  
1 5 10 15

Met Ala Val Lys Lys Tyr Leu Ala Ala Val Leu Gly Lys Arg Tyr Lys  
20 25 30

Gln Arg Val Lys Asn Lys  
35

&lt;210&gt; 1300

&lt;211&gt; 30

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1300

His Ser Asp Gly Ile Phe Thr Asp Ser Tyr Ser Arg Tyr Arg Arg Gln  
1 5 10 15

Leu Ala Val Arg Arg Tyr Leu Ala Ala Val Leu Gly Lys Arg  
20 25 30

&lt;210&gt; 1301

&lt;211&gt; 21

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1301

Phe Thr Asp Ser Tyr Ser Arg Tyr Arg Lys Met Ala Val Lys Lys Tyr  
1 5 10 15

Leu Ala Ala Val Leu  
20

&lt;210&gt; 1302

&lt;211&gt; 38

&lt;212&gt; PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1302

His Ser Asp Gly Ile Phe Thr Asp Ser Tyr Ser Arg Tyr Arg Lys Gln  
1 5 10 15

Met Ala Val Lys Lys Tyr Leu Ala Ala Val Leu Gly Lys Arg Tyr Lys  
20 25 30

Gln Arg Ile Lys Asn Lys  
35

<210> 1303

<211> 27

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1303

His Ser Asp Gly Ile Phe Thr Asp Ser Tyr Ser Arg Tyr Arg Lys Gln  
1 5 10 15

Met Ala Val Lys Lys Tyr Leu Ala Ala Val Leu  
20 25

<210> 1304

<211> 22

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1304

Phe Thr Asp Ser Tyr Ser Arg Tyr Arg Lys Gln Met Ala Val Lys Lys  
1 5 10 15

Tyr Leu Ala Ala Val Leu

20

&lt;210&gt; 1305

&lt;211&gt; 38

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1305

His	Ser	Asp	Gly	Ile	Phe	Thr	Asp	Ser	Tyr	Ser	Arg	Tyr	Arg	Lys	Gln
1				5				10					15		

Met	Ala	Val	Lys	Lys	Tyr	Leu	Ala	Ala	Val	Leu	Gly	Lys	Arg	Tyr	Lys
			20				25					30			

Gln	Arg	Val	Lys	Asn	Lys
			35		

&lt;210&gt; 1306

&lt;211&gt; 33

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1306

Phe	Thr	Asp	Ser	Tyr	Ser	Arg	Tyr	Arg	Lys	Gln	Met	Ala	Val	Lys	Lys
1				5				10					15		

Tyr	Leu	Ala	Ala	Val	Leu	Gly	Lys	Arg	Tyr	Lys	Gln	Arg	Val	Lys	Asn
			20				25				30				

Lys

&lt;210&gt; 1307

&lt;211&gt; 23

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1307

Gln Met Ala Val Lys Lys Tyr Leu Ala Ala Val Leu Gly Lys Arg Tyr  
1 5 10 15

Lys Gln Arg Val Lys Asn Lys  
20

<210> 1308

<211> 11

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1308

Gly Lys Arg Tyr Lys Gln Arg Val Lys Asn Lys  
1 5 10

<210> 1309

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1309

Tyr Lys Gln Arg Val Lys Asn Lys  
1 5

<210> 1310

<211> 29

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1310

Asp Val Ala His Gly Ile Leu Asn Glu Ala Tyr Arg Lys Val Leu Asp  
1 5 10 15

Gln Leu Ser Ala Gly Lys His Leu Gln Ser Leu Val Ala  
20 25

&lt;210&gt; 1311

&lt;211&gt; 29

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1311

Asp Val Ala His Glu Ile Leu Asn Glu Ala Tyr Arg Lys Val Leu Asp  
1 5 10 15

Gln Leu Ser Ala Arg Lys Tyr Leu Gln Ser Met Val Ala  
20 25

&lt;210&gt; 1312

&lt;211&gt; 20

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1312

Ser Asp Glu Asp Ser Asp Gly Asp Arg Pro Gln Ala Ser Pro Gly Leu  
1 5 10 15

Gly Pro Gly Pro  
20

&lt;210&gt; 1313

&lt;211&gt; 52

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1313

Gly Glu Ser Arg Ser Glu Ala Leu Ala Val Asp Gly Ala Gly Lys Pro  
1 5 10 15Gly Ala Glu Glu Ala Gln Asp Pro Glu Gly Lys Gly Glu Gln Glu His  
20 25 30Ser Gln Gln Lys Glu Glu Glu Glu Glu Met Ala Val Val Pro Gln Gly  
35 40 45Leu Phe Arg Gly  
50

&lt;210&gt; 1314

&lt;211&gt; 29

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1314

Pro Glu Gly Lys Gly Glu Gln Glu His Ser Gln Gln Lys Glu Glu Glu  
1 5 10 15Glu Glu Met Ala Val Val Pro Gln Gly Leu Phe Arg Gly  
20 25

&lt;210&gt; 1315

&lt;211&gt; 16

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1315

Glu Glu Glu Glu Glu Met Ala Val Val Pro Gln Gly Leu Phe Arg Gly  
1 5 10 15

<210> 1316

<211> 49

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1316

Gly Trp Pro Gln Ala Pro Ala Met Asp Gly Ala Gly Lys Thr Gly Ala  
1 5 10 15

Glu Glu Ala Gln Pro Pro Glu Gly Lys Gly Ala Arg Glu His Ser Arg  
20 25 30

Gln Glu Glu Glu Glu Thr Ala Gly Ala Pro Gln Gly Leu Phe Arg  
35 40 45

Gly

<210> 1317

<211> 48

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1317

Gly Trp Pro Gln Ala Pro Ala Asp Gly Ala Gly Lys Thr Gly Ala Glu  
1 5 10 15

Glu Ala Gln Pro Pro Glu Gly Lys Gly Ala Arg Glu His Ser Arg Gln  
20 25 30

Glu Glu Glu Glu Glu Thr Ala Gly Ala Pro Gln Gly Leu Phe Arg Gly  
35 40 45

<210> 1318



<211> 49

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1318

Tyr Gly Trp Pro Gln Ala Pro Ala Asp Gly Ala Gly Lys Thr Gly Ala  
1 5 10 15

Glu Glu Ala Gln Pro Pro Glu Gly Lys Gly Ala Arg Glu His Ser Arg  
20 25 30

Gln Glu Glu Glu Glu Glu Thr Ala Gly Ala Pro Gln Gly Leu Phe Arg  
35 40 45

Gly

<210> 1319

<211> 50

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1319

Tyr Gly Trp Pro Gln Ala Pro Ala Met Asp Gly Ala Gly Lys Thr Gly  
1 5 10 15

Ala Glu Glu Ala Gln Pro Pro Glu Gly Lys Gly Ala Arg Glu His Ser  
20 25 30

Arg Gln Glu Glu Glu Glu Glu Thr Ala Gly Ala Pro Gln Gly Leu Phe  
35 40 45

Arg Gly  
50

<210> 1320

<211> 19

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1320

Leu Ser Phe Arg Ala Pro Ala Tyr Gly Phe Arg Gly Pro Gly Leu Gln  
1 5 10 15

Leu Arg Arg

<210> 1321

<211> 51

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1321

Asp Asp Gly Gln Ser Glu Ser Gln Ala Val Asn Gly Lys Thr Gly Ala  
1 5 10 15

Ser Glu Ala Val Pro Ser Glu Gly Lys Gly Glu Leu Glu His Ser Gln  
20 25 30

Gln Glu Glu Asp Gly Glu Glu Ala Met Ala Gly Pro Pro Gln Gly Leu  
35 40 45

Phe Pro Gly  
50

<210> 1322

<211> 52

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1322

Tyr Asp Asp Gly Gln Ser Glu Ser Gln Ala Val Asn Gly Lys Thr Gly

1                      5                      10                      15  
Ala Ser Glu Ala Val Pro Ser Glu Gly Lys Gly Glu Leu Glu His Ser  
                    20                      25                      30  
Gln Gln Glu Glu Asp Gly Glu Glu Ala Met Ala Gly Pro Pro Gln Gly  
                    35                      40                      45  
Leu Phe Pro Gly  
                    50

&lt;210&gt; 1323

&lt;211&gt; 26

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1323

Gly Glu Leu Glu His Ser Gln Gln Glu Glu Asp Gly Glu Glu Ala Met  
1                      5                      10                      15

Ala Gly Pro Pro Gln Gly Leu Phe Pro Gly  
                    20                      25

&lt;210&gt; 1324

&lt;211&gt; 17

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1324

Gln Glu Glu Glu Glu Glu Thr Ala Gly Ala Pro Gln Gly Leu Phe Arg  
1                      5                      10                      15

Gly

&lt;210&gt; 1325

&lt;211&gt; 2

<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1325

Pro Gly

1

<210> 1326

<211> 1

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1326

Lys

1

<210> 1327

<211> 4

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1327

Gly Phe Ala Asp

1

<210> 1328

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1328

Asp Tyr Val Pro Met Leu

1

5

<210> 1329

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1329

Asp Tyr Val Pro Met Leu

1

5

<210> 1330

<211> 11

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1330

Gln Lys Arg Pro Ser Gln Arg Ser Lys Tyr Leu

1

5

10

<210> 1331

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1331

Pro Leu Ser Arg Thr Leu Ser Val Ala Ala Lys Lys

1

5

10

<210> 1332  
<211> 14  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1332  
Ala Arg Arg Pro Glu Gly Arg Thr Trp Ala Gln Pro Gly Tyr  
1 5 10

<210> 1333  
<211> 6  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1333  
Arg Gly Tyr Ser Leu Gly  
1 5

<210> 1334  
<211> 13  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1334  
Lys Lys Ala Leu Arg Arg Gln Glu Ala Val Asp Ala Leu  
1 5 10

<210> 1335  
<211> 25  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1335

Ile Thr Ser Phe Glu Glu Ala Lys Gly Leu Asp Arg Ile Asn Glu Arg  
1 5 10 15

Met Pro Pro Arg Arg Asp Ala Met Pro  
20 25

<210> 1336

<211> 20

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1336

Leu Lys Lys Phe Asn Ala Arg Arg Lys Leu Lys Gly Ala Ile Leu Thr  
1 5 10 15

Thr Met Leu Ala  
20

<210> 1337

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1337

Pro Leu Ser Arg Thr Leu Ser Val Ser Ser  
1 5 10

<210> 1338

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1338

Pro Leu Arg Arg Thr Leu Ser Val Ala Ala  
1 5 10

<210> 1339

<211> 17

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1339

Leu Gln Asn Arg Arg Gly Leu Asp Leu Leu Phe Leu Lys Glu Gly Gly  
1 5 10 15

Leu

<210> 1340

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1340

Cys Leu Arg Arg Ala Ser Leu Gly  
1 5

<210> 1341

<211> 7

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide



<400> 1341

Phe Lys Lys Ser Phe Lys Leu

1

5

<210> 1342

<211> 13

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1342

Lys Lys Ala Leu His Arg Gln Glu Thr Val Asp Ala Leu

1

5

10

<210> 1343

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1343

Lys Arg Thr Leu Arg Arg

1

5

<210> 1344

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1344

Arg Thr Lys Arg Ser Gly Ser Val Tyr Glu Pro Leu Lys Ile

1

5

10

<210> 1345

<211> 26  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1345  
Gly Ile Gly Ala Val Leu Lys Val Leu Thr Thr Gly Leu Pro Ala Leu  
1 5 10 15  
Ile Ser Trp Ile Lys Arg Lys Arg Gln Gln  
20 25

<210> 1346  
<211> 9  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1346  
Arg Arg Lys Ala Ser Gly Pro Pro Val  
1 5

<210> 1347  
<211> 17  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1347  
Arg Phe Ala Arg Lys Gly Ala Leu Arg Gln Lys Asn Val His Glu Val  
1 5 10 15

Lys

<210> 1348

<211> 18  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1348  
Arg Phe Ala Arg Lys Gly Ala Leu Glu Gln Lys Asn Val His Glu Val  
1 5 10 15

Lys Asn

<210> 1349  
<211> 14  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1349  
Ser Phe Val Asn Ser Glu Phe Leu Lys Pro Glu Val Lys Ser  
1 5 10

<210> 1350  
<211> 11  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1350  
Ser Tyr Thr Asn Pro Glu Phe Val Ile Asn Val  
1 5 10

<210> 1351  
<211> 15  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1351

Ala Gly Asn Lys Val Ile Ser Pro Ser Glu Asp Arg Arg Gln Cys  
1 5 10 15

&lt;210&gt; 1352

&lt;211&gt; 18

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1352

Gly Pro Lys Thr Pro Glu Glu Lys Thr Ala Asn Thr Ile Ser Lys Phe  
1 5 10 15

Asp Cys

&lt;210&gt; 1353

&lt;211&gt; 29

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1353

Leu Leu Tyr Glu Met Leu Ala Gly Gln Ala Pro Phe Glu Gly Glu Asp  
1 5 10 15Glu Asp Glu Leu Phe Gln Ser Ile Met Glu His Asn Val  
20 25

&lt;210&gt; 1354

&lt;211&gt; 14

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1354

Asn Tyr Pro Leu Glu Leu Tyr Glu Arg Val Arg Thr Gly Cys  
1 5 10

<210> 1355

<211> 9

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1355

Val Arg Lys Arg Thr Leu Arg Arg Leu  
1 5

<210> 1356

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1356

Cys Asp Asn Gln Ile Lys Lys Met  
1 5

<210> 1357

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1357

Ile Tyr Gly Glu Phe

1 5

<210> 1358

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1358

Ile Tyr Gly Glu Phe

1 5

<210> 1359

<211> 17

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1359

Thr Tyr Ala Asp Phe Ile Ala Ser Gly Arg Thr Gly Arg Arg Asn Ala

1 5 10 15

Ile

<210> 1360

<211> 11

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1360

Gln Lys Arg Pro Ser Gln Arg Ser Lys Tyr Leu

1 5 10

<210> 1361  
<211> 9  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1361  
Arg Arg Glu Glu Glu Thr Glu Glu Glu  
1 5

<210> 1362  
<211> 7  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1362  
Arg Arg Lys Ala Ser Gly Pro  
1 5

<210> 1363  
<211> 13  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1363  
Arg Arg Leu Ile Glu Asp Asn Glu Tyr Thr Ala Arg Gly  
1 5 10

<210> 1364  
<211> 15  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1364

Pro Leu Ala Arg Thr Leu Ser Val Ala Gly Leu Pro Gly Lys Lys  
1 5 10 15

&lt;210&gt; 1365

&lt;211&gt; 32

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1365

Lys Glu Ala Lys Glu Lys Arg Gln Glu Gln Ile Ala Lys Arg Arg Arg  
1 5 10 15

Leu Ser Ser Leu Arg Ala Ser Thr Ser Lys Ser Gly Gly Ser Gln Lys  
20 25 30

&lt;210&gt; 1366

&lt;211&gt; 20

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1366

Tyr Ser Phe Val His His Gly Phe Phe Asn Phe Arg Val Ser Trp Arg  
1 5 10 15

Glu Met Leu Ala  
20

&lt;210&gt; 1367

&lt;211&gt; 21



<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1367

Val Ala Pro Ser Asp Ser Ile Gln Ala Glu Glu Trp Tyr Phe Gly Lys  
1 5 10 15

Ile Thr Arg Arg Glu  
20

<210> 1368

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1368

His Arg His Phe Leu Arg  
1 5

<210> 1369

<211> 25

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1369

Arg Cys Leu Gly Thr Val Gln Gly Gln Phe Pro Leu Cys Tyr His Phe  
1 5 10 15

Leu Ser Ala Pro Gly Arg Phe Gln Glu  
20 25

<210> 1370

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1370

Met Tyr Ser Asn Val Ile Gly Thr Val Thr Ser Gly Lys Arg  
1 5 10

<210> 1371

<211> 25

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1371

Phe Tyr Lys Ala Asp Gly Val Val Phe Ser Ile Tyr Asp Val Pro Gly  
1 5 10 15

Arg Gln Val Pro Leu Ser Ala Arg Gly  
20 25

<210> 1372

<211> 20

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1372

Trp Ser Pro Gln Glu Glu Asp Arg Ile Ile Glu Gly Gly Ile Tyr Asp  
1 5 10 15

Ala Asp Leu Asn  
20

<210> 1373

<211> 20

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1373

Val Ser Ser Ala Glu Gly Trp His Gly Asn Val Thr Leu Asn Ile Arg  
1 5 10 15

Pro Ser Thr Gly  
20

<210> 1374

<211> 11

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1374

Cys Ser Pro Cys His Ala Met Lys Met Asn Ile  
1 5 10

<210> 1375

<211> 27

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1375

Glu Val Ser Phe Leu Asn Cys Ser Leu Asp Asn Gly Gly Cys Thr Pro  
1 5 10 15

Leu Leu Pro Arg Gly Gly Gly Leu Ala Ala Leu  
20 25

<210> 1376

<211> 33

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1376

Met Ala Pro Glu Glu Ile Ile Met Asp Arg Pro Phe Leu Phe Val Val  
1 5 10 15

Arg His Asn Pro Thr Gly Thr Val Leu Phe Met Gly Gln Val Met Glu  
20 25 30

Pro

<210> 1377

<211> 36

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1377

Cys Glu Asn Gly Gly Phe Cys Ser Gly Val Cys His Asn Leu Pro Gly  
1 5 10 15

Thr Phe Glu Cys Ile Cys Gly Pro Asp Ser Ala Leu Val Arg His Ile  
20 25 30

Gly Thr Asp Cys  
35

<210> 1378

<211> 24

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1378

His Pro Pro Cys Cys Leu Tyr Gly Lys Cys Arg Arg Tyr Pro Gly Cys  
1 5 10 15

Ser Ser Ala Ser Cys Cys Gln Leu  
20

<210> 1379

<211> 48

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1379

Glu Asp Asn Cys Ile Ala Glu Asp Tyr Gly Lys Cys Thr Trp Gly Gly  
1 5 10 15

Thr Lys Cys Cys Arg Gly Arg Pro Cys Arg Cys Ser Met Ile Gly Thr  
20 25 30

Asn Cys Glu Cys Thr Pro Arg Leu Ile Met Glu Gly Leu Ser Phe Ala  
35 40 45

<210> 1380

<211> 35

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1380

Gly Gly Cys Leu Pro His Asn Arg Phe Cys Asn Ala Leu Ser Gly Pro  
1 5 10 15

Arg Cys Cys Ser Gly Leu Lys Cys Lys Glu Leu Ser Ile Trp Asp Ser  
20 25 30

Arg Cys Leu  
35

<210> 1381  
<211> 18  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1381  
Cys Asn Cys Lys Ala Pro Glu Thr Ala Leu Cys Ala Arg Arg Cys Gln  
1 5 10 15

Gln His

<210> 1382  
<211> 60  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1382  
Trp Gln Pro Pro Trp Tyr Cys Lys Glu Pro Val Arg Ile Gly Ser Cys  
1 5 10 15

Lys Lys Gln Phe Ser Ser Phe Tyr Phe Lys Trp Thr Ala Lys Lys Cys  
20 25 30

Leu Pro Phe Leu Phe Ser Gly Cys Gly Gly Asn Ala Asn Arg Phe Gln  
35 40 45

Thr Ile Gly Glu Cys Arg Lys Lys Cys Leu Gly Lys  
50 55 60

<210> 1383  
<211> 60  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1383

Arg Ile Cys Tyr Ile His Lys Ala Ser Leu Pro Arg Ala Thr Lys Thr  
1 5 10 15

Cys Val Glu Asn Thr Cys Tyr Lys Met Phe Ile Arg Thr Gln Arg Glu  
20 25 30

Tyr Ile Ser Glu Arg Gly Cys Gly Cys Pro Thr Ala Met Trp Pro Tyr  
35 40 45

Gln Thr Glu Cys Cys Lys Gly Asp Arg Cys Asn Lys  
50 55 60

<210> 1384

<211> 36

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1384

Phe Thr Asn Val Ser Cys Thr Thr Ser Lys Glu Cys Trp Ser Val Cys  
1 5 10 15

Gln Arg Leu His Asn Thr Ser Arg Gly Lys Cys Met Asn Lys Lys Cys  
20 25 30

Arg Cys Tyr Ser  
35

<210> 1385

<211> 36

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1385

Met Cys Met Pro Cys Phe Thr Thr Asp His Gln Met Ala Arg Lys Cys

1

5

10

15

Asp Asp Cys Cys Gly Gly Lys Gly Arg Gly Lys Cys Tyr Gly Pro Gln  
20 25 30

Cys Leu Cys Arg  
35

&lt;210&gt; 1386

&lt;211&gt; 13

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;223&gt; Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1386

Glu Cys Cys Asn Pro Ala Cys Gly Arg His Tyr Ser Cys  
1 5 10

&lt;210&gt; 1387

&lt;211&gt; 31

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;223&gt; Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1387

Ala Cys Ser Gly Arg Gly Ser Arg Cys Gln Cys Cys Met Gly Leu Arg  
1 5 10 15

Cys Gly Arg Gly Asn Pro Gln Lys Cys Ile Gly Ala His Asp Val  
20 25 30

&lt;210&gt; 1388

&lt;211&gt; 14

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;223&gt; Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide



&lt;400&gt; 1388

Gly Arg Cys Cys His Pro Ala Cys Gly Lys Asn Tyr Ser Cys

1

5

10

&lt;210&gt; 1389

&lt;211&gt; 17

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1389

Arg Asp Cys Cys Tyr His Pro Thr Cys Asn Met Ser Asn Pro Gln Ile

1

5

10

15

Cys

&lt;210&gt; 1390

&lt;211&gt; 13

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1390

Tyr Cys Cys His Pro Ala Cys Gly Lys Asn Phe Asp Cys

1

5

10

&lt;210&gt; 1391

&lt;211&gt; 12

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1391

Gly Cys Cys Ser Asp Pro Arg Cys Ala Trp Arg Cys

1 5 10

<210> 1392

<211> 13

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1392

Ile Cys Cys Asn Pro Ala Cys Gly Pro Lys Tyr Ser Cys  
1 5 10

<210> 1393

<211> 19

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1393

Arg Asp Cys Cys Thr Arg Lys Cys Lys Asp Arg Arg Cys Lys Met Lys  
1 5 10 15

Cys Cys Ala

<210> 1394

<211> 24

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1394

Cys Lys Ser Gly Ser Ser Cys Ser Thr Ser Tyr Asn Cys Cys Arg Ser  
1 5 10 15

Cys Asn Tyr Thr Lys Arg Cys Tyr

20

&lt;210&gt; 1395

&lt;211&gt; 25

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1395

Cys	Lys	Gly	Lys	Gly	Ala	Lys	Cys	Ser	Arg	Leu	Met	Tyr	Asp	Cys	Cys
1				5					10					15	

Thr	Gly	Ser	Cys	Arg	Ser	Gly	Lys	Cys
			20				25	

&lt;210&gt; 1396

&lt;211&gt; 26

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1396

Cys	Lys	Gly	Lys	Gly	Ala	Pro	Cys	Arg	Lys	Thr	Met	Tyr	Asp	Cys	Cys
1				5					10					15	

Ser	Gly	Ser	Cys	Gly	Arg	Arg	Gly	Lys	Cys
			20					25	

&lt;210&gt; 1397

&lt;211&gt; 26

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1397

Cys	Lys	Leu	Lys	Gly	Gln	Ser	Cys	Arg	Lys	Thr	Ser	Tyr	Asp	Cys	Cys
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

1                    5                    10                    15  
Ser Gly Ser Cys Gly Arg Ser Gly Lys Cys  
                  20                    25

<210> 1398

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1398

Lys Thr Lys Cys Lys Phe Leu Lys Lys Cys  
1                    5                    10

<210> 1399

<211> 19

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1399

Arg Asp Cys Cys Thr Lys Lys Cys Lys Asp Arg Gln Cys Lys Gln Arg  
1                    5                    10                    15

Cys Cys Ala

<210> 1400

<211> 37

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1400

Glu Phe Thr Asp Val Asp Cys Ser Val Ser Lys Glu Cys Trp Ser Val

1 5 10 15  
Cys Lys Asp Leu Phe Gly Val Asp Arg Gly Lys Cys Met Gly Lys Lys  
20 25 30  
Cys Arg Cys Tyr Gln  
35

```
<210> 1401
<211> 37
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence.
```

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

```

<400> 1401
Gly Val Glu Ile Asn Val Lys Cys Ser Gly Ser Pro Gln Cys Leu Lys
 1             5             10             15
Pro Cys Lys Asp Ala Gly Met Arg Phe Gly Lys Cys Met Asn Arg Lys
 20             25             30
Cys His Cys Thr Pro
 35

```

```
<210> 1402
<211> 37
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
```

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 1402

Gly Val Glu Ile Asn Val Lys Cys Ser Gly Ser Pro Gln Cys Leu Lys  
1 5 10 15

Pro Cys Lys Asp Ala Gly Met Arg Phe Gly Lys Cys Met Asn Arg Lys  
20 25 30

Cys His Cys Thr Pro  
35

<210> 1403  
<211> 22  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1403

Ile Lys Cys Asn Cys Lys Arg His Val Ile Lys Pro His Ile Cys Arg  
1 5 10 15

Lys Ile Cys Gly Lys Asn  
20

<210> 1404  
<211> 39  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1404

Thr Ile Ile Asn Val Lys Cys Thr Ser Pro Lys Gln Cys Leu Pro Pro  
1 5 10 15

Cys Lys Ala Gln Phe Gly Gln Ser Ala Gly Ala Lys Cys Met Asn Gly  
20 25 30

Lys Cys Lys Cys Tyr Pro His  
35

<210> 1405  
<211> 4  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1405

Phe Asp Arg Ala

1

<210> 1406

<211> 44

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1406

Ala	Asp	Cys	Ser	Ala	Thr	Gly	Asp	Thr	Cys	Asp	His	Thr	Lys	Lys	Cys
1				5				10					15		

Cys	Asp	Asp	Cys	Tyr	Thr	Cys	Arg	Cys	Gly	Thr	Pro	Trp	Gly	Ala	Asn
			20					25					30		

Cys	Arg	Cys	Asp	Tyr	Tyr	Lys	Ala	Arg	Cys	Asp	Thr
			35					40			

<210> 1407

<211> 31

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1407

Ala	Phe	Cys	Asn	Leu	Arg	Met	Cys	Gln	Leu	Ser	Cys	Arg	Ser	Leu	Gly
1				5				10					15		

Leu	Leu	Gly	Lys	Cys	Ile	Gly	Asp	Lys	Cys	Glu	Cys	Val	Lys	His
			20					25					30	

<210> 1408

<211> 35

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic

## Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1408

Arg Ser Cys Ile Asp Thr Ile Pro Lys Ser Arg Cys Thr Ala Phe Gln  
1 5 10 15

Cys Lys His Ser Met Lys Tyr Arg Leu Ser Phe Cys Arg Lys Thr Cys  
20 25 30

Gly Thr Cys  
35

&lt;210&gt; 1409

&lt;211&gt; 14

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1409

Phe Leu Pro Leu Ile Leu Gly Lys Leu Val Lys Gly Leu Leu  
1 5 10

&lt;210&gt; 1410

&lt;211&gt; 14

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1410

Ile Asn Leu Lys Ala Ile Ala Ala Leu Val Lys Lys Val Leu  
1 5 10

&lt;210&gt; 1411

&lt;211&gt; 14

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;223&gt; Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic



## Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1411

Ile Asn Leu Lys Ala Leu Ala Ala Leu Ala Lys Lys Ile Leu  
1 5 10

&lt;210&gt; 1412

&lt;211&gt; 14

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1412

Ile Asn Leu Lys Ala Leu Ala Ala Leu Ala Lys Ala Leu Leu  
1 5 10

&lt;210&gt; 1413

&lt;211&gt; 14

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1413

Ile Asn Leu Lys Ala Leu Ala Ala Leu Ala Lys Arg Leu Leu  
1 5 10

&lt;210&gt; 1414

&lt;211&gt; 14

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1414

Ile Asn Leu Lys Ala Lys Ala Ala Leu Ala Lys Lys Leu Leu  
1 5 10

<210> 1415  
<211> 14  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1415

Ile Asn Trp Lys Gly Ile Ala Ala Met Ala Lys Lys Leu Leu  
1 5 10

<210> 1416  
<211> 21  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1416

Phe Met Ser Ser His Gln Ser Gln Ala Ser Leu Glu Leu Ala Ile Lys  
1 5 10 15

Gln Trp Gly Ser Gln  
20

<210> 1417  
<211> 20  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1417

Phe Asn Lys Ile Thr Pro Asn Leu Ala Glu Phe Ala Phe Ser Leu Tyr  
1 5 10 15

Arg Gln Leu Ala  
20

<210> 1418  
<211> 34  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1418

Trp Ser Pro Lys Glu Glu Asp Arg Ile Ile Pro Gly Gly Ile Tyr Asn  
1 5 10 15

Ala Asp Leu Asn Asp Glu Trp Val Gln Arg Ala Leu His Phe Ala Ile  
20 25 30

Ser Glu

<210> 1419  
<211> 36  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1419

Tyr Thr Ser Leu Ile His Ser Leu Ile Glu Glu Ser Gln Asn Gln Gln  
1 5 10 15

Glu Lys Asn Glu Gln Glu Leu Leu Glu Leu Asp Lys Trp Ala Ser Leu  
20 25 30

Trp Asn Trp Phe  
35

<210> 1420  
<211> 38  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic

## Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1420

Asn Asn Leu Leu Arg Ala Ile Glu Ala Gln Gln His Leu Leu Gln Leu  
 1 5 10 15

Thr Val Trp Gln Ile Lys Gln Leu Gln Ala Arg Ile Leu Ala Val Glu  
 20 25 30

Arg Tyr Leu Lys Asp Gln  
 35

&lt;210&gt; 1421

&lt;211&gt; 36

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
 Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1421

Tyr Thr Asn Thr Ile Tyr Thr Leu Leu Glu Glu Ser Gln Asn Gln Gln  
 1 5 10 15

Glu Lys Asn Glu Gln Glu Leu Leu Glu Leu Asp Lys Trp Ala Ser Leu  
 20 25 30

Trp Asn Trp Phe  
 35

&lt;210&gt; 1422

&lt;211&gt; 36

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
 Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1422

Tyr Thr Gly Ile Ile Tyr Asn Leu Leu Glu Glu Ser Gln Asn Gln Gln  
 1 5 10 15

Glu Lys Asn Glu Gln Glu Leu Leu Glu Leu Asp Lys Trp Ala Asn Leu  
 20 25 30

Trp Asn Trp Phe  
35

<210> 1423  
<211> 36  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1423  
Tyr Thr Ser Leu Ile Tyr Ser Leu Leu Glu Lys Ser Gln Thr Gln Gln  
1 5 10 15

Glu Lys Asn Glu Gln Glu Leu Leu Glu Leu Asp Lys Trp Ala Ser Leu  
20 25 30

Trp Asn Trp Phe  
35

<210> 1424  
<211> 36  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1424  
Leu Glu Ala Asn Ile Ser Lys Ser Leu Glu Gln Ala Gln Ile Gln Gln  
1 5 10 15

Glu Lys Asn Met Tyr Glu Leu Gln Lys Leu Asn Ser Trp Asp Ile Phe  
20 25 30

Gly Asn Trp Phe  
35

<210> 1425  
<211> 36  
<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1425

Leu Glu Ala Asn Ile Ser Gln Ser Leu Glu Gln Ala Gln Ile Gln Gln  
1 5 10 15

Glu Lys Asn Met Tyr Glu Leu Gln Lys Leu Asn Ser Trp Asp Val Phe  
20 25 30

Thr Asn Trp Leu  
35

<210> 1426

<211> 41

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1426

Cys Gly Gly Asn Asn Leu Leu Arg Ala Ile Glu Ala Gln Gln His Leu  
1 5 10 15

Leu Gln Leu Thr Val Trp Gly Ile Lys Gln Leu Gln Ala Arg Ile Leu  
20 25 30

Ala Val Glu Arg Tyr Leu Lys Asp Gln  
35 40

<210> 1427

<211> 38

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1427

Gln Gln Leu Leu Asp Val Val Lys Arg Gln Gln Glu Met Leu Arg Leu

1                      5                      10                      15  
Thr Val Trp Gly Thr Lys Asn Leu Gln Ala Arg Val Thr Ala Ile Glu  
                    20                      25                      30  
Lys Tyr Leu Lys Asp Gln  
                    35

&lt;210&gt; 1428

&lt;211&gt; 46

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1428

Tyr Thr Ser Val Ile Thr Ile Glu Leu Ser Asn Ile Lys Glu Asn Lys  
1                      5                      10                      15

Cys Asn Gly Ala Lys Val Lys Leu Ile Lys Gln Glu Leu Asp Lys Tyr  
                    20                      25                      30

Lys Asn Ala Val Thr Glu Leu Gln Leu Leu Met Gln Ser Thr  
                    35                      40                      45

&lt;210&gt; 1429

&lt;211&gt; 54

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1429

Ala Ser Gly Val Ala Val Ser Lys Val Leu His Leu Glu Gly Glu Val  
1                      5                      10                      15

Asn Lys Ile Ala Leu Leu Ser Thr Asn Lys Ala Val Val Ser Leu Ser  
                    20                      25                      30

Asn Gly Val Ser Val Leu Thr Ser Lys Val Leu Asp Leu Lys Asn Tyr  
                    35                      40                      45

Ile Asp Lys Gln Leu Leu  
50

<210> 1430

<211> 53

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1430

Gly Glu Pro Ile Ile Asn Phe Tyr Asp Pro Leu Val Phe Pro Ser Asp  
1 5 10 15

Glu Phe Asp Ala Ser Ile Ser Gln Val Asn Glu Lys Ile Asn Gln Ser  
20 25 30

Leu Ala Phe Ile Arg Lys Ser Asp Glu Leu Leu His Asn Val Asn Ala  
35 40 45

Gly Lys Ser Thr Thr  
50

<210> 1431

<211> 48

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1431

Tyr Thr Ser Val Ile Thr Ile Glu Leu Ser Asn Ile Lys Glu Asn Lys  
1 5 10 15

Cys Asn Gly Thr Asp Ala Lys Val Lys Leu Ile Lys Gln Glu Leu Asp  
20 25 30

Lys Tyr Lys Asn Ala Val Thr Glu Leu Gln Leu Leu Met Gln Ser Thr  
35 40 45



<210> 1432  
<211> 34  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1432

Tyr Thr Ser Val Ile Thr Ile Glu Leu Ser Asn Ile Lys Glu Asn Lys  
1 5 10 15

Cys Asn Gly Asp Ala Lys Val Lys Leu Ile Lys Gln Glu Leu Asp Lys  
20 25 30

Tyr Lys

<210> 1433  
<211> 34  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1433

Thr Ser Val Ile Thr Ile Glu Leu Ser Asn Ile Lys Glu Asn Lys Cys  
1 5 10 15

Asn Gly Asp Ala Lys Val Lys Leu Ile Lys Gln Glu Leu Asp Lys Tyr  
20 25 30

Lys Asn

<210> 1434  
<211> 34  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1434

Val Ile Thr Ile Glu Leu Ser Asn Ile Lys Glu Asn Lys Cys Asn Gly  
1 5 10 15

Asp Ala Lys Val Lys Leu Ile Lys Gln Glu Leu Asp Lys Tyr Lys Asn  
20 25 30

Ala Val

<210> 1435

<211> 34

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1435

Val Ile Thr Ile Glu Leu Ser Asn Ile Lys Glu Asn Lys Met Asn Gly  
1 5 10 15

Asp Ala Lys Val Lys Leu Ile Lys Gln Glu Leu Asp Lys Tyr Lys Asn  
20 25 30

Ala Val

<210> 1436

<211> 33

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1436

Val Ala Val Ser Lys Val Leu His Leu Glu Gly Glu Val Asn Lys Ile  
1 5 10 15

Ala Leu Leu Ser Thr Asn Lys Ala Val Val Ser Leu Ser Asn Gly Val

20

25

30

Ser

&lt;210&gt; 1437

&lt;211&gt; 33

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1437

Ala	Val	Ser	Lys	Val	Leu	His	Leu	Glu	Gly	Glu	Val	Asn	Lys	Ile	Ala
1				5				10					15		

Leu	Leu	Ser	Thr	Asn	Lys	Ala	Val	Val	Ser	Leu	Ser	Asn	Gly	Val	Ser
				20				25					30		

Val

&lt;210&gt; 1438

&lt;211&gt; 33

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1438

Val	Ser	Lys	Val	Leu	His	Leu	Glu	Gly	Glu	Val	Asn	Lys	Ile	Ala	Leu
1				5				10					15		

Leu	Ser	Thr	Asn	Lys	Ala	Val	Val	Ser	Leu	Ser	Asn	Gly	Val	Ser	Val
				20				25					30		

Leu

&lt;210&gt; 1439

&lt;211&gt; 33

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1439

Ser Lys Val Leu His Leu Glu Gly Glu Val Asn Lys Ile Ala Leu Leu  
1 5 10 15

Ser Thr Asn Lys Ala Val Val Ser Leu Ser Asn Gly Val Ser Val Leu  
20 25 30

Thr

<210> 1440

<211> 33

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1440

Lys Val Leu His Leu Glu Gly Glu Val Asn Lys Ile Ala Leu Leu Ser  
1 5 10 15

Thr Asn Lys Ala Val Val Ser Leu Ser Asn Gly Val Ser Val Leu Thr  
20 25 30

Ser

<210> 1441

<211> 33

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1441

Leu Glu Gly Glu Val Asn Lys Ile Ala Leu Leu Ser Thr Asn Lys Ala  
1 5 10 15

Val Val Ser Leu Ser Asn Gly Val Ser Val Leu Thr Ser Lys Val Leu  
20 25 30

Asp

<210> 1442

<211> 33

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1442

Gly Glu Val Asn Lys Ile Ala Leu Leu Ser Thr Asn Lys Ala Val Val  
1 5 10 15

Ser Leu Ser Asn Gly Val Ser Val Leu Thr Ser Lys Val Leu Asp Leu  
20 25 30

Lys

<210> 1443

<211> 33

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1443

Glu Val Asn Lys Ile Ala Leu Leu Ser Thr Asn Lys Ala Val Val Ser  
1 5 10 15

Leu Ser Asn Gly Val Ser Val Leu Thr Ser Lys Val Leu Asp Leu Lys  
20 25 30

Asn

<210> 1444  
<211> 33  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1444  
Val Asn Lys Ile Ala Leu Leu Ser Thr Asn Lys Ala Val Val Ser Leu  
1 5 10 15  
Ser Asn Gly Val Ser Val Leu Thr Ser Lys Val Leu Asp Leu Lys Asn  
20 25 30

Tyr

<210> 1445  
<211> 33  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1445  
Asn Lys Ile Ala Leu Leu Ser Thr Asn Lys Ala Val Val Ser Leu Ser  
1 5 10 15  
Asn Gly Val Ser Val Leu Thr Ser Lys Val Leu Asp Leu Lys Asn Tyr  
20 25 30

Ile

<210> 1446  
<211> 33  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1446

Lys Ile Ala Leu Leu Ser Thr Asn Lys Ala Val Val Ser Leu Ser Asn  
1 5 10 15

Gly Val Ser Val Leu Thr Ser Lys Val Leu Asp Leu Lys Asn Tyr Ile  
20 25 30

Asp

<210> 1447

<211> 33

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1447

Ile Ala Leu Leu Ser Thr Asn Lys Ala Val Val Ser Leu Ser Asn Gly  
1 5 10 15

Val Ser Val Leu Thr Ser Lys Val Leu Asp Leu Lys Asn Tyr Ile Asp  
20 25 30

Lys

<210> 1448

<211> 33

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1448

Ala Leu Leu Ser Thr Asn Lys Ala Val Val Ser Leu Ser Asn Gly Val  
1 5 10 15

Ser Val Leu Thr Ser Lys Val Leu Asp Leu Lys Asn Tyr Ile Asp Lys

20

25

30

Gln

&lt;210&gt; 1449

&lt;211&gt; 70

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1449

Gly Thr Ile Ala Leu Gly Val Ala Thr Ser Ala Gln Ile Thr Ala Ala  
1 5 10 15Val Ala Leu Val Glu Ala Lys Gln Ala Arg Ser Asp Ile Glu Lys Leu  
20 25 30Lys Glu Ala Ile Arg Asp Thr Asn Lys Ala Val Gln Ser Val Gln Ser  
35 40 45Ser Ile Gly Asn Leu Ile Val Ala Ile Lys Ser Val Gln Asp Tyr Val  
50 55 60Asn Lys Glu Ile Val Pro  
65 70

&lt;210&gt; 1450

&lt;211&gt; 56

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1450

Tyr Thr Pro Asn Asp Ile Thr Leu Asn Asn Ser Val Ala Leu Asp Pro  
1 5 10 15Ile Asp Ile Ser Ile Glu Leu Asn Lys Ala Lys Ser Asp Leu Glu Glu  
20 25 30



Ser Lys Glu Trp Ile Arg Arg Ser Asn Gln Lys Leu Asp Ser Ile Gly  
35 40 45

Asn Trp His Gln Ser Ser Thr Thr  
50 55

<210> 1451

<211> 35

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1451

Thr Leu Asn Asn Ser Val Ala Leu Asp Pro Ile Asp Ile Ser Ile Glu  
1 5 10 15

Leu Asn Lys Ala Lys Ser Asp Leu Glu Glu Ser Lys Glu Trp Ile Arg  
20 25 30

Arg Ser Asn  
35

<210> 1452

<211> 35

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1452

Leu Asn Asn Ser Val Ala Leu Asp Pro Ile Asp Ile Ser Ile Glu Leu  
1 5 10 15

Asn Lys Ala Lys Ser Asp Leu Glu Glu Ser Lys Glu Trp Ile Arg Arg  
20 25 30

Ser Asn Gln  
35

<210> 1453

<211> 35

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1453

Asn Asn Ser Val Ala Leu Asp Pro Ile Asp Ile Ser Ile Glu Leu Asn  
1 5 10 15

Lys Ala Lys Ser Asp Leu Glu Glu Ser Lys Glu Trp Ile Arg Arg Ser  
20 25 30

Asn Gln Lys  
35

<210> 1454

<211> 35

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1454

Asn Ser Val Ala Leu Asp Pro Ile Asp Ile Ser Ile Glu Leu Asn Lys  
1 5 10 15

Ala Lys Ser Asp Leu Glu Glu Ser Lys Glu Trp Ile Arg Arg Ser Asn  
20 25 30

Gln Lys Leu  
35

<210> 1455

<211> 35

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1455

Ser Val Ala Leu Asp Pro Ile Asp Ile Ser Ile Glu Leu Asn Lys Ala  
 1 5 10 15

Lys Ser Asp Leu Glu Glu Ser Lys Glu Trp Ile Arg Arg Ser Asn Gln  
 20 25 30

Lys Leu Asp  
 35

&lt;210&gt; 1456

&lt;211&gt; 35

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
 Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1456

Val Ala Leu Asp Pro Ile Asp Ile Ser Ile Glu Leu Asn Lys Ala Lys  
 1 5 10 15

Ser Asp Leu Glu Glu Ser Lys Glu Trp Ile Arg Arg Ser Asn Gln Lys  
 20 25 30

Leu Asp Ser  
 35

&lt;210&gt; 1457

&lt;211&gt; 35

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
 Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1457

Ala Leu Asp Pro Ile Asp Ile Ser Ile Glu Leu Asn Lys Ala Lys Ser  
 1 5 10 15

Asp Leu Glu Glu Ser Lys Glu Trp Ile Arg Arg Ser Asn Gln Lys Leu  
 20 25 30

Asp Ser Ile

35

&lt;210&gt; 1458

&lt;211&gt; 35

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1458

Leu	Asp	Pro	Ile	Asp	Ile	Ser	Ile	Glu	Leu	Asn	Lys	Ala	Lys	Ser	Asp
1				5				10					15		

Leu	Glu	Glu	Ser	Lys	Glu	Trp	Ile	Arg	Arg	Ser	Asn	Gln	Lys	Leu	Asp
			20				25					30			

Ser	Ile	Gly
		35

&lt;210&gt; 1459

&lt;211&gt; 35

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1459

Asp	Pro	Ile	Asp	Ile	Ser	Ile	Glu	Leu	Asn	Lys	Ala	Lys	Ser	Asp	Leu
1				5				10					15		

Glu	Glu	Ser	Lys	Glu	Trp	Ile	Arg	Arg	Ser	Asn	Gln	Lys	Leu	Asp	Ser
			20				25					30			

Ile	Gly	Asn
		35

&lt;210&gt; 1460

&lt;211&gt; 35

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1460

Pro Ile Asp Ile Ser Ile Glu Leu Asn Lys Ala Lys Ser Asp Leu Glu  
1 5 10 15Glu Ser Lys Glu Trp Ile Arg Arg Ser Asn Gln Lys Leu Asp Ser Ile  
20 25 30Gly Asn Trp  
35

&lt;210&gt; 1461

&lt;211&gt; 35

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1461

Ile Asp Ile Ser Ile Glu Leu Asn Lys Ala Lys Ser Asp Leu Glu Glu  
1 5 10 15Ser Lys Glu Trp Ile Arg Arg Ser Asn Gln Lys Leu Asp Ser Ile Gly  
20 25 30Asn Trp His  
35

&lt;210&gt; 1462

&lt;211&gt; 35

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1462

Asp Ile Ser Ile Glu Leu Asn Lys Ala Lys Ser Asp Leu Glu Glu Ser  
1 5 10 15

Lys Glu Trp Ile Arg Arg Ser Asn Gln Lys Leu Asp Ser Ile Gly Asn  
20 25 30

Trp His Gln  
35

<210> 1463  
<211> 35  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1463  
Ile Ser Ile Glu Leu Asn Lys Ala Lys Ser Asp Leu Glu Glu Ser Lys  
1 5 10 15

Glu Trp Ile Arg Arg Ser Asn Gln Lys Leu Asp Ser Ile Gly Asn Trp  
20 25 30

His Gln Ser  
35

<210> 1464  
<211> 35  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1464  
Ser Ile Glu Leu Asn Lys Ala Lys Ser Asp Leu Glu Glu Ser Lys Glu  
1 5 10 15

Trp Ile Arg Arg Ser Asn Gln Lys Leu Asp Ser Ile Gly Asn Trp His  
20 25 30

Gln Ser Ser  
35

<210> 1465

<211> 35  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1465

Ile Glu Leu Asn Lys Ala Lys Ser Asp Leu Glu Glu Ser Lys Glu Trp  
1 5 10 15

Ile Arg Arg Ser Asn Gln Lys Leu Asp Ser Ile Gly Asn Trp His Gln  
20 25 30

Ser Ser Thr  
35

<210> 1466

<211> 35

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1466

Glu Leu Asn Lys Ala Lys Ser Asp Leu Glu Glu Ser Lys Glu Trp Ile  
1 5 10 15

Arg Arg Ser Asn Gln Lys Leu Asp Ser Ile Gly Asn Trp His Gln Ser  
20 25 30

Ser Thr Thr  
35

<210> 1467

<211> 35

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1467

Thr Ala Ala Val Ala Leu Val Glu Ala Lys Gln Ala Arg Ser Asp Ile  
1 5 10 15

Glu Lys Leu Lys Glu Ala Ile Arg Asp Thr Asn Lys Ala Val Gln Ser  
20 25 30

Val Gln Ser  
35

&lt;210&gt; 1468

&lt;211&gt; 35

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1468

Ala Val Ala Leu Val Glu Ala Lys Gln Ala Arg Ser Asp Ile Glu Lys  
1 5 10 15

Leu Lys Glu Ala Ile Arg Asp Thr Asn Lys Ala Val Gln Ser Val Gln  
20 25 30

Ser Ser Ile  
35

&lt;210&gt; 1469

&lt;211&gt; 35

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1469

Leu Val Glu Ala Lys Gln Ala Arg Ser Asp Ile Glu Lys Leu Lys Glu  
1 5 10 15

Ala Ile Arg Asp Thr Asn Lys Ala Val Gln Ser Val Gln Ser Ser Ile  
20 25 30

Gly Asn Leu



35

&lt;210&gt; 1470

&lt;211&gt; 35

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1470

Val Glu Ala Lys Gln Ala Arg Ser Asp Ile Glu Lys Leu Lys Glu Ala  
1 5 10 15Ile Arg Asp Thr Asn Lys Ala Val Gln Ser Val Gln Ser Ser Ile Gly  
20 25 30Asn Leu Ile  
35

&lt;210&gt; 1471

&lt;211&gt; 35

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1471

Glu Ala Lys Gln Ala Arg Ser Asp Ile Glu Lys Leu Lys Glu Ala Ile  
1 5 10 15Arg Asp Thr Asn Lys Ala Val Gln Ser Val Gln Ser Ser Ile Gly Asn  
20 25 30Leu Ile Val  
35

&lt;210&gt; 1472

&lt;211&gt; 35

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1472

Ala Lys Gln Ala Arg Ser Asp Ile Glu Lys Leu Lys Glu Ala Ile Arg  
1 5 10 15Asp Thr Asn Lys Ala Val Gln Ser Val Gln Ser Ser Ile Gly Asn Leu  
20 25 30Ile Val Ala  
35

&lt;210&gt; 1473

&lt;211&gt; 35

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1473

Lys Gln Ala Arg Ser Asp Ile Glu Lys Leu Lys Glu Ala Ile Arg Asp  
1 5 10 15Thr Asn Lys Ala Val Gln Ser Val Gln Ser Ser Ile Gly Asn Leu Ile  
20 25 30Val Ala Ile  
35

&lt;210&gt; 1474

&lt;211&gt; 35

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1474

Gln Ala Arg Ser Asp Ile Glu Lys Leu Lys Glu Ala Ile Arg Asp Thr  
1 5 10 15

Asn Lys Ala Val Gln Ser Val Gln Ser Ser Ile Gly Asn Leu Ile Val  
20 25 30

Ala Ile Lys  
35

<210> 1475  
<211> 35  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1475  
Ala Arg Ser Asp Ile Glu Lys Leu Lys Glu Ala Ile Arg Asp Thr Asn  
1 5 10 15

Lys Ala Val Gln Ser Val Gln Ser Ser Ile Gly Asn Leu Ile Val Ala  
20 25 30

Ile Lys Ser  
35

<210> 1476  
<211> 35  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1476  
Arg Ser Asp Ile Glu Lys Leu Lys Glu Ala Ile Arg Asp Thr Asn Lys  
1 5 10 15

Ala Val Gln Ser Val Gln Ser Ser Ile Gly Asn Leu Ile Val Ala Ile  
20 25 30

Lys Ser Val  
35

<210> 1477

<211> 35  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1477

Ser Asp Ile Glu Lys Leu Lys Glu Ala Ile Arg Asp Thr Asn Lys Ala  
1 5 10 15

Val Gln Ser Val Gln Ser Ser Ile Gly Asn Leu Ile Val Ala Ile Lys  
20 25 30

Ser Val Gln  
35

<210> 1478  
<211> 35  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1478

Lys Leu Lys Glu Ala Ile Arg Asp Thr Asn Lys Ala Val Gln Ser Val  
1 5 10 15

Gln Ser Ser Ile Gly Asn Leu Ile Val Ala Ile Lys Ser Val Gln Asp  
20 25 30

Tyr Val Asn  
35

<210> 1479  
<211> 35  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1479

Leu Lys Glu Ala Ile Arg Asp Thr Asn Lys Ala Val Gln Ser Val Gln  
1 5 10 15

Ser Ser Ile Gly Asn Leu Ile Val Ala Ile Lys Ser Val Gln Asp Tyr  
20 25 30

Val Asn Lys  
35

&lt;210&gt; 1480

&lt;211&gt; 35

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1480

Ala Ile Arg Asp Thr Asn Lys Ala Val Gln Ser Val Gln Ser Ser Ile  
1 5 10 15

Gly Asn Leu Ile Val Ala Ile Lys Ser Val Gln Asp Tyr Val Asn Lys  
20 25 30

Glu Ile Val  
35

&lt;210&gt; 1481

&lt;211&gt; 47

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1481

Thr Trp Gln Glu Trp Glu Arg Lys Val Asp Phe Leu Glu Glu Asn Ile  
1 5 10 15

Thr Ala Leu Leu Glu Glu Ala Gln Ile Gln Gln Glu Lys Asn Met Tyr  
20 25 30

Glu Leu Gln Lys Leu Asn Ser Trp Asp Val Phe Gly Asn Trp Phe

35

40

45

&lt;210&gt; 1482

&lt;211&gt; 35

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1482

Trp	Gln	Glu	Trp	Glu	Arg	Lys	Val	Asp	Phe	Leu	Glu	Glu	Asn	Ile	Thr
1				5					10					15	

Ala	Leu	Leu	Glu	Glu	Ala	Gln	Ile	Gln	Gln	Glu	Lys	Asn	Met	Tyr	Glu
			20					25					30		

Leu	Gln	Lys
		35

&lt;210&gt; 1483

&lt;211&gt; 35

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1483

Gln	Glu	Trp	Glu	Arg	Lys	Val	Asp	Phe	Leu	Glu	Glu	Asn	Ile	Thr	Ala
1				5					10					15	

Leu	Leu	Glu	Glu	Ala	Gln	Ile	Gln	Gln	Glu	Lys	Asn	Met	Tyr	Glu	Leu
			20					25					30		

Gln	Lys	Leu
		35

&lt;210&gt; 1484

&lt;211&gt; 35

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1484

Glu Trp Glu Arg Lys Val Asp Phe Leu Glu Glu Asn Ile Thr Ala Leu  
1 5 10 15Leu Glu Glu Ala Gln Ile Gln Gln Glu Lys Asn Met Tyr Glu Leu Gln  
20 25 30Lys Leu Asn  
35

&lt;210&gt; 1485

&lt;211&gt; 35

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1485

Trp Glu Arg Lys Val Asp Phe Leu Glu Glu Asn Ile Thr Ala Leu Leu  
1 5 10 15Glu Glu Ala Gln Ile Gln Gln Glu Lys Asn Met Tyr Glu Leu Gln Lys  
20 25 30Leu Asn Ser  
35

&lt;210&gt; 1486

&lt;211&gt; 35

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1486

Glu Arg Lys Val Asp Phe Leu Glu Glu Asn Ile Thr Ala Leu Leu Glu  
1 5 10 15

Glu Ala Gln Ile Gln Gln Glu Lys Asn Met Tyr Glu Leu Gln Lys Leu  
20 25 30

Asn Ser Trp  
35

<210> 1487  
<211> 35  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1487  
Arg Lys Val Asp Phe Leu Glu Glu Asn Ile Thr Ala Leu Leu Glu Glu  
1 5 10 15

Ala Gln Ile Gln Gln Glu Lys Asn Met Tyr Glu Leu Gln Lys Leu Asn  
20 25 30

Ser Trp Asp  
35

<210> 1488  
<211> 35  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1488  
Lys Val Asp Phe Leu Glu Glu Asn Ile Thr Ala Leu Leu Glu Glu Ala  
1 5 10 15

Gln Ile Gln Gln Glu Lys Asn Met Tyr Glu Leu Gln Lys Leu Asn Ser  
20 25 30

Trp Asp Val  
35

<210> 1489



<211> 35  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1489  
Val Asp Phe Leu Glu Glu Asn Ile Thr Ala Leu Leu Glu Glu Ala Gln  
1 5 10 15  
Ile Gln Gln Glu Lys Asn Met Tyr Glu Leu Gln Lys Leu Asn Ser Trp  
20 25 30

Asp Val Phe  
35

<210> 1490  
<211> 35  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1490  
Asp Phe Leu Glu Glu Asn Ile Thr Ala Leu Leu Glu Glu Ala Gln Ile  
1 5 10 15  
Gln Gln Glu Lys Asn Met Tyr Glu Leu Gln Lys Leu Asn Ser Trp Asp  
20 25 30

Val Phe Gly  
35

<210> 1491  
<211> 35  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1491

Phe Leu Glu Glu Asn Ile Thr Ala Leu Leu Glu Glu Ala Gln Ile Gln  
1 5 10 15

Gln Glu Lys Asn Met Tyr Glu Leu Gln Lys Leu Asn Ser Trp Asp Val  
20 25 30

Phe Gly Asn  
35

&lt;210&gt; 1492

&lt;211&gt; 35

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1492

Pro Asp Ala Val Tyr Leu His Arg Ile Asp Leu Gly Pro Pro Ile Ser  
1 5 10 15

Leu Glu Arg Leu Asp Val Gly Thr Asn Leu Gly Asn Ala Ile Ala Lys  
20 25 30

Leu Glu Asp  
35

&lt;210&gt; 1493

&lt;211&gt; 34

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1493

Leu Glu Arg Leu Asp Val Gly Thr Asn Leu Gly Asn Ala Ile Ala Lys  
1 5 10 15

Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Leu Leu Glu Ser Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu Arg Ser  
20 25 30

Met Lys

<210> 1494  
<211> 34  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1494  
Leu His Arg Ile Asp Leu Gly Pro Pro Ile Ser Leu Glu Arg Leu Asp  
1 5 10 15  
Val Gly Thr Asn Leu Gly Asn Ala Ile Ala Lys Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu  
20 25 30  
Leu Leu

<210> 1495  
<211> 34  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1495  
His Arg Ile Asp Leu Gly Pro Pro Ile Ser Leu Glu Arg Leu Asp Val  
1 5 10 15  
Gly Thr Asn Leu Gly Asn Ala Ile Ala Lys Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Leu  
20 25 30  
Leu Glu

<210> 1496  
<211> 34  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1496

Arg Ile Asp Leu Gly Pro Pro Ile Ser Leu Glu Arg Leu Asp Val Gly  
1 5 10 15Thr Asn Leu Gly Asn Ala Ile Ala Lys Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Leu Leu  
20 25 30

Glu Ser

&lt;210&gt; 1497

&lt;211&gt; 34

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1497

Ile Asp Leu Gly Pro Pro Ile Ser Leu Glu Arg Leu Asp Val Gly Thr  
1 5 10 15Asn Leu Gly Asn Ala Ile Ala Lys Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Leu Leu Glu  
20 25 30

Ser Ser

&lt;210&gt; 1498

&lt;211&gt; 34

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1498

Asp Leu Gly Pro Pro Ile Ser Leu Glu Arg Leu Asp Val Gly Thr Asn  
1 5 10 15

Leu Gly Asn Ala Ile Ala Lys Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Leu Leu Glu Ser  
20 25 30

Ser Asp

<210> 1499

<211> 34

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1499

Leu Gly Pro Pro Ile Ser Leu Glu Arg Leu Asp Val Gly Thr Asn Leu  
1 5 10 15

Gly Asn Ala Ile Ala Lys Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Leu Leu Glu Ser Ser  
20 25 30

Asp Gln

<210> 1500

<211> 34

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1500

Gly Pro Pro Ile Ser Leu Glu Arg Leu Asp Val Gly Thr Asn Leu Gly  
1 5 10 15

Asn Ala Ile Ala Lys Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Leu Leu Glu Ser Ser Asp  
20 25 30

Gln Ile

<210> 1501

<211> 34  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1501  
Pro Pro Ile Ser Leu Glu Arg Leu Asp Val Gly Thr Asn Leu Gly Asn  
1 5 10 15

Ala Ile Ala Lys Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Leu Leu Glu Ser Ser Asp Gln  
20 25 30

Ile Leu

<210> 1502  
<211> 34  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1502  
Pro Ile Ser Leu Glu Arg Leu Asp Val Gly Thr Asn Leu Gly Asn Ala  
1 5 10 15

Ile Ala Lys Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Leu Leu Glu Ser Ser Asp Gln Ile  
20 25 30

Leu Arg

<210> 1503  
<211> 34  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1503

Ser Leu Glu Arg Leu Asp Val Gly Thr Asn Leu Gly Asn Ala Ile Ala  
1 5 10 15

Lys Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Leu Leu Glu Ser Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu Arg  
20 25 30

Ser Met

&lt;210&gt; 1504

&lt;211&gt; 34

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1504

Leu Glu Arg Leu Asp Val Gly Thr Asn Leu Gly Asn Ala Ile Ala Lys  
1 5 10 15

Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Leu Leu Glu Ser Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu Arg Ser  
20 25 30

Met Lys

&lt;210&gt; 1505

&lt;211&gt; 22

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1505

Tyr Leu Cys Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys Tyr Gly Arg Ser Leu Lys Cys Leu  
1 5 10 15

Gln Arg His Leu Thr Lys  
20

<210> 1506  
<211> 8  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1506  
Ala Ser Thr Thr Thr Asn Tyr Thr  
1 5

<210> 1507  
<211> 8  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1507  
Ala Ser Thr Thr Thr Asn Tyr Thr  
1 5

<210> 1508  
<211> 8  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1508  
Ser Gln Asn Tyr Pro Ile Val Gln  
1 5

<210> 1509  
<211> 6  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>



<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1509

Glu Leu Asp Lys Trp Ala

1

5

<210> 1510

<211> 11

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1510

Arg Gly Val Val Asn Ala Ser Ser Arg Leu Ala

1

5

10

<210> 1511

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1511

Arg Gly Arg Arg Gln Pro Ile Pro Lys Ala

1

5

10

<210> 1512

<211> 23

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1512

Leu Thr Thr Gly Ser Val Val Ile Val Gly Arg Ile Ile Leu Ser Gly

1

5

10

15

Arg Pro Ala Val Val Pro Asp  
20

<210> 1513

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1513

Gly Ser Val Val Ile Val Gly Arg Ile Ile Leu Ser Gly Arg  
1 5 10

<210> 1514

<211> 27

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1514

Pro Leu Gly Phe Phe Pro Asp His Gln Leu Asp Pro Ala Phe Gly Ala  
1 5 10 15

Asn Ser Asn Asn Pro Asp Trp Asp Phe Asn Pro  
20 25

<210> 1515

<211> 26

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1515

Met Gln Trp Asn Ser Thr Thr Phe His Gln Thr Leu Gln Asp Pro Arg  
1 5 10 15

Val Arg Gly Leu Tyr Phe Pro Ala Gly Gly  
20 25

<210> 1516

<211> 11

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1516

Met Gln Trp Asn Ser Thr Ala Phe His Gln Thr  
1 5 10

<210> 1517

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1517

Tyr Gly Ala Val Val Asn Asp Leu  
1 5

<210> 1518

<211> 21

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1518

Cys Thr His Gly Ile Arg Pro Val Val Ser Thr Gln Leu Leu Leu Asn  
1 5 10 15

Gly Ser Leu Ala Glu  
20

<210> 1519  
<211> 7  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1519  
Ser Glu Asn Tyr Pro Ile Val  
1 5

<210> 1520  
<211> 7  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1520  
Lys Ala Arg Val Phe Glu Ala  
1 5

<210> 1521  
<211> 15  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1521  
Arg Ile Gln Arg Gly Pro Gly Arg Ala Phe Val Thr Ile Gly Lys  
1 5 10 15

<210> 1522  
<211> 8  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1522

Ala Ser Thr Thr Thr Asn Tyr Thr  
1 5

<210> 1523

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1523

Ala Ser Thr Thr Thr Asn Tyr Thr  
1 5

<210> 1524

<211> 15

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1524

Arg Ile Gln Arg Gly Pro Gly Arg Ala Phe Val Thr Ile Gly Lys  
1 5 10 15

<210> 1525

<211> 38

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1525

Asn Asn Leu Leu Arg Ala Ile Glu Ala Gln Gln His Leu Leu Gln Leu  
1 5 10 15

Thr Val Trp Gly Ile Lys Gln Leu Gln Ala Arg Ile Leu Ala Val Glu  
20 25 30

Arg Tyr Leu Lys Asp Gln  
35

<210> 1526

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1526

Arg Gly Pro Gly Arg Ala Phe Val Thr Ile  
1 5 10

<210> 1527

<211> 3

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1527

Phe Phe Gly  
1

<210> 1528

<211> 36

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1528

Tyr Thr Ser Leu Ile His Ser Leu Ile Glu Glu Ser Gln Asn Gln Gln  
1 5 10 15

Glu Lys Asn Glu Gln Glu Leu Leu Glu Leu Asp Lys Trp Ala Ser Leu  
20 25 30

Trp Asn Trp Phe  
35

<210> 1529

<211> 2

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1529

Thr Gln  
1

<210> 1530

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1530

Trp His Trp Leu Gln Leu  
1 5

<210> 1531

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1531

Gly Pro Gly Ala Gly  
1 5

<210> 1532

<211> 2

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1532

His Gly

1

<210> 1533

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1533

Phe Val Phe Leu Met

1

5

<210> 1534

<211> 3

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1534

Thr Ser Lys

1

<210> 1535

<211> 3



<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1535  
Lys His Gly  
1

<210> 1536  
<211> 16  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1536  
Lys Asn Arg Trp Glu Asp Pro Gly Lys Gln Leu Tyr Asn Val Glu Ala  
1 5 10 15

<210> 1537  
<211> 10  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1537  
Leu Arg Ala His Ala Val Asp Val Asn Gly  
1 5 10

<210> 1538  
<211> 14  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1538

Trp Ser Lys Met Asp Gln Leu Ala Lys Glu Leu Thr Ala Glu

1

5

10

&lt;210&gt; 1539

&lt;211&gt; 4

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1539

Thr Pro Arg Lys

1

&lt;210&gt; 1540

&lt;211&gt; 12

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1540

Gly Glu Leu Gln Asn Gln Leu Ile Arg Lys Ser Asn

1

5

10

&lt;210&gt; 1541

&lt;211&gt; 17

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1541

Gly Glu Tyr Gln Lys Met Leu Asn Leu Arg Ala Glu Val Lys Lys Asn

1

5

10

15

Ala

<210> 1542  
<211> 9  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1542  
Pro Phe Cys Asn Ala Phe Thr Gly Cys  
1 5

<210> 1543  
<211> 8  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1543  
Glu Lys Ala His Asp Gly Gly Arg  
1 5

<210> 1544  
<211> 14  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1544  
Pro Phe Thr Arg Asn Tyr Tyr Val Arg Ala Val Leu His Leu  
1 5 10

<210> 1545  
<211> 39  
<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1545

Ala Pro Arg Leu Pro Gln Cys Gln Gly Asp Asp Gln Glu Lys Cys Leu  
1 5 10 15

Cys Asn Lys Asp Glu Cys Pro Pro Gly Gln Cys Arg Phe Pro Arg Gly  
20 25 30

Asp Ala Asp Pro Tyr Cys Glu  
35

<210> 1546

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1546

Lys Gly Asp Glu Glu Ser Leu Ala  
1 5

<210> 1547

<211> 9

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1547

Trp Ala Gly Gly Asp Ala Ser Gly Glu  
1 5

<210> 1548

<211> 20

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1548

Gln Ala Thr Val Gly Asp Val Asn Thr Asp Arg Pro Gly Leu Leu Asp  
1 5 10 15

Leu Lys Tyr Tyr  
20

<210> 1549

<211> 17

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1549

Thr Lys Arg Arg Ala Ile Gly Phe Lys Lys Leu Ala Glu Ala Val Lys  
1 5 10 15

Cys

<210> 1550

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1550

Ser Ile Ile Asn Phe Glu Lys Leu  
1 5

<210> 1551

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 1551

Phe Gln Val Val Cys Gly  
1 5

<210> 1552

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 1552

Ala Arg Met Ala Pro Glu  
1 5

<210> 1553

<211> 4

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 1553

Gly Gln Pro Arg  
1

<210> 1554

<211> 3

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 1554

Thr Val Leu

1

<210> 1555

<211> 49

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1555

Leu Leu Ser Lys Arg Gly His Cys Pro Arg Ile Leu Phe Arg Cys Pro  
1 5 10 15

Leu Ser Asn Pro Ser Asn Lys Cys Trp Arg Asp Tyr Asp Cys Pro Gly  
20 25 30

Val Lys Lys Cys Cys Glu Gly Phe Cys Gly Lys Asp Cys Leu Tyr Pro  
35 40 45

Lys

<210> 1556

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1556

Gly Phe Asp Leu Asn Gly Gly Gly Val Gly  
1 5 10

<210> 1557

<211> 18

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1557

Ala Val Gln Ser Lys Pro Pro Ser Lys Arg Asp Pro Pro Lys Met Gln  
1 5 10 15

Thr Asp

<210> 1558

<211> 4

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1558

Thr Lys Pro Arg  
1

<210> 1559

<211> 11

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1559

Tyr Leu Asn Phe Thr Pro Asn Trp Gly Thr Tyr  
1 5 10

<210> 1560

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide



<400> 1560

Asp Leu Trp Gln Lys  
1 5

<210> 1561

<211> 17

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1561

Trp Tyr Glu Pro Ile Tyr Leu Gly Gly Val Phe Gln Leu Glu Lys Gly  
1 5 10 15

Asp

<210> 1562

<211> 39

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1562

Ala Pro Arg Leu Pro Gln Cys Gln Gly Asp Gln Glu Lys Cys Leu Cys  
1 5 10 15

Asn Lys Asp Glu Cys Pro Pro Gly Gln Cys Arg Phe Pro Arg Gly Asp  
20 25 30

Ala Asp Pro Tyr Cys Glu Asp  
35

<210> 1563

<211> 4

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 1563

Thr Lys Pro Arg

1

<210> 1564

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 1564

Glu Glu Val Val Ala Cys

1

5

<210> 1565

<211> 4

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 1565

Ser Asp Lys Pro

1

<210> 1566

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 1566

Arg Phe Trp Ile Asn Lys

1

5

<210> 1567

<211> 13

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 1567

Cys Gly Tyr Gly Pro Lys Lys Lys Arg Lys Val Gly Gly  
1 5 10

<210> 1568

<211> 1

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 1568

Leu  
1

<210> 1569

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 1569

Asp Asp Asp Asp Asp  
1 5

<210> 1570

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1570

Asp Asp Asp Asp Asp Asp  
1 5

<210> 1571

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1571

Asn Pro Asn Ala Asn Pro Asn Ala  
1 5

<210> 1572

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1572

Val Ala Ile Thr Val Leu Val Lys  
1 5

<210> 1573

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1573

Val Gly Val Arg Val Arg  
1 5

<210> 1574  
<211> 4  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1574  
Val Ile His Ser  
1

<210> 1575  
<211> 5  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1575  
Val Pro Asp Pro Arg  
1 5

<210> 1576  
<211> 4  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1576  
Val Thr Cys Gly  
1

<210> 1577  
<211> 3

<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1577  
Arg Ser Arg  
1

<210> 1578  
<211> 11  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1578  
Ser Ala Lys Leu Cys Pro Gly Gly Asn Cys Val  
1 5 10

<210> 1579  
<211> 6  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1579  
Asp His Ala Arg Trp Lys  
1 5

<210> 1580  
<211> 7  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1580

Pro Gln Asp Pro Gln Asp Leu

1

5

<210> 1581

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1581

Gln His Phe Arg Trp Gly

1

5

<210> 1582

<211> 19

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1582

Asn Gln Glu Gln Val Ser Pro Leu Thr Leu Leu Lys Leu Gly Asn Gln

1

5

10

15

Glu Pro Gly

<210> 1583

<211> 20

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1583

Leu Ser Ala Leu Ser Leu Asp Glu Pro Phe Ile Gln Lys Asp Val Glu

1                      5                      10                      15  
Leu Arg Ile Met  
                    20

<210> 1584  
<211> 15  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1584  
Ala Pro Glu Ala Gln Val Ser Val Gln Pro Asn Phe Gln Gln Asp  
1                      5                      10                      15

<210> 1585  
<211> 27  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1585  
Glu Tyr Gly Gly Thr Lys Val Leu Asp Asp Lys Asp Tyr Phe Leu Phe  
1                      5                      10                      15

Arg Asp Gly Asp Ile Leu Gly Lys Tyr Val Asp  
                    20                      25

<210> 1586  
<211> 16  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1586  
Lys Ala Tyr Ile Asn Lys Val Glu Glu Leu Lys Lys Lys Tyr Gly Ile



1

5

10

15

&lt;210&gt; 1587

&lt;211&gt; 24

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1587

Ser Gln Gln Ser Ser Ser Tyr Gly Gln Gln Ser Glu Lys Pro Tyr Gln  
1 5 10 15Cys Asp Phe Lys Asp Cys Glu Arg  
20

&lt;210&gt; 1588

&lt;211&gt; 15

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1588

Ala Thr Glu Ser Ile Ala Tyr Leu Ala Pro Pro Tyr Ala Phe Arg  
1 5 10 15

&lt;210&gt; 1589

&lt;211&gt; 16

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1589

Lys Arg Lys Arg Ser Glu Met Leu Phe Arg Gly Arg Arg Ala Ser Gln  
1 5 10 15

<210> 1590

<211> 13

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 1590

Val Ser His Pro Tyr Ser Gln His Leu Glu Gly Lys Gly  
1 5 10

<210> 1591

<211> 7

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 1591

Ala Leu Thr Asp Phe Phe Arg  
1 5

<210> 1592

<211> 20

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic Peptide

<400> 1592

Gln Ala Ile Gly Leu Met Gly Tyr Arg Leu Ser Pro Gln Thr Leu Thr  
1 5 10 15

Thr Ile Val Lys  
20

<210> 1593

<211> 17

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1593

Met Gly Phe Asn Ala Phe Lys Glu Leu Trp Ala Ala Leu Asn Ala Trp  
1 5 10 15

Lys

<210> 1594

<211> 16

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1594

Glu Val Gln Leu Val Glu Ser Gly Val Gly Leu Val Gln Pro Gly Asp  
1 5 10 15

<210> 1595

<211> 17

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1595

Glu Leu Asp Ala Lys Ile Pro Ser Thr Gly Asp Ala Thr Glu Trp Arg  
1 5 10 15

Asn

<210> 1596

<211> 20

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1596

Pro Asp Thr Arg Pro Ala Pro Gly Ser Thr Ala Pro Pro Ala His Gly  
1 5 10 15

Val Thr Ser Ala  
20

<210> 1597

<211> 20

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1597

Gly Lys Glu Ile Leu Val Gly Asp Val Gly Gln Thr Val Asp Asp Pro  
1 5 10 15

Tyr Ala Thr Phe  
20

<210> 1598

<211> 15

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1598

Glu Leu Ser Leu Ala Gly Asn Glu Leu Gly Asp Glu Gly Ala Arg  
1 5 10 15

<210> 1599

<211> 22

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1599

Met Phe Ile Val Asn Thr Asn Val Pro Arg Ala Ser Val Pro Asp Gly  
1 5 10 15

Phe Leu Ser Glu Leu Thr  
20

<210> 1600

<211> 35

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1600

Phe Gly Ser Phe Phe Thr Leu Asn Leu Phe Ile Gly Ile Ile Ile Asp  
1 5 10 15

Asn Phe Trp Gln Gln Lys Lys Lys Leu Gly Gly Lys Asp Ile Phe Met  
20 25 30

Thr Glu Glu  
35

<210> 1601

<211> 27

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1601

Gly Leu Pro Gly Arg Asp Gly Arg Asp Gly Arg Glu Gly Phe Arg Gly  
1 5 10 15

Glu Glu Gly Asp Pro Gly Leu Pro Gly Ala Ala

20

25

&lt;210&gt; 1602

&lt;211&gt; 21

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1602

Cys	Lys	Thr	Cys	Gln	Arg	Lys	Phe	Ser	Arg	Ser	Gly	His	Leu	Lys	Thr
1				5					10					15	

His	Thr	Arg	Thr	His
			20	

&lt;210&gt; 1603

&lt;211&gt; 15

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1603

His	Val	Ser	Ser	Glu	Ala	Phe	Arg	Met	Cys	Asp	Val	Cys	Leu	Glu
1				5					10				15	

&lt;210&gt; 1604

&lt;211&gt; 5

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1604

Pro	His	Ser	Arg	Asn
1			5	

<210> 1605

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1605

Pro His Ser Cys Asn

1

5

<210> 1606

<211> 28

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1606

Met Gly Pro Gly Ala Pro Phe Ala Arg Val Gly Trp Pro Leu Pro Leu

1

5

10

15

Leu Val Val Met Ala Gly Val Ala Pro Val Trp Ala

20

25

<210> 1607

<211> 15

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1607

Met Val Lys Ser His Ile Gly Ser Trp Ile Leu Val Leu Phe Val

1

5

10

15

<210> 1608

<211> 9

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1608

Cys Ser Leu Pro Gly Ser Ala Ala Ala  
1 5

<210> 1609

<211> 15

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1609

Arg Gly Leu Lys Arg Gln Ser Asp Glu Arg Lys Arg Asp Arg Glu  
1 5 10 15

<210> 1610

<211> 57

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1610

Gly Arg Ser His Met Val Leu Asn Ser Ala Leu Glu Gly Ala Arg Gly  
1 5 10 15

Gly Pro Gly Gly Glu Glu Ile Pro Glu Arg Phe Ser Ile Pro Glu Leu  
20 25 30

Gln Trp Met Leu Ser Asn Ala Glu Leu Ala Pro Val Gln Ala Asp Glu  
35 40 45

Pro Pro Gln Ser Arg Met Asp Leu Val  
50 55



<210> 1611  
<211> 35  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1611  
Gln Ala Arg Ala Val Gly Leu Ala Gly Thr Ser Arg Ala Phe Leu Ser  
1 5 10 15

Ser Arg Leu Gln Asp Leu Tyr Ser Ile Val Arg Arg Ala Asp Arg Ala  
20 25 30

Ala Val Met  
35

<210> 1612  
<211> 15  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1612  
Met Val Lys Ser His Ile Gly Ser Trp Ile Leu Val Leu Phe Val  
1 5 10 15

<210> 1613  
<211> 29  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

<400> 1613  
Leu Arg Asp Leu Val Ser Tyr Cys Arg Ala Arg Gly Lys Gly Arg Glu  
1 5 10 15

Arg Met Asn Gly Thr Arg Lys Gly His Leu Leu Tyr Met

20

25

&lt;210&gt; 1614

&lt;211&gt; 33

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1614

Gly	Lys	Arg	Ser	Ser	Pro	Glu	Thr	Leu	Ile	Ser	Asp	Leu	Leu	Met	Arg
1				5					10					15	

Glu	Ser	Thr	Glu	Asn	Val	Pro	Arg	Thr	Arg	Leu	Glu	Asp	Pro	Ala	Met
			20					25					30		

Trp

&lt;210&gt; 1615

&lt;211&gt; 30

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1615

Asp	Val	Glu	Pro	Leu	Leu	Gly	Phe	Leu	Ser	Pro	Lys	Ser	Gly	Gln	Glu
1				5					10					15	

Asn	Glu	Val	Asp	Asp	Phe	Pro	Tyr	Lys	Gly	Gln	Gly	Glu	Leu
			20					25					30

&lt;210&gt; 1616

&lt;211&gt; 20

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1616

Phe Cys Lys Cys Arg Leu Glu Pro Met Lys Ala Thr Cys Asp Ile Ser  
1 5 10 15

Glu Cys Pro Glu  
20

&lt;210&gt; 1617

&lt;211&gt; 20

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic  
Peptide

&lt;400&gt; 1617

Lys Ser His Gly Arg Thr Gln Asn Pro Val Val His Phe Phe Lys Asn  
1 5 10 15

Ile Val Thr Pro  
20

# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No.  
**PCT/US 00/13576**

## A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC 7 C07K1/107 C07K14/135 C07K14/16 C07K14/46 C07K14/575  
C07K14/605 C07K14/645 C07K14/655 C12N9/68

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

## B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 7 C07K C12N A61K

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

EPO-Internal, WPI Data, PAJ, MEDLINE, BIOSIS

## C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	EP 0 602 290 A (POULETTY PHILIPPE ;POULETTY CHRISTINE (US)) 22 June 1994 (1994-06-22) column 2, line 1 - line 22 column 8, line 25 - line 33; claims	1-10,12, 13,16,21
X	WO 95 10302 A (REDCCELL INC) 20 April 1995 (1995-04-20) page 18, line 10 -page 19, line 1	1-10,12, 13,16,21
A	US 5 580 853 A (SYTKOWSKI ARTHUR J) 3 December 1996 (1996-12-03) column 3, line 42 -column 4, line 38 column 5, line 21 - line 4 column 7, line 38 - line 43	1-10,12, 13,16,21
-/-		

☒ Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.

☒ Patent family members are listed in annex.

### \* Special categories of cited documents :

- \*A\* document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
- \*E\* earlier document but published on or after the international filing date
- \*L\* document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)
- \*O\* document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means
- \*P\* document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

- \*T\* later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
- \*X\* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
- \*Y\* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.
- \*Z\* document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

**9 November 2000**

Date of mailing of the international search report

**16/11/2000**

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Authorized officer

**Fuhr, C**

# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT/US 00/13576

## C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	US 5 654 276 A (BARRETT RONALD W ET AL) 5 August 1997 (1997-08-05) column 3, line 28 - line 38 column 17, line 48 -column 18, line 8; claims -----	1-5
P,X	WO 99 48536 A (CONJUCHEM INC ;HOLMES DARREN L (CA); BRIDON DOMINIQUE P (CA); EZRI) 30 September 1999 (1999-09-30) claims; examples -----	1-26
P,X	WO 99 24462 A (CONJUCHEM INC ;HOLMES DARREN L (CA); BRIDON DOMINIQUE P (CA); THIB) 20 May 1999 (1999-05-20) claims; examples -----	1-26
P,A	WO 99 24075 A (CONJUCHEM INC ;HOLMES DARREN L (CA); BRIDON DOMINIQUE P (CA); HUA) 20 May 1999 (1999-05-20) claims; examples -----	1-26

FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

## Continuation of Box I.2

Present claims 1-26 relate to an extremely large number of possible compounds and methods. Support within the meaning of Article 6 PCT and/or disclosure within the meaning of Article 5 PCT is to be found, however, for only a very small proportion of the compounds and methods claimed. In the present case, the claims so lack support, and the application so lacks disclosure, that a meaningful search over the whole of the claimed scope is impossible. Consequently, the search has been carried out for those parts of the claims which appear to be supported and disclosed, namely those parts relating to the general concept of the invention i.e. the method of activating pharmaceutically or biologically active peptides using maleimido- or succinimido groups; as a result the activated peptides bind to blood components like albumin which decreases susceptibility for protease degradation. The search was directed to the underlying concept. The search was not direct to retrieve compounds or conjugates falling under the scope of claims 1-5 or the examples.

The applicant's attention is drawn to the fact that claims, or parts of claims, relating to inventions in respect of which no international search report has been established need not be the subject of an international preliminary examination (Rule 66.1(e) PCT). The applicant is advised that the EPO policy when acting as an International Preliminary Examining Authority is normally not to carry out a preliminary examination on matter which has not been searched. This is the case irrespective of whether or not the claims are amended following receipt of the search report or during any Chapter II procedure.